

Localized Policy Manual Update 119

220901 Arlington ISD

Update 119 contains (LOCAL) policies that require board action and adoption notification before we can incorporate the revisions into your district's Policy Online[™] manual.

What should I do to prepare for board adoption?

- 1. In <u>Local Manual Updates</u>¹ (*myTASB login required*), download and save the numbered update resource material.
- 2. Present the (LOCAL) policies to your board for adoption.
- 3. Following board action, notify Policy Service of adoption so we can incorporate the adopted policies into your district's Policy Online manual.
- 4. If there are additional changes, submit the annotated changes with your Adoption Notification Form.

How do I notify Policy Service that the board has adopted the update?

- 1. Go to Local Manual Updates and click the "notify TASB" link.
- 2. Fill out and submit the electronic Adoption Notification Form for TASB-Initiated Updates.

Questions?

- If you have questions regarding Policy Online, contact pol-support@tasb.org.
- If you have questions regarding policy text, contact your <u>district's assigned policy</u> <u>consultant</u>.²

¹ Local Manual Updates: <u>https://www.tasb.org/apps/policyUpdates/GetUpdates.aspx</u>

² Contact a Policy Service Consultant: <u>https://www.tasb.org/services/policy-service/consultant-contact-information.aspx</u>

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You can download a PDF of this update packet, annotated copies of the (LOCAL) policies, editable (LOCAL) text, and more under <u>Local Manual Updates</u>¹ in the myTASB Policy Service Resource Library.

Other materials, including an overview video of the (LOCAL) policy changes, are available under <u>Policy Manual Update Resources</u>.²

Need help? Please call your policy consultant at 800-580-7529 or email <u>policy.service@tasb.org</u>.

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Overview

Update 119 includes policy recommendations to address the remainder of the legislative changes from the 87th Legislature, Regular Session; other revisions resulting from legislation enacted during the special sessions; and revisions based on updates to the Texas Administrative Code. Recommended changes to local policies address the following topics:

- Records management
- Required staff development
- Required instruction
- Gifted and talent students
- Graduation
- Trauma-informed care
- Freedom from discrimination, harassment, and retaliation



Your Localized Update 119 packet also contains:

- **Explanatory Notes** describing the changes to each policy. Please note that, where appropriate, the Explanatory Notes ask you to verify that a particular policy reflects current district practice and to advise us of any changes needed so that our records and the district's policy manual accurately track the district's practice. Explanatory notes may also provide important information about policies not included in the update packet.
- **Instructions** for incorporating this update into each of the district's Localized Policy Manuals after board adoption. Use the enclosed Instruction Sheet as a guide to which policies should be added, replaced, and removed from your manual.

Local Policy Overview for Update 119

The *Local Policy Overview* provides a general, high-level overview of the changes to the (LOCAL) policies included in TASB updates. Presented in both video and written document formats, the *Local Policy Overview* is available on myTASB in <u>Policy Manual Up-date Resources</u>.³ From there, you may forward it electronically or print the written document for distribution to staff and board members.

Legal Services Update Memo

TASB Legal Services' <u>Legal Issues in Update 119 memo⁴</u> (available in the myTASB Policy Service Resource Library under Policy Manual Update Resources) describes common legal concerns specific to the local policies recommended in this update for your consideration prior to board adoption of any local policies. Local policies will not be sent for a separate review by Legal Services as part of the update process. If after reviewing the memo you have questions about any specific provisions in your local policies, please contact TASB Legal Services at 800-580-5345.

(LEGAL) vs. (LOCAL) Policies: Remember the Difference

(LEGAL) policies:

- Reflect the ever-changing legal context for governance and management of the district
- Should inform local decision making
- Should NOT be adopted, but only reviewed



(LOCAL) policies:

- Require close attention by both the administration and the board
- Must reflect the practices of the district and the intentions of the board
- May only be changed by board action (adopt, revise, or repeal)

If your board adopts changes to the (LOCAL) policies contained in this packet, please notify your policy consultant.

How to Place Policy Changes on the Agenda for Board Action

TASB recommends that the district address this update on the agenda as follows:

"Policy Update 119:

- (LEGAL) policies
- (LOCAL) policies (see attached list of codes)"

(LEGAL) policies: Although the board should not adopt (LEGAL) policies, TASB recommends that the board review them. Since review of the (LEGAL) policies may result in discussion, the agenda should, at a minimum, reference "(LEGAL) policies." If board members plan on discussing specific (LEGAL) policy changes, the relevant policy codes, titles, and subtitles should be listed on the agenda.

(LOCAL) policies: Board action on the (LOCAL) policies included in the update must occur within a properly posted, open meeting of the board.

- Include the "Agenda Posting" list, provided online in Local Manual Updates, on the agenda.
- A suggested motion for board action on the (LOCAL) policies included in the update:

"I move that the board add, revise, or delete (LOCAL) policies as recommended by TASB Policy Service and according to the Instruction Sheet for TASB Local-ized Policy Manual Update 119 [with the following changes:]"

How to Notify Policy Service of Board Action

Notify Policy Service of the board's action on Update 119 so our records remain accurate. Go to <u>Local Manual Updates</u>⁵ in myTASB and click the "notify TASB" link. Then fill out and submit the electronic Adoption Notification Form for TASB-Initiated Updates.



How to Keep Minutes

The board's action on Localized Update 119 must be reflected in board minutes. Your minutes should include:

- The list of proposed (LOCAL) policy actions, such as the Instruction Sheet annotated to reflect any changes made by the board
- The Explanatory Notes for the update (filed as an attachment to the minutes)
- Copies of new, replaced, or rescinded (LOCAL) policies

How to Maintain Your Historical Record

To construct a separate historical record of the manual, you must track the history of individual (LOCAL) policies. You should maintain a permanent historical record of every (LOCAL) policy adopted, revised, or rescinded by the board.

At a minimum, this record should include the following key pieces of information:

- Policy code
- Date of board action
- Text of policy

For more guidance on maintaining this record, please refer to <u>*The Administrator's Guide*</u> <u>*to Policy Management*</u>,⁶ available in the myTASB Policy Service Resource Library.

How to Keep Your Administrative Regulations Current

<u>Regulations Resource Manual</u>⁷ Update 65, which includes revisions to model regulations and forms corresponding with Update 119, is now available on myTASB.

Inspect your district's administrative procedures and documents—including (EXHIBIT)s, (REGULATION)s, handbooks, and guides—that may be affected by Update 119 policy changes.

If you must make changes to the (REGULATION)s or (EXHIBIT)s contained in your board policy manual, please notify your policy consultant.

Disclaimer and Copyright

This information is provided for educational purposes only to facilitate a general understanding of the law or other regulatory matter. This information is neither an exhaustive treatment on the subject nor is this intended to substitute for the advice of an attorney or



other professional adviser. Consult with your attorney or professional adviser to apply these principles to specific fact situations.

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¹ Local Manual Updates: <u>https://www.tasb.org/apps/policyUpdates/GetUpdates.aspx</u>

² Policy Manual Update Resources: <u>https://www.tasb.org/services/policy-service/mytasb/policy-manual-update-resources.aspx</u>

³ Policy Manual Update Resources: <u>https://www.tasb.org/services/policy-service/mytasb/policy-manual-update-resources.aspx</u>

⁴ Legal Issues memo: <u>https://www.tasb.org/services/policy-service/mytasb/policy-manual-update-resources/documents/u119_legal_issues.pdf</u>

⁵ Local Manual Updates: <u>https://www.tasb.org/apps/policyUpdates/GetUpdates.aspx</u> ⁶ Administrator's Guide to Policy Management: <u>https://www.tasb.org/services/policy-</u>

service/mytasb/guidance-for-policy-administrators.aspx

⁷ TASB Regulations Resource Manual: <u>https://www.tasb.org/services/policy-service/mytasb/regulations-</u> resource-manual.aspx

Instruction Sheet TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 119

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Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
ATTN	(NOTE)	No policy enclosed	See explanatory note
AIB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BDAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BDB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BQ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCGA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CDB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CDC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СН	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CPC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CPC	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CRD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CS	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CV	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DECB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DFE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DHC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DMA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DMA	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
DP	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
Е	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
EF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Instruction Sheet TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 119

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Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
EHAA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHB	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
EHBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAA	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
EHBAB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHDE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHDF	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
EIF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EIF	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EKB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EMB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFBA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFH	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFH	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FM	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOCA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

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ATTN(NOTE) GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THIS UPDATE

Please note: Unless otherwise noted, references to legislative bills throughout these explanatory notes refer to Senate Bills (SB) or House Bills (HB) from the 87th Legislature Regular and Special Sessions.

AIB(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: PERFORMANCE REPORTING

Quality of learning indicators for remote instruction performance reporting have been added from SB 15 (Second Called Session). (See page 6.)

BBB(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: ELECTIONS

Provisions have been added to this legally referenced policy on elections for a more complete presentation of applicable legal content.

BBBA(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

Upon the board's receipt of certification that a candidate is unopposed in an election, SB 1 (Second Called Session) requires the board to cancel the election and declare each unopposed candidate elected to office.

SB 1 also changed the definition for *eligible county polling place*. Other revisions are to better match legal sources.

BBE(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: AUTHORITY

Provisions on board authority that are addressed at other codes have been removed to eliminate duplication.

BBG(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES

A revision clarifies that an officer *or employee* may participate in the comptroller's contract for travel services when traveling for official business. The comptroller can no longer charge fees for these services.

BBI(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

Revisions are to update citations and better reflect legal sources.

BDAA(LEGAL) OFFICERS AND OFFICIALS: DUTIES AND REQUIREMENTS OF BOARD OFFICERS

Revisions are to better reflect legal sources.

BDB(LEGAL) BOARD INTERNAL ORGANIZATION: INTERNAL COMMITTEES

Provisions on board committees have been revised based on current legal authority.

BE(LEGAL) BOARD MEETINGS

This legally referenced policy on board meetings has been revised to reorder and add some existing legal provisions, delete nonessential provisions, and better reflect legal sources.

BQ(LEGAL) PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

Revised Administrative Code rules resulted in changes to shared services arrangements for DAEP services.

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CCGA(LEGAL) AD VALOREM TAXES: EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

As provided by SB 611 (Regular Session) and Senate Joint Resolution 35 and approved by voters in November 2021, the surviving spouse of a member of the U.S. armed forces who is fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to the residence homestead property tax exemption as long as the surviving spouse remains unmarried. (See page 5.)

CDB(LEGAL) OTHER REVENUES: SALE, LEASE, OR EXCHANGE OF SCHOOL-OWNED PROPERTY

Revisions are to better reflect statutory sources.

CDC(LEGAL) OTHER REVENUES: GIFTS AND SOLICITATIONS

SB 3 (Second Called Session) revised the provisions on prohibited use of private funding for certain curriculum and professional development purposes.

CH(LEGAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION

We have added a reference on page 12 to amended rules from the Texas Department of Information Resources on purchasing information technology commodity items.

CI(LEGAL) SCHOOL PROPERTIES DISPOSAL

Revisions are to better reflect statutory sources.

CPC(LEGAL) OFFICE MANAGEMENT: RECORDS MANAGEMENT

Revisions to this legally referenced policy are based on revised Administrative Code rules from the Texas State Library and Archives Commission (TSLAC) published in <u>Bulletin B: Electronic Records Standards</u> and Procedures. An overview of Bulletin B is available on the TSLAC website.

CPC(LOCAL) OFFICE MANAGEMENT: RECORDS MANAGEMENT

Recent updates by the Texas State Library and Archives Commission (TSLAC) to <u>Bulletin B: Electronic</u> <u>Records Standards and Procedures</u> prompted recommended revisions to this local policy on records management. The new rules add local policy requirements for district management of electronic records.

To meet these requirements, new policy provisions delegate to the records management officer the responsibility to develop procedures for the management of electronic records that comply with the district's records control schedules and meet minimum components required by law.

The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes updated sample procedures on this topic, and the Legal Issues in Update 119 memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to <u>this policy</u> topic.

CQA(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: DISTRICT, CAMPUS, AND CLASSROOM WEBSITES

Based on HB 1525 (Regular Session) and SB 9 (Second Called Session), we have added the requirement to post curriculum materials on human sexuality instruction and instruction related to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking to the extent the materials are in the public domain. (See item 42.)

Explanatory Notes

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CRD(LEGAL) INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT: HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE

Revisions to TRS-ActiveCare provisions are based on amended Administrative Code rules. New text addresses prohibitions on offering alternative group health coverage (see page 2) and highlights the information that must be submitted with written elections to participate in TRS-ActiveCare (see page 3).

CS(LEGAL) FACILITY STANDARDS

Changes throughout this legally referenced policy on facility standards are from new Administrative Code rules that add extensive standards for capital improvement projects on or after November 1, 2021, and revised Administrative Code rules on the standards applicable to these projects before November 1, 2021.

CV(LEGAL) FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION

Changes to this legally referenced policy on facilities construction are from new Administrative Code rules that add extensive facility standards for construction of capital improvement projects on or after November 1, 2021.

An existing provision has been added on page 3 regarding the board's notice of delegation.

DC(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

We have added on page 4 new Administrative Code rules addressing the monthly certified statement of employment the district must submit to TRS for retirees employed by the district.

DEAA(LEGAL) COMPENSATION PLAN: INCENTIVES AND STIPENDS

Changes reflect revised Administrative Code rules on the local optional teacher designation system and mentor teacher programs.

DECB(LEGAL) LEAVES AND ABSENCES: MILITARY LEAVE

This legally referenced policy on military leave has been updated based on revisions to the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA).

DFE(LEGAL) TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT: RESIGNATION

Provisions on contract abandonment are revised based on amended rules from the State Board for Educator Certification. The reasons an educator may abandon a contract for good cause now include the educator's reasonable belief that the educator had written permission from the district to resign. Several new mitigating factors have also been added.

DG(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES

SB 3 (Second Called Session) broadened a provision from HB 3979 (Regular Session) so that a teacher may not be compelled to discuss a widely debated and controversial issue of public policy or social affairs for any course or subject. The provision is no longer limited to social studies courses in the required curriculum. (See page 5.)

DHC(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT: REPORTS TO TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

Amended Administrative Code rules revise terminology from *solicitation of sexual conduct* to *solicitation of sexual contact* to better align with statute.

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DMA(LEGAL) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT: REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Revisions are to update citations and better reflect statutory wording.

DMA(LOCAL) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT: REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

SB 1267 (Regular Session) requires the board to annually review the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) clearinghouse regarding best practices and industry recommendations for professional development and adopt a professional development policy based on the training recommendations in the clearinghouse.

To meet the policy requirements, the recommended local policy text reflects that the board shall annually approve the district's professional development plan, which must be guided by the clearinghouse; note any differences from the clearinghouse recommendations; and include a schedule of required professional development.

Please note: SB 1267 requires SBEC to publish the clearinghouse by June 1, 2022, and districts to adopt a professional development policy by August 1, 2022. TASB Policy and Legal Services recommend that the board adopt DMA(LOCAL) and approve the district professional development plan by August 1, or as soon as possible thereafter, to ensure compliance with the bill.

DP(LEGAL) PERSONNEL POSITIONS

Provisions on school psychological services have been updated based on revised Administrative Code rules.

E(LEGAL) INSTRUCTION

The E section table of contents has been updated to add the new code EHDF, which includes provisions on local remote learning programs, and to update the subtitle for EFB, Library Materials.

EF(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

SB 3 (Second Called Session) requires a district to provide login credentials to parents to access learning management or online learning portals used for student instructional materials.

EHAA(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ALL LEVELS)

Effective with the 2022–23 school year, SB 9 (Second Called Session) provides that the SHAC must recommend the appropriate grade levels and curriculum for instruction on child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking.

The bill also imposes several requirements regarding curriculum materials on those topics, including:

- Revised parental notification and new parental consent provisions;
- Posting of proposed and adopted curriculum materials and options for a parent to purchase copyrighted materials from the publisher; and
- New board policy on adopting curriculum materials [see EHAA(LOCAL), below].

The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes a sample board resolution for convening the SHAC and a sample parental consent form.

Explanatory Notes

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EHAA(LOCAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ALL LEVELS)

New provisions are recommended based on SB 9 (Second Called Session), which imposes several requirements for instruction on the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking, including a board policy on adopting curriculum materials. The policy follows the steps required by law, including board adoption of a resolution to convene the school health advisory council (SHAC) to hold meetings and make recommendations to the board at a public meeting, as well as board confirmation that the recommendations meet the requirements in law before taking action by a record vote.

The <u>*Regulations Resource Manual*</u> includes a sample board resolution for convening the SHAC and a sample parental consent form.

EHB(LOCAL) CURRICULUM DESIGN: SPECIAL PROGRAMS

This policy requiring the district to provide regular training opportunities for teachers of students with dyslexia is recommended to meet TEA policy requirements for the ongoing TEA special education <u>cyclical</u> <u>monitoring reviews</u>.

Please note: This policy will need to be adopted by the board and linked to the <u>Legal Framework</u> by the August 31, 2022, deadline. See TEA's FAQ on <u>Special Education Operating Procedures</u>.

EHBAA(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: IDENTIFICATION, EVALUATION, AND ELIGIBILITY

Amended Administrative Code rules now refer to a student with an *auditory impairment as* a student who is *deaf or hard of hearing* to match statute. (See page 5.)

EHBAA(LOCAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: IDENTIFICATION, EVALUATION, AND ELIGIBILITY

This policy requiring the district to ensure that a student who is transitioning from early childhood intervention (ECI) has an individualized education program (IEP) developed and implemented by the child's third birthday is recommended to meet TEA policy requirements for the ongoing TEA special education <u>cyclical</u> <u>monitoring reviews</u>.

Please note: This policy will need to be adopted by the board and linked to the <u>Legal Framework</u> by the August 31, 2022, deadline. See TEA's FAQ on <u>Special Education Operating Procedures</u>.

EHBAB(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

Amended Administrative Code rules revise the list of individuals who must be included in ARD committee meetings for students with deaf-blindness and revise terminology addressing students who are deaf or hard of hearing. Participating special education teachers or providers must be appropriately certified or licensed as required by federal law. The rules also address, as reflected on page 5, IEP implementation for students who enroll in a new district during the summer.

A new Administrative Code rule prohibits consideration of eligibility for supplemental special education services when developing or revising a student's IEP, determining the appropriate educational setting, or in the provision of a free appropriate public education. (See page 8.)

EHBAC(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: STUDENTS IN NONDISTRICT PLACEMENT

We have removed a repealed Administrative Code provision on out-of-state placement.

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EHBB(LOCAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

HB 1525 (Regular Session) removed the statutory requirement for a district to annually certify to the commissioner of education that the district's gifted and talented program is consistent with the Texas State Plan for the Education of Gifted/Talented Students. We recommend deletion of the corresponding local policy provision.

EHBC(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: COMPENSATORY/ACCELERATED SERVICES

Reporting provisions on expenditure of the state compensatory education allotment have been added from the Administrative Code.

EHDE(LEGAL) ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT: DISTANCE LEARNING

A new provision from SB 15 (Second Called Session) explains how off-campus electronic courses or programs are counted for purposes of average daily attendance. (See page 12.)

EHDF(LEGAL) ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT: LOCAL REMOTE LEARNING PROGRAM

Provisions on local remote learning programs from SB 15 (Second Called Session) are reflected in this new legally referenced policy. All provisions in the bill expire on September 1, 2023.

EIF(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: GRADUATION

Revised Administrative Code rules provide additional detail on the requirement for a student to complete a financial aid application to meet graduation requirements. The rules, beginning on page 3 of this policy, require the board to adopt the TEA-provided form a student may submit to opt out of the financial aid application requirement and require adoption of a board policy to address the methods by which a student can confirm submission of a financial aid application. See EIF(LOCAL), below.

EIF(LOCAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: GRADUATION

Revised Administrative Code rules require a board policy to address the methods by which a student can confirm completion and submission of a financial aid application to meet graduation requirements. The recommended text aligns with TEA guidance and addresses methods for both the free application for federal financial aid (FAFSA) and the Texas application for state financial aid (TASFA). Please contact your policy consultant if you have questions or need additional edits to this policy.

Additional <u>TEA guidance</u> on this topic is available.

The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes sample procedures on this topic, and the Legal Issues in Update 119 memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to <u>this policy topic</u>.

EKB(LEGAL) TESTING PROGRAMS: STATE ASSESSMENT

HB 3261 (Regular Session) allows a district to administer a state assessment instrument on the first instructional day of the week upon authorization by the commissioner of education.

EMB(LEGAL) MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES: TEACHING ABOUT CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

SB 3 (Second Called Session) revised provisions on instructional requirements and prohibitions, including prohibited concepts and activities.

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FEC(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE FOR CREDIT

From SB 15 (Second Called Session) we have added a provision permitting a district to exempt students from the 90 percent attendance requirement for courses that are offered under a local remote learning program.

FFBA(LOCAL) CRISIS INTERVENTION: TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE

SB 1267 (Regular Session) requires training in trauma-informed care to be provided in accordance with the board's professional development policy. Therefore, at Training, a reference has been added to the district's professional development plan. See DMA(LOCAL), above, for more information.

SB 1267 also repealed the requirement for a district to annually report to TEA the number of employees who participated in trauma-informed care training. We recommend deleting the local policy provision.

FFG(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

Revisions are to update citations and better reflect legal sources.

FFH(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

From SB 9 (Second Called Session) we have added the following on page 2:

- New policy requirements on dating violence, including parental notification upon a report of dating violence [see FFH(LOCAL), below]; and
- A provision requiring districts to make available to students age-appropriate materials on the dangers of dating violence and resources for students seeking help.

Other revisions are to better reflect legal sources.

FFH(LOCAL)STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION,
HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

To meet new board policy requirements from SB 9 (Second Called Session), we recommend text at Notice to Parents, which requires the district, upon receipt of a report of dating violence, to immediately notify the parent of the student identified as the alleged victim or perpetrator.

District policy must also include reporting procedures and guidelines for students who are victims of dating violence and include a clear statement that dating violence is not tolerated at school. No changes to your district's policy are recommended regarding these elements based on the district's existing policy provisions, which include reporting procedures and a statement of nondiscrimination that specifically prohibits dating violence.

Additional revisions are recommended to clarify the definition of prohibited conduct and the district's response to such conduct.

FM(LEGAL) STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Provisions from HB 25 (Third Called Session) address transgender students in athletic activities sponsored or authorized by a district and prohibit a student from participating in an athletic competition that is designated for a biological sex that differs from the biological sex stated on the student's official birth certificate. (See page 8.)

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FNA(LEGAL) STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES: STUDENT EXPRESSION

We have added the recent U.S. Supreme Court case on student speech, *Mahanoy Area School District v B.L.* The case holds that public schools may have a special interest in regulating some off-campus student speech where the district's interest is sufficient to overcome the student's interest in free expression, such as in situations of serious or severe bullying or harassment, threats, or breaches of school security devices.

FOC(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

Revisions are to better reflect legal sources.

FOCA(LEGAL) PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING: DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS

Amended Administrative Code rules resulted in revisions to shared services arrangements for DAEP services and to provisions regarding transitions for students in DAEP.

FOF(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

From HB 785 (Regular Session) we have added a provision requiring the commissioner of education to adopt rules regarding the use of restraint and time-out with a student who is receiving special education services. (See page 8.)

GKA(LEGAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES

An existing statutory provision has been added to clarify the effect of failing to post signs at each entrance to the premises or other property indicating that firearms and other weapons are prohibited. (See page 8.)

GKD(LEGAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: NONSCHOOL USE OF SCHOOL FACILITIES

We have added existing statutory provisions regarding the use of district facilities by places of worship.

GKG(LEGAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: SCHOOL VOLUNTEER PROGRAM

We have updated for clarification the provisions on obtaining criminal history record information.

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ACCOUNTABILITY AIB PERFORMANCE REPORTING (LEGAL)				
District Annual Report	The board shall publish an annual report describing the educa- tional performance of the district and of each campus in the district that includes uniform student performance and descriptive infor- mation as determined under rules adopted by the commissioner of education. <i>Education Code 39.306(a)</i>			
Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR)	The performance report provided by the Texas Education Ager (TEA) under Education Code 39.306 shall be termed the Texas ademic Performance Report (TAPR). The intent of the TAPR is inform the public about the educational performance of the dist and of each campus in the district in relation to the district, the state, and a comparable group of schools. The TAPR will prese the campus performance information as well as the student, st and financial information required by statute. It will also include explanations and additional information deemed appropriate to intent of the report.			
	The district may not alter the report provided by TEA. However, the district may concurrently provide additional information to the public that supplements or explains information in the TAPR.			
	19 T	AC 61.1022(a)–(b), (e); Education Code 39.306(d)		
Other Annual	The annual report must also include:			
Report Information	1.	Campus performance objectives established under Education Code 11.253 and the progress of each campus toward those objectives, which shall be available to the public;		
	2.	Information indicating the district's accreditation status and identifying each district campus awarded a distinction designation or considered an unacceptable campus under Education Code Chapter 39A;		
	3.	The district's current special education compliance status with the agency;		
	4.	A statement of the number, rate, and type of violent or crimi- nal incidents that occurred on each district campus, to the ex- tent permitted under the Family Educational Rights and Pri- vacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. 1232g);		
	5.	Information concerning school violence prevention and vio- lence intervention policies and procedures that the district is using to protect students;		
	6.	The findings that result from evaluations conducted under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.);		

- 7. Information received under Education Code 51.403(e) for each high school campus in the district, presented in a form determined by the commissioner; and
- 8. Progress of the district and each campus in the district toward meeting the goals set in the district's early childhood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans and college, career, and military readiness plans [see EA].

Education Code 39.306(a)

The report must include a statement of the amount, if any, of the district's unencumbered surplus fund balance as of the last day of the preceding fiscal year and the percentage of the preceding year's budget that the surplus represents. *Education Code* 39.306(g)

The report must also include the number of school counselors providing counseling services at each campus. *Education Code 39.306(d-1)*

The report may include the following information:

- 1. Student information, including total enrollment, enrollment by ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and grade groupings and retention rates;
- 2. Financial information, including revenues and expenditures;
- 3. Staff information, including number and type of staff by sex, ethnicity, years of experience, and highest degree held; teacher and administrator salaries; and teacher turnover;
- 4. Program information, including student enrollment by program, teachers by program, and instructional operating expenditures by program; and
- 5. The number of students placed in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) under Education Code Chapter 37.

Education Code 39.306(e)

Supplemental information to be included in the reports shall be determined by the board. *Education Code* 39.306(b)

Public Hearing The board shall hold a hearing for public discussion of the report. The board shall give notice of the hearing to property owners in the district and parents of and other persons standing in parental relation to a district student. The notice of hearing must include notice to a newspaper of general circulation in the district and notice to electronic media serving the district. *Education Code* 39.306(c)

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ACCOUNTABILITY AIE PERFORMANCE REPORTING (LEGAL		
	A board shall hold a hearing for public discussion of the TAPR within 90 days after the report is received from TEA. The hearing may take place during a regularly scheduled or special meeting of the board. <i>19 TAC 61.1022(c)</i>	
Publication	The TAPR must be published within two weeks after the public hearing, in the same format as it was received from TEA. <i>19 TAC 61.1022(d)</i>	
	The board shall disseminate the report by posting it on the district website and in public places, such as each school office, local businesses, and public libraries. <i>Education Code</i> 39.306(c); 19 TAC 61.1022(f)	
Report Uses	The information in the annual report shall be a primary considera- tion in district and campus planning. It shall also be a primary con- sideration of the board in the evaluation of the performance of the superintendent, and of the superintendent in the evaluation of the performance of campus principals. <i>Education Code</i> 39.307	
Campus Performance Report	Each school year, TEA shall prepare and distribute to each district a report card for each campus. The campus report card distributed by TEA shall be termed the "school" report card (SRC). The intent of the SRC is to inform each student's parents or guardians about the school's performance and characteristics. The SRC will present the student, staff, financial, and performance information required by statute, as well as any explanations and additional information deemed appropriate to the intent of the report.	
Distribution	The district must disseminate each SRC within six weeks after the SRC is received from TEA. The school may not alter the report provided by TEA; however, it may concurrently provide additional information to the parents or guardians that supplements or explains information in the SRC.	
	The SRC must be distributed to the parent, guardian, conservator, or other person having lawful control of each student at the cam- pus. On written request, a district shall provide a copy of the SRC to any other party.	
	The campus administration may provide the SRC in the same manner it would normally transmit official communications to par- ents and guardians, such as including the SRC in a weekly folder sent home with each student, mailing it to the student's residence, providing it at a teacher-parent conference, enclosing it with the student report card, or sending it via electronic mail.	
	Education Code 39.305; 19 TAC 61.1021	

Education Code 39.305; 19 TAC 61.1021

Website Notices	Not later than the tenth day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district that maintains an internet website shall make the following information available:				
	1.	The information in the most recent campus report card for each campus in the district;			
	2.	The information contained in the most recent performance report for the district;			
	3.	The most recent accreditation status and performance rating of the district; and			
	4.	A definition and explanation of each accreditation status, based on commissioner rule.			
	Edu	cation Code 39.362			
Student Performance Report	belo neco ble, the	h year, TEA shall report to a district whether each student fell w, met, or exceeded the necessary target for improvement essary to be prepared to perform satisfactorily on, as applica- the grade five assessments, the grade eight assessments, and end-of-course assessments required for graduation. <i>Education</i> <i>le</i> 39.034, .302			
Notice to Parents	The district a student attends shall provide a record of the annual improvement information from TEA in a written notice to the student's parent or other person standing in parental relationship. If a student failed to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment, the district shall include in the notice specific information relating to access to online educational resources at the appropriate assessment instrument content level, including educational resources an assessment instrument questions and released answers. <i>Education Code</i> 39.303				
Notice to Teachers and Students	A district shall prepare a report of the annual improvement infor- mation and provide the report at the beginning of the school year to:				
	1.	Each teacher for all students, including incoming students, who took a state assessment; and			
	2.	All students who were provided instruction by that teacher in the subject for which the assessment instrument was adminis- tered.			
	The report shall indicate whether the student performed satisfacto- rily or, if the student did not perform satisfactorily, whether the stu- dent met the standard for annual improvement.				
	Education Code 39.304				

Quality of Learning Indicators	The commissioner shall also adopt indicators of the quality of learning for the purpose of preparing performance reports. Perfor- mance on the indicators shall be evaluated in the same manner provided for evaluation of the achievement indicators under Educa- tion Code 39.053(c) [see Achievement Indicators, AIA].					
	The	The quality of learning indicators must include:				
	1.	The percentage of graduating students who meet the course requirements for the foundation high school program, the dis- tinguished level of achievement under the foundation high school program, and each endorsement described by Educa- tion Code 28.025(c-1) [see EIF];				
	2.	The results of the SAT, ACT, and certified workforce training programs;				
	3.	For students who have failed to satisfy the state standard on an assessment, the performance of those students on subse- quent assessments, aggregated by grade level and subject area;				
	4.	For each campus, the number of students, disaggregated by major student subpopulations, who take courses under the foundation high school program and take additional courses to earn an endorsement, disaggregated by type of endorse- ment;				
	5.	The percentage of students, aggregated by grade level, pro- vided accelerated instruction under Education Code 28.0211 [see EHBC] after unsatisfactory performance on a state as- sessment; the results of assessment instruments adminis- tered under the accelerated instruction program; the subject of the assessment instrument on which each student failed to perform satisfactorily under each performance standard; and the performance of those students in the subsequent school year on the state assessments;				
	6.	The percentage of students of limited English proficiency ex- empted from the administration of an assessment;				
	7.	The percentage of students in a special education program assessed through alternative assessment instruments;				
	8.	The percentage of students who satisfy the college readiness measure;				
	9.	The measure of progress toward dual language proficiency for students of limited English proficiency;				

	10.		 percentage of students who are not educationally disad- taged; 	
	11.	at a	e percentage of students who enroll and begin instruction in institution of higher education in the school year follow- high school graduation; and	
	12.	first	e percentage of students who successfully complete the year of instruction at an institution of higher education nout needing a developmental education course.	
	Edu	catio	n Code 39.301(a)–(c)	
Remote Instruction	In addition to the indicators described above, the indicators for re- porting purposes must include, for each district and campus, the performance of students who spend at least half of the students' in- structional time:			
	1.		irtual courses offered under a local remote learning pro- m under Education Code 29.9091 [see EHDF]; or	
	2.	den Edu	ceiving remote instruction, regardless of whether the stu- t is enrolled in a remote learning program offered under acation Code 29.9091, and including students receiving re- te instruction who are:	
		a.	Medically fragile;	
		b.	Placed in a virtual setting by an admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee; or	
		C.	Receiving accommodations under Section 504, Rehabili- tation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794).	
	Edu	catio	n Code 39.301(c-1)	
Results Driven Accountability (RDA)	Res repo tions mar of st spor	ults [ort an s of s nce o tuder nding	dance with Education Code 7.028(a), the purpose of the Driven Accountability (RDA) framework is to evaluate and inually on the performance of districts for certain popula- students included in selected program areas. The perfor- f a district is included on the RDA report through indicators of performance and program effectiveness and corre- g performance levels established by the commissioner. <i>19</i> 1005; Education Code 7.028(a)	
Federal Report Card	A district that receives Title I funding shall prepare and disseminate an annual federal report card that includes information on the dis- trict as a whole and each school within the district.			
Implementation			ral report card shall be concise; presented in an under- e and uniform format, and to the extent practicable, in a	

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Minimum Requirements	 language that parents can understand; and accessible to the plic, which shall include placing the report card on the district's site. If the district does not operate a website, the information is report card must be provided to the public in another manner of mined by the district. The federal report card shall include the information required in annual state report card described at 20 U.S.C. 6311(h)(1)(C), applied to the district and each school served by the district, in annual state report card school served by the district. 			
	ing: 1.	In the case of the district, information that shows how stu- dents served by the district achieved on state academic as- sessments compared to students in the state as a whole;		
	2.	In the case of a school, information that shows how the school's students' achievement on state academic assessments compared to students served by the district and the state as a whole; and		
	3.	Any other information that the district determines is appropri- ate and will best provide parents, students, and other mem- bers of the public with information regarding the progress of each public school served by the district, whether or not such information is included in the annual state report card.		
	20 U.S.C. 6311(h)(2)			
District Data on Academic Achievement	On request by the board, TEA shall create a website that mer of the board may use to review campus and district academic achievement data. The website must also be made available campuses in a similar manner that access is provided to the b			
	The website must:			
	1.	Include district information, disaggregated by campus, grade, sex, race, academic quarter or semester, as applicable, and school year, regarding the following:		
		a. Student academic achievement and growth;		
		b. Teacher and student attendance; and		
		c. Student discipline records; and		
	2.	Be updated at least once each quarter of the school year.		
	men acad	commissioner shall provide information that permits a board nber to compare the district's academic performance with the demic performance of other districts of similar size and racial economic demographics.		

A district must provide requested information to the commissioner for the creation of the website. Confidential information received by the commissioner remains confidential. The commissioner shall design the website to ensure that public information is made available to the public, and information submitted by districts noted as confidential is not made available to the public.

A request for public information under this provision shall be submitted to the district that provides the agency with the information. TEA may not release information submitted by a district that is noted as confidential information.

Education Code 11.1516

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BOARD MEMBERS
ELECTIONS

	Note:	If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, ap- plicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]
Membership		rd consists of the number of members that the district had ember 1, 1995. <i>Education Code 11.051(b)</i>
Increase in Membership	the mem bership r adopting	that has three or five members may by resolution increase bership to seven. A board that votes to increase its mem- nust consider whether the district would benefit from also a single-member election system under Education Code See Single-Member Districts, below.]
	second r the resol number o	ion increasing the number of trustees takes effect with the egular election of trustees that occurs after the adoption of ution. The resolution must provide for a transition in the of trustees so that when the transition is complete, trustees ed as provided by Education Code 11.059 (terms).
	Educatio	n Code 11.051(c)
Terms	A trustee	of a district serves a term of three or four years.
	The term	s for trustees with three-year terms shall be held annually. Is of one-third of the trustees, or as near to one-third as expire each year.
	The term	s for trustees with four-year terms shall be held biennially. Is of one-half of the trustees, or as near to one-half as pos- pire every two years.
	Board po pire.	licy must state the schedule on which specific terms ex-
	Educatio	n Code 11.059
	Note:	For website posting requirements regarding trustee infor- mation, see CQA.
Uniform Election Dates	of the fol	neral or special election of board members shall be on one lowing dates: e first Saturday in May.

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BOARD MEMBERS ELECTIONS

	2.	The first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.				
	Elec	Election Code 41.001(a)				
Joint Elections	A di	A district trustee election shall be held on the same date as:				
Required	1.	The election for the members of the governing body of a mu- nicipality located in the district;				
	2.	The general election for state and county officers, which is held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in even-numbered years under Election Code 41.002;				
	3.	The election for the members of the governing body of a hos- pital district, if the school district:				
		 Is wholly or partly located in a county with a population of less than 40,000 that is adjacent to a county with a population of more than three million; and 				
		 Held its election for board members jointly with the elec- tion for the members of the governing body of the hospi- tal district before May 2007; or 				
	4.	The election for the members of the governing board of a public junior college district in which the school district is wholly or partly located.				
	as a sha	Elections held on the same date as provided above shall be held as a joint election under Election Code Chapter 271, and the voters shall be served by common polling places consistent with Election Code 271.003(b).				
	Edu	Education Code 11.0581(a)–(c)				
	sior cou agre	A board may enter into an agreement with another political subdivi- sion holding an election on the same day in all or part of the same county to hold the elections jointly. The terms of a joint election agreement must be stated in an order, resolution, or other official action adopted by the board. <i>Election Code 271.002</i>				
Methods of		district in which the positions of trustees are not designated by				
Election—Options At Large	ber vote	hber or in which the trustees are not elected from single-mem- trustee districts, the candidates receiving the highest number of es shall fill the positions the terms of which are normally expir- <i>Education Code 11.057(b)</i>				
Position or Place	dist for t	positions on the board shall be designated by number in any rict in which the board by resolution orders that all candidates rustee be voted on and elected separately for positions on the rd and that all candidates be designated on the official ballot				

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BOARD MEMBERS ELECTIONS	BBB (LEGAL)
	according to the number of the positions for which they seek elec- tion.
	Not later than the 60th day before the date of an election, the board must make the resolution and number the positions on the board in the order in which the terms of office expire. Once a board has ordered the election of trustees by numbered positions, neither the board nor their successors may rescind the action.
	Education Code 11.058(c)–(f)
Single-Member Districts On Board's Motion	Except as provided below, the board, on its own motion, may order that trustees of the district are to be elected from single-member districts or that not fewer than 70 percent of the members of the board are to be elected from single-member districts with the re- maining board members to be elected from the district at large.
	If a majority of the area of a district is located in a county with a population of less than 10,000, a board, on its own motion, may order that trustees of the district are to be elected from single-member districts or that not fewer than 50 percent of the members of the board are to be elected from single-member districts with the remaining board members to be elected from the district at large.
	Before adopting an order, a board must:
	 Hold a public hearing at which registered voters of a district are given an opportunity to comment on whether or not they favor the election of trustees in the manner proposed by the board; and
	2. Publish notice of the hearing in a newspaper that has general circulation in the district, not later than the seventh day before the date of the hearing.
	An order adopted by the board must be entered not later than the 120th day before the date of the first election at which all or some of the trustees are elected from single-member districts authorized by the order.
	Education Code 11.052(a)–(d)
By Voter Petition	If at least 15 percent or 15,000 of the registered voters of the dis- trict, whichever is less, sign and present to the board a petition re- questing submission to the voters of the proposition that trustees be elected in a specific manner, which must be generally described on the petition and which must be a manner of election the board could have ordered on its own motion, the board shall order that the appropriate proposition be placed on the ballot at the first regu- lar election of trustees held after the 120th day after the date the

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BOARD MEMBERS ELECTIONS	BBB (LEGAL)
	petition is submitted to the board. The proposition must specify the number of trustees to be elected from single-member districts. Be- ginning with the first regular election of trustees held after an elec- tion at which a majority of the registered voters voting approve the proposition, trustees shall be elected in the manner prescribed by the approved proposition. <i>Education Code 11.052(e)</i>
Board Member Districts	If single-member districts are adopted or approved by either method described above, the board shall divide the district into the appropriate number of trustee districts, based on the number of members that are to be elected from single-member districts, and shall number each trustee district. The trustee districts must be compact and contiguous and must be as nearly as practicable of equal population. In a district with 150,000 or more students in av- erage daily attendance, the boundary of a trustee district shall not cross a county election precinct boundary except at a point at which the district boundary crosses the county election precinct boundary. Trustee districts must be drawn not later than the 90th day before the date of the first election of trustees from those dis- tricts. <i>Education Code 11.052(f)</i>
Residency for First Election	Residents of each trustee district are entitled to elect one trustee to the board. A trustee elected to represent a trustee district at the first election of members must be a resident of the district the trustee represents not later than the 90th day after the date election returns are canvassed, or the 60th day after the date of a final judgment in an election contest filed concerning that trustee district. A trustee vacates the office if the trustee fails to move into the district the trustee represents within the time provided. [For more information on residency, see BBA and BBC.] <i>Education Code</i> $11.052(g)$
Number and Term	At the first election at which some or all of the trustees are elected from single-member trustee districts and after each redistricting, all positions on a board shall be filled. The trustees then elected shall draw lots for staggered terms as provided by Education Code 11.059 (terms). <i>Education Code 11.052(h)</i>
Redistricting	Not later than the 90th day before the date of the first regular board election at which trustees may officially recognize and act on the last preceding federal census, a board shall redivide a district into the appropriate number of trustee districts if the census data indicates that the population of the most populous district exceeds the population of the least populous district by more than ten percent. Redivision of a district shall be in the manner provided above at Board Member Districts. <i>Education Code 11.052(i)</i>
Phase-in Option	The board of a district that adopts a redistricting plan may provide for the trustees in office when the plan is adopted or the district is
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	redistricted to serve for the remainder of their terms in accordance with this provision. The trustee district and any at-large positions provided by the district's plan shall be filled as the staggered terms of trustees then in office expire. Not later than the 90th day before the date of the first election from trustee districts and after each re- districting, a board shall determine the order in which the positions will be filled. <i>Education Code 11.053</i>
Boundary Change Notice	A district that changes its boundaries or the boundaries of districts used to elect members to the board shall not later than the 30th day after the date the change is adopted:
	 Notify the voter registrar of the county in which the area sub- ject to the boundary change is located of the adopted bound- ary change; and
	2. Provide the voter registrar with a map of an adopted boundary change in a format that is compatible with the mapping format used by the registrar's office.
	Election Code 42.0615
Methods of Voting— Options Plurality	Except as otherwise provided at Majority, below, to be elected to a public office, a candidate elected at large, at large by position, or by single-member districts must receive more votes than any other candidate for the office. <i>Education Code 11.057(a), (b); Election Code 2.001</i>
Cumulative	The board of a district that elects its trustees at large or at large by position may order that elections for trustees be held using the cu- mulative voting procedure.
	If a board adopts an order requiring the use of cumulative voting, only the board member positions that were scheduled to be filled at the election are filled through the use of cumulative voting.
	At an election at which more than one board member position is to be filled, all of the positions that are to be filled at the election shall be voted on as one race by all the voters of a district. Each voter is entitled to cast a number of votes equal to the number of positions to be filled at the election.
	A voter may cast one or more of the specified number of votes for any one or more candidates in any combination. Only whole votes may be cast and counted. If a voter casts more than the number of votes to which the voter is entitled in the election, none of the voter's votes may be counted in that election. If a voter casts fewer votes than entitled, all of the voter's votes are counted in that elec- tion.

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BOARD MEMBERS ELECTIONS	BBB (LEGAL)
	The candidates who are elected are those, in the number to be elected, receiving the highest number of votes.
	A district that adopts an order requiring the use of cumulative vot- ing may not elect its members by position as provided by Educa- tion Code 11.058.
	Education Code 11.054
Majority	The board of a district in which the positions of trustees are desig- nated by number or in which the trustees are elected from single- member districts may provide by resolution, not later than the 180th day before the date of an election, that a candidate must re- ceive a majority of the votes cast for a position or in a trustee dis- trict, as applicable, to be elected.
	The resolution is effective until rescinded by a subsequent resolu- tion adopted not later than the 180th day before the date of the first election to which the rescission applies.

Education Code 11.057(c)

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ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

	Note	e: If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, applicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]		
Notice of Polling Place	nam	written notice of a polling place location must state the building e, if any, and the street address, including the suite or room ber, if any, of the polling place. <i>Election Code 1.021</i>		
Election Order	The board shall order an election. An election to be held on a uni- form election date shall be ordered not later than the 78th day be- fore election day. <i>Election Code 3.004, .005</i>			
	Each	n election order must state:		
	1.	The date of the election;		
	2.	The offices or measures to be voted on;		
	3.	The early voting clerk's official mailing address or street ad- dress at which the clerk may receive delivery by common or contract carrier, if different, phone number, email address, and internet website, if the early voting clerk has an internet website;		
	4.	The location of the main early voting polling place;		
	5.	The dates and hours for early voting; and		
	6.	The dates and hours of any Saturday and Sunday early vot- ing.		
	Elec	tion Code 3.006, 83.010, 85.004, .007		
	ing t tion elec	bard shall preserve the election order for the period for preserv- he precinct election records. The date and nature of each elec- shall be entered in the official records of the board. For an tion on a measure, the entry must include a description of the sure. <i>Election Code 3.008</i>		
Failure to Order an Election		ure to order a general election does not affect the validity of the tion. <i>Election Code 3.007</i>		
Election Notice	Noti	ce of the election must state:		
Contents	1.	The nature and date of the election;		
	2.	The location of each polling place;		

ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

	3.	The hours the polls will be open;	
	4.	The internet website of the authority conducting the election;	
	5.	The early voting clerk's official mailing address or street ad- dress at which the clerk may receive delivery by common or contract carrier, if different, phone number, email address, and internet website, if the early voting clerk has an internet website;	
	6.	The location of the main early voting polling place; and	
	7.	The dates and hours for early voting, including the dates and hours of any Saturday and Sunday early voting.	
	Elec	ction Code 4.004(a), 83.010, 85.004, .007	
Notice of Special Election	The notice of a special election must also state each office to be filled or the proposition stating each measure to be voted on. <i>Election Code 4.004(b)</i>		
Publication	Notice of the election shall be published at least once, not earlier than the 30th day or later than the tenth day before election day, in a newspaper published within the district's boundaries or in a newspaper of general circulation in the district if none is published within the district's boundaries. The board shall retain a copy of the published notice that contains the name of the newspaper and the date of publication. <i>Election Code</i> $4.003(a)(1)$, (c), $.005(a)$		
Posting	day elec Vote polli tains letin a cc of th notic cont shal plac the .005	ddition to the notice described above, not later than the 21st before election day, a county shall post a copy of a notice of tion provided to the county [see Notice to County Clerk and er Registrar, below], which must include the location of each ng place, on the county's internet website, if the county main- s a website. A district may post a copy of the notice on the bul- board used for posting notices of the meetings of the board. If bounty does not maintain a website, the district shall post a copy ne notice of the election on the bulletin board used for posting ce of meetings of the board. The notice must remain posted tinuously through election day. The person posting the notice I make a record at the time of posting stating the date and e of posting. The person shall sign the record and deliver it to board after the last posting is made. <i>Election Code 4.003(b)</i> , 5(b)	
		ve on the internet website of the district. <i>Election Code</i>	

85.007(d)

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ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

	Not	e: For additional website posting requirements regarding the date and location of the next election, see CQA.	
Notice to County Clerk and Voter Registrar	The board shall deliver notice of the election, including the location of each polling place, to the county clerk and voter registrar of each county in which the district is located not later than the 60th day before election day. The county clerk shall post notice of the election, including the location of each polling place, on the county's internet website, if the county maintains a website, as provided by Election Code 4.003(b). <i>Election Code 4.008(a)</i> [See Posting, above]		
Notice to Election Judge	Not later than the 15th day before election day or the seventh day after the date the election is ordered, whichever is later, the board shall deliver to the presiding judge of each election precinct in which the election is to be held in the district a written notice of:		
	1.	The nature and date of the election;	
	2.	The location of the polling place for the precinct served by the judge;	
	3.	The hours that the polls will be open;	
	4.	The judge's duty to hold the election in the precinct specified by the notice; and	
	5.	The maximum number of clerks that the judge may appoint for the election.	
	Elec	tion Code 4.007	
Failure to Give Notice of Election		ure to give notice of a general election does not affect the valid- f the election. <i>Election Code 4.006</i>	
Internet Posting	Not later than the 21st day before election day, a district that holds an election and maintains an internet website shall post on the public internet website for the district:		
	1.	The date of the next election;	
	2.	The location of each polling place;	
	3.	Each candidate for an elected office on the ballot; and	
	4.	Each measure on the ballot.	
	Election Code 4.009(b)		

Arlington ISD 220901			
ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTIO	ONS	BBBA (LEGAL)	
Filing Information Notice to Candidates	A district shall post notice of the dates of the filing period in a public place in a building in which the district has an office not later than the 30th day before the first day on which a candidate may file an application for a place on the ballot. A district shall designate an email address in the notice for the purpose of filing an application for a place on the ballot under Election Code 143.004, below. <i>Election Code 141.040</i>		
	Note	For additional website posting requirements regarding the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA.	
Application	To be entitled to a place on the ballot, a candidate must make an application for a place on the ballot. An application, other than an application required to be accompanied by fee, may be filed through email transmission of the completed application in a scanned format to the email address designated by the filing authority in the notice required under Election Code 141.040, above. <i>Election Code 143.004</i>		
	A ca	ndidate application for a place on the ballot must:	
	1.	Be in writing;	
	2.	Be signed and sworn to before a person authorized to admin- ister an oath in this state by the candidate and indicate the date that the candidate swears to the application;	
	3.	Be timely filed with the appropriate authority; and	
	4.	Include all statutorily required information.	
	Elec	tion Code 141.031, .039	
Deadline		pplication for a place on the ballot may not be filed earlier than 30th day before the date of the filing deadline.	
	befo	pplication must be filed not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 78th day re the date of the election for an election to be held on a uni- election date.	
	Edu	cation Code 11.055(a); Election Code 144.005(a), (d)	
Death of Candidate		candidate dies on or before the deadline for filing an application place on the ballot:	
	1.	The authority responsible for preparing the ballots may choose to omit the candidate from the ballot; and	
	2.	If the authority omits the candidate's name under item 1, the filing deadline for an application for a place on the ballot for	
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BBBA(LEGAL)-P

Arlington ISD 220901 ELECTIONS **BBBA** CONDUCTING ELECTIONS (LEGAL) the office sought by the candidate is extended until the fifth day after the filing deadline. Election Code 145.098(b) Write-in Candidate A declaration of write-in candidacy must be filed not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 74th day before election day for an election to be held on a uniform election date. Education Code 11.056(b); Election Code 146.054 Special Election An application for a place on a special election ballot may not be filed before the election is ordered. An application must be filed not later than: 1. 5:00 p.m. of the 62nd day before election day if election day is on or after the 70th day after the election is ordered; or 2. 5:00 p.m. of the 40th day before election day if election day is on or after the 46th day and before the 70th day after the date the election is ordered. Exception For a special election to be held on the date of the general election for state and county officers (the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in even-numbered years under Election Code 41.002), the day of the filing deadline is 6:00 p.m. of the 75th day before election day. Write-in A declaration of write-in candidacy for a special election must be Candidate filed not later than the filing deadline. Election Code 201.054 **Deliverv** or When the Election Code provides for the delivery, submission, or Submission of filing of an application, notice, report, or other document or paper **Documents** with an authority having administrative responsibility under that code, a delivery, submission, or filing with an employee of the district at the district's usual place for conducting official business constitutes filing with the district. The district may accept the document or paper at a place other than the district's usual place for conducting official business. A delivery, submission, or filing of a document or paper under the Election Code may be made by personal delivery, mail, telephonic facsimile machine, email, or any other method of transmission.

Election Code 1.007

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Election of Unopposed Candidate Certification of Unopposed Status	The authority responsible for having the official ballot prepared shall certify in writing that a candidate is unopposed for election to an office if, were the election held, only the votes cast for that can- didate in the election for that office may be counted. The certifica- tion shall be delivered to the board as soon as possible after the fil- ing deadlines for placement on the ballot and list of write-in candidates.		
	A certification may be made following the filing of a withdrawal re- quest by a candidate after the deadline prescribed by Election Code 145.092 if:		
	1.	The withdrawal request is valid except for the untimely filing;	
	2.	Ballots have not been prepared; and	
	3.	The other conditions for certification are met.	
		ertification under these circumstances shall be delivered to the rd as soon as possible.	
	Elec	tion Code 2.052	
Special Election	con: gen	purposes of these provisions, a special election of a district is sidered to be a separate election with a separate ballot from a eral election for board members or another special election of district held at the same time. <i>Election Code 2.051(a)</i>	
Single-Member Districts	elec elec an c trict ballo such pear	The case of an election in which any members of the board are ted from single-member districts, these provisions apply to the tion in a particular single-member district if each candidate for office that is to appear on the ballot in that single-member dis- is unopposed and no opposed at-large race is to appear on the bt. These provisions apply to an unopposed at-large race in an election regardless of whether an opposed race is to ap- r on the ballot in a particular territorial unit. <i>Election Code</i> 51(b)	
Action on Certification	decl	receipt of the certification, the board by order or ordinance shall are each unopposed candidate elected to office. If a declara- is made, the election is not held.	
	If no election is to be held on election day by the district, a copy of the order or ordinance shall be posted on election day at each poll ing place used or that would have been used in the election.		
	elec clare date	ballots used at a separate election held at the same time as an tion that would have been held if the candidates were not de- ed elected shall include the offices and names of the candi- es declared elected listed separately after the measures or con- ed races in the separate election under the heading	
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	"Unopposed Candidates Declared Elected." The candidates sha be grouped in the same relative order prescribed for the ballot ge erally. No votes are cast in connection with the unopposed cand dates.				
	Election Code 2.053				
	-	ee BBBB regarding issuance of a certificate of election to an un- posed candidate declared elected and qualification for office.]			
Ballot		e ballo apter	ot shall be prepared in accordance with Election Code 52.		
Drawing	The district shall conduct a drawing to determine the order of the candidates' names in an election at which the names of more than one candidate for the same office are to appear on the ballot. The district shall post in the district's office a notice of the date, hour, and place of the drawing. The notice must remain posted continuously for 72 hours immediately preceding the scheduled time of the drawing. The district shall provide notice of the date, hour, and place of the drawing to each candidate by:				
	1.	Writ	tten notice:		
		a.	Mailed to the address stated on the candidate's applica- tion for a place on the ballot, not later than the fourth day before the date of the drawing; or		
		b.	Provided at the time the candidate files an application with the district;		
	2.		ephone, if a telephone number is provided on the candi- e's application for a place on the ballot; or		
	3.		ail, if an email address is provided on the candidate's ap- ation for a place on the ballot.		
			ndidate affected by a drawing is entitled to be present or epresentative present at the drawing.		
	<i>Election Code 52.093–.094</i> [See BBBB regarding ballot order in a runoff election or election to resolve a tie.]				
	whi nan	ch ea	or an election by position must clearly show the position for ch person is a candidate. A board shall arrange by lot the f the candidates for each position. <i>Education Code</i>)		
Election Services Contract	may	y cont	nty election officer, as defined by Election Code 31.091(1), tract with the board of a district situated wholly or partly in ty served by the officer to perform election services, as		

	provided by Election Code Chapter 31, Subchapter D, in any one or more elections ordered by the board.
	If requested to do so by a district, the county elections administra- tor, as defined under Election Code Chapter 31, Subchapter B, shall enter into a contract to furnish the election services requested in accordance with a cost schedule agreed on by the contracting parties. A county elections administrator is not required to enter into a contract to furnish elections services for an election held on the first Saturday in May in an even-numbered year.
	Election Code 31.092, .093, 41.001(d)
Election Judges and Clerks	By written order, a board shall appoint a presiding election judge and an alternate presiding judge for each election precinct in which an election is held. A board shall prescribe the maximum number of clerks that each presiding judge may appoint for each election. The judges and clerks shall be selected and serve in accordance with Election Code Chapter 32. <i>Election Code 32.001(a), .008, .033</i>
Polling Places	A board shall designate polling places for election day and early voting. Each polling place shall be accessible to and usable by the elderly and persons with physical disabilities. <i>Election Code 43.004, .034, Ch. 85 (early voting by personal appearance)</i>
	In an election held on the November uniform election date, a dis- trict shall use the regular county election precincts. The district shall designate as the polling places for the election the regular county polling places in the county election precincts that contain territory from the district. <i>Election Code 42.002(a)(5), .0621,</i> <i>43.004(b)</i>
Electioneering	A person commits an offense if, during the voting period and within 100 feet of an outside door through which a voter may enter the building in which a polling place is located, the person loiters or electioneers for or against any candidate, measure, or political party.
	A district that owns or controls a public building being used as a polling place or early voting polling place may not, at any time dur- ing the voting period or early voting period, as applicable, prohibit electioneering on the building's premises outside of the area de- scribed above, but may enact reasonable regulations concerning the time, place, and manner of electioneering.
Definitions	"Electioneering" includes the posting, use, or distribution of political signs or literature. The term does not include the distribution of a notice of a party convention authorized under Election Code 172.1114.

	"Voting period" means the period beginning when the polls oper voting and ending when the polls close or the last voter has vo whichever is later.			
	"Ear 85.0	ly voting period" means the period prescribed by Election Code 01.		
	Elec	tion Code 61.003, 85.036		
Early Voting	In each election, early voting shall be conducted by personal appearance at an early voting polling place and by mail, in accordance with Election Code Title 7, Chapters 81–114. <i>Election Code 81.001</i>			
November Early Voting Polling Places	In an election on the November uniform election date in which district is not holding a joint election with a county and has no cuted a contract with a county elections officer under which the trict and the county share early voting polling places, the distri-			
	1.	Shall designate as an early voting polling place for the elec- tion an eligible county polling place located in the district; and		
	2.	May not designate as an early voting polling place a location other than an eligible county polling place unless each eligible county polling place located in the district is designated as an early voting polling place by the district.		
		ible county polling place" means an early voting polling place blished by a county.		
	Election Code 85.010(a), (a-1), (b)			
Temporary Branch Days and Hours <i>County with</i> 100,000 or More	Election Code 85.064 applies only to an election in which the terri- tory served by the early voting clerk is situated in a county with a population of 100,000 or more. In an election in which the territory served by the clerk is situated in more than one county, that section applies if the sum of the populations of the counties is 100,000 or more.			
	Early voting by personal appearance at each temporary branch polling place shall be conducted on the days that voting is required to be conducted at the main early voting polling place under Elec- tion Code 85.005 and remain open for at least:			
	1.	Eight hours each day; or		
	2.	Three hours each day if the city or county clerk does not serve as the early voting clerk for the territory holding the election and the territory has fewer than 1,000 registered vot- ers.		

	The authority authorized under Election Code 85.006 to order early voting on a Saturday or Sunday may also order, in the manner pre- scribed by that section, early voting to be conducted on a Saturday or Sunday at any one or more of the temporary branch polling places.
	Election Code 85.064
County with Less than 100,000	Election Code 85.065 applies only to an election in which the terri- tory served by the early voting clerk is situated in a county with a population under 100,000. In an election in which the territory served by the clerk is situated in more than one county, this section applies if the sum of the populations of the counties is under 100,000.
	Except as provided below, voting at a temporary branch polling place may be conducted on any days and during any hours of the period for early voting by personal appearance, as determined by the authority establishing the branch. The authority authorized un- der Election Code 85.006 to order early voting on a Saturday or Sunday may also order, in the manner prescribed by that section, early voting to be conducted on a Saturday or Sunday at any one or more of the temporary branch polling places.
	Voting at a temporary branch polling place must be conducted on at least two consecutive business days and for at least eight con- secutive hours on each of those days.
	The schedules for conducting voting are not required to be uniform among the temporary branch polling places.
	Election Code 85.065
Records Branch Daily Register	The early voting clerk shall provide, in a downloadable database format, a current copy of the register for posting on the internet website of the district, if the district maintains a website, each day early voting is conducted. At a minimum, the voter registration number for each voter listed in the register must be posted. <i>Elec-</i> <i>tion Code 85.072</i>
Early Voting Rosters	The early voting clerk shall maintain for each election a roster list- ing each person who votes an early voting ballot by personal ap- pearance and a roster listing each person to whom an early voting ballot to be voted by mail is sent. Information on the roster for a person who votes an early voting ballot by personal appearance shall be made available for public inspection as provided below not later than 11 a.m. on the day after the date the information is en- tered on the roster. Information on the roster for a person who votes an early voting ballot by mail shall be made available for pub- lic inspection as provided below not later than 11 a.m. on the day
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		following the day the early voting clerk receives any ballot voted by mail.		
	The	The information must be made available:		
	1.	For an election in which the county clerk is the early voting clerk:		
		a.	On the publicly accessible internet website of the county; or	
		b.	If the county does not maintain a website, on the bulletin board used for posting notice of meetings of the commis- sioners court; or	
	2.	For	an election not described by item 1:	
		a.	On the publicly accessible internet website of the district; or	
		b.	If the district does not maintain a website, on the bulletin board used for posting notice of board meetings.	
	Elec	tion	Code 87.121(a), (g)–(i)	
Conducting Elections		Elections shall be conducted in accordance with Election Code Ti- tle 6, Chapters 61–68.		
Bilingual Materials Spanish	Bilingual election materials shall be used in each election precinct situated wholly or partly in a county in which five percent or more of the inhabitants are persons of Spanish origin or descent according to the most recent federal decennial census that may be officially recognized or acted upon by the state or political subdivisions. <i>Election Code 272.002</i>			
Other Languages	elec distr man in Sj	If the director of the census determines that a district must provide election materials in a language other than English or Spanish, the district shall provide election materials in that language in the same manner in which the district would be required to provide materials in Spanish, to the extent applicable. <i>Election Code 272.011; 52 U.S.C. 10503</i>		
Voting Systems		A voting system shall be adopted and utilized in accordance with Election Code Title 8.		
Accessible Voting Stations	one tion ame U.S.	votin Act c ndm .C. S	s provided below, each polling place must provide at least of station that complies with Section 504 of the Rehabilita- of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) and its subsequent ents, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 ection 12131 et seq.) and its subsequent amendments, equirements for accessibility under 52 U.S.C. Section	

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ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

21081(a)(3) [formerly 42 U.S.C. Section 15481(a)(3)] and its sub-
sequent amendments, and that provides a practical and effective
means for voters with physical disabilities to cast a secret ballot.
Election Code 61.012

Electronic Voting System Exceptions For an election other than an election of a district that is held jointly with another election in which a federal office appears on the ballot, a district is not required to meet the requirements for accessibility under Election Code 61.012(a)(1)(C) if the district is located in a county that meets certain population and other requirements set forth in Election Code 61.013(a). A district that intends to use this provision to provide fewer voting stations that meet the requirements for accessibility than required must provide notice under Election Code 61.013(d). *Election Code 61.013*

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BOARD MEMBERS AUTHORITY	BBE (LEGAL)
	Unless authorized by the board, a member of the board may not, individually, act on behalf of the board. <i>Education Code 11.051(a-1)</i> [See BE regarding action by a majority of the board]
Access to Information	When acting in the member's official capacity, a board member has an inherent right of access to information, documents, and records maintained by the district.
	"Official capacity" means all duties of office and includes adminis- trative decisions or actions.
	The district shall provide the information, documents, and records to the board member without requiring the board member to submit a public information request under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act) and without regard to whether the re- quested items are the subject of or relate to an item listed on an agenda for an upcoming meeting.
	A district shall provide a board member with information, docu- ments, and records requested not later than the 20th business day after the date the district receives the request. The district may take a reasonable additional period of time, not to exceed the 30th busi- ness day after the date the district receives the request, to respond to a request if compliance by the 20th business day would be un- duly burdensome given the amount, age, or location of the re- quested information. The district shall inform the board member of the reason for the delay and the date by which the information will be provided.
	If a district does not provide requested information to a board member in the time required, the member may bring suit against the district for appropriate injunctive relief. A member who prevails in a suit is entitled to recover court costs and reasonable attorney's fees. The district shall pay the costs and fees from the budget of the superintendent's office.
Confidential Information	The district may withhold or redact information, a document, or a record requested by a board member to the extent that the item is excepted from disclosure or is confidential under the Public Information Act or other law [see GBA].
	A board member shall maintain the confidentiality of information, documents, and records received from the district as required by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. 1232g) and any other applicable privacy laws. [See FL]
Report of Requests	A district shall post, in a place convenient to the public, the cost of responding to one or more requests submitted by a board member under Education Code 11.1512(c) if the requests are for 200 or more pages of material in a 90-day period.
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BOARD MEMBERS AUTHORITY		BBE (LEGAL)				
		strict shall report annually to the Texas Education Agency not r than September 1 of each year:				
	1.	The number of requests submitted by a board member under Education Code 11.1512(c) during the preceding school year; and				
	2.	The total cost to the district for that school year of responding to the requests.				
	Edu	cation Code 11.1512(c)–(f)				
Access to Student Records	leas a so	sonally identifiable information in education records may be re- sed, without the written consent of the student's parents, only to chool official who has a legitimate educational interest in the ed- tion records. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.31</i> [See FL]				
Offenses Regarding	Ape	erson commits an offense if the person:				
Records and Information	1.	Willfully destroys, mutilates, removes without permission as provided by Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Infor- mation Act), or alters public information; or				
	2.	Distributes information considered confidential under the terms of Government Code Chapter 552.				
	Gov	Gov't Code 552.351, .352				
	of re GAI	[For information regarding the offenses of destruction or alienation of record and tampering with governmental record, see CPC(LE- GAL). For information regarding misuse of official information, see BBFB(LEGAL).]				
Visits to District Facility	A district shall create a policy on visits to a district campus or facil- ity by a member of the board. <i>Education Code 11.1512(g)</i>					
Protections for Legislative Activity	A local officer, including a school board member, may not be ject to disciplinary action or a sanction, penalty, disability, or for:					
	1.	An action permitted by law that the officer takes in the officer's official capacity regarding a legislative measure;				
	2.	Proposing, endorsing, or expressing support for or opposition to a legislative measure or taking any action permitted by law to support or oppose a legislative measure;				
	3.	The effect of a legislative measure or of a change in law pro- posed by a legislative measure on any person; or				
	4.	A breach of duty, in connection with the board member's prac- tice of or employment in a licensed or regulated profession or				
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BOARD MEMBERS AUTHORITY	BBE (LEGAL)
	occupation, to disclose to any person information, or to obtain a waiver or consent from any person, regarding the officer's actions relating to a legislative measure; or the substance, ef- fects, or potential effects of a legislative measure.
	Gov't Code 572.059
Board Member Immunities	The statutory immunity detailed below is in addition to and does not preempt the common law doctrine of official and governmental immunity. <i>Education Code 22.051(b)</i>
State Law Immunities	A board member is not personally liable for any act that is incident to or within the scope of the duties of the board member's position and that involves the exercise of judgment or discretion. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 22.0511(a)</i>
Federal Law Immunities	Except as provided in 20 U.S.C. Section 7946(b), no board mem- ber shall be liable for harm caused by an act or omission of the board member on behalf of a district if the conditions of the Paul D. Coverdell Teacher Protection Act of 2001 are met. <i>20 U.S.C.</i> 7943, 7946(a) [See also DGC]

Arlington ISD 220901			
BOARD MEMBERS COMPENSATION AND	EXPENSE	S	BBG (LEGAL)
	Board m <i>11.061(</i> a	embers serve without compensation. <i>Education</i> (Code
Members' Expenses	may be u schools penses f ment is o and to se	nds and state funds not designated for a specific used for purposes necessary in the conduct of the determined by the board. Reimbursement of trave for school board members is not illegal if the reim determined to be necessary in the conduct of the erve a proper public purpose. <i>Education Code 45</i> <i>n. Op. H-133 (1973)</i>	e public el ex- burse- school
Nonmembers' Expenses	A board may not pay the travel expenses of spouses and other persons who have no responsibilities or duties to perform for the board when they accompany board members to board-related activities. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. MW-93 (1979)</i>		
Travel Services	ness ma	r or employee of a district who is engaged in offic y participate in the comptroller's contract for trave ov't Code 2171.055(f); 34 TAC 20.406(b)(2)(F)	
	Note:	For guidance regarding board member expensi- bursement and income tax issues, see the <i>TEA</i> <i>Accountability System Resource Guide</i> , Sectio Employee or Board Member Travel and Busine penses.	A <i>Financial</i> n 1.7.4.7

BOARD MEMBERS TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

	Note:	For employee and student use of district technology re- sources, see CQ.				
Public Information on Private Device	A current or former board member or employee of a district who maintains public information on a privately owned device shall:					
	dis	rward or transfer the public information to the district or a trict server to be preserved as provided by Government de 552.004(a); or				
	or	eserve the public information in its original form in a backup archive and on the privately owned device for the time de- ibed under Government Code 552.004(a).				
	Gov't Co	ode 552.004(b) [See GB]				
Online Message Board	A communication or exchange of information between board mem- bers about public business or public policy over which the board has supervision or control does not constitute a meeting or deliber- ation for purposes of Government Code Chapter 551 (Open Meet- ings Act) if:					
	1. Th	e communication is in writing;				
	inte	e writing is posted to an online message board or similar ernet application that is viewable and searchable by the plic; and				
	the	e communication is displayed in real time and displayed on online message board or similar internet application for no s than 30 days after the communication is first posted.				
	A board may have no more than one online message board or sim- ilar internet application to be used for the purposes described above. The online message board or similar internet application must be owned or controlled by the board, prominently displayed on the district's primary internet web page, and no more than one click away from the district's primary internet web page.					
	The online message board or similar internet application may only be used by members of the board or district staff members who have received specific authorization from a member of the board. In the event that a staff member posts a communication to the online message board or similar internet application, the name and title of the staff member must be posted along with the communica- tion.					
	net appl	rd removes from the online message board or similar inter- ication a communication that has been posted for at least , the board shall maintain the posting for a period of six				
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BOARD MEMBERS TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

years. This communication is public information and must be disclosed in accordance with Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act).

The board may not vote or take any action that is required to be taken at a meeting under the Open Meetings Act by posting a communication to the online message board or similar internet application. In no event shall a communication or posting to the online message board or similar internet application be construed to be an action of the board.

Gov't Code 551.006

OFFICERS AND OFFICIALS DUTIES AND REQUIREMENTS OF BOARD OFFICERS

Selection of Officers		he first meeting after each election and qualification of trustees, members shall organize by selecting:		
	1.	A president, who must be a member of the board.		
	2.	A secretary, who may or may not be a member of the board.		
	3.	Other officers and committees the board considers necessary.		
	Edu	cation Code 11.061(c)		
Reorganization	In addition to the required post-election organization, a board may also organize at other times. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. MW-531 (1982)</i>			
Duties/Powers of Board President		The duties and powers of the president of a board include, but are not limited to, the following:		
	1.	Call a meeting of the board for the purpose of adopting a budget and provide for the publication of notice of the budget and proposed tax rate meeting under Education Code 44.004. [See CE and CCG]		
	2.	Submit the annual financial statement to a newspaper for publication under Local Government Code 140.006. [See CFA]		
	3.	Execute a mineral deed or lease under Education Code 11.153. [See CDB]		
	4.	Execute the deed for the sale of property, other than minerals, held in trust for public school purposes under Education Code 11.154(b). [See CDB]		

BOARD INTERNAL ORGANIZATION INTERNAL COMMITTEES

BDB (LEGAL)

Government Code Chapter 551 (Open Meetings Act) applies to board committee meetings if:

- 1. At least a quorum of the board is on the committee;
- 2. A quorum of the board is present at the committee meeting, even though less than a quorum is actually on the committee; or
- 3. Less than a quorum of the board is on the committee, but the committee is authorized to make final decisions or control or supervise public business.

A committee that includes less than a quorum of board members is not subject to the Open Meetings Act if it serves a purely advisory function, with no power to supervise or control public business.

Atty. Gen. Op. Nos. GA-0957 (2012), JC-0060 (1999), JH-0994 (1977); <u>Willmann v. City of San Antonio</u>, 123 S.W.3d 469 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 2003, pet. denied) [See BE]

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BOARD MEETINGS	BE (LEGAL)		
Majority Vote	The board may act only by majority vote of the members present at a meeting held in compliance with Government Code Chapter 551 (Open Meetings Act), at which a quorum of the board is present and voting. A majority vote is generally determined from a majority of those present and voting, excluding abstentions, assuming a quorum is present. <i>Education Code 11.051(a-1); Atty. Gen. Op.</i> <i>GA-689 (2009)</i>		
No Secret Ballot	No vote shall be taken by secret ballot. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JH-1163</i> (1978)		
Definitions Deliberation	"Deliberation" means a verbal or written exchange between a quorum of a board, or between a quorum of a board and another person, concerning an issue within the jurisdiction of the board. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(2)</i>		
Meeting	"Meeting" means:		
	 A deliberation between a quorum of a board, or between a quorum of the board and another person, during which public business or public policy over which the board has supervi- sion or control is discussed or considered, or during which the board takes formal action; or 		
	2. Except as otherwise provided below, a gathering:		
	a. That is conducted by the board or for which the board is responsible;		
	b. At which a quorum of members of the board is present;		
	c. That has been called by the board; and		
	d. At which board members receive information from, give information to, ask questions of, or receive questions from any third person, including an employee of the dis- trict, about the public business or public policy over which the board has supervision or control.		
	Gov't Code 551.001(4)		
Exceptions to Meeting Social Function, Convention, or Candidate Event	The term does not include the gathering of a quorum of a board at a social function unrelated to the public business that is conducted by the board, the attendance by a quorum of a board at a regional, state, or national convention or workshop, ceremonial event, or press conference, or the attendance by a quorum of a board at a candidate forum, appearance, or debate to inform the electorate, if formal action is not taken and any discussion of public business is incidental to the social function, convention, workshop, ceremonial event, press conference, forum, appearance, or debate. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 551.001(4)</i>		

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BOARD MEETINGS		BE (LEGAL)		
Legislative Committee or Agency Meeting	The attendance by a quorum of a board at a meeting of a commit- tee or agency of the legislature is not considered to be a meeting of the board if the deliberations at the meeting by the board mem- bers consist only of publicly testifying, publicly commenting, and publicly responding to a question asked by a member of the legis- lative committee or agency. <i>Gov't Code 551.0035(b)</i>			
Online Message Board	For information on communications posted to an online message board, see BBI.			
Quorum	"Quorum" means a majority of the number of members fixed by statute. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(6); 311.013(b)</i>			
Disaster Exception	Notwithstanding any other law, a quorum is not required board to act if:	for the		
	 The district's jurisdiction is wholly or partly located in of a disaster declared by the president of the United the governor; and 			
	 A majority of the members of the board are unable t sent at a board meeting as a result of the disaster. 	o be pre-		
	Gov't Code 418.1102			
Recording	'Recording" means a tangible medium on which audio or nation of audio and video is recorded, including a disc, ta film, electronic storage drive, or other medium now existi developed. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(7)</i>	ape, wire,		
Videoconference Call	"Videoconference call" means a communication conducted be- tween two or more persons in which one or more of the partici- pants communicate with the other participants through duplex au- dio and video signals transmitted over a telephone network, a data network, or the internet. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(8)</i>			
Prohibited Series of	A board member commits an offense if the member:			
Communications	1. Knowingly engages in at least one communication a series of communications that each occur outside o ing authorized by Government Code Chapter 551 a concern an issue within the jurisdiction of the board the members engaging in the individual communica stitute fewer than a quorum of members but the me gaging in the series of communications constitute a members; and	f a meet- nd that in which tions con- mbers en-		
	Knew at the time the member engaged in the comm that the series of communications:	unication		
	a. Involved or would involve a quorum; and			
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	 b. Would constitute a deliberation once a quorum of mem- bers engaged in the series of communications.
	Gov't Code 551.143
Superintendent Participation	The board shall provide the superintendent an opportunity to pre- sent at a meeting an oral or written recommendation to the board on any item that is voted on by the board at the meeting. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 11.051(a-1)</i>
Access to Board Meetings Open to Public	Every regular, special, or called meeting of a board shall be open to the public, except as provided by Government Code Chapter 551. <i>Gov't Code 551.002</i> [See BEC for exceptions for closed meet- ings.]
Parental Access	A parent is entitled to complete access to any meeting of the board, other than a closed meeting held in compliance with Gov- ernment Code Chapter 551, Subchapters D and E. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 26.007(a)</i>
Exclusion of Witnesses	A board that is investigating a matter may exclude a witness from a hearing during the examination of another witness in the investiga- tion. <i>Gov't Code 551.084</i>
Location	A board must hold each public meeting within the boundaries of the district, except:
	1. As required by law; or
	 To hold a joint meeting with another district or with another governmental entity, as defined by Government Code 2051.041, if the boundaries of the governmental entity are in whole or in part within the boundaries of the district.
	Education Code 26.007(b)
Required Meeting Records Minutes or Recording	A board shall prepare and keep minutes or make a recording of each open meeting. The minutes must state the subject matter of each deliberation and indicate each vote, order, decision, or other action taken. <i>Gov't Code 551.021</i>
Board Member Attendance	The minutes, certified agenda, or recording, as applicable, of a reg- ular or special meeting of the board must reflect each member's at- tendance at or absence from the meeting. <i>Education Code 11.0621</i>
Availability	The minutes and recordings of an open meeting are public records and shall be available for public inspection and copying on request to the superintendent or designee. <i>Gov't Code 551.022; Education</i> <i>Code 11.0621</i>

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BOARD MEETINGS	BE (LEGAL)
	<i>Note:</i> For website posting requirements regarding the record of a board meeting, see CQA.
Notice Required	A board shall give written notice of the date, hour, place, and sub- ject of each meeting held by the board. <i>Gov't Code</i> 551.041
Continued Meeting	Government Code 551.041, above, does not require a board that recesses an open meeting to the following regular business day to post notice of the continued meeting if the action is taken in good faith and not to circumvent Government Code Chapter 551. If an open meeting is continued to the following regular business day and, on that following day, the board continues the meeting to another day, the board must give the required written notice of the meeting continued to that other day. <i>Gov't Code 551.0411(a)</i>
Inquiry During Meeting	If, at a meeting of a board, a member of the public or of the board inquires about a subject for which notice has not been given, the notice provisions do not apply to a statement of specific factual information given in response to the inquiry or a recitation of existing policy in response to the inquiry. Any deliberation of or decision about the subject of the inquiry shall be limited to a proposal to place the subject on the agenda for a subsequent meeting. <i>Gov't Code</i> 551.042
Time and Accessibility of Notice	The notice of a meeting of a board must be posted in a place read- ily accessible to the general public at all times for at least 72 hours before the scheduled time of the meeting, except as provided at Emergency Meeting or Emergency Addition to Agenda, below. A district shall post notice of each meeting on a bulletin board at a place convenient to the public in the central administrative office of the district. <i>Gov't Code 551.043(a), .051</i>
	If a district is required to post notice of a meeting on the internet:
	 The district satisfies the requirement that the notice must be posted in a place readily accessible to the general public at all times by making a good-faith attempt to continuously post the notice on the internet during the prescribed period;
	2. The district must still comply with any duty imposed by Gov- ernment Code Chapter 551 to physically post the notice at a particular location; and
	 If the district makes a good-faith attempt to continuously post the notice on the internet during the prescribed period, the no- tice physically posted must be readily accessible to the gen- eral public during normal business hours.
	Gov't Code 551.043(b)

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BOARD MEETINGS	BE (LEGAL)		
Internet Posting— Notice	If a district maintains an internet website, in addition to the other place at which notice is required to be posted, a board must also concurrently post notice of a meeting on the internet website.		
	A district that contains all or part of the area within the corporate boundaries of a municipality with a population of 48,000 or more must also concurrently post the agenda for the board meeting on the district's internet website.		
	The validity of a posted notice of a meeting or an agenda by a board subject to these provisions that made a good-faith attempt to comply with these requirements is not affected by a failure to com- ply that is due to a technical problem beyond the control of the dis- trict.		
	Gov't Code 551.056		
	[See CQA for other website posting requirements.]		
Specificity of Agenda/Notice	Agendas for all meetings must be sufficiently specific to inform the public of the subjects to be discussed at the meeting, setting out any special matters to be considered or any matter in which the public has a particular interest. <u>Cox Enterprises, Inc. v. Austin In- dep. Sch. Dist.</u> , 706 S.W.2d 956 (Tex. 1986); <u>Point Isabel Indep.</u> <u>Sch. Dist. v. Hinojosa</u> , 797 S.W.2d 176 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1990, writ denied); Atty. Gen. Op. JH-1045 (1977)		
Emergency Meeting or Emergency Addition to Agenda	In an emergency or when there is an urgent public necessity, the notice of a meeting to deliberate or take action on the emergency or urgent public necessity, or the supplemental notice to add the deliberation or taking of action on the emergency or urgent public necessity as an item to the agenda for a meeting for which notice has been posted in accordance with Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter C, is sufficient if the notice or supplemental notice is posted for at least one hour before the meeting is convened.		
	A board may not deliberate or take action on a matter at a meeting for which notice or supplemental notice is posted as described above other than:		
	 A matter directly related to responding to the emergency or urgent public necessity identified in the notice or supple- mental notice of the meeting; or 		
	2. An agenda item listed on a notice of the meeting before the supplemental notice was posted.		
	An emergency or urgent public necessity exists only if immediate action is required of a board because of:		

BOARD MEETINGS

	1.		nminent threat to public health and safety, including a at described in item 2, below, if imminent; or		
	2.	A rea	asonably unforeseeable situation, including:		
		a.	Fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, or wind, rain, or snow storm;		
		b.	Power failure, transportation failure, or interruption of communication facilities;		
		C.	Epidemic; or		
		d.	Riot, civil disturbance, enemy attack, or other actual or threatened act of lawlessness or violence.		
	The board shall clearly identify the emergency or urgent public ne cessity in the notice of an emergency meeting or supplemental no tice.				
	The sudden relocation of a large number of residents from the area of a declared disaster to a district's jurisdiction is considered a rea- sonably unforeseeable situation for a reasonable period immedi- ately following the relocation.				
	Gov't Code 551.045				
Catastrophe	A board that is prevented from convening an open meeting that was otherwise properly posted under Government Code 551.04 because of a catastrophe may convene the meeting in a conve- ient location within 72 hours pursuant to Government Code 551.045 if the action is taken in good faith and not to circumver Government Code Chapter 551. If the board is unable to conve- the open meeting within those 72 hours, the board may subse- quently convene the meeting only if the board gives the require written notice of the meeting.				
	"Catastrophe" means a condition or occurrence that interferes physically with the ability of a board to conduct a meeting, inclu ing:				
	1.		flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, or wind, rain, or v storm;		
	2.		er failure, transportation failure, or interruption of commu- ion facilities;		
	3.				

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	 Riot, civil disturbance, enemy attack, or other actual or threat ened act of lawlessness or violence. 	:-
	Gov't Code 551.0411(b), (c)	
Special Notice to News Media	A district shall provide special notice of each meeting to any news media that has requested special notice and agreed to reimburse the district for the cost of providing the special notice. The notice shall be by telephone, facsimile transmission, or electronic mail. <i>Gov't Code 551.052</i>	
	The board president or board member who calls an emergency meeting or adds an emergency item to the agenda of a board meeting shall notify the news media of the emergency meeting or emergency item. The president or member is required to notify onl those members of the news media that have previously filed a request containing all pertinent information for the special notice and agreed to reimburse the board for the cost of providing the special notice. The president or member shall give the notice by telephone facsimile transmission, or electronic mail at least one hour before the meeting is convened. <i>Gov't Code 551.047</i>	t I
Meeting by Telephone Conference Call	A board may hold a meeting by telephone conference call only if a emergency or public necessity exists within the meaning of Gov- ernment Code 551.045 and the convening at one location of a quorum of the board is difficult or impossible, or if the meeting is held by an advisory board.	'n
Technical Requirements and Recording	Each part of the telephone conference call meeting that is required to be open to the public shall be audible to the public at the loca- tion specified in the notice of the meeting as the location of the meeting and shall be recorded. The recording shall be made avail- able to the public.	
	The location designated in the notice as the location of the meeting shall provide two-way communication during the entire telephone conference call meeting and the identification of each party to the telephone conference shall be clearly stated prior to speaking.	g
Notice of Location	The telephone conference call meeting is subject to the notice re- quirements applicable to other meetings. The notice must specify as the location of the meeting the location where meetings of the board are usually held.	
	Gov't Code 551.125	
Meeting by Videoconference Call	A board member or district employee may participate remotely in a board meeting by means of a videoconference call if the video and audio feed of the board member's or employee's participation, as applicable, is broadcast live at the meeting and complies with the	
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	provisions below. A board member who participates by videocon- ference call shall be counted as present at the meeting for all pur- poses. A board member who participates in a meeting by video conference call shall be considered absent from any portion of the meeting during which audio or video communication with the mem- ber is lost or disconnected. The board may continue the meeting only if a quorum remains present at the meeting location or, if ap- plicable, continues to participate in a meeting conducted as speci- fied at Multiple Counties, below. <i>Gov't Code</i> 551.127(a-1)–(a-3)
Quorum in One Location	A meeting may be held by videoconference call only if a quorum of the board is physically present at one location of the meeting, ex- cept as provided at Multiple Counties, below.
Multiple Counties	A meeting of a board of a district that extends into three or more counties may be held by videoconference call only if the board member presiding over the meeting is physically present at one lo- cation of the meeting that is open to the public during the open por- tions of the meeting.
Additional Notice Requirements	A meeting held by videoconference call is subject to the notice re- quirements applicable to other meetings in addition to the notice requirements applicable to meetings by videoconference call.
	The notice of a meeting to be held by videoconference call must specify as a location of the meeting the location where a quorum of the board will be physically present and specify the intent to have a quorum present at that location, except that the notice of a meeting held by videoconference call described above at Multiple Counties must specify as a location of the meeting the location where the board member presiding over the meeting will be physically pre- sent and specify the intent to have that member present at that lo- cation.
	Gov't Code 551.127(b)–(e)
Quality of Audio and Video Signals	Each portion of a meeting held by videoconference call that is required to be open to the public shall be visible and audible to the public at the location specified in the notice. If a problem occurs that causes a meeting to no longer be visible and audible to the public at that location, the meeting must be recessed until the problem is resolved. If the problem is not resolved in six hours or less, the meeting must be adjourned.
	The location specified in the notice, and each remote location from which a member of the board participates, shall have two-way au- dio and video communication with each other location during the entire meeting. The face of each participant in the videoconference call, while that participant is speaking, shall be clearly visible, and
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	portion o at the ph	the voice audible, to each other participant and, during the open portion of the meeting, to the members of the public in attendance at the physical location described by the notice and at any other lo- cation of the meeting that is open to the public.			
	tion of th Departm perceptik describe member of the pu	ity of the audio and video signals perceptible at each loca- e meeting must meet or exceed standards specified by the ent of Information Resources. The audio and video signals ble by members of the public at the location of the meeting d by the notice and at each remote location from which a participates must be of sufficient quality so that members blic at each location can observe the demeanor and hear e of each participant in the open portion of the meeting.			
	Gov't Co	de 551.127(f), (h)–(j); 1 TAC 209.10–.11			
Recording		rd shall make at least an audio recording of the meeting. ording shall be made available to the public.			
Remote Participation by the Public	a meetin may allo	regard to whether a member of the board is participating in g from a remote location by videoconference call, a board w a member of the public to testify at a meeting from a re- ation by videoconference call.			
	Gov't Co	de 551.127(g), (k)			
Internet Broadcast	subject to	s provided by Government Code 551.128(b-1), below, and o the requirements at Video and Audio Recording of Meet- w, a board may broadcast an open meeting over the inter-			
	ing Webs ternet sh broadcas site the s post und tice on th	is provided by Government Code 551.128(b-2) [see Exist- site, below], a board that broadcasts a meeting over the in- all establish an internet site and provide access to the st from that site. The board shall provide on the internet same notice of the meeting that the board is required to er Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter C. The no- ne internet must be posted within the time required for notice under Subchapter C.			
	Gov't Co	de 551.128(b), (c)			
	Note:	The provisions at Video and Audio Recording of Meeting apply to a board for a district that has a student enroll-ment of 10,000 or more.			

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Video and Audio Recording of Meeting Required Recording	A board shall:				
	1.	Make a video and audio recording of reasonable quality of each:			
		a. Regularly scheduled open meeting that is not a work session or a special called meeting; and			
		 Open meeting that is a work session or special called meeting at which the board votes on any matter or al- lows public comment or testimony [see BED for require- ments regarding public testimony]; and 			
	2.	Make available an archived copy of the video and audio re- cording of each meeting described in item 1.			
Internet Posting—	Ab	ard shall:			
Recordings	1.	Make the archived recording of each meeting to which these provisions apply available on the internet not later than seven days after the date the recording was made; and	1		
	2.	Maintain the archived recording on the internet for not less than two years after the date the recording was first made available.			
Existing Website	A board may make available the required archived recording on an existing internet site, including a publicly accessible video-sharing or social networking site. The board is not required to establish a separate internet site and provide access to archived recordings of meetings from that site.				
District Website	A district that maintains an internet site shall make available on that site, in a conspicuous manner, the archived recording of each meeting or an accessible link to the archived recording of each such meeting.				
Exemption	A board is exempt from the internet posting requirements if the board's failure to make the required recording of a meeting availa- ble is the result of a catastrophe, as defined by Government Code 551.0411 [see Catastrophe, above], or a technical breakdown. Fol- lowing a catastrophe or breakdown, a board must make all reason- able efforts to make the required recording available in a timely manner.				
Television Broadcast	A b evis	ard may broadcast a regularly scheduled open meeting on tel- on.	-		
	Go	Gov't Code 551.128(b-1)–(b-6)			

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Recording by Attendee	A person in attendance may record all or any part of an open meet- ing of a board by means of a recorder, video camera, or other means of aural or visual reproduction. A board may adopt reasona- ble rules to maintain order at a meeting, including rules relating to the location of recording equipment and the manner in which the recording is conducted. A rule adopted under this provision may not prevent or unreasonably impair a person from exercising a right granted under this provision. <i>Gov't Code 551.023</i>
Attorney Consultation	A board may use a telephone conference call, videoconference call, or communications over the internet to conduct a public con- sultation with its attorney in an open meeting of the board or a pri- vate consultation with its attorney in a closed meeting of the board. [See BEC]
	Each part of a public consultation by a board with its attorney in an open meeting must be audible to the public at the location speci- fied in the notice of the meeting as the location of the meeting.
	These provisions do not authorize the members of a board to con- duct a meeting of the board by telephone conference call, video conference call, or communications over the internet; or create an exception to the application of Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter F (meetings using telephone, videoconference, or in- ternet).
Exception	These provisions do not apply to a consultation with an attorney who is an employee of a district. An attorney who receives com- pensation for legal services performed, from which employment taxes are deducted by the district, is an employee of the district.
	Gov't Code 551.129
Persons with Hearing Impairments	In a proceeding before a board in which the legal rights, duties, or privileges of a party are to be determined by the board after an ad- judicative hearing, the board shall supply for a party who is deaf or hearing impaired an interpreter who has qualifications approved by the Texas Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing.
	"Deaf or hearing impaired" means having a hearing impairment, re- gardless of the existence of a speech impairment, that inhibits comprehension of an examination or proceeding, or communica- tion with others.
	Gov't Code 558.001, .003

Planning and Decision-Making Process	A board shall adopt a policy to establish a district- and campus- level planning and decision-making process that will involve the professional staff of a district, parents of students enrolled in a dis- trict, business representatives, and community members in estab- lishing and reviewing the district's and campuses' educational plans, goals, performance objectives, and major classroom instruc- tional programs. <i>Education Code 11.251(b)</i>					
	The	planning and decision-making requirements do not:				
	1.	Prohibit a board from conducting meetings with teachers or groups of teachers other than the district-level committee meetings.				
	2.	Prohibit a board from establishing policies providing avenues for input from others, including students or paraprofessional staff, in district- or campus-level planning and decision mak- ing.				
	3.	Limit or affect the power of a board to govern the public schools.				
	4.	Create a new cause of action or require collective bargaining.				
	Education Code 11.251(g)					
Evaluation	At least every two years, a district shall evaluate the effectiveness of the district's decision-making and planning policies, procedures, and staff development activities related to district- and campus-level decision making and planning to ensure that they are effectively structured to positively impact student performance. <i>Education Code 11.252(d)</i>					
Administrative Procedure	A board shall ensure that an administrative procedure is provider to clearly define the respective roles and responsibilities of the s perintendent, central office staff, principals, teachers, district-leve committee members, and campus-level committee members in t areas of planning, budgeting, curriculum, staffing patterns, staff of velopment, and school organization.					
	mak mini spor	bard shall ensure that the district-level planning and decision- king committee will be actively involved in establishing the ad- istrative procedure that defines the respective roles and re- nsibilities pertaining to planning and decision making at the dis- and campus levels.				
	Edu	cation Code 11.251(d)				
Federal Requirements	The district policy must provide that all pertinent federal planning requirements are addressed through the district- and campus-level planning process. <i>Education Code 11.251(f)</i>					
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Required Plans	A board shall ensure that a district improvement plan and improve- ment plans for each campus are developed, reviewed, and revised annually for the purpose of improving the performance of all stu- dents. A board shall annually approve district and campus perfor- mance objectives and shall ensure that the district and campus plans:						
	1.	Are mutually supportive to accomplish the identified objec- tives; and					
	2.	At a minimum, support the state goals and objectives under Education Code Chapter 4.					
	Edι	Education Code 11.251(a)					
Shared Services Arrangement for DAEP Services	Each district participating in a shared services arrangement for dis- ciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) services shall be responsible for ensuring that the board-approved district improve- ment plan and the improvement plans for each campus include the performance of the DAEP student group for the respective district. The identified objectives for the improvement plans shall include:						
	1.	Student groups served, including overrepresentation of stu- dents from economically disadvantaged families, with ethnic and racial representations, with a disability who receive spe- cial education services, or receiving limited English profi- ciency/English learner services;					
	2.	Attendance rates;					
	3.	Pre- and post-assessment results;					
	4.	Dropout rates;					
	5.	Graduation rates; and					
	6.	Recidivism rates.					
	19	19 TAC 103.1201(b) [See FOCA]					
District Improvement Plan	A district shall have a district improvement plan that is developed, evaluated, and revised annually, in accordance with district policy, by the superintendent with the assistance of the district-level committee. The purpose of the district improvement plan is to guide district and campus staff in the improvement of student performance for all student groups in order to attain state standards in respect to the achievement indicators. <i>Education Code 11.252(a)</i> [See AIA]						
Availability to TEA	A district's plan for the improvement of student performance is not filed with the Texas Education Agency (TEA), but the district must make the plan available to TEA on request. <i>Education Code 11.252(b)</i>						

Required Provisions	The	The district improvement plan must include provisions for:					
	1.	A comprehensive needs assessment addressing performant on the achievement indicators, and other appropriate measures of performance, that are disaggregated by all stu- dent groups served by a district, including categories of eth- nicity, socioeconomic status, sex, and populations served by special programs, including students in special education pro grams under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A.					
	2.	Measurable district performance objectives for all appropriate achievement indicators for all student populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A, and other measures of stu- dent performance that may be identified through the compre- hensive needs assessment.					
	3.	Strategies for improvement of student performance that in- clude:					
		a.		ructional methods for addressing the needs of stu- t groups not achieving their full potential.			
		b.		ence-based practices that address the needs of stu- ts for special programs, including:			
			(1)	Suicide prevention programs, in accordance with Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter G, which include a parental or guardian notification proce- dure [see FFEB];			
			(2)	Conflict resolution programs;			
			(3)	Violence prevention programs; and			
			(4)	Dyslexia treatment programs.			
		C.	Dro	pout reduction.			
		d.	Integration of technology in instructional and administra tive programs.				
		e.	terv	itive behavior interventions and support, including in- entions and support that integrate best practices on f-informed and trauma-informed care.			
		f.	Staf	f development for professional staff of a district.			
		g.	knov	eer education to assist students in developing the wledge, skills, and competencies necessary for a ad range of career opportunities.			

- h. Accelerated education.
- i. Implementation of a comprehensive school counseling program under Education Code 33.005. [See FFEA]
- 4. Strategies for providing to elementary school, middle school, junior high school, and high school students, those students' teachers and school counselors, and those students' parents information about:
 - a. Higher education admissions and financial aid opportunities, including state financial aid opportunities such as the TEXAS grant program and the Teach for Texas grant program.
 - b. The need for students to make informed curriculum choices to be prepared for success beyond high school.
 - c. Sources of information on higher education admissions and financial aid.
- 5. Resources needed to implement identified strategies.
- 6. Staff responsible for ensuring the accomplishment of each strategy.
- 7. Timelines for ongoing monitoring of the implementation of each improvement strategy.
- 8. Formative evaluation criteria for determining periodically whether strategies are resulting in intended improvement of student performance.
- 9. The policy under Education Code 38.0041 addressing sexual abuse and other maltreatment of children. [See FFG]
- 10. The trauma-informed care policy required under Education Code 38.036. [See FFBA]

Education Code 11.252(a)

Law Enforcement Duties	The law enforcement duties of peace officers, school resource of- ficers, and security personnel must be included in the district im- provement plan. <i>Education Code</i> 37.081(d)(1) [See CKE]
Discipline Management	A district shall adopt and implement a discipline management pro- gram to be included in the district improvement plan. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 37.083(a)</i> [See FNC]
Dating Violence	A district shall adopt and implement a dating violence policy to be included in the district improvement plan. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0831 [See FFH]

PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

Mental Health, Substance Abuse, and Suicide	38.3 star mus	The practices and procedures developed under Education Code $38.351(i)$ or (i-1) (mental health promotion and intervention, substance abuse prevention and intervention, and suicide prevention) must be included in the district improvement plan. <i>Education Code</i> $38.351(k)(2)$ [See FFEB]	
Campus-Level Plan	Each school year, the principal of each school campus, with sistance of the campus-level committee, shall develop, revierevise the campus improvement plan for the purpose of improvement performance for all student populations, including s in special education programs under Education Code Chap Subchapter A, with respect to the student achievement indicand any other appropriate performance measures for special needs populations. <i>Education Code 11.253(c)</i>		
	Eac	h campus improvement plan must:	
	1.	Assess the academic achievement for each student in the school using the achievement indicator system.	
	2.	Set the campus performance objectives based on the achievement indicator system, including objectives for special needs populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A.	
	3.	Identify how the campus goals will be met for each student.	
	4.	Determine the resources needed to implement the plan.	
	5.	Identify staff needed to implement the plan.	
	6.	Set timelines for reaching the goals.	
	7.	Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodi- cally to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improve- ment.	
	8.	Include goals and methods for violence prevention and inter- vention on campus.	
	9.	Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at the campus.	
	10.	If the campus is an elementary, middle, or junior high school, set goals and objectives for the coordinated health program at the campus based on:	
		 Student fitness assessment data, including any data from research-based assessments such as the school health index assessment and planning tool created by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; 	

PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

- b. Student academic performance data;
- c. Student attendance rates;
- d. The percentage of students who are educationally disadvantaged;
- e. The use and success of any method to ensure that students participate in moderate to vigorous physical activity; and
- f. Any other indicator recommended by the local school health advisory council.

Education Code 11.253(d)

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	<i>Note:</i> For more information on property tax exemptions, see the Texas Comptroller's <u>Property Tax Exemptions</u> ¹ website.		
Exemptions Homestead <i>Mandatory</i>	An adult is entitled to exemption from taxation by a district of \$25,000 of the appraised value of the adult's residence home- stead, as defined by Tax Code 11.13(j), except that only \$5,000 of the exemption applies to an entity operating under former Educa- tion Code Chapters 17, 18, 25, 26, 27, or 28, as those chapters ex- isted on May 1, 1995, as permitted by Education Code 11.301. <i>Tax</i> <i>Code 11.13(b)</i>		
Persons 65 or Older or Disabled	In addition to the mandatory exemption above, an adult who is disabled, as defined by Tax Code $11.13(m)(1)$, or 65 or older is entitled to an exemption of \$10,000 of the appraised value of the individual's residence homestead. <i>Tax Code</i> $11.13(c)$		
Tax Limitation	A district may not increase the total annual amount of ad valorem tax it imposes on the residence homestead of an individual 65 years of age or older, or on the residence homestead of an individual who is disabled, above the amount of the tax it imposed in the first tax year in which the individual qualified that residence homestead for an applicable exemption. <i>Tax Code 11.26(a)</i>		
Improvements	If an individual subject to a tax limitation makes improvements to the individual's residence homestead, other than improvements re- quired to comply with governmental requirements or repairs, the district may increase the tax on the homestead in the first year the value of the homestead is increased on the appraisal roll because of the enhancement of value by the improvements. A limitation then applies to the increased amount of tax until more improvements, if any, are made. <i>Tax Code 11.26(b)</i>		
Exception	An improvement to property that would otherwise constitute an improvement discussed above is not treated as an improvement if it is a replacement structure for a structure that was rendered uninhabitable or unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage. For purposes of appraising the property in the tax year in which the structure would have constituted an improvement, the replacement structure is considered to be an improvement only if the square footage of the replacement structure exceeds that of the replaced structure as that structure existed before the casualty or damage occurred or the exterior of the replacement structure is of higher quality construction and composition than that of the replaced structure. <i>Tax Code 11.26(o)</i>		

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Portability of Tax Limitation	If an individual who receives a tax limitation, including a surviving spouse, discussed below, subsequently qualifies a different residence homestead for the same exemption, a district may not impose ad valorem taxes on the subsequently qualified homestead in a year in an amount that exceeds the amount of taxes calculated in accordance with Tax Code 11.26(g). <i>Tax Code 11.26(g)</i>	
Surviving Spouse	If an individual who qualifies for the exemption at Persons 65 or Older or Disabled, above, dies, the surviving spouse of the individ- ual is entitled to the limitation applicable to the residence home- stead of the individual if the surviving spouse is 55 years of age or older when the individual dies, and the residence homestead of the individual is the residence homestead of the surviving spouse on the date that the individual dies and remains the residence home- stead of the surviving spouse. <i>Tax Code 11.26(i)</i>	
<i>Local Options</i> All Taxpayers	In addition to other exemptions in Tax Code 11.13, an individual is entitled to an exemption from taxation by a district of a percentage of the appraised value of the individual's residence homestead if the exemption is adopted by the board before July 1 in the manner provided by law for official action by the board. If the percentage set by the district produces an exemption in a tax year of less than \$5,000 when applied to a particular residence homestead, the indi- vidual is entitled to an exemption of \$5,000 of the appraised value. The percentage adopted by the district may not exceed 20 percent. <i>Tax Code 11.13(n)</i>	
Disabled or 65 or Older	An individual who is disabled or 65 or older is entitled to an exemp- tion from taxation by a district of a portion of the appraised value of the individual's residence homestead if the exemption is adopted either by the board or by a favorable vote of a majority of the quali- fied voters of the district at an election called by the board, and the board shall call the election on the petition of at least 20 percent of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election of the district.	
Amount	The amount of an exemption adopted as provided at Disabled or 65 or Older is \$3,000 of the appraised value of the residence homestead unless a larger amount is specified by the board if the board authorizes the exemption or the petition for the election if the exemption is authorized through an election. Once authorized, an exemption adopted may be repealed or decreased or increased in amount by the board or by the petition and election procedure. In the case of a decrease, the amount of the exemption may not be reduced to less than \$3,000 of the market value.	

Tax Code 11.13(d)–(f)

Continuation of Exemption during Construction	If a qualified residential structure for which the owner receives a homestead exemption under Tax Code 11.13 is rendered uninhab- itable or unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage, the owner may continue to receive the exemption for the structure and the land and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the structure while the owner constructs a replacement qualified residential structure on the land in accordance with Tax Code 11.135. <i>Tax Code 11.135(a), .26(n); 34 TAC 9.416</i>
Surviving Spouse of First Responder	The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally in- jured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse is an eligible survivor for pur- poses of Government Code Chapter 615 as determined by the Em- ployees Retirement System of Texas and has not remarried since the first responder's death. <i>Tax Code 11.134</i>
Veteran Exemptions 100 Percent Disabled	A disabled veteran who has been awarded by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs or its successor 100 percent disability compen- sation due to a service-connected disability and a rating of 100 per- cent disabled or of individual unemployability is entitled to an ex- emption from taxation of the total appraised value of the veteran's residence homestead. <i>Tax Code 11.131(b)</i>
Partially Disabled with Donated Residence	A disabled veteran who has a disability rating of less than 100 per- cent is entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of the disabled veteran's residence homestead equal to the disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated to the disabled veteran by a charitable or- ganization at no cost to the disabled veteran, or at some cost to the disabled veteran in the form of a cash payment, a mortgage, or both in an aggregate amount that is not more than 50 percent of the good faith estimate of the market value of the residence home- stead made by the charitable organization as of the date of the do- nation. <i>Tax Code 11.132(b)</i>
Surviving Spouse of Veteran	The surviving spouse of a disabled veteran, as defined by Tax Code 11.22(h)(3), is entitled to the same exemption from taxation of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption ap- plied or would have applied if it had been in effect on the date of death if:
	1. The surviving spouse has not remarried since the death of the disabled veteran; and

	 The property was the residence homestead of the surviving spouse when the disabled veteran died and remains the resi- dence homestead of the surviving spouse. 		
	Tax Code 11.131(c), .132(c)		
Surviving Spouse of Individual Killed in Action	The surviving spouse of a member of the armed services of the United States who is killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the death of the member of the armed services. <i>Tax Code 11.133(b)</i>		
	Tex. Const. Art. VIII, Sec. 1-b (Residence Homestead Tax Exemp- tions and Limitations)		
Disabled Veteran	A disabled veteran is entitled to an exemption from taxation of a portion of the assessed value of a property the veteran owns and designates under Tax Code 11.22(f). <i>Tax Code 11.22</i>		
Exemption for Subsequent Residence	The surviving spouse of a first responder, disabled veteran, or armed services member killed in action who receives an exemption for a residence homestead is entitled to receive an exemption from taxation of a different property that the surviving spouse subsequently qualifies as the surviving spouse's residence homestead in an amount equal to the dollar amount of the exemption from taxation of the first property for which the surviving spouse received the exemption in the last year in which the surviving spouse received that exemption if the surviving spouse has not remarried. <i>Tax Code</i> $11.131(d)$, $.132(d)$, $.133(c)$, $.134(d)$		
Temporary Exemption for Property Damaged by Disaster	A person is entitled to an exemption from taxation by a district of a portion of the appraised value of qualified property, as defined by Tax Code 11.35(a), that the person owns in an amount determined by the chief appraiser under Tax Code 11.35(h). <i>Tax Code 11.35(b)</i>		
	A person who qualifies for an exemption under this provision must apply for the exemption not later than the 105th day after the date the governor declares the area in which the person's qualified property is located to be a disaster area. <i>Tax Code 11.43(s)</i>		
	"Damage" means physical damage. <i>Tax Code 11.35(a)(1)</i>		
Optional Exemptions	Among others, a board may grant additional tax exemptions in ac- cordance with applicable law for:		
	 Residential property owned by the United States or an agency of the United States and used to provide transitional housing for the indigent under a program operated or directed by the 		

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Tax Code 11.111 2. Land and housing units on the land owned by a community land trust. Tax Code 11,1827 3. Certain historic structures or archeological sites and the land necessary to access and use the structure or archeological site. The board may not repeal or reduce the amount of an exemption for a property that otherwise qualifies for the exemption unless the property owner consents to the repeal or reduction or the district provides written notice of the repeal or reduction to the owner not later than five years before the date the board repeals or reduces the exemption. Tax Code 11.24 4. Property on which approved water conservation initiatives, desalination projects, or brush control initiatives have been implemented. Tax Code 11.32 If a district adopts, amends, or repeals an exemption that the district by law has the option to adopt or not, the district shall notify the appraisal office of its action and of the terms of the exemption within 30 days after the date of its action. Tax Code 6.08 Goods-in-Transit A person is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the appraised value of that portion of the person's property that consists of Exemption goods-in-transit, as defined in Tax Code 11.253(a)(2). Tax Code 11.253(b) [For information on the board's option in a district located in a disaster area to extend the date by which goods-in-transit must be transported, see Tax Code 11.253(I).] Option to Tax A board, by official action, may provide for the taxation of goods-intransit exempt under Tax Code 11.253(b) and not exempt under other law. The official action to tax the goods-in-transit must be taken before January 1 of the first tax year in which the board proposes to tax goods-in-transit. Before acting to tax the exempt property, a board must conduct a public hearing as required by Texas Constitution Article VIII, Section 1-n(d). If the board provides for the taxation of the goods-in-transit as provided by this provision, the exemption stated above does not apply to that district. The goodsin-transit remain subject to taxation by the district until the board, by official action, rescinds or repeals its previous action to tax goods-in-transit, or otherwise determines that the exemption will apply to that district. Notwithstanding official action that was taken before October 1, 2011, to tax goods-in-transit, a district may not tax such goods-in-

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AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PA	YMENTS (I	CCGA LEGAL)				
	transit in a tax year that begins on or after January 1, 2012, unles the board takes official action on or after October 1, 2011, to pro- vide for the taxation of the goods-in-transit.					
Exception	If a board, before October 1, 2011, took action to provide for the taxation of goods-in-transit and pledged the taxes imposed on the goods-in-transit for the payment of a debt of the district, the district tax officials may continue to impose the taxes against the goods-in-transit until the debt is discharged, if cessation of the imposition would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created.					
	Tax Code 11.253(j)–(j-2)	Tax Code 11.253(j)–(j-2)				
Payment Options Discounts	The board may adopt, by official action, one or both of the discount options below. <i>Tax Code 31.05(a)</i>					
Option 1	A district may adopt the following discounts to apply regardless of the date on which the district mails its tax bills:					
	1. Three percent if the tax is paid in October or earlier.					
	2. Two percent if the tax is paid in November.					
	3. One percent if the tax is paid in December.					
	Tax Code 31.05(b)					
	This discount does not apply to taxes that are calculated too late for it to be available. <i>Tax Code 31.04(c)</i>					
Option 2	A district may adopt the following discounts to apply when the dis- trict mails its tax bills after September 30:					
	 Three percent if the tax is paid before or during the new calendar month following the date on which the tax bills mailed. 					
	2. Two percent if the tax is paid during the second full cal month following the date on which the tax bills were ma					
	3. One percent if the tax is paid during the third full calend month following the date on which the tax bills were ma					
	Tax Code 31.05(c)					
Both Options	If a board adopts both discounts, the discounts described at 1 apply unless the tax bills for the district are mailed after Se ber 30, in which case only the discounts described at Option ply. <i>Tax Code 31.05(a)</i>	eptem-				

AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS		
Rescission	The board may rescind a discount lawfully adopted by the The rescission of a discount takes effect in the tax year to the year in which the discount is rescinded. <i>Tax Code</i> 31	following
Split Payments	The board of a district that collects its own taxes may pro official action, that a person who pays one-half of the dis taxes before December 1 may pay the remaining one-ha taxes without penalty or interest at any time before July lowing year.	strict's alf of the
	If a board contracts with the appraisal district for collection the split-payment option does not apply to taxes collected appraisal district unless approved by resolution adopted jority of the governing bodies of the taxing units whose ta appraisal district collects and filed with the secretary of t praisal district board of directors. The split-payment option revoked in the same manner as provided for adoption.	d by the by a ma- axes the he ap-
	Tax Code 31.03	
	This payment option does not apply to taxes that are cal late for it to be available. <i>Tax Code 31.04(c)</i>	culated too
In Certain Counties	The board of a district located in a county having a population of less than 285,000 and not more than 300,000 that be county having a population of 3.3 million or more and the Mexico that has its taxes collected by another taxing uni adopted the split-payment option may provide, by officia that the split-payment option does not apply to the district collected by the other taxing unit. <i>Tax Code 31.03(d)</i>	orders a e Gulf of t that has I action,
Installment Payments <i>Certain</i> <i>Homesteads</i>	An individual who is disabled or at least 65 years of age fied for a homestead exemption under Tax Code 11.13(c dividual who is a disabled veteran or the unmarried surv spouse of a disabled veteran and qualified for an exemp Tax Code 11.132 or 11.22, may pay district taxes impose person's residence homestead property in four equal ins without penalty or interest if paid by the applicable dates Tax Code 31.031. <i>Tax Code 31.031</i>	e), or an in- iving ition under ed on the stallments
Disaster or Emergency Area Property Damaged— Automatic	A person may pay district taxes imposed on certain prop person owns in four equal installments without penalty o paid in accordance with Tax Code 31.032.	•
	This provision applies to real and tangible personal prop scribed in Tax Code 31.032(a) and taxes that are impose property by a district before the first anniversary of the d emergency.	ed on the
	Tax Code 31.032	

Property Not Damaged— Board Option	The board may authorize a person to pay district taxes imposed on certain property that the person owns in installments. If the board adopts the installment-payment option under this provision, Tax Code 31.032(b), (b-1), (c), and (d) apply to the payment by a person of district taxes imposed on property that the person owns in the same manner as those subsections apply to the payment of taxes imposed on property to which Tax Code 31.032 applies.	
	This provision applies to real and tangible personal property de- scribed in Tax Code 31.033(b) and taxes that are imposed on the property by a district before the first anniversary of the disaster or emergency.	
	Tax Code 31.033	
Definitions	"Disaster" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 418.004.	
	"Emergency" means a state of emergency proclaimed by the gov- ernor under Government Code 433.001.	
	Tax Code 31.032(g), .033(a)	
Services in Lieu of Paying Taxes	The board by resolution may permit certain individuals or busines entities to perform certain services for the district in lieu of paying the district property taxes. While performing services for a district the individual is not an employee of the district and is not entitled any benefit, including workers' compensation coverage, that the district provides to its employees. <i>Tax Code 31.035, .036, .037</i>	
Persons 65 and Over	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.035, the board by or- der or resolution may permit an individual who is at least 65 years of age to perform service for the district in lieu of paying taxes im- posed by a district on property owned by the individual and occu- pied as the individual's residence homestead. Property owners performing services for a district under this provision may only sup- plement or complement the regular personnel of the district. A dis- trict may not reduce the number of persons the district employs or reduce the number of hours to be worked by employees of the dis- trict because the district permits property owners to perform ser- vices for the district under this provision. <i>Tax Code 31.035(a), (g)</i>	
Teaching Services	An individual is qualified to perform teaching services for a district under the provisions below only if the individual holds a baccalau- reate or more advanced degree in a field related to each course to be taught and:	
	 Is certified as a classroom teacher under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B; or 	

		Obtains a school district teaching permit under Education Code 21.055.			
	Tax C	Tax Code 31.036(h), .037(i)			
By Individual	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.036, the board by res- olution may permit qualified individuals to perform teaching ser- vices for the district at a junior high school or high school of the dis- trict in lieu of paying taxes imposed by the district on property owned and occupied by the individual as a residence homestead. <i>Tax Code 31.036</i>				
By Employee of Business Entity	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.037, a board by resolu- tion may authorize a corporation or other business entity to permit a qualified individual employed by the business entity to perform teaching services in a high school or a junior high school for the district in lieu of paying taxes imposed by the district on property owned by the business entity. <i>Tax Code 31.037</i>				
Delinquent Taxes Delinquency Date	Except as provided by Tax Code 31.02(b) (payment by certain eligible persons on active duty in the armed forces), 31.03 (split payments), and 31.04 (postponement of delinquency date based on mailing date of tax bills), taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. <i>Tax Code 31.02</i>				
	Note:	Delinquent taxes incur penalties and accrue interest in accordance with Tax Code 33.01, subject to any waiver by the board pursuant to Tax Code 33.011.			
Delinquent Tax Collection	A board may contract with any competent attorney to represent the district to enforce the collection of delinquent taxes. The attorney's compensation is set in the contract, but the total amount of compensation provided may not exceed 20 percent of the amount of delinquent tax, penalty, and interest collected. <i>Tax Code 6.30(c)</i> [See CH(LEGAL) regarding contingent fee contracts for legal services and Government Code 2254.102(e) for additional requirements.]				
Additional Penalties	delinq costs	oard may provide, by official action, that taxes that become uent at a certain time incur an additional penalty to defray of collection if the board has contracted with an attorney as led above. <i>Tax Code 33.07, .08</i>			

¹ Texas Comptroller Property Tax Exemptions website: <u>https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/exemptions/</u>

OTHER REVENUES
SALE, LEASE, OR EXCHANGE OF SCHOOL-OWNED PROPERTY

	Note:	For legal requirements applicable to the disposition of real property acquired with federal funds, see CBB.
Sale or Exchange of Real Property	other tha board pr board re contract person fo	rd may, by resolution, authorize the sale of any property, an minerals, held in trust for public school purposes. The esident shall execute a deed to the purchaser reciting the solution authorizing the sale. A district may employ, retain, with, or compensate a licensed real estate broker or sales- or assistance in the acquisition or sale of real property. <i>Ed</i> - <i>Code 11.154</i>
Publication of Notice and Bidding Requirements	below, be for other for sale of circulation there is r must inc the proce to excha lished or made un tion. Loc to accep	ber the types of land and interests described at Exceptions, efore land owned by a district may be sold or exchanged land, notice to the general public of the offer of the land or exchange must be published in a newspaper of general on in either the county in which the land is located or, if no such newspaper, in an adjoining county. The notice lude a description of the land, including its location, and edure by which sealed bids to purchase the land or offers nge the land may be submitted. The notice must be pub- n two separate dates and the sale or exchange may not be till after the 14th day after the date of the second publica- al Government Code 272.001 does not require the board t any bid or offer or to complete a sale or exchange. <i>Local</i> and ed 272.001(a), (d)
Open-Enrollment Charter School Offer	purpose district fa cated wh portunity applicab fore offer tity. The	rd of a district that intends to sell, lease, or allow use for a other than a district purpose of an unused or underused acility must give each open-enrollment charter school lo- holly or partly within the boundaries of the district the op- to make an offer to purchase, lease, or use the facility, as le, in response to any terms established by the board, be- ring the facility for sale or lease or to any other specific en- board is not required to accept an offer made by an open- int charter school. <i>Education Code 11.1542</i>
Exceptions <i>Generally</i>	the types owned b may not market v exchang the unde an appra	ce and bidding requirements set out above do not apply to s of land and real property interests described below and y a district. The land and those interests described below be conveyed, sold, or exchanged for less than the fair value of the land or interest unless the conveyance, sale, or e is with one or more abutting property owners who own erlying fee simple. The fair market value is determined by hisal obtained by the district that owns the land or interest. raisal price is conclusive of the fair market value of the interest. This applies to:

	1.	Narrow strips of land, or land that because of its shape, lack of access to public roads, or small area cannot be used inde- pendently under its current zoning or under applicable subdi- vision or other development control ordinances;
	2.	Streets or alleys, owned in fee or used by easement;
	3.	Land or a real property interest originally acquired for streets, rights-of-way, or easements that the district chooses to ex- change for other land to be used for streets, rights-of-way, easements, or other public purposes, including transactions partly for cash;
	4.	Land that the district wants to have developed by contract with an independent foundation;
	5.	A real property interest conveyed to a governmental entity that has the power of eminent domain; or
	6.	The land or interests described by items 1 and 2, above, may be sold to abutting property owners:
		a. In the same subdivision if the land has been subdivided; or
		b. In proportion to their abutting ownership, and the division between owners must be made in an equitable manner.
	Loc	al Gov't Code 272.001(b)–(c)
Higher Education Institutions	pro high con mot dete fect	strict may donate, exchange, convey, sell, or lease land, imvements, or any other interest in real property to an institution of the education for less than its fair market value and without aplying with the notice and bidding requirements in order to prote a public purpose related to higher education. The district shall the terms and conditions of the transaction so as to efuate and maintain the public purpose. <i>Local Gov't Code</i> 2.001(j)
Other Political Subdivisions	with igna	strict may donate or sell for less than fair market value and out complying with the notice and bidding requirements a des- ated parcel of land or an interest in real property to another po- al subdivision if:
	1.	The land or interest will be used by the political subdivision to which it is donated or sold in carrying out a purpose that ben- efits the public interest of the donating or selling district;
	2.	The donation or sale of the land or interest is made under terms that effect and maintain the public purpose for which the donation or sale is made; and
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OTHER REVENUES SALE, LEASE, OR EXCHANGE OF SCHOOL-OWNED PROPERTY

	3.	The title and right to possession of the land or interest revert to the donating or selling district if the acquiring political subdi- vision ceases to use the land or interest in carrying out the public purpose.		
	Local Gov't Code 272.001(l)			
Sale of Instructional Facility Financed with State Allotment	cal bef ler a	n instructional facility financed by bonds paid with state and lo- funds under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A, is sold ore the bonds are fully paid, a district shall send to the comptrol- a percentage of the district's net proceeds as determined by Ed- ation Code 46.011(a). <i>Education Code 46.011</i> [See also CCA]		
Lease of Property to	То ј	promote a public purpose of the district, a district may:		
a Governmental Entity	1.	Lease property owned by the district to another political subdi- vision or an agency of the state or federal government; or		
	2.	Make an agreement to provide office space in property owned by the district to the other political subdivision or agency.		
	The	e district:		
	1.	Shall determine the terms of the lease or agreement so as to promote and maintain the public purpose;		
	2.	May provide for the lease of the property or provision of the office space at less than fair market value; and		
	3.	Is not required to comply with any competitive purchasing pro- cedure or any notice and publication requirement imposed by Local Government Code Chapter 272 or other law.		
	Local Gov't Code 272.005			
Sale or Lease of Minerals	The	erals in land belonging to a district may be sold to any person. e sale must be authorized by a resolution adopted by majority e of the board. <i>Education Code 11.153(a)–(b)</i>		
	After the board determines that it is advisable to lease land belong- ing to the district, it shall give notice of its intention to lease the land. The notice shall be published once a week for three consecu- tive weeks in a newspaper published in the county and with gen- eral circulation in the county, and shall:			
	1.	Describe the land to be leased; and		
	2.	Designate the time and place at which the board will receive and consider bids for the lease.		
	Mat	tural Resources Code 71 005		

Natural Resources Code 71.005

OTHER REVENUES SALE, LEASE, OR EXCHANGE OF SCHOOL-OWNED PROPERTY

Donation of Former School Campus	After adoption of a resolution authorizing sale, the board president may execute an oil or gas lease or sell, exchange, and convey the minerals. The mineral deed or lease must recite the approval of the resolution of the board authorizing the sale. <i>Education Code 11.153(c)</i> The board may, by resolution, authorize the donation of real property and improvements formerly used as a school campus to a mu-			
	nicipality, county, state agency, or nonprofit organization if:			
	1.	ing tice subj	bre adopting the resolution, the board holds a public hear- concerning the donation and, in addition to any other no- required, gives notice of the hearing by publishing the ject matter, location, date, and time of the hearing in a rspaper having general circulation in the territory of a dis-	
	2.	The	board determines that:	
		a.	The improvements have historical significance;	
		b.	The transfer will further the preservation of the improve- ments; and	
		C.	At the time of the transfer, the district does not need the real property or improvements for educational purposes; and	
	3.	satis	entity to whom the transfer is made has shown, to the sfaction of the board, that the entity intends to continue to the real property and improvements for public purposes.	
	The board president shall execute a deed transferring ownership of the real property and improvements to the municipality, county, state agency, or nonprofit organization. The deed must:			
	1.	Rec	ite the resolution of a board authorizing the donation; and	
	2.	reve	vide that ownership of the real property and improvements ert to a district if the municipality, county, state agency, or profit organization:	
		a.	Discontinues use of the real property and improvements for public purposes; or	
		b.	Executes a document that purports to convey the prop- erty.	
	Education Code 11.1541(a)–(b)			

Note:	Regarding disposal of school buses, see CNB.
	Regarding disposal of school-owned personal property, see CI.
	Regarding geospatial data products, see CQA.

OTHER REVENUES GIFTS AND SOLICITATIONS

Use of Donations General Rule	A conveyance, devise, or bequest of property for the benefit of the public schools, if not otherwise directed by the donor, vests the property in the board or their successors as trustees for those to be benefited by the donation. Funds or other property donated or the income from the property may be spent by the trustees:		
	 For any purpose designated by the donor that is in keeping with the lawful purposes of the schools for the benefit of which the donation was made; or 	I	
	For any legal purpose if a specific purpose is not designated by the donor.		
Funds for Staff Positions	A district shall accept from a parent-teacher organization or associ- ation recognized by the district a donation designated to fund sup- plemental educational staff positions at a school campus and spend the donation accepted for the designated purpose at the di- rection of and within the time period specified by the campus for which the donation was designated. This provision expires Sep- tember 1, 2025. [See DC]		
	Education Code 11.156		
Prohibited Use	A district may not accept private funding for the purpose of devel- oping a curriculum, purchasing or selecting curriculum materials, or providing teacher training or professional development related to a concept listed in Education Code 28.0022(a)(4)(A). <i>Education</i> <i>Code 28.0022(c)</i> [See EMB]		
Charitable Raffles	A district is not a "qualified nonprofit organization" for purposes of the Charitable Raffle Enabling Act (Occupations Code 2002.001 et seq.). <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JM-1176 (1990)</i>		
	"Raffle" means the award of one or more prizes by chance at a sin- gle occasion among a pool or group of persons who have paid or promised a thing of value for a ticket that represents a chance to win a prize. <i>Occupations Code 2002.002(6)</i> [See also GKB]		

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	Note:	For legal requirements applicable to purchases with fed- eral funds, see CBB.
		For required vendor disclosures and contract provisions, including prohibitions, see CHE.
		For provisions pertaining to criminal history record infor- mation on contractors, see CJA.
		For legal requirements related to energy savings perfor- mance contracts, see CL.
		For information on procuring school buses, see CNB.
		For legal requirements applicable to school nutrition pro- curement, including produce, with federal funds, see COA.
		For information regarding construction of school facili- ties, see CV series.
Board Authority		d may adopt rules and procedures for the acquisition of d services. <i>Education Code 44.031(d)</i>
Delegation of Authority	action aut chapter B	d may, as appropriate, delegate its authority regarding an thorized or required by Education Code Chapter 44, Sub- , to be taken by a district to a designated person, repre- or committee.
	tion autho	d may not delegate the authority to act regarding an ac- prized or required to be taken by the board by Education apter 44, Subchapter B.
Disaster Delegation	event of a district, th nated per struction, tion Code construction	anding any other provision of the Education Code, in the a catastrophe, emergency, or natural disaster affecting a e board may delegate to the superintendent or desig- son the authority to contract for the replacement, con- or repair of school equipment or facilities under Educa- Chapter 44, Subchapter B if emergency replacement, on, or repair is necessary for the health and safety of dis- ents and staff.
	Educatior	n Code 44.0312
Purchases Valued at or Above \$50,000 Methods	all district contracts \$50,000 d be made	s provided by Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, contracts for the purchase of goods and services, except for the purchase of produce or vehicle fuel, valued at or more in the aggregate for each 12-month period, shall by the method, of the following methods, that provides value for a district:

	1.	Competitive bidding for services other than construction ser- vices.
	2.	Competitive sealed proposals for services other than con- struction services.
	3.	A request for proposals for services other than construction services.
	4.	An interlocal contract.
	5.	A method provided by Government Code Chapter 2269 for construction services [see CV series];
	6.	The reverse auction procedure as defined by Government Code 2155.062(d).
	7.	The formation of a political subdivision corporation under Lo- cal Government Code 304.001 (purchase of electricity).
	Edu	ucation Code 44.031(a)
<i>Exceptions</i> Emergency Damage or Destruction	pera of a era lay wou othe or r faci	chool equipment, a school facility, or a part of a school facility or sonal property is destroyed or severely damaged or, as a result an unforeseen catastrophe or emergency, undergoes major op- tional or structural failure, and the board determines that the de- posed by the methods provided for in Education Code 44.031 and prevent or substantially impair the conduct of classes or er essential school activities, then contracts for the replacement epair of the equipment, school facility, or the part of the school lity may be made by methods other than those required by Edu- tion Code 44.031. <i>Education Code 44.031(h)</i>
Sole Source	ma	hout complying with Education Code 44.031(a) above, a district y purchase an item that is available from only one source, in- ding:
	1.	An item for which competition is precluded because of the ex- istence of a patent, copyright, secret process, or monopoly.
	2.	A film, manuscript, or book.
	3.	A utility service, including electricity, gas, or water.
	4.	A captive replacement part or component for equipment.
	equ	e exceptions above do not apply to mainframe data-processing ipment and peripheral attachments with a single-item purchase e in excess of \$15,000.
	Edι	ucation Code 44.031(j)–(k)

Competitive Bidding	Except to the extent prohibited by other law and to the extent con- sistent with Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, a district may use competitive bidding to select a vendor as authorized by Education Code 44.031(a)(1).
	A district shall award a competitively bid contract at the bid amount to the bidder offering the best value for the district. In determining the best value for the district, the district is not restricted to consid- ering price alone but may consider any other factors stated in the selection criteria. The selection criteria may include the factors listed in Education Code 44.031(b) [see Contract Selection Fac- tors, below].
	Except as provided below, Local Government Code Chapter 271, Subchapter B (Competitive Bidding on Certain Public Works Con- tracts) does not apply to a competitive bidding process under this policy.
	Local Government Code Sections 271.026 (Opening of Bids), 271.027(a) (Award of Contract), and 271.0275 (Safety Record of Bidder Considered) apply to a competitive bidding process under Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B. [See CVA for these requirements.]
	Education Code 44.0351
	[For information on additional competitive procedures under the Public Property Finance Act, see CHH.]
Competitive Sealed Proposals	In selecting a vendor through competitive sealed proposals as au- thorized by Education Code 44.031(a)(2), a district shall follow the procedures prescribed below.
Request for Proposals	The district shall prepare a request for competitive sealed pro- posals that includes information that vendors may require to re- spond to the request. The district shall state in the request for pro- posals the selection criteria that will be used in selecting the successful offeror.
Opening Proposals	The district shall receive, publicly open, and read aloud the names of the offerors and, if any are required to be stated, all prices stated in each proposal. Not later than the 45th day after the date on which the proposals are opened, the district shall evaluate and rank each proposal submitted in relation to the published selection criteria.
Selection	The district shall select the offeror that offers the best value for the district based on the published selection criteria and on its ranking evaluation. The district shall first attempt to negotiate a contract with the selected offeror. The district may discuss with the selected

	cha neg trict and unti In d	ror options for a scope or time modification and any price nge associated with the modification. If the district is unable to otiate a satisfactory contract with the selected offeror, the dis- shall, formally and in writing, end negotiations with that offeror proceed to the next offeror in the order of the selection ranking I a contract is reached or all proposals are rejected. etermining the best value for the district, the district is not re- sted to considering price alone but may consider any other fac- stated in the selection criteria.
		cation Code 44.0352
Interlocal Contracts	"Inte Gov trict eral inte with tion 791 the	erlocal contract" means a contract or agreement made under vernment Code Chapter 791 (Interlocal Cooperation Act). A dis- may contract or agree with another local government or a fed- ly recognized Indian tribe, as listed by the U.S. secretary of the rior under 25 U.S.C. 479a-1, whose reservation is located in the boundaries of this state to perform governmental func- s and services in accordance with Government Code Chapter . A district may agree with another local government and with state or a state agency, including the comptroller, to purchase ds and services. <i>Gov't Code 791.003(2), .011(a), .025(a)</i>
	An i	nterlocal contract must:
	1.	Be authorized by the governing body of each party to the con- tract;
	2.	State the purpose, terms, rights, and duties of the contracting parties; and
	3.	Specify that each party paying for the performance of govern- mental functions or services must make those payments from current revenues available to the paying party.
	com forn Not	nterlocal contractual payment must be in an amount that fairly opensates the performing party for the services or functions per- ned under the contract. An interlocal contract may be renewed. withstanding item 2 above, an interlocal contract may have a cified term of years.
	Gov	r't Code 791.011(d)–(f), (i)
	non mor stat	strict may agree with another local government, including a profit corporation that is created and operated to provide one or e governmental functions and services, or with the state or a e agency, including the comptroller, to purchase goods and any vices reasonably required for the installation, operation, or

	maintenance of the goods. This provision does not apply to ser- vices provided by firefighters, police officers, or emergency medical personnel. <i>Gov't Code 791.025(b)</i>
	A district that purchases goods and services under Government Code 791.025 satisfies the requirement to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the goods and services. <i>Gov't Code</i> 791.025(c); Atty. Gen. Op. JC-37 (1999)
Reverse Auction	A district that uses the reverse auction procedure must include in the procedure a notice provision and other provisions necessary to produce a method of purchasing that is advantageous to the district and fair to vendors. <i>Local Gov't Code 271.906(b)</i>
	"Reverse auction procedure" means:
	 A real-time bidding process usually lasting less than one hour and taking place at a previously scheduled time and internet location, in which multiple suppliers, anonymous to each other, submit bids to provide the designated goods or ser- vices; or
	2. A bidding process usually lasting less than two weeks and taking place during a previously scheduled period and at a previously scheduled internet location, in which multiple suppliers, anonymous to each other, submit bids to provide the designated goods or services.
	Gov't Code 2155.062(d)
Site-Based Purchasing	If a purchase is made at the campus level in a district with a stu- dent enrollment of 180,000 or more that has formally adopted a site-based decision-making plan under Education Code Subchap- ter F, Chapter 11 [see BQ series], that delegates purchasing deci- sions to the campus level, Education Code 44.031 applies only to the campus and does not require the district to aggregate and jointly award purchasing contracts. A district that adopts site-based purchasing under this provision shall adopt a policy to ensure that campus purchases achieve the best value to the district and are not intended or used to avoid the requirement that a district aggre- gate purchases under Education Code 44.031(a). Education Code 44.031(m)
Contract Selection Factors	Except as provided by Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, in determining to whom to award a contract, the district shall consider:
	1 The purchase price

1. The purchase price.

- 2. The reputation of the vendor and of the vendor's goods or services.
- 3. The quality of the vendor's goods or services.
- 4. The extent to which the goods or services meet the district's needs.
- 5. The vendor's past relationship with the district.
- 6. The impact on the ability of the district to comply with laws and rules relating to historically underutilized businesses.
- 7. The total long-term cost to the district to acquire the vendor's goods or services.
- 8. For a contract for goods and services, other than goods and services related to telecommunications and information services, building construction and maintenance, or instructional materials, whether the vendor or the vendor's ultimate parent company or majority owner has its principal place of business in this state or employs at least 500 persons in this state.
- 9. Any other relevant factor specifically listed in the request for bids or proposals.

Education Code 44.031(b)

In awarding a contract by competitive sealed bid under Education Code 44.031, a district that has its central administrative office located in a municipality with a population of less than 250,000 may consider a bidder's principal place of business in the manner provided by Local Government Code 271.9051. This provision does not apply to the purchase of telecommunications services or information services, as those terms are defined by 47 U.S.C. Section 153. *Education Code 44.031(b-1)*

The factors listed above are the only criteria that may be considered by a district in its decision to award a contract. <u>*R.G.V. Vend-*</u> <u>ing v. Weslaco Indep. Sch. Dist.</u>, 995 S.W.2d 897 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1999, no pet.)

Preferences Agricultural Products A district that purchases agricultural products shall give preference to those produced, processed, or grown in Texas if the cost to the district is equal and the quality is equal. If agricultural products produced, processed, or grown in Texas are not equal in cost and quality to other products, the district shall give preference to agricultural products produced, processed, or grown in other states of the United States, if the cost and quality of the U.S. and foreign products are equal.

	Agricultural products" includes textiles and other similar prod	lucts.			
	"Processed" means canning, freezing, drying, juicing, preserving, or any other act that changes the form of a good from its natural state to another form.				
	A district may not adopt product purchasing specifications to necessarily exclude agricultural products produced, process grown in Texas.				
Vegetation for Landscaping	A district that purchases vegetation for landscaping purposes cluding plants, shall give preference to Texas vegetation if the o the district is equal and the quality is equal.				
	Education Code 44.042				
	For legal requirements applicable to school nutrition procure ncluding produce and agricultural products, with federal fund COA.]				
Recycled Products	A district shall give preference in purchasing to products mad ecycled materials if the products meet applicable specification o quantity and quality and the average price of the product is nore than ten percent greater than the price of comparable n cycled products. Preferences will be applied in accordance w state procurement statutes and rules. <i>30 TAC 328.203</i>	ons as s not onre-			
	Subchapter K of 30 Administrative Code (Governmental Entity cycling and Purchasing of Recycled Materials) does not apply listrict with a student enrollment of less than 10,000 students FAC 328.204(a)	/ to a			
	A district regularly shall review and revise its procurement pro lures and specifications for the purchase of goods, supplies, equipment, and materials in order to:	oce-			
	. Eliminate procedures and specifications that explicitly di inate against products made of recycled materials;	scrim-			
	 Encourage the use of products made of recycled materia and 	als;			
	 Ensure to the maximum extent economically feasible that district purchases products that may be recycled when the have served their intended use. 				
	In developing new procedures and specifications, the district shall encourage the use of recycled products and products that may be recycled or reused.				
	lealth and Safety Code 361.426(b)–(c)				

	Bidder's Place of Business	Code cated cons video does infor	varding a contract by competitive sealed bid under Education e 44.031, a district that has its central administrative office lo- d in a municipality with a population of less than 250,000 may ider a bidder's principal place of business in the manner pro- d by Local Government Code Section 271.9051. This provision on tapply to the purchase of telecommunications services or mation services, as those terms are defined by 47 U.S.C. 153. <i>Cation Code 44.031(b-1)</i>			
Noti	ce Publication	or the and centre week spon in the the c trict's ment pose	ce of the time by when and place where the bids or proposals, e responses to a request for qualifications, will be received opened shall be published in the county in which the district's ral administrative office is located, once a week for at least two is before the deadline for receiving bids, proposals, or re- ises to a request for qualifications. If there is not a newspaper at county, the advertising shall be published in a newspaper in county nearest the county seat of the county in which a dis- is central administrative office is located. In a two-step procure- t process, the time and place where the second-step bids, pro- ils, or responses will be received are not required to be shed separately. <i>Education Code 44.031(g)</i>			
Electronic Bids or Proposals		A district may receive bids or proposals under Education Code Chapter 44 through electronic transmission if the board adopts rules to ensure the identification, security, and confidentiality of electronic bids or proposals and to ensure that the electronic bids or proposals remain effectively unopened until the proper time.				
		Notwithstanding any other provision of Education Code Chapter 44, an electronic bid or proposal is not required to be sealed. A pro- vision of Education Code Chapter 44 that applies to a sealed bid or proposal applies to a bid or proposal received through electronic transmission in accordance with the rules adopted by the board.				
		Educ	cation Code 44.0313			
Righ	ht to Work	While a district is engaged in procuring goods and services or awarding a contract, or overseeing procurement or construction for a public work or public improvement, a district:				
		1.	May not consider whether a vendor is a member of or has an- other relationship with any organization; and			
		2.	Shall ensure that its bid specifications and any subsequent contract or other agreement do not deny or diminish the right of a person to work because of the person's membership or other relationship status with respect to any organization.			
		Education Code 44 043				

Education Code 44.043

Contract with Person Indebted to District	The board by resolution may establish regulations permitting the district to refuse to enter into a contract or other transaction with a person indebted to the district. It is not a violation of Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B (Purchases; Contracts) for a district, under regulations adopted under this provision, to refuse to award a contract to or enter into a transaction with an apparent low bidder or successful proposer that is indebted to the district.
	"Person" includes an individual, sole proprietorship, corporation, nonprofit corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, and any other entity that proposes or otherwise seeks to enter into a contract or other transaction with the district requiring approval by the board.
	Education Code 44.044
Out-of-State Bidders	A district may not award a governmental contract to a nonresident bidder unless the nonresident underbids the lowest bid submitted by a responsible resident bidder by an amount that is not less than the greater of the amount by which a resident bidder would be re- quired to underbid the nonresident bidder to obtain a comparable contract in the state in which the nonresident's principal place of business is located, or the state in which a majority of the manufac- turing relating to the contract will be performed. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>2252.002</i>
	This requirement does not apply to a contract involving federal funds. A district shall use the information published by the comptroller under Government Code 2252.003 (Publication of Other State's Laws on Contracts) to evaluate the bid of a nonresident bidder. A district may rely on information published under Government Code 2252.003 to meet the requirements of Government Code 2252.002. <i>Gov't Code 2252.003–.004</i>
	"Governmental contract" means a contract awarded by a govern- mental entity, including a public school district, for general con- struction, an improvement, a service, or a public works project or for a purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment.
	"Resident bidder" refers to a person whose principal place of busi- ness is in this state, including a contractor whose ultimate parent company or majority owner has its principal place of business in this state.
	Gov't Code 2252.001
Professional Services	Education Code 44.031 does not apply to a contract for profes- sional services rendered, including the services of an architect, at- torney, certified public accountant, engineer, or fiscal agent. A dis- trict may, at its option, contract for professional services rendered
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	by a financial consultant or a technology consultant in the manner provided by Government Code 2254.003 (Professional Services Procurement Act) (see below), in lieu of the methods provided by Education Code 44.031. <i>Education Code 44.031(f)</i>				
Professional Services Procurement Act <i>Selection</i>	A district may not select a provider of professional services or a group or association of providers or award a contract for the services on the basis of competitive bids submitted for the contract or for the services, but shall make the selection and award on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications to perform the services and for a fair and reasonable price. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2254.003(a)				
Definition	"Professional services" means services:				
	1. Within the scope of the practice, as defined by state law, of accounting, architecture, landscape architecture, land survey- ing, medicine, optometry, professional engineering, real es- tate appraising, professional nursing, or forensic science;				
	2. Provided in connection with the professional employment or practice of a person who is licensed or registered as a certified public accountant, architect, landscape architect, land surveyor, physician, optometrist, professional engineer, statecertified or state-licensed real estate appraiser, registered nurse, or a forensic analyst or forensic science expert; or				
	3. Provided by a person lawfully engaged in interior design, re- gardless of whether the person is registered as an interior de- signer under Occupations Code Chapter 1053.				
	Gov't Code 2254.002				
	[For specific information on procuring architectural or engineering services, see CV. For information on procuring services of physicians, optometrists, and registered nurses under certain circumstances, see Government Code 2254.008.]				
Contingent Fee Contract for Legal Services	"Contingent fee contract" means a contract for legal services under which the amount or the payment of the fee for the services is con- tingent in whole or in part on the outcome of the matter for which the services were obtained. The term includes an amendment to a contract for legal services described by this provision if the amend- ment changes the scope of representation or may result in the fil- ing of an action or the amending of a petition in an existing action. <i>Gov't Code 2254.101(2)</i>				
	Government Code Chapter 2254, Subchapter C provides the man- ner in which and the situations under which a district may compen- sate a public contractor under a contingent fee for legal services. That subchapter does not apply to a contract for legal services:				
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- 1. Provided to a district under Government Code Chapter 403, Subchapter M; or
- Entered into by a district for the collection of an obligation, as defined by Government Code 2107.001, that is delinquent [see CCGA(LEGAL) regarding delinquent tax collection] or for services under Government Code 1201.027 [see CCA(LE-GAL) regarding issuance of public securities], except that Government Code sections 2254.1032, 2254.1034, 2254.1036, and 2254.1037 do apply to the contract.

Gov't Code 2254.102

A district may select an attorney or law firm to award a contingent fee contract only in accordance with Government Code 2254.003(a) (Professional Services Procurement Act) [see Selection, above] and Government Code 2254.1032.

In procuring legal services under a contingent fee contract, a district shall:

- 1. Select a well-qualified attorney or law firm on the basis of demonstrated competence, qualifications, and experience in the requested services; and
- 2. Attempt to negotiate a contract with that attorney or law firm for a fair and reasonable price.

Gov't Code 2254.1032

Specific Purchases	A district may acquire computers and computer-related equipment,			
Computers	including computer software, through the Department of Infor- mation Resources (DIR) under contracts entered into in accord- ance with Government Code Chapter 2054 or 2157. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 44.031(i)</i>			

Automated Information System A district may purchase an automated information system using the purchasing method described by Government Code 2157.068 for commodity items or a purchasing method designated by the comptroller to obtain the best value for the state, including a request for offers method. A district that purchases an item using a method described above satisfies any state law requiring the district to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the item. *Gov't Code* 2157.006; 34 TAC 20.391 [See 1 Administrative Code Chapter 212 for rules related to purchases of commodity items.]

Automated External A district that purchases or leases an automated external defibrilla-Defibrillators A district that purchases or leases an automated external defibrillator (AED), as defined by Health and Safety Code 779.001, shall ensure that the AED meets standards established by the federal Food and Drug Administration. *Education Code* 44.047(a)

PURCHASING AND ACC	QUISITION
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Insurance	A contract for the purchase of insurance is not a contract for pro- fessional services. A district must award such a contract using one of the methods in Education Code 44.031. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. DM</i> -418 (1996)				
Multiyear Contracts	thar Coc a di vert whi	district may execute an insurance contract for a period longer nan 12 months, if the contract complies with Local Government code 271.903(a) [see Commitment of Current Revenue, below]. If district executes a multiyear insurance contract, it need not ad- ertise for insurance vendors until the 12-month period during which the district will be executing a new insurance contract. <i>Atty.</i> <i>Gen. Op. DM-418 (1996)</i>			
Other Purchasing Methods State Purchasing	per	e comptroller shall establish a program by which the comptroller forms purchasing services for local governments. The services st include:			
Program	1.	The extension of state contract prices to participating local governments when the comptroller considers it feasible.			
	2.	Solicitation of bids on items desired by local governments if the solicitation is considered feasible by the comptroller and is desired by the local government.			
	3.	Provision of information and technical assistance to local gov- ernments about the purchasing program.			
	The comptroller may charge a participating local government an amount not to exceed the actual costs incurred by the comptroller in providing purchasing services to the local government under the program.				
	Local Gov't Code 271.082				
District Participation	A district may participate in the purchasing program, including par- ticipation in purchases that use the reverse auction procedure, by filing with the comptroller a resolution adopted by the board re- questing that the district be allowed to participate on a voluntary basis, and to the extent the comptroller deems feasible, and stating that the district will:				
	1.	Designate an official to act for the district in all matters relat- ing to the program, including the purchase of items from the vendor under any contract, and that the board will direct the decisions of the representative;			
	2.	Be responsible for:			
		a. Submitting requisitions to the comptroller under any con- tract; or			

		d a c p	Electronically sending purchase orders directly to ven- ors, or complying with procedures governing a reverse uction purchase, and electronically sending to the omptroller reports on actual purchases made under this rovision that provide the information and are sent at the mes required by the comptroller;			
	3.	Be res	ponsible for making payment directly to the vendor;			
	4.		ponsible for the vendor's compliance with all conditions very and quality of the purchased item.			
	A district that purchases an item under a state contract or under a reverse auction procedure, sponsored by the comptroller satisfies any state law requiring the district to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the item.					
	Local Gov't Code 271.083					
Multiple Award Contract Schedule	tract cess	s that h by the	oller shall develop a schedule of multiple award con- nave been previously awarded using a competitive pro- federal government or any other governmental entity in <i>Gov't Code 2155.502(a)</i>			
	A district may purchase goods or services directly from a vendor under a contract listed on a schedule developed under Govern- ment Code Chapter 2155, Subchapter I. A district contracting for the purchase of an automated information system under a contract listed on a schedule shall comply with Government Code 2157.068(e-1) (Purchase of Information Technology Commodity Items) [see Automated Information System, above]. A purchase au- thorized by this provision satisfies any requirement of state law re- lating to competitive bids or proposals.					
	tract good	is a ma ls or se	sted for a good or service under a multiple award con- aximum price. A district may negotiate a lower price for ervices under a contract listed on a schedule developed ernment Code Chapter 2155, Subchapter I.			
	Gov't Code 2155.504					
Cooperative Purchasing Program	anot cal c that an a	her loca oopera is partio greeme	ay participate in a cooperative purchasing program with al government of this state or another state or with a lo- tive organization of this state or another state. A district cipating in a cooperative purchasing program may sign ent with another participating local government or a lo- tive organization stating that the district will:			
	1.	•	nate a person to act under the direction of, or on behalf district in all matters relating to the program;			
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	2.	Make payments to another participating local government or local cooperative organization or directly to a vendor under a contract made under these provisions, as provided in the agreement between the participating local governments or be- tween a local government and a local cooperative organiza- tion; and			
	3.	Be responsible for the vendor's compliance relating to the quality of items and terms of delivery, to the extent provided in the agreement between the participating local governments or between a local government and a local cooperative organi- zation.			
	A district that purchases goods or services under these provisions satisfies any state law requiring the district to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the goods or services.				
	Local Gov't Code 271.102; Atty. Gen. Op. JC-37 (1999)				
Cooperative Purchasing Contract Fees	A district that enters into a purchasing contract valued at \$25,000 or more under Education Code 44.031(a)(5) (interlocal contract), under Local Government Code Chapter 271, Subchapter F (coop- erative purchasing program), or under any other cooperative pur- chasing program authorized for school districts by law shall docu- ment a contract-related fee, including a management fee, paid by or to the district and the purpose of each fee under the contract.				
	The amount, purpose, and disposition of any fee described above must be presented in a written report and submitted annually in an open meeting of the board. The written report must appear as an agenda item. The commissioner of education may audit the written report.				
	Edu	cation Code 44.0331			
Commitment of Current Revenue	prop expi cond prop cont	contract for the acquisition, including lease, of real or personal perty retains to the board the continuing right to terminate at the ration of each budget period during the term of the contract, is ditioned on a best efforts attempt by the board to obtain and appriate funds for payment of the contract, or contains both the cinuing right to terminate and the best efforts conditions, the tract is a commitment of a district's current revenue only. <i>Local i</i> 't Code 271.903			
Change Orders	For	provisions regarding change orders, see CV.			
Criminal Offenses	officer, employee, or agent of a district commits an offense if the son with criminal negligence makes or authorizes separate, se-				

	quential, or component purchases to avoid the requirement ucation Code 44.031(a) or (b). An offense under this provisi Class B misdemeanor and is an offense involving moral tur	ion is a			
	"Component purchases" means purchases of the component of an item that in normal purchasing practices would be man one purchase. "Separate purchases" means purchases, man arately, of items that in normal purchasing practices would be made in one purchase. "Sequential purchases" means purchase made over a period, of items that in normal purchasing practices would be made in one purchase.	de in ade sep- be chases,			
	Education Code 44.032(a)–(b)				
	An officer, employee, or agent of a district commits an offen person with criminal negligence violates Education Code 44 or (b) other than by conduct described by Education Code 44.032(b). An offense under this provision is a Class B miss meanor and is an offense involving moral turpitude. <i>Educat</i> <i>Code</i> $44.032(c)$	4.031(a) de-			
	An officer or employee of a district commits an offense if the or employee knowingly violates Education Code 44.031, oth by conduct described by Education Code 44.032(b) or (c). A fense under this provision is a Class C misdemeanor. <i>Educ Code</i> 44.032(<i>d</i>)	her than An of-			
Removal from Office	The final conviction of a person other than a trustee of a dist an offense under Education Code $44.032(b)$ or (c) above re- the immediate removal from office or employment of that per- trustee who is convicted of an offense under Education Code 44.032 is considered to have committed official misconduct poses of Local Government Code Chapter 87, and is subjec- moval as provided by that chapter and Texas Constitution A Section 24. For four years after the date of the final convicti- removed person is ineligible to be a candidate for or to be a pointed or elected to a public office in Texas, is ineligible to ployed by or act as an agent for the state or a political subd of the state, and is ineligible to receive any compensation the a contract with the state or a political subdivision of the state <i>cation Code</i> $44.032(e)$	esults in erson. A de for pur- ct to re- wrticle V, fon, the ap- be em- ivision nrough			
Injunction	A court may enjoin performance of a contract made in violat Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B. A county attorn trict attorney, criminal district attorney, citizen of the county the district is located, or any interested party may bring an a for an injunction. A party who prevails in an action brought u this provision is entitled to reasonable attorney's fees as ap by the court. <i>Education Code 44.032(f)</i>	ey, dis- in which action under			
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SCHOOL PROPERTIES DISPOSAL

	Note:	For legal requirements applicable to property acquired with federal funds, see CBB. For information on disposal of instructional materials and technological equipment, see CMD.
	be vested may, in a longer ne	and title to district property, whether real or personal, shall d in the board and its successors in office. The trustees ny appropriate manner, dispose of property that is no ecessary for the operation of the district. <i>Education Code</i> [See also CDB(LEGAL)]
Surplus or Salvage Property from a State Agency	trade, or ment Coo of the dat provision the distric encumbra	may not lease, lend, bail, deconstruct, encumber, sell, otherwise dispose of property acquired under Govern- de 2175.184 or 2175.241 before the second anniversary te the property was acquired. A district that violates this shall remit to the Texas Facilities Commission the amount of received from the lease, loan, bailment, deconstruction, ance, sale, trade, or other disposition of the property un- commission authorizes the district's action. <i>Gov't Code</i> 4(b)
Law Enforcement Vehicles		may not sell or transfer a marked patrol car or other law ent motor vehicle to:
	insiq that any ante	public unless the district first removes any equipment or gnia that could mislead a reasonable person to believe the vehicle is a law enforcement motor vehicle, including police light, siren, amber warning light, spotlight, grill light, enna, emblem, outline of an emblem, or emergency vehi- equipment; or
	mer 170 cle a	ecurity services contractor who is regulated by the Depart- at of Public Safety and licensed under Occupations Code 2 unless each emblem or insignia that identifies the vehi- as a law enforcement motor vehicle is removed before the e or transfer.
	forcemen sions is li vehicle di penalty o	that sells or transfers a marked patrol car or other law en- at motor vehicle to the public in violation of these provi- able for damages proximately caused by the use of the uring the commission of a crime, and to the state for a civil f \$1,000. Governmental immunity to suit and from liability and abolished to the extent of this liability.
	Local Go	v't Code 272.006

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	Note:	For information regarding security breaches, see CQB.
		For record retention requirements under specific stat- utes, see the applicable policy code.
Definitions Custodian	the state is in cha	ian" means the appointed or elected public officer who by e constitution, state law, ordinance, or administrative policy rge of an office that creates or receives local government <i>Local Gov't Code 201.003(2)</i>
Disposition	by arching struction	tion" means final processing of local government records val transfer under Local Government Code 203.049 or de- under Local Government Code 202.001 or Government 11.0945. <i>13 TAC 7.71(5</i>)
Electronic Record	form for cal gove	nic record" means any information that is recorded in a computer processing and that satisfies the definition of lo- ernment record data in Local Government Code 201.003(8), <i>3 TAC 7.71(6)</i>
	Note:	Additional definitions related to standards and proce- dures for management of electronic records are found in 13 Administrative Code 7.71.
Electronic Records System	produce	nic records system" means any information system that s, manipulates, and stores local government records by computer. <i>13 TAC 7.71(7)</i>
Electronic Storage Media	ing read	nic storage media" means all physical media capable of be- by a computer including computer hard disks, magnetic ptical disks, or similar machine-readable media. <i>13 TAC</i>
Essential Record	to the re gency of of the di	al record" means any local government record necessary sumption or continuation of district operations in an emer- r disaster, to the re-creation of the legal and financial status strict, or to the protection and fulfillment of obligations to oble of the state. <i>Local Gov't Code 201.003(5)</i>
Local Government Record	book, m netic tap dium, re of wheth of the st employe	overnment record" means any document, paper, letter, ap, photograph, sound or video recording, microfilm, mag- be, electronic medium, or other information recording me- gardless of physical form or characteristic and regardless her public access to it is open or restricted under the laws ate, created or received by a district or any of its officers or ees, pursuant to law, including an ordinance, or in the trans- f public business. The term does not include:

	1.	Extra identical copies of documents created only for conven- ience of reference or research by officers or employees of the district;	
	2.	Notes, journals, diaries, and similar documents created by an officer or employee of the district for the officer's or employee's personal convenience;	
	3.	Blank forms, stocks of publications, or library and museum materials acquired solely for the purposes of reference or display;	
	4.	Copies of documents in any media furnished to members of the public to which they are entitled under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act) or other state law; or	
	5.	Any records, correspondence, notes, memoranda, or docu- ments, other than a final written agreement described by Gov- ernment Code 2009.054(c), associated with a matter con- ducted under an alternative dispute resolution procedure in which personnel of a district participated as a party, facilitated as an impartial third party, or facilitated as the administrator of a dispute resolution system or organization.	
	Loca	al Gov't Code 201.003(8)	
Permanent Record	"Permanent record" or "record of permanent value" means any lo- cal government record for which the retention period on a records retention schedule issued by the Texas State Library and Archives Commission (TSLAC) is given as permanent. <i>Local Gov't Code</i> <i>201.003(10)</i>		
Records Control Schedule	"Records control schedule" means a document prepared by or un- der the authority of a records management officer listing the rec- ords maintained by a district, their retention periods, and other rec- ords disposition information that the records management program in each district may require. <i>Local Gov't Code 201.003(12)</i>		
Records Management	tech tion, and the filing and age form crog	cords management" means the application of management iniques to the creation, use, maintenance, retention, preserva- , and disposal of records for the purposes of reducing the costs improving the efficiency of recordkeeping. The term includes development of records control schedules, the management of g and information retrieval systems, the protection of essential permanent records, the economical and space-effective stor- of inactive records, control over the creation and distribution of ns, reports, and correspondence, and the management of mi- graphics and electronic and other records storage systems. <i>Lo- Gov't Code 201.003(13)</i>	

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OFFICE MANAGEMEN RECORDS MANAGEMI		CPC (LEGAL)			
Records Management Officer	Loc	"Records management officer" means the person designated under Local Government Code 203.025 as the records management of- ficer. [See Designation, below] <i>Local Gov't Code 201.003(14)</i>			
Records Retention Schedule	und esta	"Records retention schedule" means a document issued by TSLAC under authority of Government Code Chapter 441, Subchapter J, establishing mandatory retention periods for local government rec- ords. <i>Local Gov't Code 201.003(15)</i>			
Retention Period	the cert	"Retention period" means the minimum time that must pass after the creation, recording, or receipt of a record, or the fulfillment of certain actions associated with a record, before it is eligible for de- struction. <i>Local Gov't Code 201.003(16)</i>			
Third-Party Custodians	"Third-party custodians" means parties with which a district may contract for services who are temporarily responsible for the maintenance of local government records, other than an interlocal contract under Local Government Code 203.025(f). <i>13 TAC</i> 7.71(16)				
Board's	The	The board shall:			
Responsibilities	1.	Establish, promote, and support an active and continuing pro- gram for the efficient and economical management of all local government records;			
	2.	Cause policies and procedures to be developed for the ad- ministration of the program under the direction of the records management officer;			
	3.	Facilitate the creation and maintenance of local government records containing adequate and proper documentation of the organization, functions, policies, decisions, procedures, and essential transactions of the district and designed to furnish the information necessary to protect the legal and financial rights of the district, the state, and persons affected by the district's activities;			
	4.	Facilitate the identification and preservation of local govern- ment records that are of permanent value;			
	5.	Facilitate the identification and protection of essential local government records; and			
	6.	Cooperate with TSLAC in its conduct of statewide records management surveys.			
	Loc	al Gov't Code 203.021			
District's Duties	Eac	h district shall:			

	1.	dist	omit to the director and librarian of TSLAC the name of the rict's records management officer and the name of the \prime officer in the event of a change;		
	2.	mar	a plan or an ordinance or order establishing a records nagement program and any amendments to the plan or or- ance or order with the director and librarian;		
	3.	erni	ify TSLAC at least ten days before destroying a local gov- ment record that does not appear on a records retention edule issued by TSLAC; and		
	4.	prov	File with the director and librarian a written certification as provided by Local Government Code 203.041 that the district has prepared a records control schedule that:		
		a.	Establishes a retention period for each local government record as required by Local Government Code Chapter 203, Subchapter C; and		
		b.	Complies with a local government records retention schedule distributed by the director and librarian under Government Code 441.158 and any other state and fed- eral requirements.		
	Go	Gov't Code 441.169			
Minimum	Ead	Each district must:			
Requirements for Electronic Records	1.	mar	nage electronic records according to the district's records nagement program and records retention schedule regard- s of format, system, or storage location;		
	2.	rega ing,	ntain ownership and responsibility for electronic records ardless of where the record originates or resides, includ- but not limited to, external electronic records systems, d-party custodians, and social media platforms;		

- 3. Develop and maintain up-to-date documentation about electronic records systems and storage media adequate to identify, retain, read, process, or migrate electronic records and ensure the timely, authorized final disposition of electronic records;
- 4. Ensure that electronic records remain readily retrievable and readable for as long as they are maintained by the district through migration or by maintaining any software, hardware, and documentation required to retrieve and read the electronic records;

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lis-			
Any technology for electronic records developed, used, or acquired by a district must support the district's ability to meet the minimum requirements in 13 Administrative Code 7.74(a) to preserve and make readily retrievable and readable any electronic record or to extract or migrate the record in as complete a form as possible for its full retention period.			
Districts must implement and maintain an electronic records secu- rity program for office and storage areas that complies with 13 Ad- ministrative Code 7.75.			
nic ;- '7.			
District custodians of records shall:			
) r Title			

the services	document the transaction of district business and , programs, and duties for which they and their				
staff are res	ponsible; and				
tion, microfil ords only in the district's	e records in their care and carry out the preserva- ming, destruction, or other disposition of the rec- accordance with the policies and procedures of records management program and the require- cal Government Code Title 6, Subtitle C and rules der it.				
Local Gov't Code	203.022				
Management Officer nating an individu	lesignate a records management officer by desig- ial or designating an office or position, the holder the records management officer.				
shall be entered on name and office of shall be filed by the shall by the s	The name, office, or position of the records management officer shall be entered on the minutes of the board. The name or the name and office or position of the records management officer shall be filed by the records management officer with the director and librarian of TSLAC within 30 days after the date of the designa- tion.				
be entered on the	The designation of a new individual or a new office or position shall be entered on the minutes and reported to TSLAC in the same manner as the original designation.				
an office or position office or position	nating a records management officer designates on rather than an individual, a new holder of that must file the holder's name with TSLAC within 30 te of assuming the office or position.				
Local Gov't Code	203.025(a)–(e)				
Duties The district's reco	ords management officer shall:				
	ablishing and developing policies and procedures s records management program;				
sistance to c	he records management program and provide as- custodians for the purposes of reducing costs and cordkeeping efficiency;				
3. In cooperation	on with the custodians of the records:				
schedu and the	e the records control schedules and amended les required by Local Government Code 203.041 e list of obsolete records as provided by Local ment Code 203.044;				

		b.	Identify and take adequate steps to preserve local gov- ernment records of permanent value;	
		C.	Identify and take adequate steps to protect essential lo- cal government records;	
		d.	Ensure that the maintenance, preservation, microfilming destruction, or other disposition of records is carried out in accordance with a district's records management pro- gram and the requirements of Local Government Code Title 6, Subtitle C and rules adopted under it;	
	4.	mati	eminate to the board and custodians of records infor- on concerning state laws, administrative rules, and gov- nent policies relating to local government records; and	
	5.	dure the r gard be ir	poperation with the custodians of records, establish process s to ensure that the handling of records in any context of ecords management program is carried out with due re- for the duties and responsibilities of custodians that may nposed by law and the confidentiality of information in rds to which access is restricted by law.	
	Local Gov't Code 203.023			
Electronic Records Management Practices	shal com men	l appr munio t prac	cords management officers, in conjunction with the board rove and institute written policies and procedures that cate the district's approach for electronic records manage ctices that ensure electronic records maintain and retain usability, integrity, and authenticity.	
	A dis	strict's	s policies and procedures must:	
	1.	reco elec ted, mair	blish a component of the district's active and continuing rds management program to address the management o tronic records created, received, retained, used, transmit- or disposed of electronically, including electronic records ntained or managed by third-party custodians or other ex- al entities;	-
	2.		grate the management of electronic records into existing rds and information resources management programs;	
	3.		rporate electronic records management objectives, re- nsibilities, and authorities;	
	4.		ress electronic records management requirements, in- ing retention requirements and final disposition;	
	5.		ess the use of new technologies through regular media format conversion, recopying, reformatting, and other	
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		necessary maintenance to ensure the retention and usability of electronic records until the expiration of their retention peri- ods and final disposition; and		
	6.	Ensure transparency by documenting, in an open and verifia- ble manner, the processes and activities carried out in the management of electronic records.		
	A district's policies and procedures must ensure information that must be protected from unauthorized use or disclosure is appropri- ately protected as required by applicable law, regulation, or other applicable requirement			
	13 1	TAC 7.73		
Records Management Program	mer ficer dure mar cone nan ope with rule filed	bard by ordinance or order shall establish a records manage- nt program to be administered by the records management of- r. The ordinance or order must provide methods and proce- es to enable the board, custodians, and the records magement officer to fulfill the statutory duties and responsibilities cerning management and preservation of records. The ordi- ce or order may prescribe any policies or procedures for the ration of the records management program that are consistent the requirements of Local Government Code Title 6, Subtitle C is adopted under it. A copy of the ordinance or order must be by the records management officer with TSLAC within 30 days in the date of its adoption. <i>Local Gov't Code 203.026(a)–(c)</i>		
Electronic Records Management	The board and its records management officer, in cooperation with other employees of the district, must:			
	1.	Administer a program for the management of records created, received, maintained, used, or stored on electronic media;		
	2.	Integrate the management of electronic records with other records and information resources management programs;		
	3.	Incorporate electronic records management objectives, re- sponsibilities, and authorities in pertinent directives;		
	4.	Establish procedures for addressing records management re- quirements, including recordkeeping requirements and dispo- sition;		
	5.	Make training available for users of electronic records sys- tems that addresses:		
		 The operation, care, and handling of the equipment, soft- ware, media, and information contained in the system; and 		

		b.	Records management concepts and applicable require- ments, including any records management issues as they relate to item 5a;		
	6.	elec tech	elop and maintain up-to-date documentation about all tronic records systems that is adequate to specify all inical characteristics necessary for reading or processing records and the timely, authorized disposition of records;		
	7.	are	cify the location and media on which electronic records maintained to meet retention requirements and maintain ntories of electronic records systems to facilitate disposi-		
	13 7	13 TAC 7.72(c)			
Records Control	The records management officer shall:				
Schedules	1.		pare a records control schedule listing the following rec- and establishing a retention period for each:		
		a.	All records created or received by the district;		
		b.	Any record no longer created or received by the district that is still in its possession and for which the retention period on a records retention schedule issued by TSLAC has not expired; and		
		C.	Any record no longer created or received by the district that is still in its possession and for which the retention period on a records retention schedule issued by TSLAC has expired but which will not be destroyed; and		
	2.	com sche	with the director and librarian a written certification of pliance that the district has adopted records control edules that comply with the minimum requirements estab- ed on records retention schedules issued by TSLAC.		
Amendment of Schedules	The records management officer shall review the district's records control schedules and prepare amendments to the schedules as needed to reflect new records created or received by the district or revisions to retention periods established in a records retention schedule issued by TSLAC. The records management officer shall file with the director and librarian a written certification of compli- ance that the district has amended the records control schedules to comply with the minimum requirements established on records re- tention schedules issued by TSLAC.				
			d shall require in the ordinance or order establishing the nanagement program the review or approval of a records		

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OFFICE MANAGEMEN RECORDS MANAGEME			
	control schedule or amended schedule by the officers of the district as it considers necessary.		
	Local Gov't Code 203.041		
Retention Periods	A retention period for each record on the records control schedule shall be determined by the board or under its direction. A retention period may not be less than a retention period prescribed by state or federal law, regulation, or rule of court; or a retention period for the record established on a records retention schedule issued by TSLAC. <i>Local Gov't Code 203.042</i>		
TSLAC Retention Schedules	TSLAC has adopted the following retention schedules, among oth- ers: Local Schedule GR—Records Common to All Governments, Local Schedule EL—Records of Elections and Voter Registration, Local Schedule TX—Records of Property Taxation, and Local Schedule SD—Records for Public School Districts. These sched- ules establish mandatory minimum retention periods for the rec- ords listed. <i>13 TAC 7.125</i>		
	<i>Note:</i> <u>Local government records retention schedules</u> ¹ are available on the TSLAC website.		
Destruction of	A local government record may be destroyed if:		
Records	 The record is listed on a valid records control schedule and either its retention period has expired or it has been micro- filmed or electronically stored in accordance with legal re- quirements; 		
	 The record appears on a list of obsolete records as provided by Local Government Code 203.044; 		
	 The record is not listed on a records retention schedule is- sued by TSLAC and the district provides notice to TSLAC at least ten days before destroying the record as required by Government Code 441.169; 		
	4. A court issues an expunction order for the destruction or oblit- eration of the records, pursuant to state law; and		
	 The records are defined as exempt from scheduling or filing requirements or listed as exempt in a records retention sched- ule issued by TSLAC. 		
	Local Gov't Code 202.001; 13 TAC 7.123(c)		
Electronic Records Destruction	Electronic records may be destroyed only in accordance with Local Government Code 202.001, above.		

CPC (LEGAL)

	Each district must ensure that:
	 Electronic records eligible for destruction are disposed of in a manner that ensures protection of any confidential infor- mation; and
	2. Electronic storage media used for electronic records contain- ing confidential information is not reused if the previously rec- orded information can be compromised in any way through reuse.
	13 TAC 7.78(a), (b)
Exceptions	A local government record the subject matter of which is known by the custodian to be the subject of litigation may not be destroyed until the litigation is settled. A local government record that is sub- ject to a request under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public In- formation Act) may not be destroyed until the request is resolved. <i>Local Gov't Code 202.002</i>
	[See FL regarding student records.]
Recordkeeping	As a board may require, the records management officer shall keep accurate lists of records destroyed, their volume, and other information of records management activities. <i>Local Gov't Code 203.046</i>
Preservation of Records Permanent Records	Permanent records shall be stored under conditions that meet the requirements of 13 Administrative Code 7.164.
Microfilm	Any local government record may be maintained on microfilm in addition to or instead of paper or other media, subject to the re- quirements of Local Government Code Chapter 204 and rules adopted under it. <i>Local Gov't Code 204.002</i>
Electronic Storage	Any local government record data may be stored electronically in addition to or instead of source documents in paper or other media, subject to the requirements of Local Government Code Chapter 205 and rules adopted under it. <i>Local Gov't Code 205.002</i>
Records Offenses Destruction or Alienation of Record	A board member or district employee commits an offense if the board member or employee knowingly or intentionally violates Lo- cal Government Code Title 6, Subtitle C (local government records) or rules adopted under it by destroying or alienating a local govern- ment record in contravention of Local Government Code Subtitle C or by intentionally failing to deliver records to a successor in office as provided by Local Government Code 201.006(a). <i>Local Gov't</i> <i>Code 202.008</i>

Tampering with Governmental Record	A person commits an offense if the person:			
		ngly makes a false entry in, or false alteration of, a gov- ntal record;		
	knowle	, presents, or uses any record, document, or thing with edge of its falsity and with intent that it be taken as a ne governmental record;		
		onally destroys, conceals, removes, or otherwise im- ne verity, legibility, or availability of a governmental rec-		
		sses, sells, or offers to sell a governmental record or a governmental record form with intent that it be used un- y;		
		, presents, or uses a governmental record with edge of its falsity; or		
	blank (sses, sells, or offers to sell a governmental record or a governmental record form with knowledge that it was ed unlawfully.		
	It is an exception to the application of item 3, above, that the gov- ernmental record is destroyed pursuant to legal authorization or transferred under Government Code 441.204. With regard to the destruction of a local government record, legal authorization in- cludes compliance with the provisions of Local Government Code Title 6, Subtitle C.			
	Penal Code	37.10		
Federal Investigations	up, falsifies, tangible obj investigation diction of ar bankruptcy matter or ca	nowingly alters, destroys, mutilates, conceals, covers or makes a false entry in any record, document, or ect with the intent to impede, obstruct, or influence the in or proper administration of any matter within the juris- ny department or agency of the United States or any case, or in relation to or contemplation of any such use, shall be fined, imprisoned not more than 20 years, <i>U.S.C. 1519</i>		

¹ Local Government Retention Schedules: <u>https://www.tsl.texas.gov/slrm/recordspubs/localretention.html</u>

	The Superintendent shall oversee the performance of records management functions prescribed by state and federal law:	
	 Records administrator, as prescribed by Local Government Code 176.001 and 176.0065. [See BBFA] 	
	 Officer for public information, as prescribed by Government Code 552.201–.205. [See GBAA] 	
	• Public information coordinator, as prescribed by Government Code 552.012. [See BBD]	
Local Government Records Act "Local Government Record"	The term "local government record" shall pertain to all items identi- fied as such by the Local Government Records Act.	
Records Management Officer	The Superintendent shall serve as and perform the duties of the District's records management officer as prescribed by Local Gov- ernment Code 203.023 and shall administer the District's records management program pertaining to local government records in compliance with the Local Government Records Act.	
Notification	The records management officer shall file his or her name with the Texas State Library and Archives Commission (TSLAC) within 30 days of assuming the position.	
Electronic Records	The records management officer shall develop procedures for the management of electronic records that comply with the District's records control schedules and meet the minimum components required by law.	
	The procedures shall:	
	 Specify the objectives of the electronic records management program; 	
	 Identify the responsibilities of employees who create, receive, or maintain electronic records; 	
	 Ensure the maintenance of electronic records until the expira- tion of the applicable retention period and final disposition; and 	
	 Ensure that electronic records that must be protected from unauthorized use or disclosure are appropriately protected as required by law, regulation, or other applicable requirements. 	
Records Control Schedules	The records management officer shall file with the TSLAC a written declaration that the District has adopted records control schedules that comply with records retention schedules issued by the TSLAC as provided by law.	
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OFFICE MANAGEMENT (LO	
Website Postings	The District's records management program shall address the length of time records will be posted on the District's website when the law does not specify a posting period.
Records Destruction Practices	All local government records shall be considered District property and any unauthorized destruction or removal shall be prohibited. The District shall follow its records control schedules, records man- agement program, and all applicable laws regarding records de- struction. However, the District shall preserve records, including electronically stored information, and suspend routine record de- struction practices where appropriate and in accordance with pro- cedures developed by the records management officer. Such pro- cedures shall describe the circumstances under which local government records scheduled for destruction must be retained. Notification shall be given to appropriate staff when routine record destruction practices must be suspended and when they may be resumed.
Training	The records management officer shall receive appropriate training regarding the Local Government Records Act and shall ensure that custodians of records, as defined by law, and other applicable District staff are trained on the District's records management program, including this policy and corresponding procedures.

Information Required on Website	A district that at any time on or after January 1, 2019, maintained a publicly accessible internet website shall post on a publicly accessible website the following information:	
	1.	The district's contact information, including a mailing address, telephone number, and email address;
	2.	Each member of the board;
	3.	The date and location of the next election for board members [see BB series];
	4.	The requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, which shall be continuously posted for at least one year before the election day for the office [see BB series];
	5.	Each notice of a meeting of the board under Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter C [see BE]; and
	6.	Each record of a meeting of the board under Government Code 551.021 [see BE].
	less	s 5 and 6 above do not apply to a district with a population of than 5,000 in the district's boundaries and located in a county a population of less than 25,000.
	Gov	t Code 2051.201
	Note	e: See GBA regarding the confidentiality of certain board member information.
Trustee Information	Each district that maintains an internet website shall post on the website the name, email address, and term of office, including the date the term began and the date the term expires, of each member of the district's board of trustees. If a district does not maintain an internet website, the district shall submit the information required above to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). On receipt of the district's information, TEA shall post the information on TEA's internet website.	
	boar as ap webs	n time there is a change in the membership of a district's d, the district shall update the information required above and, oplicable post the updated information on the district's internet site or submit the updated information to TEA for posting on 's internet website.

Education Code 11.1518

Note		e: The following is an index of website posting requirements that are addressed in the legal reference material of the policy manual. The list is not all-inclusive. The list does not address postings that are required in response to a specific incident or postings required under special circumstances.
Other Required Internet Postings		following posting requirements apply to a district that main- an internet website:
	1.	A board may not vote on adoption of a proposed local innova- tion plan unless the final version of the proposed plan has been available on the district website for at least 30 days, un- der Education Code $12A.005(a)(1)$ and 19 Administrative Code $102.1307(a)(1)$. [See AF]
	2.	A district designated as a district of innovation shall ensure that a copy of its current local innovation plan is available to the public by posting and maintaining the plan in a prominent location on the district's website, under Education Code 12A.0071(a) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1305(e), .1307(f). [See AF]
	3.	Not later than 30 days after an accreditation status of accred- ited-warned, accredited-probation, or not accredited-revoked is assigned, a district must post notice on the home page of its website with a link to the required notification under 19 Ad- ministrative Code 97.1055(f), and maintain this until the dis- trict is assigned the accredited status. [See AIA]
	4.	A district with a local accountability system must produce a campus scorecard and make available on the district website an explanation of the methodology used to assign local accountability performance ratings, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1003(g). [See AIA]
	5.	A board shall disseminate its Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR) by posting it on the district website under 19 Administrative Code 61.1022(f). [See AIB]
	6.	Not later than the tenth day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district shall make available each campus report card, the district's performance report, the district's ac- creditation status and performance rating, and a definition and explanation of each accreditation status, under Education Code 39.362. [See AIB]

- A district shall post its annual federal report card under 20 U.S.C. 6311(h)(2). [See AIB]
- A campus intervention team must notify the public of the meeting for input for the development of a targeted improvement plan fifteen days prior to the meeting by way of the district and campus website, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1061(d)(3)(A)(ii) and Education Code 39A.056. [See AIC]
- 9. A district shall post a targeted improvement plan for a campus assigned an unacceptable performance rating on its website before the board hearing on the plan under Education Code 39A.057(b). [See AIC]
- 10. A district shall notify stakeholders of their ability to review the completed campus turnaround plan and post the completed plan on the district website at least 30 days before the final plan is submitted to the board of trustees, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1064(e). [See AIC]
- 11. A district shall post an election notice required under Election Code 85.007. [See BBBA]
- A district shall post election information under Election Code 4.009. [See BBBA]
- Each day early voting is conducted, the district shall post the branch daily register under Election Code 85.072. [See BBBA]
- 14. A district shall post early voting rosters under Election Code 87.121. [See BBBA]
- 15. A district shall post election results under Election Code 65.016. [See BBBB]
- 16. A district shall post the minutes of the last regular board meeting held before an election of trustees if the minutes reflect that a trustee is deficient in meeting the trustee's training requirement, under Education Code 11.159(b) and 19 Administrative Code 61.1(j). [See BBD]
- 17. A district that is located wholly or partly in a municipality with a population of more than 500,000 and with a student enrollment of more than 15,000 shall post a report filed pursuant to Election Code Chapter 254 by a board member, a candidate for membership on the board, or a specific-purpose committee for supporting, opposing, or assisting a candidate or member of a board under Election Code 254.04011. [See BBBC]

- A district shall provide access to the conflicts disclosure statements and questionnaires under Local Government Code 176.009. [See BBFA, CHE]
- 19. A district shall post the statements regarding activities to support and promote student health under Education Code 28.004. [See BDF]
- A district must post notice of school health advisory council (SHAC) meetings under Education Code 28.004(d-1). [See BDF]
- A district must post the minutes and audio or video recording of each SHAC meeting under Education Code 28.004(d-2). [See BDF]
- 22. A board must post notice of a board meeting and, if the district contains all or part of the area within the corporate boundaries of a municipality with a population of 48,000 or more, the board must also post the agenda for a board meeting under Government Code 551.056. [See BE]
- 23. A district that has a student enrollment of 10,000 or more shall post the archived recording, or a link thereto, of its meetings under Government Code 551.128(b-1). [See BE]
- 24. A district conducting a bond election shall post the election order, the election notice, the contents of the proposition, and any sample ballot under Election Code 4.003(f). [See CCA]
- 25. A district conducting a bond election shall post the voter information document beginning not later than the 21st day before election day and ending on the day after the election, under Government Code 1251.052(d). [See CCA]
- 26. A district issuing capital appreciation bonds shall post the information required by Government Code 1201.0245. [See CCA]
- 27. Not later than 30 days before the date of an election to approve a tax rate, a district must post the results of an efficiency audit under Education Code 11.184. [See CCG]
- 28. A district shall include on the home page of its website the prescribed statement if the district increases the amount of taxes to fund maintenance and operation expenditures under Tax Code 26.05(b). [See CCG]

29.	A district shall maintain a link to the area of the comptroller's website where information on each of the district's agreements to limit appraised value, if any, is maintained, under Tax Code 313.0265(c). [See CCGB]
30.	A district shall post a summary of its proposed budget concur- rently with publication of the proposed budget under Educa- tion Code 44.0041. [See CE]
31.	In the format prescribed by the comptroller, a district shall post or cause to be posted tax rate and budget information under Tax Code 26.18. [See CE]
32.	A district shall maintain its adopted budget on the district's website until the third anniversary of the date the budget was adopted, under Education Code 44.0051. [See CE]
33.	A district shall continuously post its contact information and Annual Local Debt Report under Local Government Code 140.008 and 34 Administrative Code 10.1–.6 on its website until the district posts the next annual report, or, as an alterna- tive, the district may continually maintain a link to the comp- troller's website where the district's financial information may be viewed. [See CFA]
34.	A district must make available information regarding its com- pliance with requirements related to the transportation of stu- dents enrolled in the district who reside outside the district, under Education Code 34.007. [See CNA]
35.	A district that does not participate in the uniform group health insurance program (TRS ActiveCare) shall post its compara- bility report, together with the policy or contract for the group health coverage plan, under Education Code 22.004(d). [See CRD]
36.	A district that is a service provider seeking to limit liability un- der the Digital Millennium Copyright Act must post information regarding its designated agent under 17 U.S.C. 512(c)(2). [See CY]
37.	A district shall post its employment policy and any regulations referenced under Education Code 11.1513(a). [See DC]

- 38. A district shall post the board's employment policies under Education Code 21.204(d). [See DCB]
- 39. The board shall adopt and post on the district's website early childhood literacy and mathematics plans that set specific annual goals under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]

- 40. The board shall post on the district's website and on the website, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress toward the goals set under the early childhood literacy and mathematics plans under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]
- 41. The board shall post on the district's website and on the website, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress toward the goals set under the college, career, and military readiness plans under Education Code 11.186. [See EA]
- 42. A district shall post curriculum materials used in the district's human sexuality instruction or instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking, if the materials are in the public domain, under Education Code 28.004(j). [See EHAA]
- 43. A district shall post the transition and employment guide for students enrolled in special education programs and their parents in order to provide information on statewide services and programs that assist in the transition to life outside the public school system, under Education Code 29.0112. [See EHBAD]
- 44. A district shall make available on the district or campus website by November 1 of each school year a family engagement plan to assist the district in achieving and maintaining high levels of family involvement and positive family attitudes toward education, under 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(e). [See EHBG]
- 45. Annually, a district shall post any agreement between the district and a public institution of higher education to provide a dual credit program, under Education Code 28.009(b-2). [See EHDD]
- 46. A district shall publish information from TEA under Education Code 28.02121 explaining the advantages of the distinguished level of achievement and each endorsement. [See EIF]
- 47. A district shall post the date the PSAT/NMSQT will be administered and the date any college advanced placement tests will be administered, under Education Code 29.916. [See EK]
- 48. A district that receives funds under Title 1, Part A shall post on its website and the website of each campus for each grade served, information on each assessment required by the state to comply with 20 U.S.C. 6311, other assessments required by the state, and assessments required district-wide, under 20 U.S.C. 6312(e)(2)(B). [See EKB]

- 49. A district shall post information regarding local programs and services, including charitable programs and services, available to assist students who are homeless, under Education Code 33.906. [See FDC]
- 50. A district shall prominently post information about required and recommended immunizations and procedures for claiming an exemption from immunization requirements under Education Code 38.019. [See FFAB]
- 51. Each school year, the board shall post a summary of the <u>Guidelines for the Care of Students With Food Allergies At-</u><u>Risk for Anaphylaxis¹ on the district's website with instructions</u> for obtaining access to the complete guidelines document, under Education Code 38.0151. [See FFAF]
- 52. A district must prominently display the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator and policy on its website, if any, under 34 C.F.R. 106.8(b). [See FFH]
- 53. A district must make all materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process publicly available on its website, if any, under 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(10)(i)(D). [See FFH]
- 54. To the extent practicable, a district must post the procedure for reporting bullying established by the district's bullying policy, under Education Code 37.0832(e). [See FFI]
- 55. A district shall post on its website, for each district campus, the email address and dedicated phone number of the campus behavior coordinator under Education Code 26.015. [See FO]
- 56. If the board designates a method for making a written request for public information, other than mail, email, or hand-delivery, the board must include a statement that a request may be made by that method on its website under Government Code 552.234(b) unless the statement is on the sign required by Government Code 552.205. [See GBAA]
- 57. A board that allows requestors to use the public information request form created by the attorney general must post the form on the district website under Government Code 552.235. [See GBAA]
- 58. A district shall post on its website and each campus shall post on any campus website a notice regarding the district's ability to refuse entry or eject certain persons under Education Code

		27.105 and 10 Administrative Cade 102.1207(r) including the	
		37.105 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1207(g), including the appeal process. [See GKA]	
Optional Internet Postings	A district that maintains an internet website has the following o tions:		
	1.	A board may broadcast an open meeting over the internet, under Government Code 551.128. [See BE]	
	2.	A district may publish the superintendent's employment con- tract on the district's website instead of publishing it in the an- nual financial management report under 19 Administrative Code $109.1001(q)(3)(B)(i)$. [See CFA]	
	3.	Notice of a vacant position for which a certificate or license is required may be provided by posting the position on the dis- trict's internet website, rather than on a bulletin board, under Education Code 11.1513. [See DC]	
	4.	A district may place on its internet website a current copy of the procedural safeguards notice regarding special education and related services, under 34 C.F.R. 300.504(b). [See EHBAE]	
	5.	A district may provide the annual notice to the parent of each student enrolled in grade 9 or above of the availability of sub- sidies for certain exam fees and the availability and enroll- ment qualifications for programs under which a student may earn college credit and career and technology education pro- grams or other work-based education programs in the district, under Education Code 28.010. [See EHDD]	
	6.	A board may post a mailing address and email address desig- nated for receiving written requests for public information on its website under Government Code 552.234(d). [See GBAA]	
Geospatial Data Products	"Geospatial data product" means a document, computer file, or in- ternet website that contains geospatial data; a map; or information about a service involving geospatial data or a map. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2051.101(1)		
Notice		A district shall include a notice on each geospatial data product that:	
	1.	Is created or hosted by the district;	
	2.	Appears to represent property boundaries; and	
	3.	Was not produced using information from an on-the-ground survey conducted by or under the supervision of a registered	

	professional land surveyor or land surveyor authorized to per- form surveys under laws in effect when the survey was con- ducted.
	The notice must be in substantially the following form: "This prod- uct is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared for or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. It does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only the approximate relative location of property boundaries."
	The notice may include language further defining the limits of liabil- ity of a geospatial data product producer; apply to a geospatial data product that contains more than one map; or for a notice that applies to a geospatial data product that is or is on an internet web- site, be included on a separate page that requires the person ac- cessing the website to agree to the terms of the notice before ac- cessing the geospatial data product.
	Gov't Code 2051.102
Exemption	A district is not required to include the notice on a geospatial data product that:
	 Does not contain a legal description, a property boundary monument, or the distance and direction of a property line;
	2. Is prepared only for use as evidence in a legal proceeding;
	3. Is filed with the clerk of any court; or
	4. Is filed with the county clerk.
	Gov't Code 2051.103
	¹ TDSHS Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies At-Risk for Anaphylaxis: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/uploadedFiles/Content/Pre-</u>

for Anaphylaxis: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/uploadedFiles/Content/Pre-vention_and_Preparedness/schoolhealth/SHAC/Guidelines-Food%20Al-lergy-Final.pdf</u>

Definitions Participating Entity	"Participating entity" means an entity participating in the uniform group coverage program established under Insurance Code Chap-ter 1579.
Program	"Program" means the uniform group coverage program established under Insurance Code Chapter 1579 (TRS-ActiveCare).
	Insurance Code 1579.002(5), (6)
Coverage Requirements	A district shall participate in the uniform group coverage program established under Insurance Code Chapter 1579 as provided by Subchapter D of that chapter. <i>Education Code 22.004(a)</i>
Districts with 500 or Fewer Employees	Each district with 500 or fewer employees is required to participate in the program. <i>Insurance Code 1579.151(a)</i>
Self-Funded Districts	Notwithstanding the above, a district otherwise subject to the re- quirement that, on January 1, 2001, was individually self-funded for the provision of health coverage to its employees may elect not to participate in the program. <i>Insurance Code</i> 1579.151(b)
Districts with More Than 500 Employees	A district with more than 500 employees may elect to participate in the program. A district that elects to participate shall apply for par- ticipation in the manner prescribed by TRS rule. <i>Insurance Code</i> <i>1579.152</i>
TRS-ActiveCare	The Teacher Retirement System (TRS) shall implement and admin- ister the uniform group coverage program described by Insurance Code Chapter 1579. TRS shall establish plans of group coverages for employees participating in the program and their dependents. <i>Insurance Code 1579.051, .101</i>
Eligibility	Participation in the program is limited to employees of participating districts who are full-time employees and to part-time employees who are participating members in TRS. <i>Insurance Code 1579.202(a)</i>
Full-Time Employees	A "full-time employee" is a participating member who is currently employed by a district in a position that is eligible for membership in TRS and who is not receiving coverage as an employee or re- tiree from a uniform group insurance or health benefits program under Insurance Code Chapters 1551 (Texas Employees Group Benefits Act), 1601 (State University Employees Uniform Insurance Benefits Act), or 1575 (Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Benefits Act [TRS-Care]). <i>34 TAC 41.33(2)</i>
Certain Part-Time Employees	A part-time employee of a district who is not a participating mem- ber in TRS is eligible to participate in the program only if the em- ployee pays all of the premiums and other costs associated with

	the health coverage plan selected by the employee. <i>Insurance Code 1579.204</i>	
	A "part-time employee" is an individual who:	
	 Is currently employed by a district for ten hours or more each week; 	
	 Is employed in a position that is not eligible for membership in TRS or is not eligible for membership in TRS because of a service or disability retirement; and 	
	 Is not receiving coverage as an employee or retiree from a uniform group insurance or health benefits program under In- surance Code Chapters 1551, 1601, or 1575 (TRS-Care). 	
	34 TAC 41.33(6)	
Alternative Group Health Coverage Prohibited	Notwithstanding any other law, a participating entity may not offer or make available to the entity's employees or their dependents group health coverage not provided under the program. <i>Insurance</i> <i>Code 1579.1045; 34 TAC 41.30(e)</i>	
	If, contrary to 34 Administrative Code 41.30(e) and Insurance Code 1579.1045, a participating entity offers alternative group health coverage, TRS may pursue remedies for noncompliance, including but not limited to removal from or denial of entry into TRS-ActiveCare. TRS may impose or pursue one or more remedies. The pursuit of one remedy does not constitute a waiver of any other remedy that TRS may have at law or equity. If TRS discovers that a participating entity is in violation of 34 Administrative Code 41.30(e) after the beginning of a plan year, in addition to any other available remedy, TRS will remove the entity from the program effective at the end of the month in which TRS discovers the situation; and it will be the entity's liability to procure alternative coverage or provide other remedies for the employees and their dependents that lose coverage under these circumstances. <i>34 TAC</i> 41.30(f)	
Participation Election Election to Discontinue	Effective September 1, 2022, a participating entity may elect to dis- continue the entity's participation in the program by providing writ- ten notice to TRS not later than December 31 of the year preceding the first day of the plan year in which the election will be effective.	
	A participating entity that elects to discontinue participation in the program may not elect to:	
	 Participate in the program until the fifth anniversary of the ef- fective date of the entity's election to discontinue participation; or 	

	 Discontinue the entity's participation after an election de- scribed by item 1 until the fifth anniversary of the effective date of that election. 	
Election to Continue	Effective September 1, 2022, an entity that elects to participate in the program shall provide written notice to TRS not later than De- cember 31 of the year preceding the first day of the plan year in which the election will be effective. The entity may not elect to dis- continue the entity's participation until the fifth anniversary of the effective date of the entity's election to participate.	
	Insurance Code 1579.155; 34 TAC 41.30	
	An eligible entity that submits a written election to participate in TRS-ActiveCare under 34 Administrative Code 41.30 must include with the notice of election the information specified in 34 Administrative Code 41.45. Written notices of election to participate in TRS-ActiveCare without the information required will be considered incomplete and will be denied by TRS. <i>34 TAC 41.45</i>	
Optional Coverages	Education Code 22.004 does not preclude a district that is participating in the uniform group coverage program established under Insurance Code Chapter 1579 from entering into contracts to provide optional insurance coverages for district employees. <i>Education Code 22.004(j)</i>	
Other Health Coverage Programs	A district that does not participate in the program shall make available to its employees group health coverage provided by a risk pool established by one or more districts under Local Government Code Chapter 172 ("authorized risk pool"), or under a policy of insurance or group contract issued by an insurer, a company subject to Insurance Code Chapter 842, or a health maintenance organization under Insurance Code Chapter 843.	
Comparability	The coverage provided by a district that does not participate in the program must meet the substantive coverage requirements of In- surance Code Chapter 1251, Subchapter A, Chapter 1364, and Chapter 1366, Subchapter A, and any other law applicable to group health insurance policies or contracts issued in this state. The coverage must include major medical treatment but may exclude experimental procedures. "Major medical treatment" means a medical, surgical, or diagnostic procedure for illness or injury. The coverage may include managed care or preventive care and must be comparable to the basic health coverage provided under Insurance Code Chapter 1551 (Texas Employees Group Benefits Act).	
	The following factors shall be considered in determining whether the district's coverage is comparable to the basic health coverage specified above:	

	1.	The deductible amount for service provided inside and out- side of the network;
	2.	The coinsurance percentages for service provided inside and outside of the network;
	3.	The maximum amount of coinsurance payments a covered person is required to pay;
	4.	The amount of the copayment for an office visit;
	5.	The schedule of benefits and the scope of coverage;
	6.	The lifetime maximum benefit amount; and
	7.	Verification that the coverage is issued by a provider licensed to do business in this state by the Texas Department of Insur- ance (TDI) or is provided by an authorized risk pool or that a district is capable of covering the assumed liabilities in the case of coverage provided through district self-insurance.
	Educ	cation Code 22.004(b)
Financial Statement	with 842, tract the c befor or pe show	strict that does not participate in the program may not contract an insurer, a company subject to Insurance Code Chapter or a health maintenance organization to issue a policy or con- under Education Code 22.004, or with any person to assist district in obtaining or managing the policy or contract unless, re the contract is entered, the insurer, company, organization, erson provides the district with an audited financial statement ving the financial condition of the insurer, company, organiza- or person. <i>Education Code 22.004(f)</i>
Small Employer Market Election	gard make	strict may elect to participate as a small employer without re- to the number of employees in the district. A district that es this election is treated as a small employer under Insurance e Chapter 1501 for all purposes.
	gram parti- may with ages does	strict that is participating in the uniform group coverage pro- n established under Insurance Code Chapter 1579 may not cipate in the small employer market under this provision and not renew a health insurance contract obtained in accordance this provision after the date on which the program of cover- s provided under Chapter 1579 is implemented. This provision a not affect a contract for the provision of optional coverages included in a health benefit plan under Insurance Code Chapter 1.

Insurance Code 1501.009

Employee Election — Spouses	A district employee who is eligible for coverage under a large or small employer health benefit plan providing coverage to the dis- trict's employees and who is the spouse of another district em- ployee covered under the plan may elect whether to be treated un- der the plan as an employee or as the dependent of the other employee. <i>Insurance Code 1501.0095</i>					
Self-Funded Health- Care Plan	The board may establish a health-care plan for district employees and their dependents. In implementing the plan, the board shall es- tablish a fund to pay, as authorized under the plan, all or part of the actual costs for hospital, surgical, medical, dental, or related health care incurred by employees or any dependent whose participation in the program is being supported by deductions from an em- ployee's salary. Under the plan, the fund also may be used to pay the costs of administering the fund. The fund consists of money contributed by the district and money deducted from salaries of employees for dependent or employee coverage. Money for the fund may not be deducted from an employee's salary unless the employee authorizes the deduction in writing. The plan shall at- tempt to protect the district against unanticipated catastrophic indi- vidual loss, or unexpectedly large aggregate loss, by securing indi- vidual stop-loss coverage, or aggregate stop-loss coverage, or both, from a commercial insurer.					
	The board may amend or cancel the district's health-care plan at any regular or special board meeting. If the plan is canceled, any valid claim against the fund for payment of health-care costs result- ing from illness or injury occurring during the time the plan was in effect shall be paid out of the fund. If the fund is insufficient to pay the claim, the costs shall be paid out of other available district funds.					
	Education Code 22.005					
Compliance Report	Each district that does not participate in the program shall prepare a report addressing its compliance with Education Code 22.004. The report must be available for review, together with the policy or contract for the group health coverage plan, at the central adminis- trative office of each campus in the district and be posted on the district's internet website if the district maintains a website, must be based on the district group health coverage plan in effect during the current plan year, and must include:					
	1. Appropriate documentation of:					
	 The district's contract for group health coverage with a provider licensed to do business in this state by TDI or an authorized risk pool; or 					

		F	A resolution of the board authorizing a self-insurance blan for district employees and of the district's review of district ability to cover the liability assumed;	
	2.	The s	chedule of benefits;	
	3.	•	remium rate sheet, including the amount paid by the dis- nd employee;	
	4.		umber of employees covered by the health coverage offered by the district; and	
	5.	Inform	nation concerning the ease of completing the report.	
	Educ	cation	Code 22.004(d)	
Cost of Coverage TRS-ActiveCare	The cost of coverage under the program shall be paid by the state, the district, and the employees in the manner provided by Insurance Code, Chapter 1579, Subchapter F, below. <i>Education Code</i> 22.004(c)			
State Contribution	The state shall provide for each covered employee the amount of \$900 each state fiscal year or a greater amount as provided by the General Appropriations Act. The state contribution shall be distributed through the school finance formulas under Education Code Chapters 48 and 49 and used by districts as provided by Education Code 48.275. <i>Insurance Code 1579.251(a)</i>			
Employee Contribution	An employee covered by the program shall pay that portion of the cost of coverage selected by the employee that exceeds the amount of the state contribution and a district's contribution.			
District Contribution	ploye	e sha	ay pay any portion of what otherwise would be the em- re of premiums and other costs associated with the cov- cted by the employee.	
	Insu	rance	Code 1579.253	
	Insu	ance	nall make contributions for the program as provided by Code Chapter 1581. <i>Insurance Code 1579.252</i> [See quired Minimum Effort, below]	
Other Health Coverage Programs	not p and t Insu	articip the dis rance (f coverage under a plan adopted by a district that does tate in the program shall be shared by the employees trict, using the contributions by the state described by Code Chapter 1579, Subchapter F. [See State Contribu-] <i>Education Code 22.004(c)</i>	
District Required Minimum Effort	an a	mount	nall, for each fiscal year, use to provide health coverage equal to the number of participating employees of the tiplied by \$1,800. <i>Insurance Code 1581.052(a)</i>	

Designation of Compensation for Benefits	An employee who is covered by a cafeteria plan or who is eligible to pay health-care premiums through a premium conversion plan may elect to designate a portion of the employee's compensation to be used as health-care supplementation. [See DEA] <i>Education</i> <i>Code 22.103(a), (c)</i>				
Use	An employee may use compensation designated for health-care supplementation for any employee benefit, including depositing the designated amount into a cafeteria plan in which the employee is enrolled or using the designated amount for health-care premiums through a premium conversion plan. <i>Education Code 22.106</i>				
Written Election	Each year, an active employee must elect in writing whether to designate a portion of the employee's compensation to be used as health-care supplementation. An election must be made at the same time that the employee elects to participate in a cafeteria plan, if applicable. <i>Education Code 22.105</i>				
Continuation Coverage After Resignation	Notwithstanding any other law, an employee whose resignation is effective after the last day of an instructional year is entitled to par- ticipate or be enrolled in the uniform group coverage plan or the district's group health coverage through the earlier of:				
	 The first anniversary of the date participation in or coverage under the uniform group coverage plan or the group health coverage was first made available to district employees for the last instructional year in which the employee was em- ployed by the district; or 				
	2. The last calendar day before the first day of the instructional year immediately following the last instructional year in which the employee was employed by the district.				
	If an employee's resignation is effective after the last day of an in- structional year, the district may not diminish or eliminate the amount of a contribution available to the employee under Insur- ance Code Chapter 1581 [see District Required Minimum Effort, above] before the last date on which the employee is entitled to participation or enrollment.				
	Education Code 22.004(k), (I); 34 TAC 41.38				
During Military Leave	An employee who is absent from a position of employment by rea- son of service in the uniformed services may elect to continue cov- erage under a health plan. The maximum period of coverage of such a person and the person's dependents shall be the lesser of:				
	1. The 24-month period beginning on the date on which the per- son's absence begins; or				

		e day after the date on which the person fails to apply for or irn to a position of employment. [See DECB]				
	38 U.S.C. 4317(a)					
During FMLA Leave	During any period of leave under the Family and Medical Leave . (FMLA), a district shall maintain coverage under any group healt plan for the duration of the leave at the level and under the cond tions coverage would have been provided if the employee had continued in employment continuously for the duration of the leave. 29 U.S.C. 2614(c); 29 C.F.R. 825.209, .210, .213 [See also DEC					
Upon Termination or Other Qualifying Event (COBRA)	In accordance with regulations that the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall prescribe, each group health plan that is maintained by any state that receives funds under 42 U.S.C. Chap- ter 6A, by any political subdivision of such a state, or by any agency or instrumentality of such a state or political subdivision, shall provide, in accordance with 42 U.S.C. Chapter 6A, Subchap- ter XX, that each qualified beneficiary who would lose coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event is entitled, under the plan, to elect, within the election period, continuation coverage un- der the plan. 42 U.S.C. 300bb-1(a)					
	[For more information on the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Rec- onciliation Act of 1986 (COBRA), see 42 U.S.C. 300bb-1 through 300bb-8.]					
	Note:	See DEB for continuation benefits that are available to survivors of district peace officers under certain conditions.				
Coverage of Preexisting Conditions	Notwithstanding any other law, group health benefit coverage pro- vided by or offered through a district to its employees under any law other than the uniform group coverage program is subject to the requirements of Insurance Code Sections 1501.102–.105, which limit exclusion for preexisting conditions. This provision ap- plies to all group health benefit coverage provided by or offered through a district to its employees, including a standard health ben- efit plan issued under Insurance Code Chapter 1507 and health and accident coverage provided through a risk pool established un- der Local Government Code Chapter 172. <i>Education Code</i> <i>22.004(m)</i>					
TRS-ActiveCare	Coverage provided under the uniform group coverage program may not be made subject to a preexisting condition limitation during the initial period of eligibility. <i>Insurance Code</i> 1579.105					

Federal Law	A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage may not impose any preexist- ing condition exclusion with respect to such plan or coverage. <i>42</i> <i>U.S.C. 300gg-3(a)</i>				
Privacy of Health Information	To the extent a district is a covered entity under the Administrative Simplification provisions of HIPAA (42 U.S.C. Chapter 7, Subchap- ter XI, Part C; 45 C.F.R. Parts 160, 162, 164), the district must maintain the privacy of protected health information in accordance with the Privacy Rule, 45 C.F.R. Part 164, Subpart E.				
Definitions	"Covered entity" means:				
Covered Entity	1.	A health plan;			
	2.	A health-care clearinghouse; or			
	3.	A health-care provider who transmits any health information in electronic form in connection with a transaction covered by 45 C.F.R. Subtitle A, Subchapter C.			
	45 (45 C.F.R. 160.103			
Protected Health Information	"Protected health information" means individually identifiable health information that is transmitted by electronic media, maintained in electronic media, or transmitted or maintained in any form or me- dium. "Protected health information" excludes individually identifia- ble health information:				
	1.	In education records covered by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. 1232g. [See FL]			
	2.	In records described at 20 U.S.C. 1232g(a)(4)(B)(iv) (medical treatment records on a student who is at least 18 years of age).			
	3.	In employment records held by a covered entity in its role as employer.			
	45 C.F.R. 160.103				

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17	Termination of Service
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	Not	e: For information regarding construction of school facili- ties, see CV series.
		In addition to the facility standards contained in this pol- icy, additional requirements are set out in 19 Administra- tive Code 61.1036 and 61.1040.
	qua	new facilities must meet the commissioner's standards for ade- cy of school facilities to be eligible to be financed with state or Il tax funds. <i>Education Code 46.008</i>
State Standards for Construction on or After November 1, 2021 Applicability	Cod imp	school facilities standards established in 19 Administrative le 61.1040 ("section 61.1040") shall apply to all district capital rovement projects as follows, regardless of the type of school ity or the type of construction delivery method used by the dis-
	1.	A district capital improvement project of any type or size relat- ing to a school facility subject to section 61.1040 must comply with applicable requirements established in section 61.1040(d), (e), (f), (j), and (k).
	2.	A project for new construction or major renovation at an in- structional facility must comply with the requirements estab- lished in section 61.1040(d), (e), (f), (g), (j), and (k) and one of the methods required to demonstrate compliance with mini- mum space requirements established in section 61.1040(h) and (i).
	3.	A project for minor renovation at an instructional facility must comply with applicable requirements established in section 61.1040(d)(1), (e), (f), (j), and (k).
	4.	A project for new construction, major renovation, or minor ren- ovation at a specialized instructional facility, noninstructional facility, or noninstructional specialized assembly facility must comply with applicable requirements established in section 61.1040(d)(1), (e), (f), (j), and (k).
	5.	A project for major renovation that includes minor scopes of work in an area of a school facility that is separate and distinct from the project scope of the major renovation may be per- formed as a part of a construction services contract for the major renovation without the minor scope of work becoming subject to the standards in section 61.1040(g), (h), or (i) if:
		 The minor scopes of work would not, on a stand-alone basis, be considered a major renovation project; and

	 The cost of the minor scopes of work is included in the total cost of the project construction budget to determine the appropriate scope of work to be included in the project, as specified in section 61.1040(k)(1)(B).
	19 TAC 61.1040(b)(1)
Definitions	The words and terms used in section 61.1040 shall have the meanings set out in section 61.1040(a).
Capital Improvement Project	Any school facility project consisting of new construction, major renovation, or minor renovation for which construction services are procured under Government Code Chapter 2269, in accordance with Education Code 44.031(a)(5). <i>19 TAC 61.1040(a)(4)</i> [See CV]
Implementation	The school facilities standards established in section 61.1040 shall apply to a capital improvement project for which at least one of the following has occurred on or after November 1, 2021:
	 A board adopts a fiscal year maintenance and operations budget where a capital improvement project title and a design or design and construction budget are delineated;
	 A board calls a bond election where one or more capital im- provement project titles and design or design and construc- tion budgets are delineated; or
	3. A new contract or amendment to an existing contract for ar- chitectural services for new construction or a major renovation project or a contract for engineering services for a major reno- vation or minor renovation has been agreed to and signed and dated by both parties to the agreement.
	19 TAC 61.1040(c)(1)
	A district shall consider implementing the safety and security standards under section $61.1040(k)$ for any safety and security upgrades to an existing instructional facility that does not require compliance with section 61.1040 . <i>19 TAC</i> $61.1040(c)(4)$
Option for Actions Taken Before November 1, 2021	A board may elect to treat a capital improvement project, for which an action listed above was taken prior to November 1, 2021, under standards established in 19 Administrative Code 61.1036, below, or under the standards established in section 61.1040. If an elec- tion to comply with section 61.1040 is made by a board, the district and architect may mutually agree that the contract for design ser- vices may be adjusted and then must signify in writing that the pro- ject will become subject to the facilities standards established in section 61.1040 through an affirmative indication on the required

	certification form for the project or through some other written doc- ument or addendum to the contract signifying election under sec- tion 61.1040 and any modifications to the contract terms agreed to by the parties.			
	If a board makes an election to comply with section 61.1036, it may still elect to comply with section 61.1040(k) (safety and security standards).			
	19 TAC 61.1040(c)(2)–(3)			
Educational Adequacy <i>Long-Range</i> Facility Plan	A district shall ensure that a capital improvement project subject to section 61.1040 complies with the requirements and standards as follows.			
Elements	The long-range facility plan shall include all of the following ele- ments that apply to the facility and project and must also be up- dated prior to commencement of construction to include the access control document required in section $61.1040(k)(1)(B)$:			
	 Existing and proposed instructional programs at the project campus, including special education, dual language, course offerings, and partnerships; 			
	2. The age and condition of all buildings and systems at the pro- ject campus;			
	 History of completed capital improvement projects at the facil- ity; 			
	 Site evaluation of the project campus, including, but not lim- ited to, overall site; shape; useable land; suitability for in- tended use as well as planned improvements; adequate ve- hicular, pedestrian, and emergency access; queueing; parking; and site amenities; 			
	5. The district's educational specifications;			
	 The district's enrollment projections, maximum student enroll- ment of the facility, and the facility's maximum instructional capacity, if applicable; and 			
	 The noncompliance, partial compliance, or full compliance with each of the safety and security standards required in sec- tion 61.1040(k). 			
Process	The process of developing the long-range facility plan shall con- sider input from teachers, students, parents, taxpayers, and other district stakeholders.			

Compliance	com mak prov year mus impr of a	requirement for a long-range facility plan is met when a district pletes the long-range facility plan, presents it to the board, and es it available to the prime design professional for a capital im- rement project. The long-range facility plan expires after five is from the date of the final plan presented to the board and t be updated prior to commencement of a subsequent capital rovement project. A long-range facility plan developed as part district-wide long-range facilities plan may be used to satisfy requirement.				
	19 7	19 TAC 61.1040(d)(1)				
Educational Specifications	renc	strict shall ensure that a project for new construction and major ovation subject to section 61.1040 complies with the require- nts and standards as follows.				
Elements	Educational specifications are a written document prepared by the district and approved by the board and shall include all of the fol- lowing:					
	1.	The district mission, vision, goals, and pedagogy;				
	2.	Preliminary details related to facility type, grades served, and maximum student enrollment;				
	3.	Pertinent provisions of the multi-hazard emergency opera- tions plan that may inform the functionality of the built environ- ment, including how the district complies with Education Code 37.108 [see CKC];				
	4.	A written statement that includes:				
		a. Inclusive design goals and considerations supported by the district; and				
		 How inclusive design should be addressed in new and renovated facility designs; 				
	5.	Minimum total square footage required to comply with the quantitative method of compliance; and				
	6.	Innovative teaching or operational practices intended for im- plementation at the instructional facility that may lead to the use of the qualitative method of compliance.				
Schedule	An educational specification shall be created for each campus type. If the design and construction of a new campus or major ren- ovation of an existing campus differs substantially from an educa- tional specification that exists for the same campus type, a sepa- rate educational specification must be developed. Educational specifications shall be initiated upon the first proposed project of its					

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	gram	and must be completed prior to initiating the planning or pro- nming phase of a project. Each educational specification must pdated after five years from the date of approval.
Compliance		requirement for educational specifications is met when a dis- delivers the approved document to the architect.
	19 T.	AC 61.1040(d)(2)
Exceptions		strict is exempt from the requirements of section 61.1040(d) icational Adequacy):
	1.	If a school facility experiences catastrophic damage and the board approves a capital improvement project in accordance with Education Code 44.0312(c) (delegation of contracting au- thority); or
	2.	In a situation deemed urgent by action of the board that war- rants immediate action because, if left unresolved, it would impair the conduct of classes.
	19 T.	AC 61.1040(d)(3)
Administration	and fessi and shall appli lishe	ion 61.1040(e) establishes standards for the administration procurements of design professional services and other pro- ional services and for the administration of competitive bids contracting requirements for construction services. A district comply with requirements in section 61.1040(e) and with all icable requirements, restrictions, and responsibilities estab- ed in state law, administrative code, or by a local authority hav- urisdiction.
	quire ards quali	strict shall comply with the administrative and procedural re- ements established in section 61.1040(e) and with the stand- established in section 61.1040(j) to promote construction ity and best value for a capital improvement project subject to fon 61.1040.
	statu ance itive struc othe ject. dem 61.1 struc eren	andard in section 61.1040 that incorporates by reference a key itory provision or administrative rule is established as a compli- e requirement for a district seeking to procure, obtain a compet- bid, or administer a contract for construction services, con- ction-related services, design professional services, or any r professional service required for a capital improvement pro- The requirements establish a method by which a district shall onstrate compliance with the requirements in section 040(e) and with the construction quality standards and con- ction code requirements in section 61.1040(j). Any express ref- ce to, or omission of, an applicable statutory provision in sec- 61.1040(e) may not be construed to diminish, alter, or abate a

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	provision of law applicable to a district or to a district capital im- provement project subject to section 61.1040.
District Requirements and Responsibilities Procurement Transparency	19 TAC 61.1040(e)(1)
	In addition to the provisions below, district requirements and re- sponsibilities are set out in section 61.1040(e)(2).
	In accordance with Education Code $46.003(g)$, the board and voters of a district shall determine district needs concerning construction, acquisition, renovation, or improvement to instructional facilities. District funding is entrusted to the district by the taxpayers, and a district must ensure procurement processes and procedures are transparent and provide the best value to the district by complying with applicable laws governing procurement of professional design services and construction services [see CV] and with the standards established in section $61.1040(e)(2)(A)$
Superintendent's Duties	In accordance with Education Code 11.201, a superintendent shall oversee and ensure compliance with the standards for school facilities established in section 61.1040 and shall ensure board consideration for any action specified as being required to be made by the board, whether by statute, board rule, or other applicable requirement. <i>19 TAC 61.1040(e)(2)(B)</i>
Requirements for Other Services	Requirements for construction services, design professional ser- vices, and third-party consultants are set out in section 61.1040(e)(3)–(5).
Contract Compliance and Quality Control	A district shall ensure that services sought by or provided to the district for a school facility capital improvement project, including, but not limited to, professional design services, construction services, construction administration services, third-party inspection services, third-party testing services, or third-party code compliance services, are provided through a project-specific written agreement that meets the requirements of section 61.1040(e)(6). <i>19 TAC 61.1040(e)(6)</i>
Certification of Compliance with Standards	A district, design professional, contractor, and prime subcontractors, if applicable, shall certify compliance with all applicable standards required in section $61.1040(d)$, (g)–(k) as required by section $61.1040(f)$. <i>19 TAC $61.1040(f)(1)$</i>
Instructional Facility Space Standards	Standards for space for instructional facilities are set out in section 61.1040(g).
Board Approval of Compliance	A board shall approve compliance with the quantitative method of compliance for instructional facility space requirements under sec-

	tion 61.1040(h) or the qualitative method of compliance for instruc- tional facility space requirements under section 61.1040(i) before the commencement of design development for a capital improve- ment project for an instructional facility. <i>19 TAC 61.1040(h), (i)</i>
	A district may use the qualitative method of compliance for a capi- tal improvement project only if the board has prior documented ap- proval of one or more instructional or operational practices for the proposed project that distributes or manages student capacity in an innovative or nontraditional manner. Prior to approving the qualita- tive method of compliance, all instructional and operational prac- tices applicable to the proposed project must have been docu- mented and approved by the board to demonstrate compliance with the requirements in section 61.1040(i). <i>19 TAC 61.1040(i)</i>
Construction Quality Standards	A capital improvement project for a school facility must reasonably comply with the following construction code requirements.
Construction Code Requirements	Projects located outside of a municipal jurisdiction in the unincor- porated area of a county must reasonably comply with the require- ments of section 61.1040(j)(1)(A).
	Projects located inside of a municipal jurisdiction must reasonably comply with the requirements of section 61.1040(j)(1)(B).
	19 TAC 61.1040(j)(1)
Third-Party Code Compliance Requirement	District responsibilities and other requirements related to third-party code compliance are set out in section 61.1040(j)(2).
Safety and Security Standards	A capital improvement project of a district must include campus- wide implementation of the provisions of section $61.1040(k)(1)$ re-
Requirements for All Instructional	lated to communications infrastructure and access control. <i>19 TAC</i> 61.1040(k)(1)
Facilities	A district shall develop a document that designates each exterior door of each instructional facility campus-wide as either primary, secondary, or nondesignated entrances and shall ensure that the documented designation of all exterior doors becomes part of the long-range facility plan prior to commencement of construction of a capital improvement project. <i>19 TAC 61.1040(k)(1)(B)</i>
Additional Standards Based on Budget	A district shall approve a project construction budget for a capital improvement project at completion of the design development phase of the project and prior to commencement of the construction documents phase. The project construction budget approved by the district shall determine how many of the additional safety and security standards established in section $61.1040(k)(3)$ are required for the project. A district shall designate in writing which of

	61. prov sior tion faci pha sha cility all c	the additional safety and security standards in section $61.1040(k)(3)$ have been approved by the board for a capital improvement project and shall provide to the prime design professional and each design professional of record written document tion of the approved safety and security standards for the proper facility prior to commencement of the construction documents phase of a capital improvement project. The following standards shall apply to a capital improvement project for an instructional cility until all instructional facilities campus-wide fully comply wit all of the additional safety and security standards specified in set tion $61.1040(k)$.		
	1.	If a project construction budget is \$1 million to \$5 million, the facility is required to comply with at least one additional safety and security standard specified in section 61.1040(k)(3).		
	2.	If a project construction budget is \$5 million to \$10 million, the facility is required to comply with at least two additional safety and security standards specified in section 61.1040(k)(3).		
	3.	If a project construction budget is over \$10 million, the facility is required to comply with all of the additional safety and se- curity standards specified in section 61.1040(k)(3).		
	4.	For a capital improvement project that includes new construc- tion, the new construction of an instructional facility is required to comply with all three of the additional safety and security standards specified in section $61.1040(k)(3)$.		
	19	TAC 61.1040(k)(2)		
Exceptions		strict may opt out of the requirements specified in section 1040(k)(2) if:		
	1.	The facility is scheduled to, according to the long-range facili- ties plan, cease operations as an instructional facility within three years of the project; and		
	2.	The five-year long-range facility plan clearly states that, prior to the end date of the plan, the facility will be compliant with at least two additional safety and security standards if ceasing operation does not occur or operation resumes. The long- range facility plan must specify which two additional safety and security standards will be implemented.		
	19	19 TAC 61.1040(k)(4)		
Public Disclosure	ope	bard shall ensure information or documents collected, devel- d, or produced by the district as part of a capital improvement ect are reviewed to ensure that any project-specific safety and		

	com vide tect to th	urity information is adjusted for disclosure if necessary to ac- modate the requirement for a district to use protections pro- ed in Education Code 37.108, which directs the district to pro- sensitive information, while also providing general information he public indicating district compliance commitments made in ordance with section 61.1040(k). <i>19 TAC 61.1040(k)(5)</i> [See C]	
State Standards for Construction Before November 1, 2021	The requirements for school facility standards set out in 19 Admin- istrative Code 61.1036 ("section 61.1036") shall apply to projects for new construction or major space renovations if:		
	1.	A board adopts a fiscal year maintenance and operations budget where a capital improvement project title and a design or design and construction budget are delineated;	
	2.	A board calls a bond election where one or more capital im- provement project titles as well as design or design and con- struction budgets are delineated; or	
	3.	A new contract or amendment to an existing contract for ar- chitectural services for new construction or a major renovation for a school facility project has been agreed to, and signed and dated by both parties to the agreement after January 1, 2004, and before November 1, 2021.	
	19	TAC 61.1036(b)	
Definitions and Procedures	hav	words, terms, and procedures used in section 61.1036 shall e the meanings set out in section 61.1036(a) unless the context rly indicates otherwise.	
Certification of Design and Construction	In section 61.1036, "certify" indicates that the architect or engineer has reviewed the standards contained in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 61 and used the best professional judgment and reasona- ble care consistent with the practice of architecture or engineering in the state of Texas in executing the construction documents. The architect or engineer also certifies that these documents conform to the provisions of section 61.1036, except as indicated on the certification.		
	prov natu anco acco sha	district shall notify and obligate the architect or engineer to vide the required certification. The architect's or engineer's sig- are and seal on the construction documents shall certify compli- e. To ensure that facilities have been designed and constructed ording to the provisions of section 61.1036, each involved party Il execute responsibilities as set forth in section 61.1036(c)(3). TAC 61.1036(c)	

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Construction Quality Districts with Building Codes	A district located in an area that has adopted local construction codes shall comply with section 61.1036(f)(1).
Districts without Building Codes	A district located in an area that has not adopted local building codes shall comply with section 61.1036(f)(2).
International Energy Conservation Code	The International Energy Conservation Code as it existed on May 1, 2015, is adopted as the energy code for use in this state for all commercial construction. <i>Health and Safety Code 388.003(b); 34 TAC 19.53(b)</i>
	Because a public school building is not a residential building, it falls within the scope of "commercial" construction for purposes of the International Energy Conservation Code and likely for purposes of Health and Safety Code Chapter 388. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. KP-148 (2017)</i>
Portable, Modular Buildings	Any portable, modular building capable of being relocated that is purchased or leased for use as a school facility by a district, whether that building is manufactured off-site or constructed onsite, must comply with all provisions of section 61.1036. <i>19 TAC</i> 61.1036(a)(11), (f)(3)
Fire Escapes	School buildings of at least two stories shall be equipped with fire escapes as required by law. <i>Health and Safety Code</i> 791.002, .035, .036
Security Criteria	A district that constructs a new instructional facility or conducts a major renovation of an existing instructional facility using Instructional Facilities Allotment funds shall consider, in the design of the instructional facility, appropriate security criteria. <i>Education Code 46.0081</i>
Accessibility	No qualified individual with a disability shall, because a district's fa- cilities are inaccessible to or unusable by individuals with disabili- ties, be excluded from participation in or be denied the benefits of the services, programs, and activities of a district or be subject to discrimination. 42 U.S.C. 12132; 28 C.F.R. 35.149; 29 U.S.C. 794; 34 C.F.R. 104.21
	A district shall operate each program, service, or activity so that when viewed in its entirety, it is readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities. A district is not required to make each existing facility or every part of a facility accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities.
	A district may comply with these requirements by:
	1. Redesigning or acquisitioning equipment.

	2. Reassigning classes or other services to accessible buildings.				
	3. Assigning aides to qualified individuals with disabilities.				
	4. Home visits.				
	5. Delivery of services at alternate accessible sites.				
	6. Alteration of existing facilities.				
	7. Constructing new facilities that comply with 34 C.F.R. 104.23 and 28 C.F.R. 35.151.				
	8. Any other methods that result in making services, programs, and activities accessible to individuals with disabilities.				
	A district is not required to make structural changes in existing fa- cilities when other methods will achieve compliance with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act and its implementing regulation. In choosing among available alternatives for meeting these re- quirements, a district shall give priority to methods that offer ser- vices, programs, and activities to qualified individuals with disabili- ties in the most integrated setting appropriate.				
	28 C.F.R. 35.150; 34 C.F.R. 104.22				
Review of Plans	All plans and specifications for construction or for the substantial renovation or modification of a building or facility must be submitted to the Department of Licensing and Regulation for review and approval if the estimated construction cost is at least \$50,000. The architect, interior designer, landscape architect, or engineer who has overall responsibility for the design of a constructed or reconstructed building or facility shall submit the plans and specifications required. A district as owner of the building or facility may not allow an application to be filed with a local governmental entity for a building or facility to begin before the date the plans and specifications are submitted to the Department. On application to a local governmental entity for a building construction permit, the district as owner shall submit to the entity proof that the plans and specifications have been submitted to the Department under Government Code Chapter 469 (Elimination of Architectural Barriers).				
	A district, as owner of a building or facility described above is re- sponsible for having the building or facility inspected for compli- ance with the standards and specifications adopted by the Com- mission of Licensing and Regulation under Government Code Chapter 469 not later than the first anniversary of the date that the				

	ing the a pe	or fac Depa erson	ion or substantial renovation or modification of the build- ility is completed. The inspection must be performed by rtment, an entity with which the Commission contracts, or who holds a certificate of registration under Government apter 469, Subchapter E.	
	Gov	rt Coo	de 469.101, .102(a), (c), .105	
Notice	tere ing, vice	sted p can c s, act	shall adopt and implement procedures to ensure that in- persons, including persons with impaired vision or hear- obtain information as to the existence and location of ser- civities, and facilities that are accessible to and usable by with disabilities. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.22(f)</i>	
Relocatable Educational Facility	moo the edu	lular l facility catior	ction, "relocatable educational facility" means a portable, building capable of being relocated, regardless of whether y is built at the installation site, that is used primarily as an hal facility for teaching the curriculum required under Edu- ode 28.002.	
	A relocatable educational facility that is purchased or leased on or after January 1, 2010, must comply with all provisions applicable to industrialized buildings under Occupations Code Chapter 1202.			
	Occupations Code 1202.004			
Playgrounds	Pub	lic fur	nds may not be used to purchase or install:	
	1.	Play	ground equipment that:	
		a.	Does not comply with each applicable provision of ASTM Standard F1487-07ae1, "Consumer Safety Performance Specification for Playground Equipment for Public Use," published by ASTM International; or	
		b.	Has a horizontal bare metal platform or a bare metal step or slide, unless the bare metal is shielded from di- rect sun by a covering provided with the equipment or by a shaded area in the location where the equipment is in- stalled;	
	2.	men visic AST	acing for the area under and around playground equip- at if the surfacing will not comply with each applicable pro- on of ASTM Standard F2223-04e1, "Standard Guide for M Standards on Playground Surfacing," published by M International.	
Exception			nds may be used to maintain playground equipment or that was purchased before September 1, 2009, even if	

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		equipment or surfacing does not comply with the applicable cifications described above.
	Hea	alth and Safety Code 756.061
Outdoor Lighting	or o	outdoor lighting fixture may be installed, replaced, maintained, perated using state funds only if it meets standards for state- ded outdoor lighting fixtures in Health and Safety Code Chapter
Exceptions	The ply	e standards for state-funded outdoor lighting fixtures do not ap- if:
	1.	A federal law, rule, or regulation preempts state law;
	2.	The fixture is used on a temporary basis:
	3.	Because emergency personnel temporarily require additional illumination for emergency procedures;
	4.	For nighttime work;
	5.	Special events or circumstances require additional illumina- tion;
	6.	The fixture is used solely to enhance the aesthetic beauty of an object; or
	7.	A compelling safety interest cannot be addressed by another method.
	incl stru mus	ecial events or situations that may require additional illumination ude sporting events and illumination of monuments, historic ctures, or flags. Illumination for special events or situations at be installed to shield the outdoor lighting fixtures from direct w and to minimize upward lighting and light pollution.
	Hea	alth and Safety Code 425.002
Natural Gas Piping Pressure Testing	pipi yea on a ural eac dar, and	strict shall perform biennial pressure tests on the natural gas ng system in a school facility before the beginning of the school r. A district with more than one facility may perform the testing a two-year cycle under which the district pressure tests the nat- gas piping system in approximately one-half of the facilities h year. If a district operates the facilities on a year-round calen- the pressure test in each of those facilities must be conducted reported not later than July 1 of the year in which the pressure is performed.

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	A natural gas piping pressure test performed under a municipal code in compliance with Railroad Commission rules shall satisfy the pressure testing requirements.
	Utilities Code 121.502; 16 TAC 8.230(c)(1), (4)
Requirements of Test	A district shall perform the pressure test to determine whether the natural gas piping downstream of a district facility's meter holds at least normal operating pressure over a specified period determined by the Railroad Commission. During the pressure test, each system supply inlet and outlet in the facility must be closed. The pressure test shall be performed by a person authorized under Railroad Commission rules. At a district's request, the Railroad Commission shall assist the district in developing a procedure for conducting the test. <i>Utilities Code 121.503; 16 TAC 8.230(c)(2), (3)</i>
Notice	A district shall provide written notice to the district's natural gas supplier specifying the date and result of each pressure test or other inspection. The supplier shall develop procedures for receiv- ing such written notice from the district. <i>Utilities Code 121.504(a);</i> <i>16 TAC 8.230(b)(1)</i>
Termination of	A supplier shall terminate service to a district facility if:
Service	 The supplier receives official notification from the firm or indi- vidual conducting the test of a hazardous natural gas leakage in the facility piping system; or
	2. A test or other inspection is not performed as required.
	Utilities Code 121.505(a)
	A supplier shall develop procedures for terminating service to a district if the supplier:
	 Receives notification of a hazardous natural gas leak in the school facility piping system; or
	2. Does not receive written notification from the district specify- ing the completion date and results of the testing.
	16 TAC 8.230(b)(2)
Reporting Leaks	An identified natural gas leakage in a district facility must be re- ported to the board. The firm or individual conducting the natural gas piping pressure test shall immediately report any hazardous natural gas leak in a district facility to the board and the natural gas supplier. <i>Utilities Code 121.506; 16 TAC 8.230(c)(6)</i>
LP-Gas Systems Testing	At least biennially, a district shall perform leakage tests on the LP- gas piping system in each district facility before the beginning of the school year. The district may perform the leakage tests on a
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	two-year cycle under which the tests are performed for the LP-gas piping systems of approximately half of the facilities each year. If a district operates one or more district facilities on a year-round cal- endar, the leakage test in each of those facilities must be con- ducted and reported not later than July 1 of the year in which the test is performed.		
	A test performed under a municipal code satisfies the testing re- quirements.		
	Natural Resources Code 113.352; 16 TAC 9.41		
Requirements of Test	A district shall perform the leakage test to determine whether the LP-gas piping system holds at least the amount of pressure specified by the Railroad Commission. The leakage test must be conducted in accordance with Railroad Commission rules at 16 Administrative Code 9.41. The leakage test shall be conducted by a person authorized under Railroad Commission rules. At a district's request, the Railroad Commission shall assist the district in providing for the certification of a district employee to conduct the test and in developing a procedure for conducting the test. <i>Natural Resources Code 113.353; 16 TAC 9.41(b)–(d)</i>		
Notice	Before the introduction of any LP-gas into the LP-gas piping sys- tem, a district shall provide verification to its supplier that the piping has been tested.		
Documentation	A district shall retain documentation specifying the date and the re- sult of each leakage test or other inspection of each LP-gas piping system until at least the fifth anniversary of the date the test or other inspection was performed. The Railroad Commission may re- view a district's documentation of each leakage test or other in- spection conducted by the district.		
	Natural Resources Code 113.354; 16 TAC 9.41(b)(3)–(4)		
Termination of	A supplier shall terminate service to a district facility if:		
Service	 The supplier receives official notification from the district or the person conducting the test that there is leakage in a school LP-gas system; 		
	The leakage test performed on a school LP-gas system was not performed as required; or		
	3. The supplier has not received a copy of the required form from the district verifying that the LP-gas system has been tested in accordance with 16 Administrative Code 9.41.		
	Natural Resources Code 113.355; 16 TAC 9.41(e)		

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Reporting Leaks	be r affe mac test	dentified school LP-gas leakage in a school district facility shall eported to the board. The district shall immediately remove the cted school district facility from LP-gas service until repairs are le and it passes a subsequent school LP-gas system leakage If a district employee performs the initial test, then the subse- nt test may not be performed by a district employee. <i>Natural</i> <i>ources Code 113.356; 16 TAC 9.41(b)(2)</i>
Definitions	by a whic sore ties,	nool district facility" means each building or structure operated a school district and equipped with a school LP-gas system in the students receive instruction or participate in school spon- ed extracurricular activities, excluding maintenance or bus facili- vehicle fueling facilities, administrative offices, and similar fa- es not regularly used by students.
	tors fuel cont	nool LP-gas system" means all piping, fittings, valves, regula- , appliance connectors, equipment, and connections supplying gas from the outlet of the shutoff valve at each LP-gas storage ainer or upstream of each meter to the shutoff valve(s) on each liance in a school district facility.
	16 7	TAC 9.41(a)(3)–(4)
Intrastate Pipeline Emergency Response Plan	eacl any build	Railroad Commission shall require the owner or operator of n intrastate hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide pipeline facility, part of which is located within 1,000 feet of a public school ding containing classrooms, or within 1,000 feet of another pub- chool facility where students congregate, to:
	1.	On written request from a district, provide in writing the follow- ing parts of a pipeline emergency response plan that are rele- vant to the school:
		a. A description and map of the pipeline facilities that are within 1,000 feet of the school building or facility;
		 A list of any product transported in the segment of the pipeline that is within 1,000 feet of the school facility;
		c. The designated emergency number for the pipeline facil- ity operator;
		 Information on the state's excavation one-call system; and
		e. Information on how to recognize, report, and respond to a product release; and
	2.	Mail a copy of the requested items by certified mail, return re- ceipt requested, to the superintendent of the district in which the school building or facility is located.
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A pipeline operator or the operator's representative shall appear at a regularly scheduled board meeting to explain the above items if requested by the board or district.

The Railroad Commission may not require the release of parts of an emergency response plan that include security sensitive information, including maps or data. Security sensitive information shall be made available for review by but not provided to the board.

Natural Resources Code 117.012(k)–(m); 16 TAC 8.315

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	Note:	For information on the new instructional facilities allot- ment, see CBA.
		For additional legal requirements applicable to pur- chases with federal funds, see CBB.
		For information on procuring goods and services under Education Code Chapter 44, see CH.
		For required vendor disclosures and contract provisions, including prohibitions, see CHE.
		For provisions pertaining to criminal history record infor- mation on contractors, see CJA(LEGAL).
		For legal requirements related to energy savings perfor- mance contracts, see CL.
		For facility standards, see CS.
Definition	or repairi	vork contract" means a contract for constructing, altering, ing a public building or carrying out or completing any pub- <i>Gov't Code 2253.001(4)</i>
Board Authority		may adopt rules as necessary to implement Government apter 2269. <i>Gov't Code 2269.051; 19 TAC</i> <i>(e)(2)(H)</i>
Delegation of Authority	Chapter ter 2269	rd may delegate its authority under Government Code 2269 regarding an action authorized or required by Chap- to a designated representative, committee, or other per- <i>r't Code 2269.053(a)</i>
	delegation	ict shall provide notice of the delegation, the limits of the on, and the name or title of each designated person by rule request for bids, proposals, or qualifications or in an adto the request. <i>Gov't Code 2269.053(b); Education Code (a)</i>
	evaluatio vices oth	trict fails to provide that notice, a ranking, selection, or on of bids, proposals, or qualifications for construction ser- ter than by the board in an open public meeting is advisory <i>ucation Code 44.0312(a); 19 TAC 61.1040(e)(2)(E)</i>
	level of d when pro	Intendent shall ensure that a requirement to specify the lelegation of authority is included in the bid specifications ocuring construction services to select a contractor, in active with Education Code 44.0312. <i>19 TAC 61.1040(e)(2)(F)</i>

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			mation regarding delegation in the event of a catastrophe, cy, or natural disaster, see CH.]	
Contracts Valued at or Above \$50,000	all c at \$ be r	listric 50,00 nade	s provided by Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, t contracts for the purchase of goods and services valued 00 or more in the aggregate for each 12-month period shall by the method, of the following methods, that provides value for a district [see also CH]:	
	1.	An i	interlocal contract. <i>Education Code 44.031(a)(4)</i> [See CH]	
	2.		ethod provided by Government Code Chapter 2269 for struction services. <i>Education Code 44.031(a)(5)</i>	
		a.	Competitive bidding. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch. C</i> [See CVA]	
		b.	Competitive sealed proposals. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch.</i> <i>D</i> [See CVB]	
		C.	Construction manager-agent method. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2269 <i>Subch. E</i> [See CVC]	
		d.	Construction manager-at-risk method. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2269 <i>Subch. F</i> [See CVD]	
		e.	Design-build method. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2269 Subch. G [See CVE]	
		f.	Job order contracting. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch. I</i> [See CVF]	
	3.		e reverse auction procedure as defined by Government de 2155.062(d). <i>Education Code 44.031(a)(6</i>) [See CH]	
	Edu	ıcatio	n Code 44.031(a); Gov't Code Ch. 2269	
Exceptions Emergency Damage or Destruction	faci resi	lity, o ult of	mation on procurement options when school equipment, a r personal property is destroyed or severely damaged as a an unforeseen catastrophe or emergency, under Educa- e 44.031, see CH.	
Contracts Requiring a Bond	late Go∖ Bon sigr	A reverse auction procedure may not be used to obtain services re- lated to a public work contract for which a bond is required under Government Code 2253.021 [see Payment and Performance Bonds, below]. "Reverse auction procedure" has the meaning as- signed by Government Code 2155.062 or a procedure similar to that described by Section 2155.062. <i>Gov't Code 2253.021(h)</i>		
Notice Publication			shall advertise or publish notice of requests for bids, pro- or qualifications in a manner prescribed by law.	

	Go\ and	a contract entered into by a board under a method provided by vernment Code 2269, the board shall publish notice of the time place the bid or proposal or request for qualifications will be re- ved and opened in a manner prescribed by law.		
	Gov't Code 2269.052(a)–(b)			
	[See CH for additional notice publication requirements.]			
Contract Selection Criteria	In determining the award of a contract under Government Co Chapter 2269, the district shall consider and apply:			
	1.	Any existing laws, including any criteria, related to historically underutilized businesses; and		
	2.	Any existing laws, rules, or applicable municipal charters, in- cluding laws applicable to local governments, related to the use of women, minority, small, or disadvantaged businesses.		
	ln d	etermining the award of a contract, the district may consider:		
	1.	The price.		
	2.	The offeror's experience and reputation.		
	3.	The quality of the offeror's goods or services.		
	4.	The impact on the ability of the district to comply with rules re- lating to historically underutilized businesses.		
	5.	The offeror's safety record.		
	6.	The offeror's proposed personnel.		
	7.	Whether the offeror's financial capability is appropriate to the size and scope of the project.		
	8.	Any other relevant factor specifically listed in the request for bids, proposals, or qualifications.		
	Gov	/'t Code 2269.055		
Using Method Other Than Competitive Bidding Determine Best Value	autł tive	e board that considers a construction contract using a method norized by Government Code Chapter 2269 other than competi- bidding must, before advertising, determine which method pro- es the best value for the district.		
Publish Criteria	crite	e district shall base its selection among offerors on applicable eria listed for the particular method used. The district shall pub- in the request for proposals or qualifications:		
	1.	The criteria that will be used to evaluate the offerors;		

	2.	The applicable weighted value for each criterion; and				
	3.	A detailed methodology for scoring each criterion.				
Make Evaluations Public	mak	district shall document the basis of its selection and shall the the evaluations public not later than the seventh day after the the contract is awarded.				
	Gov	"t Code 2269.056				
Submission	•	A person who submits a bid, proposal, or qualification to a govern- mental entity shall seal it before delivery. <i>Gov't Code 2269.059</i>				
Documents Related to Evaluation and Ranking	An offeror who submits a bid, proposal, or response to a request for qualifications for a construction contract under Government Code Chapter 2269 may, after the contract is awarded, make a re- quest in writing to the district to provide documents related to the evaluation of the offeror's submission.					
	distr eval	Not later than the 30th day after the date a request is made, the district shall deliver to the offeror the documents relating to the evaluation of the submission including, if applicable, its ranking of the submission.				
	Gov	't Code 2269.060				
Uniform General Conditions for Contracts	After reviewing the uniform general conditions adopted by the Texas Facilities Commission under Government Code 2166.302, a school district may adopt uniform general conditions to be incorporated in all district building construction contracts. <i>Education Code 44.035</i>					
Right to Work	trac	le engaged in procuring goods or services, awarding a con- t, or overseeing procurement or construction for a public work ublic improvement under Government Code Chapter 2269, a ict:				
	1.	May not consider whether a person is a member of or has an- other relationship with any organization; and				
	2.	Shall ensure that its bid specifications and any subsequent contract or other agreement do not deny or diminish the right of a person to work because of the person's membership or other relationship status with respect to an organization.				
	Gov	"t Code 2269.054				
Collective Bargaining		strict awarding a public work contract funded with state money, uding the issuance of debt guaranteed by the state, may not:				

	oi tra	rohibit, require, discourage, or encourage a person bidding In the public work contract, including a contractor or subcon- actor, from entering into or adhering to an agreement with a pollective bargaining organization relating to the project; or	
	th so	iscriminate against a person described by item 1 based on e person's involvement in the agreement, including the per- on's status or lack of status as a party to the agreement or illingness or refusal to enter into the agreement.	
	Gov't C	Code 2269.0541(a)	
Out-of-State Bidders	For leg	al requirements regarding out-of-state bidders, see CH.	
Change Orders	mance crease ment, o orders	ange in plans or specifications is necessary after the perfor- of a contract is begun or if it is necessary to decrease or in- the quantity of work to be performed or of materials, equip- or supplies to be furnished, the district may approve change making the changes. The district may grant general author- n administrative official to approve the change orders.	
	change for that	al contract price may not be increased because of the es unless additional money for increased costs is approved purpose from available money or is provided for by the au- tion of the issuance of time warrants.	
	not be contrac crease subsec	act with an original contract price of \$1 million or more may increased by more than 25 percent. If a change order for a ct with an original contract price of less than \$1 million in- s the contract amount to \$1 million or more, the total of the uent change orders may not increase the revised contract t by more than 25 percent of the original contract price.	
	Educat	tion Code 44.0411	
Inspection, Verification, and Testing	Independently of the contractor, construction manager-at-risk, or design-build firm, a district shall provide or contract for the con- struction materials engineering, testing, and inspection services and the verification testing services necessary for acceptance of the facility by the district. The district shall select the services for which it contracts in accordance with Government Code 2254.004. <i>Gov't Code 2269.058</i>		
	Note:	For additional requirements related to code compliance, including fees and contracts, see 19 Administrative Code 61.1040(e)(5).	
Impact Fees		ct is not required to pay impact fees imposed under Local Iment Code Chapter 395 unless the board consents to the	
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	sior boa	i that rd coi	impo: nside	e fees by entering a contract with the political subdivi- ses the fees. The contract may contain terms the rs advisable to provide for the payment of the fees. ode 395.022
Design Professionals	des con coo fess	ign pr tractu rdinat sional	ofess ally e te the to rel	designate one design professional to be the prime sional for a capital improvement project and shall engage the prime design professional to review and design of the project, allowing the prime design pro- ly on and contract for other design professionals riate. 19 TAC 61.1040(a)(4), (e)(4)(D)
	gag sigr prof lect [Sec	ed to profe essio on pr e Proe	procu ession nal de ocese curing	require any design professional contractually en- ure professional design services from any other de- nal as a subconsultant to select and subcontract the esign services based on the qualification-based se- s established in Government Code Chapter 2254. g Architectural or Engineering Services, below] 19 e)(5)(B)
Architects and Engineers	der	Gove	rnme	engineer required to be selected or designated un- nt Code Chapter 2269 has full responsibility for com- cupations Code Chapter 1051 or 1001, as applica-
	emp gine as p	oloyee er on provid	e of th i the l ed by	or designated architect or engineer is not a full-time ne district, the district shall select the architect or en- basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications or Government Code 2254.004 [see Procuring Profes- s, below].
	Gov	rt Co	de 22	69.057
Registered Architect	An architectural plan or specification for any of the following m be prepared only by an architect:			
	1.		ew bu is to	ilding having construction costs exceeding \$100,000 be:
		a.	Con	structed and owned by a district; and
		b.	Use	d for education, assembly, or office occupancy; or
	2.		altera ,000 t	tion or addition having construction costs exceeding that:
		a.	ls to	be made to an existing building that:
			(1)	Is owned by a district; and
			(2)	Is or will be used for education, assembly, or office occupancy; and
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	I	b. Requires the removal, relocation, or addition of a wall or partition or the alteration or addition of an exit.					
	tractir siona Desig scope practi	This provision does not prohibit an owner of a building from con- tracting with an architect or engineer as the prime design profes- sional for a building construction, alteration, or addition project. Designation as the prime design professional does not expand the scope of practice of an architect or engineer beyond the scope of practice that the architect or engineer is authorized to practice un- der Occupations Code Chapter 1001 or 1051.					
	Occu	Occupations Code 1051.703; 22 TAC 1.212					
Registered Engineer		A district may not construct a public work involving engineering in which the public health, welfare, or safety is involved, unless:					
		The engineering plans, specifications, and estimates have been prepared by an engineer; and					
		The engineering construction is to be performed under the di- rect supervision of an engineer.					
	Occu	Occupations Code 1001.407					
		The following work is exempt from Occupations Code Chapter 1001 (Texas Engineering Practice Act):					
	i	A public work that involves electrical or mechanical engineer- ing, if the contemplated expense for the completed project is \$8,000 or less; or					
	(A public work that does not involve electrical or mechanical engineering, if the contemplated expense for the completed project is \$20,000 or less.					
	Occu	Occupations Code 1001.053					
Certification for Purchases Through Purchasing	lated Gove	rict may not enter into a contract to purchase construction-re- goods or services through a purchasing cooperative under rnment Code Chapter 791 in an amount greater than \$50,000 s a person designated by the district certifies in writing that:					
Cooperatives	, I	The project for which the construction-related goods or ser- vices are being procured does not require the preparation of plans and specifications under Occupation Code Chapter 1001 or 1051; or					
		The plans and specifications required under Occupation Code Chapters 1001 and 1051 have been prepared.					

	"Purchasing cooperative" means a group purchasing organization that governmental entities join as members and the managing en- tity of which receives fees from members or vendors.				
	<i>Gov't Code 791.011(j)</i> [See CH for more information on interlocal contracts and purchasing cooperatives.]				
Procuring Architectural or Engineering Services	Education Code 44.031 does not apply to a contract for profes- sional services rendered, including the services of an architect. <i>Ed-ucation Code 44.031(f)</i> [See CH for information on the Professional Services Procurement Act generally.]				
	In procuring architectural, engineering, or land-surveying services, a district shall:				
	 First select the most highly qualified provider on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications; and 				
	2. Then attempt to negotiate with that provider a contract at a fair and reasonable price.				
	If a satisfactory contract cannot be negotiated with the most highly qualified provider of architectural, engineering, or land-surveying services, a district shall formally end negotiations with that pro- vider, select the next most highly qualified provider, and attempt to negotiate a contract with that provider at a fair and reasonable price. The district shall continue this process to select and negoti- ate with providers until a contract is entered into.				
	Gov't Code 2254.004				
	An interlocal contract between a district and a purchasing coopera- tive may not be used to purchase engineering or architectural ser- vices. <i>Gov't Code 791.011(h)</i>				
Contracts for Engineering or Architectural Services <i>Indemnification</i>	A covenant or promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a con- tract for engineering or architectural services to which a district is a party is void and unenforceable if the covenant or promise provides that a licensed engineer or registered architect whose work product is the subject of the contract must indemnify or hold harmless the district against liability for damage, other than liability for damage to the extent that the damage is caused by or results from an act of negligence, intentional tort, intellectual property infringement, or failure to pay a subcontractor or supplier committed by the indem- nitor or the indemnitor's agent, consultant under contract, or an- other entity over which the indemnitor exercises control.				
Duty to Defend	Except as provided below, a covenant or promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a contract for engineering or architectural services to which a district is a party is void and unenforceable if the				

	covenant or promise provides that a licensed engineer or regis- tered architect whose work product is the subject of the contract must defend a party, including a third party, against a claim based wholly or partly on the negligence of, fault of, or breach of contract by the district, the district's agent, the district's employee, or other entity, excluding the engineer or architect or that person's agent, employee, or subconsultant, over which the district exercises con- trol. A covenant or promise may provide for the reimbursement of a district's reasonable attorney's fees in proportion to the engineer's or architect's liability.				
District as Additional Insured	A district may require in a contract for engineering or architectural services to which the district is a party that the engineer or archi- tect name the district as an additional insured under the engineer's or architect's general liability insurance policy and provide any de- fense provided by the policy.				
Standard of Care	A contract for engineering or architectural services to which a dis- trict is a party must require a licensed engineer or registered archi- tect to perform services:				
	 With the professional skill and care ordinarily provided by competent engineers or architects practicing under the same or similar circumstances and professional license; and 				
	2. As expeditiously as is prudent considering the ordinary pro- fessional skill and care of a competent engineer or architect.				
	In a contract for engineering or architectural services to which a district is a party, a provision establishing a different standard of care than a standard described above is void and unenforceable. If a contract contains a void and unenforceable provision, the standard of care described above applies.				
	Nothing in these provisions prohibits a district in a contract for engi- neering or architectural services to which the district is a party from including and enforcing conditions that relate to the scope, fees, and schedule of a project in the contract.				
	Local Gov't Code 271.904				
Payment and Performance Bonds	A district that makes a public work contract with a prime contractor shall require the contractor, before beginning the work, to execute to the district:				
	 A performance bond if the contract is in excess of \$100,000; and 				
	2. A payment bond if the contract is in excess of \$25,000.				

	A bond required by this provision must be executed by a corporate surety in accordance with Insurance Code Article 7.19-1 (now Insurance Code 3503.001–.005). A bond for a public work contract with a district must be payable to and its form must be approved by the awarding board.							
	Gov	Gov't Code 2253.021(a), (d)–(e)						
	The performance bond is solely for the protection of the district awarding the public work contract, in the amount of the contract, and conditioned on the faithful performance of the work in accordance with the plans, specifications, and contract documents. <i>Gov't Code 2253.021(b)</i>							
	The payment bond is solely for the protection and use of payment bond beneficiaries who have a direct contractual relationship with the prime contractor or a subcontractor to supply public work labor or material, and in the amount of the contract. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2253.021(c)							
Failure to Obtain Payment Bond		district fails to obtain from a prime contractor a payment bond equired above:						
	1.	The district is subject to the same liability that a surety would have if the surety had issued a payment bond and if the district had obtained the bond; and						
	2.	A payment bond beneficiary is entitled to a lien on money due to the prime contractor in the same manner and to the same extent as if the public work contract were subject to Property Code Chapter 53, Subchapter J (Lien on Money Due Public Works Contractor).						
	Gov	't Code 2253.027(a)						
Bond for Insured Loss	A district shall ensure that an insurance company that is fulfilling its obligation under a contract of insurance by arranging for the re- placement of a loss, rather than by making a cash payment directly to the district, furnishes or has furnished by a contractor:							
	1.	A performance bond as described above for the benefit of a district; and						
	2.	A payment bond, as described above for the benefit of the beneficiaries described above.						
	sam	e payment bond is not furnished, the district is subject to the le liability that a surety would have if the surety had issued the ment bond and the district had required the bond to be pro- d.						

	The bonds required to be furnished by the provisions above shall be furnished before the contractor begins work. It is an implied obli- gation under a contract of insurance for the insurance company to furnish these bonds.				
Exception to Bond Requirement	These provisions do not apply to a district when a surety company is complying with an obligation under a bond that had been issued for the benefit of the district.				
	Gov't Code 2253.022				
Prevailing Wage on	"Worker" includes a laborer or mechanic. <i>Gov't Code 2258.001(3)</i>				
Public Works	A worker employed on a public work by or on behalf of a district shall be paid:				
	 Not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for work of a similar character in the locality in which the work is performed; and 				
	 Not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for legal holiday and overtime work. 				
	The requirements above do not apply to maintenance work. A worker is employed on a public work for purposes of this provision if the worker is employed by a contractor or subcontractor in the execution of a contract for public work with a district.				
	Gov't Code 2258.021				
	For a contract for a public work awarded by a district, the board shall determine the general prevailing rate of per diem wages in the district for each craft or type of worker needed to execute the contract and the prevailing rate for legal holiday and overtime work by:				
	 Conducting a survey of the wages received by classes of workers employed on projects of a character similar to the contract work in the district in which the public work is to be performed; or 				
	 Using the prevailing wage rate as determined by the U.S. Department of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. Section 276a et seq.), and its subsequent amendments. 				
	The board shall determine the general prevailing rate of per diem wages as a sum certain, expressed in dollars and cents. A board shall specify in the call for bids for the contract and in the contract itself the wage rates determined under these provisions. The				

	board's determination of the general prevailing rates of per diem wages is final.				
	Gov't Code 2258.022(a), (c)–(e)				
	Government Code 2258.022(b) applies to a public work located in a county bordering the United Mexican States or in a county adjacent to a county bordering the United Mexican States. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2258.022(b)				
Enforcement	A board awarding a contract, and an agent or officer of the board, shall:				
	 Take cognizance of complaints of all violations of Government Code Chapter 2258 committed in the execution of the con- tract; and 				
	2. Withhold money forfeited or required to be withheld under Government Code Chapter 2258 from the payments to the contractor under the contract, except that the board may not withhold money from other than the final payment without a determination by the board that there is good cause to believe that the contractor has violated Government Code Chapter 2258.				
	On receipt of information, including a complaint by a worker, con- cerning an alleged violation of Government Code 2258.023 [see Penalty for Noncompliance, below] by a contractor or subcontrac- tor, a board shall make an initial determination as to whether good cause exists to believe that the violation occurred. A board must make its determination before the 31st day after the date the board receives the information. A board shall notify in writing the contrac- tor or subcontractor and any affected worker of its initial determina- tion.				
	Gov't Code 2258.051–.052(a)–(c)				
Retainage and Reimbursement	A board shall retain any amount due under the contract pending a final determination of the violation. <i>Gov't Code 2258.052(d)</i>				
	<i>Note:</i> Arbitration of unresolved issues is governed by Government Code 2258.053–.055.				
	A board shall use any amounts retained under Government Code Chapter 2258 to pay the worker the difference between the amount the worker received in wages for labor on the public work at the rate paid by the contractor or subcontractor and the amount the worker would have received at the general prevailing rate as pro- vided in the arbitrator's award. The board may adopt rules, orders,				

	or ordinances relating to the manner in which the reimbursement is made. <i>Gov't Code 2258.056(a)–(b)</i>			
Penalty for Noncompliance	The contractor who is awarded a contract by a district or a subcon- tractor of the contractor shall pay not less than the rates deter- mined under these provisions to a worker employed by it in the ex- ecution of the contract. A contractor or subcontractor who violates this provision shall pay to the district on whose behalf the contract is made, \$60 for each worker employed for each calendar day or part of the day that the worker is paid less than the wage rates stip- ulated in the contract. A board awarding a contract shall specify this penalty in the contract. A contractor or subcontractor does not violate this section if a board awarding a contract does not deter- mine the prevailing wage rates and specify the rates in the contract as required by these provisions. The board shall use any money collected under this provision to offset the costs incurred in the ad- ministration of Government Code Chapter 2258. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>2258.023</i>			
Criminal Offense	An officer, agent, or representative of a district commits an offense if the person willfully violates or does not comply with a provision of Government Code 2258. <i>Gov't Code 2258.058(a)</i>			
Required Workers' Compensation Coverage	A district shall ensure a contract for construction services required to be procured by a method in Government Code Chapter 2269 specifies the contractor's responsibilities for site safety and re- quires compliance with the requirement to provide workers' com- pensation insurance in accordance with Labor Code 406.096, be- low. 19 TAC 61.1040(e)(3)(D)			
	A district that enters into a building or construction contract shall re- quire the contractor to certify in writing that the contractor provides workers' compensation insurance coverage for each employee of the contractor employed on the public project. Each subcontractor shall provide such a certificate relating to coverage of the subcon- tractor's employees to the general contractor, who shall provide the subcontractor's certificate to the district. <i>Labor Code 406.096(a)–</i> <i>(b)</i>			
	A district that enters into a building or construction contract on a project shall:			
	 Include in the bid specifications all the duties and responsibili- ties of contractors pertaining to required workers' compensa- tion coverage, using the language required by 28 Administra- tive Code 110.110(c)(7). 			

	2.	mini form work	part of the contract, using the language required by 28 Ad- strative Code 110.110(c)(7), require the contractor to per- the duties and responsibilities pertaining to required kers' compensation coverage as set out in 28 Administra- Code 110.110(d).
	pe		ain from the contractor a certificate of coverage for each on providing services on the project, prior to that person nning work on the project.
	4.		ain from the contractor a new certificate of coverage wing extension of coverage:
		a.	Before the end of the current coverage period, if the con- tractor's current certificate shows that the coverage pe- riod ends during the duration of the project; and
		b.	No later than seven days after the expiration of the cov- erage for each other person providing services on the project whose current certificate shows that the cover- age period ends during the duration of the project.
	5.		ain certificates of coverage on file for the duration of the ect and for three years thereafter.
	6.	part	vide a copy of the certificate of coverage to the Texas De- ment of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation n request and to any person entitled to a copy by law.
	7.	110. addi mod	the language contained in 28 Administrative Code 110(c)(7) for bid specifications and contracts, without any tional words or changes, except those required to accom- late the specific document in which they are contained or pose stricter standards of documentation.
	28 7	TAC 1	10.110(c)
Exception	ners Cod	s, and e 406	erage requirement does not apply to sole proprietors, part- corporate officers who meet the requirements of Labor 5.097(c), and who are explicitly excluded from coverage in ce with Labor Code 406.097(a). <i>28 TAC 110.110(i)</i>
Definitions	entit dert son whe to in mote	ies po aken contr ther t depe or car	providing services on the project" includes all persons or erforming all or part of the services the contractor has un- to perform on the project, regardless of whether that per- acted directly with the contractor and regardless of hat person has employees. This includes but is not limited ndent contractors, subcontractors, leasing companies, riers, owner-operators, employees of any such entity, or es of any entity furnishing persons to perform services on

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	ing, porta inclu venc <i>TAC</i>	project. "Services" includes but is not limited to providing, haul- or delivering equipment or materials, or providing labor, trans- ation, or other service related to a project. "Services" does not ide activities unrelated to the project, such as food/beverage dors, office supply deliveries, and delivery of portable toilets. 28 $\pm 110.110(a)(7)$ ject" includes the provision of all services related to a building			
		onstruction contract for a district. 28 TAC 110.110(a)(8)			
Criminal Offenses		information on criminal offenses for violations of Education e 44.031, see CH.			
Enforcement Actions	tion day	ernment Code Chapter 2269 may be enforced through an ac- for declaratory or injunctive relief filed not later than the 15th after the date on which the contract is awarded. <i>Gov't Code</i> 9.452			
Defects in Facilities	fecti trict writt ceip tion cour the a prov	district that brings an action for recovery of damages for the de- active design, construction, renovation, or improvement of a dis- rict facility financed by bonds shall provide the commissioner with written notice of the action by registered or certified mail, return re- eipt requested, not later than the 30th day after the date the ac- on is filed. If the district fails to comply with this provision, the ourt or an arbitrator or other adjudicating authority shall dismiss the action without prejudice. The dismissal of an action under this provision extends the statute of limitations on the action for a pe- tiod of 90 days.			
	of th	notice must include a copy of the petition and an itemized list e defects in the design, construction, renovation, or improve- t for which the district is seeking damages under the action.			
	In an action involving an instructional facility financed by bonds for which the district receives state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A (Instructional Facilities Allotment), the commissioner may join in the action on behalf of the state to pro- tect the state's share in the action.				
	A district that brings an action under these provisions shall use the net proceeds from the action for:				
	1.	The repair of the defective design, construction, renovation, or improvement of the facility on which the action is brought, in- cluding the repair of any ancillary damage to furniture and fix- tures;			
	2.	The replacement of the facility on which the action is brought;			

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3. The reimbursement of the district for a repair or replacement; or 4. Any other purpose with written approval from the commissioner. Education Code 46.008 applies to the repair. A district shall provide to the commissioner an itemized accounting of any repairs made. The state's share resulting from an action brought under these provisions involving an instructional facility financed by bonds for which the school district receives state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A is state property. The district shall send to the comptroller any portion of the state's share not used by the district to repair the defective design, construction, renovation, or improvement of the instructional facility on which the action is brought or to replace the facility. Education Code 48.272 applies to the state's share. Definitions "Net proceeds" means the difference between the amount recovered by or on behalf of a school district in an action, by settlement or otherwise, and the legal fees and litigation costs incurred by the district in prosecuting the action. "State's share" means an amount equal to the district's net proceeds from the recovery multiplied by a percentage determined by dividing the amount of state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A used to pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued in connection with the instructional facility that is the subject of the action by the total amount of principal and interest paid on the bonds as of the date of the judgment or settlement. Education Code 44.151 Attorney General If the attorney general believes that a district has violated or is vio-Enforcement lating Education Code 44.151(d), (e), or (f) (use of proceeds, accounting, and the state's share), the attorney general may, after providing at least two weeks' notice to the district, bring an action on behalf of the state to enjoin the district from violating those sections. In such an action, the attorney general may request and the court may order any other appropriate relief that is in the public interest, including payment of: 1. A civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$20,000 for each violation: 2. The attorney general's reasonable costs for investigating and prosecuting the violation; or

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	3. If applicable, the amount of the state's share.						
	Education Code 44.152(a)–(b)						
Attorney Fees	A governmental contract may not provide for the award of attor- ney's fees to a district in a dispute in which the district prevails un- less the contract provides for the award of attorney's fees to each other party to the contract if that party prevails in the dispute.						
	"Governmental contract" means a contract awarded by a govern- mental entity for general construction, an improvement, a service, or a public works project or for a purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment.						
	Gov't Code 2252.904						
Construction Liability Claims	To assert a claim against a contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional for damages arising from damage to or loss of real or personal property caused by an alleged construction defect in an improvement to real property that is a public building or public work in which the district has an interest, the district must comply with Government Code Chapter 2272. <i>Gov't Code 2272.002(a)</i>						

Employment Policies	A board shall adopt a policy providing for the employment and d ties of district personnel. The policy shall provide that:		
	1.	A board employs and evaluates the superintendent;	
	2.	A superintendent has sole authority to make recommenda- tions to a board regarding the selection of all personnel, ex- cept that the board may delegate final authority for those deci- sions to the superintendent [see Superintendent Recommendation, below];	
	3.	Each principal must approve each teacher or staff appoint- ment to the principal's campus as provided by Education Code 11.202 [see DK and DP];	
	4.	Notice will be provided of vacant positions [see Posting of Vacancies, below]; and	
	5.	Each employee has the right to present grievances to the board. [See Grievances, below]	
	Edu	cation Code 11.1513	
Tax Identifier	num	ard shall adopt a policy prohibiting the use of social security bers as employee identifiers other than for tax purposes [see al Security Numbers, below]. <i>Education Code 11.1514</i> [See]	
Contract Positions	emp such	ard shall establish a policy designating specific positions of loyment, or categories of positions based on considerations as length of service, to which continuing contracts or term racts apply. <i>Education Code 21.002(c)</i> [See DCB and DCC]	
Delegation of Authority	ployi mine	strict's employment policy may specify the terms of district em- ment or delegate to the superintendent the authority to deter- e the terms of employment with the district. <i>Education Code</i> <i>513(c)</i> [For nepotism implications, see BBFB and DBE]	
Availability	site, Code	strict shall post on its internet website, if the district has a web- the employment policy adopted by the board under Education e 11.1513(a) and the full text of any regulations referenced in policy.	
	men and office	strict shall make available any forms referenced in its employ- t policy on an intranet website that is maintained by the district accessible to district employees, or at a district administrative e designated by the district if the district does not maintain an net website.	
	Edu	cation Code 11.1513(k)	

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EMPLOYMENT PRACTION	CES			DC (LEGAL)
Internal Auditor	If a district employs an internal auditor, the board shall select the internal auditor and the internal auditor shall report directly to the board. <i>Education Code 11.170</i> [See CFC]			
Superintendent Recommendation	rega boar mee ing, or 5 omn men	arding rd's a eting, or in 51.12 nendatio	the s iccep in the the re 7, as ation,	accept or reject a superintendent's recommendation selection of district personnel and shall include the tance or rejection in the minutes of the board's open e certified agenda or tape recording of a closed meet- ecording required under Government Code 551.125 applicable. If a board rejects a superintendent's rec- the superintendent shall make alternative recom- ntil the board accepts a recommendation. <i>Education</i> (<i>b</i>)
Posting of Vacancies	tentl posi Edu fects	h sch tion f catio s the	ool d or wh n Coo safet	ployment policy must provide that not later than the ay before the date on which a district fills a vacant sich a certificate or license is required as provided by de 21.003 [see DBA], other than a position that af- y and security of students as determined by the trict must provide to each current district employee:
	1.	Noti	ce of	the position by posting the position on:
		a.	Αbι	ulletin board at:
			(1)	A place convenient to the public in the district's cen- tral administrative office, and
			(2)	The central administrative office of each campus during any time the office is open; or
		b.		district's internet website, if the district has a web- ; and
	2.	A re	ason	able opportunity to apply for the position.
	Edu	catio	n Coo	de 11.1513(d)
Exception	by a less posi the the vide	teac than tion i vacar notice a rea	her, a ten s n the ncy o e for t	chool year, a district must fill a vacant position held as defined by Education Code 21.201 [see DCB], in school days, the district must provide notice of the manner described above as soon as possible after ccurs. However, a district is not required to provide ten school days before filling the position or to pro- able opportunity to apply for the position. <i>Education</i> (e)
Grievances	A district's employment policy must provide each employee with the right to present grievances to the board. The policy may not re- strict the ability of an employee to communicate directly with a member of the board regarding a matter relating to the operation of			
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		a district, except that the policy may prohibit ex parte communica- tion relating to:		
	1.	A hearing under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter E (Term Contracts) or F (Hearing Examiners); and		
	2.	Another appeal or hearing in which ex parte communication would be inappropriate pending a final decision by the board.		
	Edu	<i>cation Code 11.1513(i)–(j)</i> [See DGBA]		
Transfers	eacl a pr	strict's employment policy may include a provision for providing in current district employee with an opportunity to participate in ocess for transferring to another school in or position with the rict. <i>Education Code 11.1513(c)(3)</i> [See DK]		
Contract Employees	nurs uing a pe	strict shall employ each classroom teacher, principal, librarian, se, or school counselor under a probationary contract, a contin- contract, or a term contract. A district is not required to employ erson other than these listed employees under a probationary, tinuing, or term contract. <i>Education Code 21.002</i>		
Classroom Teacher	trict teac nolo	ssroom teacher" means an educator who is employed by a dis- and who, not less than an average of four hours each day, thes in an academic instructional setting or a career and tech- ogy instructional setting. The term does not include a teacher's e or a full-time administrator. <i>Education Code 5.001(2)</i>		
Minimum Length of Contract	mur mor	ontract between a district and an educator must be for a mini- n of ten months of service. An educator employed under a ten- nth contract must provide a minimum of 187 days of service. <i>cation Code 21.401(a), (b)</i>		
Proportionate Reduction	for s dem vice	district anticipates providing less than 180 days of instruction students during a school year, as indicated by the district's aca- nic calendar, the district may reduce the number of days of ser- proportionately. A reduction by the district does not reduce an cator's salary. <i>Education Code 21.401(c-1)</i>		
Commissioner Waiver	serv mer tion	commissioner of education may reduce the number of days of vice if disaster, flood, extreme weather conditions, fuel curtail- nt, or another calamity causes the closing of schools. A reduc- by the commissioner does not reduce an educator's salary. <i>Ed-</i> <i>tion Code 21.401(c), 25.081(b)</i>		
Educational Aides	tiona	bard shall establish a plan to encourage the hiring of educa- al aides who show a willingness to become certified teachers. <i>cation Code 54.363(f)</i>		

Employment of Retirees Monthly Certified Statement	(TR emp trict	S) a r oloyec shall	shall submit to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas nonthly certified statement of employment for all retirees I by the district during each month of a school year. A dis- inform TRS of changes in status of the district that affect ct's reporting responsibilities.
Deadline	quir (rela eacl enth the emp	ed en ating t h repo n day montl ployer	must submit the monthly certified statement and all re- ployer surcharges under 34 Administrative Code 31.3 o Return-to-Work Employer Pension Surcharges) for ort month from September through July before the elev- of the month following the applicable report month. For hly certified statement for the report month of August, the shall submit the monthly certified statement and all re- ployer surcharges before the seventh day of September.
	requ day, quir	uired (a dis	date for submission of a monthly certified statement and employer surcharges falls on a weekend or federal holi- trict shall submit the monthly certified statement and re- ployer surcharges on the last business day prior to the
Late Submissions	and inter lishe	all re rest a ed by	that fails to timely submit a monthly certified statement quired employer surcharges must also pay all applicable nd late fees. A district must pay to TRS the late fee estab- rule for each business day that the monthly certified t is past due.
Required Information	until mer	it is o nt mus	certified statement is not considered submitted to TRS completed. To be complete, the monthly certified state- st include all the following information regarding a retiree by the employer during the report month:
	1.	The	number of hours and days worked by the retiree;
	2.		ether the retiree's employment qualifies as one or more of following types:
		a.	Substitute employment;
		b.	One-half time or less employment;
		C.	Employment as a tutor under Education Code 33.913;
		d.	Employment in a federally funded COVID-19 personnel position that meets the requirements of Government Code 824.6021 and 34 Administrative Code 31.16 (relating to Federally Funded COVID-19 Personnel);
		e.	Full-time employment;

		f.	Trial employment of a disability retiree for up to three months; or				
		g.	Any combination of these types;				
	3.		amount of gross compensation paid to the retiree during eport month;				
	4.		total amount due under 34 Administrative Code 41.4 (re- g to Employer Health Benefit Surcharge); and				
	5.	Any	other information requested by TRS.				
	An administrator of a district who is responsible for filing the state- ment, and who knowingly fails to file the statement, commits an of- fense.						
	Gov't Code 824.6022, 825.403(k); 34 TAC 31.2						
Former Board Member Employment	distr	ict un	nember is prohibited from accepting employment with the till the first anniversary of the date the board member's hip on a board ends. <i>Education Code 11.063</i> [See BBC]				
New Hires I-9 Forms	A district shall ensure that an employee properly completes section 1—"Employee Information and Verification"—on Form I-9 at the time of hire.						
	A district must verify employment eligibility, pursuant to the Immi- gration Reform and Control Act, and complete Form I-9 by the fol- lowing dates:						
	1.	indiv busi of hi ual i has Whe com	in three business days of initial hiring. If a district hires an vidual for employment for a duration of less than three ness days, the district must verify employment at the time re. A district shall not be deemed to have hired an individ- f the individual is continuing in his or her employment and a reasonable expectation of employment at all times. en a district rehires an individual, the district may, in lieu of pleting a new I-9, inspect a previously completed I-9 exe- d within three years of the date of rehire, to determine ther the individual is still eligible to work.				
	2.		an individual whose employment authorization expires, ater than the date of expiration.				
	8 C.	F.R. 2	274a.2(b)(1)(ii), (iii), (vii), (viii)				
New Hire Reporting	Gen cial s shal	eral's secur l also	shall furnish to the Directory of New Hires (Texas Attorney Office) a report that contains the name, address, and so- ity number of each newly hired employee. The report contain a district's name, address, and employer identifi- mber.				
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	A district may also provide, at its option, the employee's date of hire, date of birth, expected salary or wages, and the district's pay- roll address for mailing of notice to withhold child support.				
	A district shall report new hire information on a Form W-4 or an equivalent form, by first class mail, telephonically, electronically, or by magnetic media, as determined by the district and in a format acceptable to the attorney general.				
Deadline	New hire reports are due:				
	1. Not later than 20 calendar days after the date a district hires the employee; or				
	 In the case of a district transmitting reports magnetically or electronically, by two monthly transmissions (if necessary) not less than 12 days nor more than 16 days apart. 				
	New hire reports shall be considered timely if postmarked by the due date or, if filed electronically, upon receipt by the agency.				
Penalties	A district that knowingly violates the new hire provisions may be lia- ble for a civil penalty, as set forth at Family Code 234.105.				
	42 U.S.C. 653a(b), (c); Family Code 234.101–.105; 1 TAC 55, Subch. I				
Donations for Supplemental Educational Staff	A district shall accept from a parent-teacher organization or association recognized by the district a donation designated to fund supplemental educational staff positions at a school campus and spend the donation accepted for the designated purpose at the direction of and within the time period specified by the school campus for which the donation was designated. This provision expires September 1, 2025. <i>Education Code 11.156(c), (d)</i>				
Social Security Numbers	A board shall adopt a policy prohibiting the use of the social secu- rity number of an employee of the district as an employee identifier other than for tax purposes. <i>Education Code 11.1514</i> [See DBA]				
Federal Law	A district shall not deny to any individual any right, benefit, or privi- lege provided by law because of the individual's refusal to disclose his or her social security number.				
Exceptions	The federal law does not apply to:				
	 Any disclosure that is required by federal statute. The United States Internal Revenue Code provides that the social secu- rity number issued to an individual for purposes of federal in- come tax laws shall be used as the identifying number for tax- payers; 				

	2.	Any disclosure to a district maintaining a system of records in existence and operating before January 1, 1975, if such dis- closure was required under statute or regulation adopted be- fore such date to verify the identity of an individual; or		
	3.	Any use for the purposes of establishing the identity of individ- uals affected by any tax, general public assistance, driver's li- cense, or motor vehicle registration law within a district's juris- diction.		
Statement of Uses	info tary	strict that requests disclosure of a social security number shall rm that individual whether the disclosure is mandatory or volun- , by what statutory authority such number is solicited, and what s will be made of it.		
		acy Act of 1974, Pub. L. No. 93-579, Sec. 7, 88 Stat. 1896, 7 (1974)		
Employment Assistance Prohibited Federal Law	A district that receives Title I funds shall have regulations or poli- cies that prohibit any individual who is a school employee, contrac- tor, or agent, or a district, from assisting a school employee in ob- taining a new job, apart from the routine transmission of administrative and personnel files, if the individual or district knows, or has probable cause to believe, that such school employee en- gaged in sexual misconduct regarding a minor or student in viola- tion of the law.			
	This requirement shall not apply if the information giving rise probable cause has been properly reported to a law enforced agency with jurisdiction over the alleged misconduct; and ha properly reported to any other authorities as required by fede state, or local law, including Title IX of the Education Amende of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) and the implementing regu under Part 106 of Title 34, Code of Federal Regulations, or a succeeding regulations; and:			
	1.	The matter has been officially closed or the prosecutor or po- lice with jurisdiction over the alleged misconduct has investi- gated the allegations and notified school officials that there is insufficient information to establish probable cause that the school employee engaged in sexual misconduct regarding a minor or student in violation of the law;		
	2.	The school employee has been charged with and acquitted or otherwise exonerated of the alleged misconduct; or		

	3.	The case or investigation remains open and there have been no charges filed against, or indictment of, the school em- ployee within four years of the date on which the information was reported to a law enforcement agency.			
	<i>20 U.S.C</i> 7926 [See also CJ]				
State Law	SBEC may suspend or revoke a certificate, impose other sanction against the person, or refuse to issue a certificate to the person if:				
	1.	The person assists another person in obtaining employment at a school district, private school, or open-enrollment charter school, other than by the routine transmission of administra- tive and personnel files; and			
	2.	The person knew that the other person has previously en- gaged in sexual misconduct with a minor or student in viola- tion of the law.			
	The commissioner may require a school district to revoke or de- cline to issue a school district teaching permit under Education Code 21.055 issued to or requested by a person subject to SBEC action above.				
	Edu	cation Code 21.0581; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(13)			

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COMPENSATION PLAN INCENTIVES AND STIP	ENDS	DEAA (LEGAL)	
Incentive Grants— Contract Provision	A district shall provide in employment contracts that qualifying em- ployees may receive an incentive payment under an awards pro- gram established under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter O (Educator Excellence Award Program and Educator Excellence Innovation Program) if the district participates in the program. A district shall indicate that any incentive payment distributed is con- sidered a payment for performance and not an entitlement as part of an employee's salary. <i>Education Code 21.415</i>		
Educator Excellence Innovation Program	The Educator Excellence Innovation Program (EEIP) is a grant program under which a district may receive a competitive grant for the purposes of systematically transforming educator quality and effectiveness. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) will give priority to districts that receive Title I funding and have at a majority of dis- trict campuses a student enrollment that is at least 50 percent edu- cationally disadvantaged.		
Eligibility	A dis	strict is eligible to apply for EEIP grant funds if the district:	
	1.	Completes and submits a Notice of Intent to Apply to TEA by the date established by the commissioner of education;	
	2.	Complies with all assurances in the Notice of Intent to Apply and grant application;	
	3.	Participates in the required technical assistance activities es- tablished by the commissioner, including establishing leader- ship teams, master teachers, mentor teachers, and instruc- tional coaches and developing career pathways;	
	4.	Agrees to participate for four years; and	
	5.	Complies with any other activities set forth in the program re- quirements.	
	by th lines The	ligible district must submit an application in a form prescribed the commissioner. Each eligible applicant must meet all dead- the, requirements, and assurances specified in the application. commissioner may waive any eligibility requirements as speci- in 19 Administrative Code 102.1073.	
Local Plan	mit a cato	ligible district that intends to participate in the EEIP shall sub- a local educator excellence innovation plan to TEA. A local edu- r excellence innovation plan must address the elements at dministrative Code 102.1073(e)(2).	
	(LOC	strict must act pursuant to its local board policy [see DEAA CAL)] for submitting a local educator excellence innovation and grant application to TEA. A local decision to approve and	

	submit a plan and grant application may not be appealed to the commissioner.					
	A district may renew its local educator excellence innovation plan for three consecutive school years without resubmitting a full grant application to TEA. With TEA approval, a district may amend its lo- cal plan in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 102.1073(c) and (h) for each school year the district receives a program grant.					
Use of Grant Funds	grai the	A district may use grant funds only to carry out purposes of the pro- gram as described at Education Code 21.7011, in accordance with the district's local plan, which may include the following specific methods or procedures:				
	1.	Implementation and administration of a high-quality mento program for teachers in the first three years of classroom teaching using mentors who meet the qualifications pre- scribed by Education Code 21.458 [see Mentor Teachers, low];				
	2.		lementation of a teacher evaluation system using multiple asures that include:			
		a.	The results of classroom observation, which may include student comments;			
		b.	The degree of student educational growth and learning; and			
		C.	The results of teacher self-evaluation;			
	3.	Sub to p	he extent permitted under Education Code Chapter 25, ochapter C, restructuring of the school day or school year rovide for embedded and collaborative learning communi- for the purpose of professional development [see EC];			
	4.		ablishment of an alternative teacher compensation or re- ion system; and			
	5.	Imp ove	lementation of incentives designed to reduce teacher turn- r.			
Waiver Request	A district may apply to the commissioner in writing for a waiver to exempt the district or one or more district campuses from one or more of the statutory sections listed at Education Code 21.7061(a).					
	The	appl	ication for the waiver must demonstrate:			
	1.		y waiving the identified section of the Education Code is essary to carry out the purposes of the program;			

	2.	Approval for the waiver by a vote of a majority of the mem- bers of the board;	
	3.	Approval for the waiver by a vote of a majority of the educa- tors employed at each campus for which the waiver is sought; and	
	4.	Evidence that the voting occurred during the school year and in a manner that ensured that all educators entitled to vote had a reasonable opportunity to participate in the voting.	
	Neither the board nor the superintendent may compel a waiver of rights under Education Code 21.7061.		
	subn whet pires pose	ater than April 1 of the year in which the waiver application is nitted, the commissioner shall notify the district in writing her the application has been granted or denied. A waiver ex- when the waiver is no longer necessary to carry out the pur- es of the program, in accordance with the district's local educa- xcellence innovation plan.	
	Educ	cation Code Ch. 21, Subch. O; 19 TAC 102.1073	
Local Optional Teacher Designation System	plary sults	trict may designate a classroom teacher as a master, exem- , or recognized teacher for a five-year period based on the re- from single year or multiyear appraisals [see DNA]. <i>Education</i> <i>e 21.3521(a)</i>	
Commissioner's Rules		commissioner's rules specify the requirements for districts to ement local teacher designation systems, including:	
	1.	Teacher eligibility;	
	2.	Application procedures and approval process;	
	3.	System expansion, spending modifications, and changes;	
	4.	Monitoring and annual program evaluation of approved local designation systems;	
	5.	Continuing approval and renewal; and	
	6.	Funding.	
	19 T.	AC 150.1012	
Standards		commissioner's rules establish performance and validity dards for each local optional teacher designation system that:	
	1.	Must provide a mathematical possibility that all teachers eligible for a designation may earn the designation; and	

	ado	y not require a district to use an assessment instrument opted under Education Code 39.023 to evaluate teacher formance.
	Educatio	on Code 21.3521(b); 19 TAC 150.1014
	sued by may be	com teacher that holds a National Board Certification is- the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards designated as recognized in accordance with the commis- rules for eligibility. <i>Education Code 21.3521(c); 19 TAC</i> 3
Assistance	that requ designat	Il develop and provide technical assistance for districts uest assistance in implementing a local optional teacher tion system, including assistance in prioritizing high needs es. <i>Education Code 21.3521(e)</i>
No Property Right	signed u teacher tion was does not	er has no vested property right in a teacher designation as- inder a local optional teacher designation system. A designation is void in the determination that the designa- issued improperly, and the Administrative Procedure Act t apply to the voiding of a local optional teacher designa- ucation Code 21.3521(f)
Teacher Incentive Allotment	tion, a d	n classroom teacher with a local optional teacher designa- istrict is entitled to an allotment, adjusted by high needs I factors, as determined under Education Code 48.112.
	A district	shall annually certify that:
	1. Fur	nds received were used as follows:
	a.	At least 90 percent was used for the compensation of teachers employed at the campus at which the teacher for whom the district received the allotment is employed; and
	b.	Any other funds were used for costs associated with im- plementing the local optional teacher designation sys- tem, including efforts to support teachers in obtaining designations; and
		e district prioritized high needs campuses in the district in ng funds.
	Educatio	on Code 48.112(c), (i)
Evaluations	the local centive a	Il periodically conduct evaluations of the effectiveness of optional teacher designation systems and the teacher in- allotment and report the results of the evaluations to the re. A district that has implemented a local optional teacher

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COMPENSATION PLANDINCENTIVES AND STIPENDS(LEC			
	allo	ignation system or received funds under the teacher incentive tment shall participate in the evaluations. <i>Education Code</i> 3521(g)	
Mentor Teachers	A district may assign a mentor teacher to each classroom teacher who has less than two years of teaching experience in the subject or grade level to which the teacher is assigned. A teacher assigned as a mentor must:		
	1.	To the extent practicable, teach in the same school;	
	2.	To the extent practicable, teach the same subject or grade level, as applicable; and	
	3.	Meet the qualifications prescribed by commissioner's rules.	
	Edu	cation Code 21.458(a)	
Commissioner's Rules	The commissioner's rules for receiving funds under the mentor pro- gram allotment specify the requirements for districts to implement a mentor training program, including:		
	1.	Program requirements related to mentor selection, mentor as- signment, training, roles and responsibilities, and meetings;	
	2.	An application approval process;	
	3.	Ongoing verification of compliance with program require- ments;	
	4.	Allowable expenditures; and	
	5.	Program review through periodic reports.	
	19	TAC 153.1011	
Assignment of Mentor	mer beg teac agre	be assigned as a mentor, a teacher must agree to serve as a notor teacher for at least one school year. The assignment must in not later than the 30th day of employment of the classroom other to whom the mentor teacher is assigned. A district must be to assign a mentor to a new classroom teacher for at least school years. <i>Education Code 21.458(a-1)</i>	
Requirements for	The	commissioner's rules must require that a mentor teacher:	
Mentor	1.	Complete a research-based mentor and induction training program approved by the commissioner;	
	2.	Complete a mentor training program provided by the district, which the district may allow to be satisfied by completing the commissioner's research-based mentor and induction training program above;	

	3.	Have at least three complete years of teaching experience with a superior record of assisting students, as a whole, in achieving improvement in student performance; and
	4.	Demonstrate interpersonal skills, instructional effectiveness, and leadership skills.
	Edu	cation Code 21.458(b)
Training	men ees room base trict's men begi men scho	strict must provide the training program described above to tor teachers and any appropriate district and campus employ- who work with the classroom teacher or supervise the class- in teacher. A district may allow the commissioner's research- ed mentor and induction training program to qualify for the dis- s required training. The training must be completed by the tor teacher and the district and campus employees before the nning of the school year. A district shall also provide supple- tal training to mentor teachers and employees during the bol year. The training must include content related to best men- nip practices. <i>Education Code 21.458(b-1)</i>
Mentoring Sessions	A mentor teacher must meet with each classroom teacher as- signed to the mentor not less than 12 hours each semester. Obser- vations of the mentor by the classroom teacher being mentored or of the classroom teacher being mentored by the mentor may count toward the 12 hours of meeting time required for the semester.	
		ss the district has created a mentoring curriculum as provided w, the mentoring sessions must address the following topics:
	1.	Orientation to the context, policies, and practices of the school district;
	2.	Data-driven instructional practices;
	3.	Specific instructional coaching cycles, including coaching re- garding conferences between parents and the classroom teacher;
	4.	Professional development; and
	5.	Professional expectations.
	dres	ect to approval by TEA, in determining the topics to be ad- sed in the mentoring sessions, a school district may create an opriate curriculum that meets the district needs.
	A dis	strict must:
	1.	Designate a specific time during the regularly contracted school day for meetings between mentor teachers and class-room teachers assigned to a mentor; and
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	2.	Schedule release time or a reduced teaching load for mentor teachers and classroom teachers under this section to facili- tate mentoring activities, including classroom observations or participation in supportive coaching.
	Edu	cation Code 21.458(f), (f-1)
Allotment	tled pend	hool district that has implemented a mentoring program is enti- to an allotment to fund the mentoring program and provide sti- ds for mentor teachers under a formula adopted by the com- sioner.
	Fun	ding may be used only for providing:
	1.	Mentor teacher stipends;
	2.	Scheduled release time for mentor teachers and the class- room teachers to whom they are assigned for meeting and engaging in mentoring activities; and
	3.	Mentoring support through providers of mentor training.
	Edu	cation Code 48.114
Achievement Academy Stipends	mati whe	pend received by a teacher who attends a literacy or mathe- cs achievement academy is not considered in determining ther a district is paying the teacher the minimum monthly sal- under Education Code 21.402. <i>Education Code 21.4552(d)</i> , 53(d)
	post Edu distr mon	pend received by a school counselor or teacher who attends a secondary education and career counseling academy under cation Code 33.009 is not considered in determining whether a ict is paying the school counselor or teacher the minimum thly salary under Education Code 21.402. <i>Education Code</i> 109(h)
Autism Training	a tea serv cide	strict may provide a salary incentive or similar compensation to acher who completes training provided by a regional education ice center (ESC) relating to autism. A school district that de- s to provide an incentive or compensation shall adopt a policy applement this section. <i>Education Code 21.465</i>
Retirement Incentives	an e	strict may not offer or provide a financial or other incentive to mployee to encourage the employee to retire from the Teacher rement System of Texas. <i>Education Code 22.007</i>
Attendance Supplement	pens ance serv plac	strict shall not deny an educator a salary bonus or similar com- sation given in whole or in part on the basis of educator attend- because of the educator's absence from school for ob- ance of a religious holy day observed by a religion whose es of worship are exempt from property taxation under Tax e 11.20. <i>Education Code 21.406</i>
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	Note	This policy addresses leave for an employee's military service. For provisions on leaves in general, see DEC. For provisions regarding the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), including family and medical leave for an employee seeking leave because of a relative's military service, see DECA.		
Federal Military Leave Reemployment	Any person who is absent from a position of employment by rea- son of voluntary or involuntary service in the uniformed services shall be entitled to certain reemployment rights and benefits under the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 (USERRA), 38 U.S.C. 4301–4335, and its regulations at 20 C.F.R. Part 1002 if:			
		Unless notice is precluded by military necessity or is other- wise unreasonable or impossible, the person, or an appropri- ate officer of the uniformed service in which such service is performed, has given advance written or verbal notice of such service to such person's employer;		
		The cumulative length of the absence and of all previous ab- sences from a position of employment with that employer by reason of service in the uniformed services does not exceed five years, calculated in accordance with 38 U.S.C. 4312(c); and		
		The person reports to or submits an application for reemploy- ment to such employer in accordance with the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 4312(e) and (f) and 20 C.F.R. Part 1002, Subpart C.		
	38 U.	S.C. 4312(a)–(c); 20 C.F.R. 1002.5(1)		
	vices Air N tive d sione ficer (NOA cue F servie and E	urposes of federal military leave, the term "uniformed ser- " means the Armed Forces; the Army National Guard and the ational Guard when engaged in active duty for training, inac- luty training, or full-time National Guard duty; the commis- ed corps of the Public Health Services; the commissioned of- corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (A); system members of the National Urban Search and Res- Response System during a period of appointment into federal ce under Section 327 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief Emergency Assistance Act; and any other category of persons inated by the president in time of war or emergency.		
	mano	erm "service in the uniformed services" means the perfor- ce of duty on a voluntary or involuntary basis in a uniformed ce under competent authority and includes active duty; active		

	duty for training; initial active duty for training; inactive duty training; full-time National Guard duty; state active duty for a period of 14 days or more; state active duty in response to a national emer- gency declared by the president under the National Emergencies Act, 50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.; state active duty in response to a ma- jor disaster declared by the president under Section 401 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5170; a period for which a person is absent from a posi- tion of employment for the purpose of an examination to determine the fitness of the person to perform any such duty; a period for which a system member of the National Urban Search and Rescue Response System is absent from a position of employment due to an appointment into federal service under Section 327 of the Rob- ert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act; and a period for which a person is absent from employment for the pur- pose of performing funeral honors duty.
	The term "state active duty" means training or other duty, other than inactive duty, performed by a member of the National Guard of a state not under 32 U.S.C. 502 or under U.S.C. Title 10; in ser- vice to the governor of a state; and for which the member is not en- titled to pay from the federal government.
	A person who is reemployed under USERRA is entitled to the sen- iority, and other rights and benefits determined by seniority, that the person had on the date of the commencement of uniformed ser- vice, plus the additional seniority, rights, and benefits that such per- son would have attained if the person had remained continuously employed.
	38 U.S.C. 4303(13), (15)–(16), 4316(a)
Exceptions	An employer, including a school district is not required to reemploy a person if:
	 The employer's circumstances have so changed as to make reemployment impossible or unreasonable;
	 The person is entitled to reemployment under 38 U.S.C. 4313(a)(3), 4313(a)(4), or 4313(b)(2)(B), and the reemploy- ment of the person would impose an undue hardship on the employer; or
	3. The employment from which the person leaves to serve in the uniformed services is for a brief, nonrecurrent period and there is no reasonable expectation that such employment will continue indefinitely or for a significant period.
	38 U.S.C. 4312(d)

	A person's entitlement to the benefits of 38 U.S.C. Chapter 43 by reason of the service of such person in one of the uniformed services terminates upon the occurrence of any of the following events:	
	1.	A separation of such person from such uniformed service with a dishonorable or bad conduct discharge.
	2.	A separation of such person from such uniformed service un- der other than honorable conditions, as characterized pursu- ant to regulations prescribed by the U.S. secretary concerned.
	3.	A dismissal of such person permitted under or a dropping of such person from the rolls pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 1161(a) (dismissal of commissioned officers).
	38 L	J.S.C. 4304
Notice	fits u oblig for t whe U.S	h employer shall provide to persons entitled to rights and bene- under 38 U.S.C. Chapter 43 a notice of the rights, benefits, and gations of such persons and such employers. The requirement he provision of notice may be met by the posting of the notice re employers customarily place notices for employees. The . Secretary of Labor shall provide to employers the text of the ce. 38 U.S.C. 4334
State Protections for Member of Military or Rescue Team Paid Leave of Absence	a co scho serv fede paid the thor cal y jecte	erson who is an officer or employee of the state, a municipality, punty, or another political subdivision of the state, including a pol district, who is a member of the state military forces, a re- ve component of the armed forces, or a member of a state or erally authorized urban search and rescue team is entitled to a l leave of absence from the person's duties on a day on which person is engaged in authorized training or duty ordered or au- ized by proper authority for not more than 15 workdays in a fis- year. During a leave of absence, the person may not be sub- ed to loss of time, efficiency rating, personal time, sick leave, or ation time. <i>Gov't Code 437.202(a)</i>
	437 state in re the duri Duri be s leav has	ddition to the leave provided under Government Code .202(a), a person described by Section 437.202(a) called to e active duty by the governor or another appropriate authority esponse to a disaster is entitled to a paid leave of absence from person's duties for each day the person is called to active duty ing the disaster, not to exceed seven workdays in a fiscal year. Ing a leave of absence under this provision, the person may not subjected to loss of time, efficiency rating, personal time, sick re, or vacation time. For purposes of this provision, "disaster" the meaning assigned by Government Code 418.004. <i>Gov't</i> <i>le</i> 437.202(a-1)

Notice	This state, a municipality, a county, or another political subdivision of this state, including a school district, shall provide written notice of the number of workdays of paid leave to which an officer or em- ployee is entitled each fiscal year under Government Code 437.202(a) on employment, in the case of an employee, or as soon as practicable after appointment or election, in the case of an of- ficer.
	This state, a municipality, a county, or another political subdivision of this state, including a school district, shall, on the request of an officer or employee described by Government Code 437.202(a), provide to that officer or employee a statement that contains the number of workdays for which the officer or employee claimed paid leave under section 437.202(a) in that fiscal year.
	Gov't Code 437.202(e)–(f)
Return to Employment	An employee of this state or a municipality, a county, or another po- litical subdivision of this state with at least five full-time employees who is a member of the Texas military forces, a reserve component of the armed forces, or a member of a state or federally authorized urban search and rescue team and who is ordered to duty by proper authority is entitled, when relieved from duty, to be restored to the position that the employee held when ordered to duty. An employer, including a school district, may not terminate the em- ployment of an employee who is a member of the military forces of this state or any other state because the employee is ordered to authorized training or duty by a proper authority. The employee is entitled to return to the same employment held when ordered to training or duty and may not be subjected to loss of time, efficiency rating, vacation time, or any benefit of employment during or be- cause of the absence. The employee, as soon as practicable after release from duty, must give written or actual notice of intent to re- turn to employment. <i>Gov't Code</i> 437.202(d), .204(a)
Reemployment	A public employee, other than a temporary employee, who leaves a state position or a position with a local governmental entity, in- cluding a school district, to enter active military service is entitled to be reemployed by the state or the local governmental entity in the same department, office, commission, or board of this state, a state institution, or local governmental entity in which the employee was employed at the time of the induction, enlistment, or order, or to a position of similar seniority, status, and pay. To be entitled to reemployment, the employee must be discharged, separated, or released from active military service under honorable conditions not later than the fifth anniversary after the date of induction, enlist- ment, or call to active military service and must be physically and mentally qualified to perform the duties of the position.

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	"Military service" means service as a member of the Armed For of the United States, a reserve component of the Armed Force the United States, the Texas National Guard, or the Texas Sta Guard.	es of
	Gov't Code 613.001(2)–(3), .002	
Exception	A public employee who cannot perform the duties of the positi because of a disability sustained during military service is enti- to reemployment in the department, office, commission, or bo- the state, a state institution, or a local governmental entity in a sition that the employee can perform and that has like seniorit status, and pay as the former position, or the nearest possible iority, status, and pay. <i>Gov't Code 613.003</i>	itled ard of a po- ty,
Application	To be reemployed, a veteran must apply for reemployment not later than the 90th day after the date the veteran is discharged or re- leased from active military service. The application must be made in writing to the head of the department, office, commission, or board of this state, the state institution, or the local governmental entity and have attached to it evidence of the veteran's discharge, separation, or release from military service under honorable condi- tions. <i>Gov't Code 613.004</i>	
Discharge	A person reemployed under Government Code Chapter 613 shall not be discharged without cause before the first anniversary of the date of the reemployment. <i>Gov't Code 613.005</i>	
Application of Federal Laws to Texas Military Members Called to Duty	A service member of the Texas military forces who is ordered state active duty or to state training or other duty by the gover the adjutant general, or another proper authority under the law this state is entitled to the same benefits and protections prov to persons:	nor, v of
	1. Performing service in the uniformed services as provided 38 U.S.C. 4301–4313 and 4316–4319 (USERRA); and	d by
	2. In the military service of the United States as provided by U.S.C. 3901–3959, 3991, and 4011–4026 (Servicement Civil Relief Act).	
	Gov't Code 437.213	
Use of Personal Leave	An employee with available personal leave is entitled to use the leave for compensation during a term of active military service. This provision applies to any personal or sick leave available former law or provided by local policy.	Э.
	A district may adopt a policy providing for paid leave for active tary service as part of the consideration of employment.	• mili-
	Education Code 22.003(d), (e)	
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Resignation without Consent (Unilateral Resignation)	ing quis	educator employed under a probationary contract for the follow- school year, or under a term or continuing contract, may relin- sh the position and leave district employment at the end of the bool year without penalty by filing a written resignation with a
	boa	rd or a board's designee not later than the 45th day before the day of instruction of the following school year.
	to a	ritten resignation mailed by prepaid certified or registered mail board president or a board's designee at the post office ad- ss of the district is considered filed at the time of mailing.
	Edu	cation Code 21.105(a), .160(a), .210(a)
	the upo nati on a <u>Fan</u> No.	unequivocal resignation filed not later than the 45th day before first day of instruction of the following school year is effective n filing with a district and the district cannot reject such a resig- on. The resignation cannot be withdrawn by the teacher based an argument that the district has not accepted the resignation. <i>troy v. Dallas Indep. Sch. Dist.</i> , <i>Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision.</i> 034-R8-0206 (Mar. 5, 2009); <u>Garcia v. Miles Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 055-RI-503 (Nov. 30, 2006).
Resignation with Consent	boa	educator may resign, with the consent of the board or the rd's designee, at any other time. <i>Education Code 21.105(b), 0(b), .210(b)</i>
	don Cor <u>stor</u>	eptance or approval of a resignation indicates consent to aban- ment of contract. <u>Quitman Indep. Sch. Dist. v. Wilkerson</u> , Tex. nm'r of Educ. Decision No. 142-TTC-698 (Dec. 2, 1999); <u>Hou-</u> <u>a Indep. Sch. Dist. v. Johnson</u> , Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision 054-TTC-1196 (Sept. 28, 1998)
Contract Abandonment Written Complaint	Cer whc	written complaint by a district, the State Board for Educator tification (SBEC) may impose sanctions against an educator is employed under a probationary contract, or under a continu- or term contract, for the following school year, and who:
	1.	Resigns;
	2.	Fails without good cause to comply with the resignation dead- line or the provision regarding resignation by consent; and
	3.	Fails without good cause to perform the contract.
	Edu	cation Code 21.105(c), .160(c), .210(c)
		EC shall not pursue sanctions against an educator who is al- ed to have abandoned his or her contract unless a board:
	1.	Submits a written complaint within 30 calendar days after the effective date of the educator's separation from employment

		writt ratic perr	from the district. Unless the district and the educator have a written agreement to the contrary, the effective date of sepa- ration from employment is the first day that, without district permission, the educator fails to appear for work under the contract.			
	2.	tion (cor find	Renders a finding that good cause did not exist under Educa- tion Code $21.105(c)(2)$ (probationary contract), $21.160(c)(2)$ (continuing contract), or $21.210(c)(2)$ (term contract). This finding constitutes prima facie evidence of the educator's lack of good cause but is not a conclusive determination.			
	3.		Submits the following required attachments to the written complaint:			
		a.	The educator's resignation letter, if any;			
		b.	The agreement with the educator regarding the effective date of separation from employment, if any;			
		C.	The educator's contract; and			
		d.	Board meeting minutes indicating a finding of "no good cause." If the board does not meet within 30 calendar days of the educator's separation from employment, the minutes may be submitted within ten calendar days after the next board meeting.			
	19	TAC 2	249.14(j)			
Notice to Teacher	If a district submits a complaint regarding a teacher to SBEC, th district shall promptly notify the teacher of the complaint. The no tice must include:					
	1.	The	basis of the complaint;			
	2.	Info and	rmation regarding how the teacher may contact SBEC;			
	3.		minder that the teacher should verify that the teacher's ling address on file with SBEC is current.			
SBEC Review			posing sanctions against a teacher for abandonment of SBEC:			
	1.		et consider any mitigating factors relevant to the teacher's duct; and			
	2.	•	v consider alternatives to sanctions, including additional tinuing education or training.			

	If a teacher files a written resignation after the 45th day but not later than the 30th day before the first day of instruction of the fol- lowing school year, SBEC may not suspend or revoke the teacher's certificate.				
	Education Code 21.105(d)–(f), .160(d)–(f), .210(d)–(f)				
Good Cause	SBEC may consider the following factors good cause when an ed- ucator is reported to have abandoned a contract in violation of Ed- ucation Code 21.105(c), 21.160(c), or 21.210(c):				
	 Serious illness or health condition of the educator or close family member of the educator; 				
	2. Relocation to a new city as a result of change in employer of the educator's spouse or partner who resides with the educator;				
	3. Significant change in the educator's family needs that requires the educator to relocate or to devote more time than allowed by current employment; or				
	4. The educator's reasonable belief that the educator had written permission from the school district administration to resign.				
Mitigating Factors	SBEC shall consider the following factors in seeking, proposing, or making a decision regarding an educator who has abandoned a contract in violation of Education Code 21.105(c), 21.160(c), or 21.210(c). The educator:				
	 Gave written notice to the school district 30 days or more in advance of the first day of instruction for which the educator will not be present; 				
	 Assisted the school district in finding a replacement educator to fill the position; 				
	3. Continued to work until the school district hired a replacement educator;				
	4. Assisted in training the replacement educator;				
	 Showed good faith in communications and negotiations with the school district; 				
	 Provided lesson plans for classes following educator's resig- nation; 				
	7. Changed careers within the field of education:				

		a.	To a position that required a different class of educator certification as defined in 19 Administrative Code 230.33(b) (relating to Classes of Certificates);
		b.	To a position with a higher level of authority within the principal class of certificate; or
		C.	To a position in an open-enrollment charter school or a district of innovation that is equivalent to the positions described above;
	8.	pare	a reduction in base pay, excluding stipends, as com- d to the educator's base pay for the prior year at the e school district;
	9.		gned due to working conditions that reasonably posed an ediate threat of significant physical harm to the educator;
	10.	Any	other relevant circumstances or facts.
	19 T	AC 2	49.17(d)
Required Report to SBEC	A superintendent shall report the educator's resignation to SBEC if the conditions set forth at Education Code 21.006 exist. [See DHB] <i>Education Code 21.006</i>		
Investigation	A superintendent of a district, including a district of innovation, shall complete an investigation of an educator that involves evidence that the educator may have abused or otherwise committed an unlawful act, was involved in a romantic relationship with, or solicited or engaged in sexual contact with a student or minor, despite the educator's resignation from employment before completion of the investigation. <i>Education Code 21.006(b-1); 19 TAC 249.14(d)(3)(C)</i>		
Report by Principal	A person who serves as a principal in a district, including a district of innovation, must notify the superintendent, and may be subject to sanctions for failure to do so, not later than the seventh business day after the date of an educator's resignation following an alleged incident of misconduct described by Education Code 21.006(b) [see DP]. <i>Education Code 21.006</i> (<i>b</i> - <i>2</i>); <i>19 TAC 249.14</i> (<i>e</i>)		

Employee Free Speech	District employees do not shed their constitutional rights to free- dom of speech or expression at the schoolhouse gate.				
	However, neither an employee nor anyone else has an absolute constitutional right to use all parts of a school building or its imme- diate environs for unlimited expressive purposes. When a public employee makes statements pursuant to his or her official duties, the employee is not speaking as a citizen for First Amendment pur- poses, and the Constitution does not insulate the communications from employer discipline.				
	<u>Garcetti v. Ceballos</u> , 547 U.S. 410 (2006); <u>Tinker v. Des Moines In-</u> <u>dep. Cmty. Sch. Dist.</u> , 393 U.S. 503 (1969) [See also GKD]				
Whistleblower Protection	A board or its agents shall not suspend or terminate the employ- ment of, or take other adverse personnel action against, an em- ployee who in good faith reports a violation of law by a district or another public employee to an appropriate law enforcement au- thority.				
	A "report" is made to an "appropriate law enforcement authority" if the authority is a part of a state or local governmental entity or the federal government that the employee in good faith believes is au- thorized to:				
	 Regulate under or enforce the law alleged to be violated in the report; or 				
	2. Investigate or prosecute a violation of criminal law.				
	Gov't Code 554.002				
	A supervisor who suspends or terminates the employment of or takes an adverse personnel action against an employee for reporting a violation of law shall be subject to civil penalties. <i>Gov't Code 554.008</i>				
Definitions	"Employee" means an employee or appointed officer who is paid to perform services for a district. It does not include independent contractors. <i>Gov't Code 554.001(4)</i>				
	"Law" means a state or federal statute, an ordinance of a local gov- ernmental entity, or a rule adopted under a statute or ordinance. <i>Gov't Code 554.001(1)</i>				
	A "good faith" belief that a violation of the law occurred means that:				
	1. The employee believed that the conduct reported was a viola- tion of law; and				

	2.	The employee's belief was reasonable in light of the em- ployee's training and experience.			
	<u>Wic</u>	<u>Wichita County v. Hart</u> , 917 S.W.2d 779 (Tex. 1996)			
	-	jood faith" belief that a law enforcement authority is an appro- te one means:			
	1.	The employee believed the governmental entity was author- ized to:			
		a. Regulate under or enforce the law alleged to be violated in the report, or			
		b. Investigate or prosecute a violation of criminal law; and			
	2.	The employee's belief was reasonable in light of the em- ployee's training and experience.			
	<u>Tex</u>	<u>. Dep't of Transp. v. Needham</u> , 82 S.W.3d 314 (Tex. 2002)			
Whistleblower Complaints	An employee who alleges a violation of whistleblower protection may sue a district for injunctive relief, actual damages, court costs, and attorney's fees, as well as other relief specified in Government Code 554.003. <i>Gov't Code 554.003</i>				
Initiate Grievance	Before suing, an employee must initiate action under a district's grievance policy or other applicable policies concerning suspension or termination of employment or adverse personnel action.				
	late sior	e employee must invoke a district's grievance procedure not r than the 90th day after the date on which the alleged suspen- n, termination, or other adverse employment action occurred or a discovered by the employee through reasonable diligence.			
Legal Action		If a board does not render a final decision before the 61st day after grievance procedures are initiated, the employee may elect to:			
	1.	Exhaust a district's grievance procedures, in which case the employee must sue not later than the 30th day after the date those procedures are exhausted to obtain relief under Gov- ernment Code Chapter 554; or			
	2.	Terminate district grievance procedures and sue within the timelines established by Government Code 554.005 and 554.006.			
	<i>Gov't Code 554.005, 554.006</i> [See DGBA regarding grieval cedures]				

Burden of Proof	pro tion of la son	of unl occu aw, in nel ac	ployee brings a lawsuit, the employee has the burden of ess the suspension, termination, or adverse personnel ac- rred within 90 days after the employee reported a violation which case the suspension, termination, or adverse per- ction is presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be because the e made the report.	
Affirmative Defense	wou bas den	uld ha is of t ice tha	ffirmative defense to a whistleblower suit that the district ve taken the action against the employee that forms the the suit based solely on information, observation, or evi- at is not related to the fact that the employee made a re- ected under the whistleblower law.	
	Goi	/'t Co	de 554.004	
Notice of Rights	blo\ wor	ver pi kplac	shall inform its employees of their rights regarding whistle- rotection by posting a sign in a prominent location in the e. The design and content of the sign shall be as pre- by the attorney general. <i>Gov't Code 554.009</i>	
Right to Report a Crime	any may repo witr	peac y not a orting nesse	employee may report a crime witnessed at the school to be officer with authority to investigate the crime. A district adopt a policy requiring a school employee to refrain from a crime witnessed at the school or to report a crime d at the school only to certain persons or peace officers. <i>n Code 37.148</i>	
Protection for Reporting Child Abuse	A district may not suspend or terminate the employment of, dis- criminate against, or take other adverse employment action against a professional employee who in good faith:			
	1.	Rep	ports child abuse or neglect to:	
		a.	The person's supervisor,	
		b.	An administrator of the facility where the person is employed,	
		C.	A state regulatory agency, or	
		d.	A law enforcement agency; or	
	2.	a go	ates or cooperates with an investigation or proceeding by overnmental entity relating to an allegation of child abuse leglect.	
	"Adverse employment action" means an action that affects an em- ployee's compensation, promotion, transfer, work assignment, or performance evaluation, or any other employment action that would dissuade a reasonable employee from making or supporting a report of abuse or neglect under Family Code 261.101.			

	A person may sue for injunctive relief, damages, or both if the per-			
	son is suspended or terminated from the person's employment; is discriminated against; or suffers any other adverse employment ac- tion.			
	A district employee who has a cause of action under the provisions at Whistleblower Protection, above, may not bring an action under Protection for Reporting Child Abuse.			
	Family Code 261.110(a)–(c), (l)			
Protection from Disciplinary Proceedings	For purposes of the following provisions, "disciplinary proceeding" means discharge or suspension of a professional employee, or termination or nonrenewal of a professional employee's term contract. [See DGC regarding immunity] <i>Education Code 22.0512(b)</i>			
Reporting Child Abuse or Maltreatment	A district employee may not be subject to any disciplinary proceed- ing resulting from an action taken in compliance with Education Code 38.0041 [prevention of child abuse and other maltreatment, see FFG]. <i>Education Code</i> $38.0041(g)$			
Use of Physical Force	A professional employee may not be subject to disciplinary pro- ceedings for the employee's use of physical force against a student to the extent justified under Penal Code 9.62. This provision does not prohibit a district from enforcing a policy relating to corporal punishment or bringing a disciplinary proceeding against a profes- sional employee of the district who violates the district policy relat- ing to corporal punishment. <i>Education Code 22.0512(a); Tex. Att'y</i> <i>Gen. Op. GA-0202 (2004)</i>			
	Penal Code 9.62 provides that the use of force, other than deadly force, against a person is justified:			
	 If the actor is entrusted with the care, supervision, or admin- istration of the person for a special purpose; and 			
	 When and to the degree the actor reasonably believes the force is necessary to further the special purpose or to main- tain discipline in a group. 			
	Penal Code 9.62			
Failure to Follow Scope and Sequence	A district may not penalize a teacher who does not follow a recom- mended or designated scope and sequence for a subject in the re- quired curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a) in a particular grade level based on the teacher's determination that the teacher's students need more or less time in a specific area to demonstrate proficiency in the essential knowledge and skills for that subject and grade level [see EHAA].			

	conduct of ciency in	may take appropriate action with respect to a teacher for described above based on documented evidence of a defi- classroom instruction obtained through observation or ated and documented third-party information.	
	Educatio	n Code 28.0027(b), (c)	
Instructional Materials and Technological Equipment	for instru aged, sto	may not require an employee who acts in good faith to pay ctional materials or technological equipment that is dam- len, misplaced, or not returned. An employee may not s provision by contract or any other means.	
Exception	A district may enter into a written agreement with an employee whereby the employee assumes financial responsibility for elec- tronic instructional material or technological equipment usage off school property or outside of a school-sponsored event in consid- eration for the ability of the employee to use the electronic instruc- tional material or technological equipment for personal business.		
	tract of e ployee of employee ployee m	en agreement shall be separate from the employee's con- mployment, if applicable, and shall clearly inform the em- the amount of the financial responsibility and advise the to consider obtaining appropriate insurance. An em- ay not be required to enter into such an agreement as a of employment.	
	Educatio	n Code 31.104(e); 19 TAC 66.107(c)	
Controversial Topics	For any course or subject, including an innovative course, for a grade level from kindergarten through grade 12, a teacher may not be compelled to discuss a widely debated and currently controversial issue of public policy or social affairs. <i>Education Code</i> 28.0022(a)		
	Note:	For instructional requirements and prohibitions, including requirements for student discussion, see EMB.	
Jury Duty	A district may not discharge, threaten to discharge, intimidate, or coerce any permanent employee because the employee serves as a juror or grand juror, or for the employee's attendance or scheduled attendance in connection with the service, in any court in the United States. An employee who is discharged, threatened with discharge, intimidated, or coerced is entitled to return to the same employment that the employee held when summoned for jury or grand jury service if the employee, as soon as practical after release from jury or grand jury service, gives the employer actual notice that the employee intends to return. <i>Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 122.001</i>		

	A district may not discharge, discipline, reduce the salary of, or oth- erwise penalize or discriminate against a school district employee because of the employee's compliance with a summons to appear as a juror. For each regularly scheduled workday on which a nonsalaried employee serves in any phase of jury service, a school district shall pay the employee the employee's normal daily com- pensation [see DEC]. <i>Education Code 22.006(a), (b)</i>
Breaks for Nursing Mothers— Nonexempt Employees	A district shall provide a nonexempt employee a reasonable break to express breast milk, each time the employee needs to express breast milk for her nursing child, for one year after the child's birth. The district shall provide a place, other than a bathroom, that is shielded from view and free from intrusion from coworkers and the public, which may be used by an employee to express breast milk.
	A district is not required to compensate the employee receiving reasonable break time for any work time spent for such purpose.
	A district that employs fewer than 50 employees is not subject to these requirements if the requirements would impose an undue hardship by causing the district significant difficulty or expense when considered in relation to the size, financial resources, nature, or structure of the district.
	29 U.S.C. 207(r)
Right to Express Breast Milk	A district employee is entitled to express breast milk at the employ- ee's workplace. <i>Gov't Code 619.002</i>
	The district shall develop a written policy on the expression of breast milk by employees under Government Code Chapter 619. The policy must state that the district shall support the practice of expressing breast milk and make reasonable accommodations for the needs of employees who express breast milk.
	A district shall provide a reasonable amount of break time for an employee to express breast milk each time the employee has need to express the milk. The district shall provide a place, other than a multiple user bathroom, that is shielded from view and free from in- trusion from other employees and the public where the employee can express breast milk.
	A district may not suspend or terminate the employment of, or oth- erwise discriminate against, an employee because the employee has asserted the employee's rights under Government Code Chap- ter 619. Government Code Chapter 619 does not create a private or state cause of action against a district.
	Gov't Code Ch. 619

EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES

Charitable Contributions	A board or a district employee may not directly or indirectly require or coerce any district employee to:			
	1.	Make a contribution to a charitable organization or in re- sponse to a fund-raiser; or		
	2.	Attend a meeting called for the purpose of soliciting charitable contributions.		
		bard or district employee may not directly or indirectly require or rce any district employee to refrain from the same acts.		
	Edu	cation Code 22.011		
Protection of Nurses	disc	strict may not suspend, terminate, or otherwise discipline or riminate against a nurse who refuses to engage in an act or ssion relating to patient care that:		
	1.	Would constitute grounds for reporting the nurse to the Board of Nurse Examiners under Occupations Code Chapter 301, Subchapter I;		
	2.	Constitutes a minor incident, as defined at Occupations Code 301.419; or		
	3.	Would violate Occupations Code Chapter 301 or a rule of the Board of Nurse Examiners, if the nurse notifies the district at the time of the refusal that this is the reason for refusing to engage in the act or omission.		
	~			

Occupations Code 301.352(a)

	Note	e:	The provisions of this policy apply to a district of innova- tion under Education Code, Chapter 12A. [See AF]
Definitions	"Abu	use" h	as the meaning assigned by Family Code 261.001(1).
	distri vices State	ict of s arra e Boa	e" means a person who is employed by a school district, innovation, charter school, service center, or shared ser- ingement and does not hold a certification issued by the ard for Educator Certification (SBEC) under Education apter 21, Subchapter B.
	19 T.	TAC 1	53.1201(b), (d)
Misconduct of Noncertified Employees		hold c	a Code 22.093 applies to a district employee who does certification issued by SBEC or a school district teaching
Notice to TEA of Termination or Resignation	miss busin a pri from	sioner ness incipa i emp	who serves as the superintendent shall notify the com- of education in writing by filing a report within seven days of the date the person either receives a report from all or knew that an employee was terminated or resigned loyment and there is evidence that the employee commit- f the following acts:
	1.		sed or otherwise committed an unlawful act with a student inor; or
	2.		involved in a romantic relationship with or solicited or en- ed in sexual contact with a student or minor.
Principal Notification	later	[.] than ated f	who serves as principal must notify the superintendent no seven business days after an employee resigns or is ter- ollowing an alleged incident of misconduct described
Investigation	there gage	e is re ed in i tion fi	tendent shall complete an investigation of an employee if easonable cause to believe the employee may have en- misconduct described above, despite the employee's res- rom district employment before completion of the investi-
Form of Report	The	repor	t must include:
	1.		name or names of any student or minor who is the victim buse or unlawful conduct by an employee;
	2.		factual circumstances requiring the report and the subject e report by providing the following available information:

	a.	Name and any aliases and certificate number, if any, or social security number;
	b.	Last known mailing address and home and daytime phone numbers;
	C.	All available contact information for any alleged victim or victims;
	d.	Name or names and any available contact information of any relevant witnesses to the circumstances requiring the report;
	e.	Current employment status of the subject, including any information about proposed termination, notice of resig- nation, or pending employment actions; and
	f.	Involvement by a law enforcement or other agency, in- cluding the name of the agency.
		e of the student or minor is not public information under ent Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act).
Notice to the Board and Employee	A superin ing of the	tendent shall notify the board and the employee of the fil- report.
Immunity	an official	tendent or principal who in good faith and while acting in capacity files a report or makes a notification is immune or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred or im-
Sanctions for Failure to Report	to SBEC,	nissioner shall refer an educator who fails to file a report which will determine whether to impose sanctions ne educator.
Criminal Offense	timely file	tendent commits an offense if the superintendent fails to the report with intent to conceal an employee's criminal alleged incident of misconduct.
		al commits an offense if the principal fails to timely provide h intent to conceal an employee's alleged incident of mis-
	An offens	e under Education Code 22.093(k) is a state jail felony.
Review of District Records		nissioner may review district records to ensure compli- the requirement to report misconduct.
	Educatior	n Code 22.093; 19 TAC 153.1203

Solicitation of Sexual Contact	that ploy- licita tiona does mate ance prim	can b ee of tion c al or s s not i e cont e. The a faci	on of sexual contact" means deliberate or repeated acts be reasonably interpreted as the solicitation by an em- a relationship with a student that is sexual in nature. So- of sexual contact is often characterized by a strong emo- exual attachment and/or by patterns of exclusivity but include appropriate relationships that arise out of legiti- texts such as familial connections or longtime acquaint- e following acts, considered in context, may constitute in evidence of the solicitation by an employee of sexual ith a student:
	1.	stude evide state be c	avior, gestures, expressions, or communications with a ent that are unrelated to the employee's job duties and ence a sexual intent or interest in the student, including ements of love, affection, or attraction. Factors that may onsidered in determining the intent of such communica- s or behavior, include, without limitation:
		a.	The nature of the communications;
		b.	The timing of the communications;
		C.	The extent of the communications;
		d.	Whether the communications were made openly or se- cretly;
		e.	The extent that the employee attempts to conceal the communications;
		f.	If the employee claims to be counseling a student, the commissioner of education may consider whether the employee's job duties included counseling, whether the employee reported the subject of the counseling to the student's guardians or to the appropriate school person- nel, or, in the case of alleged abuse or neglect, whether the employee reported the abuse or neglect to the ap- propriate authorities; and
		g.	Any other evidence tending to show the context of the communications between employee and student;
	2.	ating ages	ing inappropriate comments about a student's body, cre- y or transmitting sexually suggestive photographs or im- s, or encouraging the student to transmit sexually sugges- photographs or images;
	3.	Maki	ing sexually demeaning comments to a student;

4. Making comments about a student's potential sexual performance;

- 5. Requesting details of a student's sexual history;
- 6. Requesting a date, sexual contact, or any activity intended for the sexual gratification of the employee;
- 7. Engaging in conversations regarding the sexual problems, preferences, or fantasies of either party;
- 8. Inappropriate hugging, kissing, or excessive touching;
- 9. Providing the student with drugs or alcohol;
- 10. Violating written directives from school administrators regarding the employee's behavior toward a student;
- 11. Suggestions that a romantic relationship is desired after the student graduates, including post-graduation plans for dating or marriage; and
- 12. Any other acts tending to show that the employee solicited sexual contact with a student.

19 TAC 153.1201(a)

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Staff Development Educator	than a p	f development provided by a district to an educator other rincipal must be conducted in accordance with standards ed by the district and designed to improve education in the
Principal	governe	f development provided by a district to a principal shall be d by Education Code 21.3541 and rules adopted under ion. [See DNB]
	Educatio	on Code 21.451(a), (a-1)
Professional Development Policy	training	shall annually review the SBEC continuing education and clearinghouse published under Education Code 21.4514 pt a professional development policy that must:
		guided by the recommendations for training in the clear- house;
		e any differences in the policy adopted by the district or ool from the recommendations in the clearinghouse; and
		lude a schedule of all training required for educators or er school personnel at the district or school.
	pletion o	Atent of any conflict, a frequency requirement for the com- f training provided by statute prevails over a frequency re- nt for that training included in the professional develop- licy.
	Educatio	on Code 21.4515(a), (b)
	Note:	SBEC must publish the continuing education and train- ing clearinghouse not later than June 1, 2022.
		A district must adopt its professional development policy for district personnel not later than August 1, 2022.
Requirements for Training	a district	ning staff development for educators other than principals, must use procedures that, to the greatest extent possible, he training included in the staff development:
		orporates proactive instructional planning techniques using amework that:
	a.	Provides flexibility in the ways:
		(1) Information is presented;
		(2) Students respond or demonstrate knowledge and skills; and

		(3) Students are engaged;
		b. Reduces barriers in instruction;
		c. Provides appropriate accommodations, supports, and challenges; and
		d. Maintains high achievement expectations for all stu- dents, including students with disabilities and students of limited English proficiency; and
	2.	Integrates inclusive and evidence-based instructional prac- tices for all students, including students with disabilities.
	to ac	f development shall be predominantly campus-based, related chieving campus performance objectives, and developed and roved by the campus-level committee.
	velo	strict may use district-wide staff development that has been de- ped and approved through the district-level decision process. BQA and BQB, as appropriate]
	Edu	cation Code 21.451(a-2), (b), (c)
Optional Training	Staf	f development may include training in:
	1.	Technology and digital learning; and
	2.	Positive behavior intervention and support strategies, includ- ing classroom management, district discipline policies, and the Student Code of Conduct.
	Tech	nology and digital learning training must:
	1.	Discuss basic technology proficiency expectations and meth- ods to increase an educator's digital literacy; and
	2.	Assist an educator in the use of digital technology in learning activities that improve teaching, assessment, and instructional practices.
	unde	f development may include instruction as to what is permissible er law, including opinions of the United States Supreme Court, irding prayer in public school.
	Edu	cation Code 21.451(d)(1), (d-3), (g)
Required Training	Staf	f development must include training on:
	1.	Suicide prevention;
	2.	Strategies for establishing and maintaining positive relation- ships among students, including conflict resolution; and

		3.	Preventing, identifying, responding to, and reporting incidents of bullying.				
		boai base Com	uired training above must be provided in accordance with the rd's professional development policy and use a best practice- ed program recommended by the Health and Human Services nmission under Education Code 38.351 [see FFEB]. Required ning may include two or more topics listed together.				
		Edu	cation Code 21.451(d)(3), (d-1)				
	Instruction of	"Student with a disability" means a student who is:					
	Students with Disabilities Definition	1.	Eligible to participate in a school district's special education program under Education Code 29.003;				
	Demillion	2.	Covered by Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794); or				
		3.	Covered by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400 et seq.).				
		Edu	Education Code 21.001(4)				
	Requirements	Staff development must include training that is evidence-based, as defined by Section 8101, Every Student Succeeds Act (20 USC 7801), and that:					
		1.	Relates to the instruction of students with disabilities, includ- ing students with disabilities who also have other intellectual or mental health conditions; and				
		2.	Is designed for educators who work primarily outside the area of special education.				
		A district is required to provide the training to an educator who works primarily outside the area of special education only if the ed- ucator does not possess the knowledge and skills necessary to im- plement the individualized education program developed for a stu- dent receiving instruction from the educator. A district may determine the time and place at which the training is delivered.					
		In developing or maintaining the training, a district must consult with persons with expertise in research-based practices for stu- dents with disabilities, including colleges, universities, private and nonprofit organizations, regional education service centers, quali- fied district personnel, and any other persons identified as qualified by the district, regardless of whether the training is provided at the campus or district level.					
		Edu	cation Code 21.451(d)(2), (e)–(f)				

Suicide Prevention	The required suicide prevention training may be satisfied through independent review of suicide prevention training material that complies with the guidelines developed by TEA and is offered online. <i>Education Code 21.451(d-2); 19 TAC 153.1013(d)</i>			
	Suicide prevention programs on TEA's list of recommended best practice-based programs [see FFEB] must include components that provide for training school counselors, teachers, nurses, ad- ministrators, and other staff, as well as law enforcement officers and social workers who regularly interact with students, to:			
	 Recognize students at risk of attempting suicide, including students who are or may be the victims of or who engage in bullying; 			
	2. Recognize students displaying early warning signs and a pos- sible need for early mental health or substance abuse inter- vention, which warning signs may include declining academic performance, depression, anxiety, isolation, unexplained changes in sleep or eating habits, and destructive behavior toward self and others;			
	3. Intervene effectively with students described above by provid- ing notice and referral to a parent or guardian so appropriate action, such as seeking mental health or substance abuse services, may be taken by a parent or guardian; and			
	4. Assist students in returning to school following treatment of a mental health concern or suicide attempt.			
	A district shall provide training described in the components above for teachers, school counselors, principals, and all other appropri- ate personnel. A district is required to provide the training at an ele- mentary school campus only to the extent that sufficient funding and programs are available. A school district may implement a pro- gram on TEA's list of recommended best practice-based programs [see FFEB] to satisfy this training requirement.			
	If a district provides the training, a district shall require completion in accordance with the district's professional development policy and maintain records that include district employees who partici- pated in the training.			
	Education Code 38.351(e), (g), (h); 19 TAC 153.1013			
Staff Development Account	A district that receives resources from the commissioner of educa- tion's staff development account must pay to the commissioner for deposit in the account an amount equal to one-half of the cost of the resources provided to the district. <i>Education Code 21.453(c)</i>			

Child Abuse, Trafficking, and Maltreatment	A district's methods for increasing awareness of issues regarding sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children [see District Improvement Plan at BQ and Sexual Abuse, Traffick- ing, and Maltreatment Policies and Programs at FFG] must include training concerning prevention techniques for and recognition of sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and all other maltreatment of chil- dren, including the sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other mal- treatment of children with significant cognitive disabilities.				
	fess	The training must be provided in accordance with the district's pro- fessional development policy and as part of new employee orienta- tion to all new employees.			
	The	The training must include:			
	1.	Factors indicating a child is at risk for sexual abuse, traffick- ing, or other maltreatment;			
	2.	Warning signs indicating a child may be a victim of sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment;			
	3.	Internal procedures for seeking assistance for a child who is at risk for sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment, in- cluding referral to a school counselor, a social worker, or an- other mental health professional;			
	4.	Techniques for reducing a child's risk of sexual abuse, traffick- ing, or other maltreatment; and			
	5.	Information on community organizations that have relevant re- search-based programs and that are able to provide training or other education for district staff, students, and parents.			
		istrict must maintain records that include staff members who ticipated in the training.			
	con and trict	the extent that resources are not yet available from TEA or the missioner of education, districts shall implement the policies trainings with existing or publicly available resources. The dis- may also work in conjunction with a community organization to wide the training at no cost to the district.			
	Edι	ıcation Code 38.0041(c)–(f); 19 TAC 61.1051(d)			
Trauma-Informed Care	trau em	istrict's efforts to increase awareness and implementation of ima-informed care must include training to new and existing ployees in accordance with the district's professional develop- nt policy. [See BQ, FFBA] <i>Education Code 38.036(c)</i>			

Student Discipline	Each principal or other appropriate administrator who oversees student discipline shall, at least once every three school years, attend professional development training regarding Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter G. The professional development shall include training relating to the distinction between a discipline management technique used at the principal's discretion under Education Code 37.002(a) and the discretionary authority of a teacher to remove a disruptive student under Education Code 37.002(b) [see FOA].		
	The professional development training may be provided in coordi- nation with an education service center through the use of distance learning methods, such as telecommunications networks, and us- ing available TEA resources.		
	Education Code 37.0181		
Test Administration Training	The commissioner may require training for district employees in- volved in the administration of assessment instruments. The com- missioner may only require the employee at each district campus who oversees the administration of the assessment instruments to annually receive the training. The district employee who oversees test administration on a district campus may, with discretion, re- quire other district employees involved in the administration of as- sessment instruments to repeat the training. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0304(a), (b-1), (b-2)</i>		
Cybersecurity Training	Employees identified by the district with access to a district com- puter system or database and who use a computer to perform at least 25 percent of the employee's required duties must complete a cybersecurity training program selected by the board. The district, in consultation with its cybersecurity coordinator, shall determine how frequently employees must complete the training. [See CQB] <i>Gov't Code 2054.5191(a-1); Education Code 11.175(g)</i>		
Special Programs	A district shall ensure that:		
Training Teacher Literacy Achievement Academies (Reading Academies)	 Not later than the 2022–23 school year, each classroom teacher in kindergarten or first, second, or third grade and each principal at a campus with kindergarten or first, second, or third grade has attended a teacher literacy achievement academy developed under Education Code 21.4552; and 		
,	 Each classroom teacher and each principal initially employed in a grade level or at a campus described above for the 2022– 23 school year or a subsequent school year has attended a 		

	teacher literacy achievement academy developed under Edu- cation Code 21.4552 by the end of the teacher's or principal's first year of placement in that grade level or campus.			
	Education Code 28.0062(a)(2)			
	[See EHAB for kindergarten–grade 3 reading standards.]			
Gifted and Talented	A district shall ensure that:			
Education	1. Before assignment to the program for gifted students, teachers who provide instruction and services that are part of the program have a minimum of 30 hours of staff development that includes nature and needs of gifted/talented students, assessment of student needs, and curriculum and instruction for gifted students.			
	2. Teachers without the required training who provide instruction and services that are part of the gifted/talented program complete the 30-hour training requirement within one semester.			
	3. Teachers who provide instruction and services that are part of a program for gifted students receive a minimum of six hours annually of professional development in gifted education.			
	 Administrators and counselors who have authority for pro- gram decisions have a minimum of six hours of professional development that includes nature and needs of gifted/talented students and program options. 			
	19 TAC 89.2			
Elective Bible Course	A teacher of an elective Bible course offered under Education Code 28.011 [see EMI] must hold a certificate in language arts, social studies, or history that qualifies the teacher to teach at the grade level at which the course is offered with, where practical, a minor in religious or biblical studies. The teacher must successfully complete staff development training developed by the commissioner for elective Bible courses. An elective Bible course may be taught only by a teacher who has successfully completed the commissioner's training under Education Code 21.459. <i>Education Code 28.011(f)</i>			
Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System Training	The employee assigned to oversee the administration of the Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System (TELPAS) at a district campus may, with discretion, require other district employ- ees involved in administering the TELPAS to complete training or online calibration activities described by Education Code 21.4571(a). An employee may not be required to complete a train- ing or online calibration activity in one sitting. <i>Education Code</i> <i>21.4571(b), (c)</i>			

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				DMA (LEGAL)
Automated External Defibrillators	A district shall, in accordance with its professional development policy, make available to employees and volunteers instruction in the principles and techniques of cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator (AED).			
	sor, leac	phys ling c	ool nurse, assistant school nurse, athletic coach ical education instructor, marching band director, oach, and any other employee specified by the c nd each student who serves as an athletic trainer	cheer- ommis-
	1.	Par	ticipate in the instruction; and	
	2.	the	eive and maintain certification in the use of an Al American Heart Association, the American Red C milar nationally recognized association.	
	Edu	catio	n Code 22.902	
Extracurricular Activity Safety Training	The following persons must satisfactorily complete an extracurricu- lar activity safety training program in accordance with the district's professional development policy:			
	1.		bach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular ath y; and	letic ac-
	2.	A di	rector responsible for a school marching band.	
	The	safe	ty training program must include:	
	1.	Ame	tification of participants by the American Red Cro erican Heart Association, or a similar organizatior University Interscholastic League;	
	2.	Cur	rent training in:	
		a.	Emergency action planning;	
		b.	Communicating effectively with 9-1-1 emergence operators and other emergency personnel; and	y service
		C.	Recognizing symptoms of potentially catastroph ries, including head and neck injuries, concussion ries related to second impact syndrome, asthmat heatstroke, cardiac arrest, and injuries requiring defibrillator; and	ons, inju- a attacks,
	3.		afety drill that incorporates the training and simula injuries described above.	ites vari-
	Edu	catio	n Code 33.202(b), (c); 19 TAC 76.1003	
Records	A superintendent shall maintain complete and accurate records of the district's compliance and the district shall make available to the			

		lic proof of compliance for each person employed by or volun- ing for the district who is required to receive safety training.
	pliar	ampus that is determined by a superintendent to be out of com- nce with the safety training requirements shall be subject to the ge of penalties determined by the UIL.
	Edu	cation Code 33.206; 19 TAC 76.1003(e)
Steroids	letic	strict shall require that each employee who serves as an ath- coach at or above the seventh grade level for an extracurricu- athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL complete:
	1.	The educational program developed by the UIL regarding the health effects of steroids; or
	2.	A comparable program developed by the district or a private entity with relevant expertise.
	Edu	cation Code 33.091(c-1)
Concussions	trair	east once every two years, the following employees shall take a ning course from an authorized provider in the subject matter of cussions:
	1.	A coach of an interscholastic athletic activity shall take a course approved by the UIL.
	2.	An athletic trainer who serves as a member of a district's con- cussion oversight team shall take a course approved by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) or a course approved for continuing education credit by the licens- ing authority for athletic trainers.
	3.	A school nurse or licensed health-care professional, other than an athletic trainer, who serves as a member of a district's concussion oversight team shall take a course approved by the UIL, TDLR, or the appropriate licensing authority for the profession.
	prov licer thes	employee must submit proof of timely completion of an ap- ved course to the superintendent or designee. A school nurse or nsed health-care professional who is not in compliance with se training requirements may not serve on a concussion over- it team in any capacity. [See FM]
	Edu	cation Code 38.158
Seizure Recognition and Related First Aid	pro∖ mar	chool nurse employed by a district must complete a TEA-ap- ved online course of instruction for school nurses regarding naging students with seizure disorders that includes information ut seizure recognition and related first aid.
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A district employee, other than a school nurse, whose duties at the school include regular contact with students must complete a TEAapproved online course of instruction for school personnel regarding awareness of students with seizure disorders that includes information about seizure recognition and related first aid.

Education Code 38.033(a), (b)

[See FFAF for information about a seizure management and treatment plan.]

The Superintendent shall recommend the District's professional development plan for all District employees. The Board shall annually review the professional development clearinghouse published by the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) and annually approve the District's professional development plan. The District's professional development plan must:

- 1. Be guided by the SBEC clearinghouse training recommendations;
- 2. Note any differences in the District's plan from the clearinghouse recommendations; and
- 3. Include a schedule of the required professional development for all District employees.

Principal Qualifications		pard, by local policy, shall adopt qualifications for principals. <i>Ed-</i> <i>tion Code 11.202(c)</i>
Certification	requ	e Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) rules establish the irements for receiving a principal certificate and for first-time cipals in Texas. <i>19 TAC Ch. 241</i>
Duties	shall	principal shall be the instructional leader of the school and I be provided with adequate training and personnel assistance ssume that role. <i>Education Code 11.202(a)</i>
	A pri	incipal shall:
	1.	Approve all teacher and staff appointments for the campus. [See DK]
	2.	Set specific education objectives for the campus, through the planning process.
	3.	Develop budgets for the campus.
	4.	Assume administrative responsibility and instructional leader- ship, under the supervision of the superintendent, for disci- pline at the campus.
	5.	Assign, evaluate, and promote all personnel assigned to the campus.
	6.	Recommend to the superintendent the termination, suspen- sion, or nonrenewal of an employee assigned to the campus.
	7.	Perform any other duties assigned by the superintendent pur- suant to board policy.
	8.	Regularly consult with the campus-level committee in the planning, operation, supervision, and evaluation of the campus educational program. [See BQ series]
	9.	Each school year, with the assistance of the campus-level committee, develop, review, and revise the campus improvement plan. [See BQ]
	10.	For high school principals, serve, or appoint someone to serve, as deputy voter registrar for the county in which the school is located. <i>Election Code</i> 13.046; 1 TAC 81.7
	Education Code 11.202(b), .253(c), (h) [See also DMA]	
Principal's Report to Superintendent		incipal must notify the superintendent not later than the sev- business day after the date:
Educators	1.	Of an educator's termination of employment or resignation fol- lowing an alleged incident of misconduct under Education Code 21.006(b); or
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	2.	The principal knew about an educator's criminal record under Education Code 21.006(b)(1).
		<i>cation Code 21.006(b-2); 19 TAC 249.14(e)</i> [See Required Ress at DHB(LEGAL)]
Noncertified Employees	A principal must notify the superintendent not later than the s enth business day after the date of a noncertified employee's nation or resignation following allegations that the employee:	
	1.	Abused or otherwise committed an unlawful act with a student or minor; or
	2.	Was involved in a romantic relationship with or solicited or en- gaged in sexual contact with a student or minor.
	<i>Edu</i> GAI	<i>cation Code 22.093(e)</i> [See Principal Notification at DHC(LE- _)]
Sanctions and Administrative Penalty	min tion	EC determines whether to impose sanctions, including an ad- istrative penalty, against a principal who fails to provide notifica- to a superintendent. <i>Education Code 21.006(f), 22.093(i); 19</i> C 249.14(e), (h)
	tor's prov min \$10 aga	principal is required to notify a superintendent about an educa- criminal record or alleged incident of misconduct and fails to vide the notice by the required date, SBEC may impose an ad- istrative penalty of not less than \$500 and not more than ,000. SBEC may not renew the certification of an educator inst whom an administrative penalty is imposed until the pen- is paid. <i>Education Code 21.006 (i)</i>
Criminal Offense	crim jail f date	incipal required to notify a superintendent about an employee's ninal record or alleged incident of misconduct commits a state elony if the principal fails to provide the notice by the required with intent to conceal an educator's criminal record or alleged dent of misconduct. <i>Education Code 21.006(j), 22.093(k)</i>
School Nurse Minimum Salary Schedule	edu vice tere and and	purposes of the minimum salary schedule, a school nurse is an cator employed to provide full-time nursing and health-care ser- is and who meets all the requirements to practice as a regis- d nurse (RN) pursuant to the Nursing Practice Act and the rules regulations relating to professional nurse education, licensure, practice and has been issued a license to practice professional sing in Texas. <i>19 TAC 153.1022(a)(1)(D)</i>
Licensed Vocational Nurse	sup	practice of vocational nursing must be performed under the ervision of an RN, physician, physician assistant, podiatrist, or tist. <i>Occupations Code 301.353</i>

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PERSONNEL POSITIO	NS	DP (LEGAL)	
	-	sion is the process of directing, guiding, and influencing the e of an individual's performance of an activity. <i>22 TAC</i> 2)	
Nursing Peer Review Committee	under th	g peer review committee" includes a committee established ne authority of the governing body of a political subdivision purpose of conducting peer review.	
	duct nur	n shall establish a nursing peer review committee to con- sing peer review under Occupations Code Chapter 303 apter 301:	
		r vocational nurses, if the person regularly employs, hires, contracts for the services of eight or more nurses; and	
	hir	r professional nurses, if the person regularly employs, es, or contracts for the services of eight or more nurses, at ist four of whom are RNs.	
	der this	n required to establish a nursing peer review committee un- section may contract with another entity to conduct peer or the person.	
	Occupa	tions Code 303.001(4), .0015	
	Note:	Education Code 33.002 regarding certified school coun- selors applies only to school districts that apply for, re- ceive, and allocate funds under Education Code 33.002(a).	
Certified School Counselor	grades s tary sch	t with 500 or more students enrolled in elementary school shall employ a certified school counselor for each elemen- ool and at least one school counselor for each 500 elemen- ool students [see DBA].	
	school g	t with fewer than 500 students enrolled in elementary grades shall provide guidance and counseling services to ary school students by any of the following methods:	
	1. En	ploying a part-time certified school counselor.	
		nploying a part-time teacher who is also certified as a nool counselor.	
		tering into a shared services agreement with one or more ner districts to share a certified school counselor.	
	Education Code 33.002		

	Note:		Education Code 33.006 applies to all districts that employ school counselors.
Duties de		ts to f	ary responsibility of a school counselor is to counsel stu- fully develop each student's academic, career, personal, al abilities. In addition, a school counselor shall:
	1.	preł	ticipate in planning, implementing, and evaluating a com- nensive developmental guidance program to serve all stu- ts and to address the special needs of students who are:
		a.	At risk of dropping out of school, becoming substance abusers, participating in gang activity, or committing sui- cide;
		b.	In need of modified instructional strategies; or
		C.	Gifted and talented, with emphasis on identifying and serving gifted and talented students who are education-ally disadvantaged;
	2.		sult with students' parents or guardians and make refer- as appropriate in consultation with parents or guardians;
	3.	bers	sult with school staff, parents, and other community mem- s to help them increase the effectiveness of students' edu- on and promote student success;
	4.		ordinate people and resources in the school, home, and nmunity;
	5.	resu	n the assistance of school staff, interpret standardized test ults and other assessment data that help a student make cational and career plans;
	6.	to te	ver classroom guidance activities or serve as a consultant eachers conducting lessons based on the school's guid- e curriculum; and
	7.	son: clud	ve as an impartial, non-reporting resource for interper- al conflicts and discord involving two or more students, in- ling accusations of bullying under Education Code 0832.
		ndato	n item 7, above, exempts a school counselor from any ry reporting requirements imposed by other provisions of
School Counselor Policy			shall adopt a policy that requires a school counselor to least 80 percent of the school counselor's total work time

	scho FFE prov mer	Auties that are components of the district's comprehensive bol counseling program under Education Code 33.005. [See EA] Time spent in administering assessment instruments or viding other assistance in connection with assessment instru- nts, except time spent in interpreting data from assessment in- ments, is not considered time spent on counseling.
	polic and	h school in the district shall implement the policy. A copy of the cy shall be maintained in the office of each school in the district made available on request during regular school hours to dis- employees, parents of district students, and the public.
Exception	or a thar that	board determines that, because of staffing needs in the district t a school in the district, a school counselor must spend less 80 percent of the school counselor's total work time on duties are components of the district's comprehensive school coun- ng program, the policy shall:
	1.	Include the reasons why the counselor needs to spend less than 80 percent of the counselor's work time on duties that are components of the counseling program;
	2.	List the duties the counselor is expected to perform that are not components of the counseling program; and
	3.	Set the percentage of work time that the counselor is required to spend on components of the counseling program.
Counselor Contracts	with conf of a requ	strict may not include a provision in an employment contract a school counselor under Education Code Chapter 21 that flicts with the policy or, except as provided below, has the effect uthorizing a school principal or school district superintendent to uire a school counselor to generally perform duties that are not harily related to a counseling function.
	prov ter 2 quir ily re	strict that complies with the exception above may not include a vision in an employment contract under Education Code Chap- 21 with an affected school counselor that has the effect of re- ing the counselor to generally perform a duty that is not primar- elated to a counseling function unless the duty is specified in district's policy as required above.
Annual Assessment	selo cop	strict shall annually assess its compliance with its school coun- r policy and, on request by the commissioner, provide a written y of the assessment to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) on efore the date specified by the commissioner.
	Edu	notion Code 22 006

Education Code 33.006

Nonphysician Mental Health Professional	A school district may employ or contract with one or more nonphy- sician mental health professionals.		
	In this	section, "nonphysician mental health professional" means:	
		psychologist licensed to practice in this state and desig- ated as a health-service provider;	
		In RN with a master's or doctoral degree in psychiatric nurs- ng;	
	3. A	licensed clinical social worker;	
	4. A	professional counselor licensed to practice in this state; or	
		marriage and family therapist licensed to practice in this tate.	
	Education Code 38.0101		
	Note:	For information about mental health treatment, including counseling, see FFEA.	
School Psychological Services	thority schoo (SBOE Texas ciplina provis livery low for delive	exas Behavioral Health Executive Council (TBHEC) has au- over the delivery of school psychological services in public ls. Recognizing the purview of the State Board of Education E) and TEA in safeguarding the rights of school children in the TBHEC adopts and enforces rules establishing multidis- ry team decision making, hierarchy of supervision, regulatory ions, and past traditions of school psychological service de- both nationally and in Texas. Incorporating these factors al- r rules that reflect the occupational distinctions between the ry of school psychological services in public schools and psy- gical services in the private sector. <i>22 TAC 465.38(a)</i>	
Licensed Specialist in School Psychology (LSSP)	who h	ed specialist in school psychology (LSSP) means a person olds a license to engage in the practice of psychology under pations Code 501.260. <i>Occupations Code 501.002(2)</i>	
	schoo	I psychological services may be provided in Texas public Is only by LSSPs and interns and post-doctoral fellows work- vards licensure as a psychologist. <i>22 TAC 465.38(e)</i>	
Scope of Practice	lems r lizing (that at studer	SP is trained to address psychological and behavioral prob- nanifested in and associated with educational systems by uti- osychological concepts and methods in programs or actions tempt to improve the learning, adjustment and behavior of hts. These activities include, but are not limited to:	

	edu dur An cap 22	Conducting manifestation determinations; Assisting with the development and implementation of individ- ual educational programs (IEPs); Conducting behavioral assessments; and Designing and implementing behavioral interventions and supports. e assessment of emotional or behavioral disturbance, solely for icational purposes, using psychological techniques and proce- es is considered the practice of school psychology. LSSP may not provide psychological services in any context or pacity outside of a public or private school.	
	4. 5. The edu dur An cap 22	ual educational programs (IEPs); Conducting behavioral assessments; and Designing and implementing behavioral interventions and supports. e assessment of emotional or behavioral disturbance, solely for icational purposes, using psychological techniques and proce- es is considered the practice of school psychology. LSSP may not provide psychological services in any context or	
	5. The edu dur An cap 22	Designing and implementing behavioral interventions and supports. e assessment of emotional or behavioral disturbance, solely for icational purposes, using psychological techniques and proce- es is considered the practice of school psychology. LSSP may not provide psychological services in any context or	
	The edu dur An cap 22	supports. e assessment of emotional or behavioral disturbance, solely for icational purposes, using psychological techniques and proce- es is considered the practice of school psychology. LSSP may not provide psychological services in any context or	
	edu dur An cap 22	icational purposes, using psychological techniques and proce- es is considered the practice of school psychology. LSSP may not provide psychological services in any context or	
	сар 22		
		TAC 465.38(b), (c)	
Standards	sch the	e delivery of school psychological services in Texas public ools shall be consistent with nationally recognized standards for practice of school psychology. <i>Occupations Code 501.260(c);</i> <i>TAC 465.38(b)(3)</i>	
Notice of Assignment or Subcontract	An LSSP who contracts with a school to provide school psychologi- cal services must notify the school of any intent or plan to subcon- tract or assign those services to another provider prior to entering into the agreement. An LSSP shall be responsible for ensuring the school psychological services delivered comply with TBHEC stand- ards. 22 TAC 465.38 (e)(3)		
Compliance with Applicable Education Laws	LSSPs shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws af- fecting the practice of school psychology, including, but not limited to:		
	1.	Texas Education Code;	
	2.	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. 1232g;	
	3.	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.;	
	4.	Texas Public Information Act, Texas Government Code, Chap- ter 552;	
	5.	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; and	
	6.	Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) 42 U.S.C. 12101.	
		TAC 465.38 (f)	
		Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; and Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) 42 U.S.C. 12101.	

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION E: INSTRUCTION

EA	INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES
EB	SCHOOL YEAR
EC	SCHOOL DAY
ED	ORGANIZATION OF INSTRUCTION
EE EEA EEB EEC EED EEH EEJ EEL EEM EEP	INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS Grouping for Instruction Class Size Scheduling for Instruction Student Schedules Homebound Instruction Individualized Learning Contracts with Outside Agencies Juvenile Residential Facilities Lesson Plans
EF EFA EFB	INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES Instructional Materials Library Materials
EH EHA EHAA EHAB EHAC EHAD EHB EHBA EHBAA EHBAA EHBAA EHBAD EHBAE EHBAF EHBB EHBC EHBD EHBE EHBF EHBG EHBH	CURRICULUM DESIGN Basic Instructional Program Required Instruction (All Levels) Required Instruction (Elementary) Required Instruction (Secondary) Elective Instruction Special Programs Special Education Identification, Evaluation, and Eligibility ARD Committee and Individualized Education Program Students in Non-District Placement Transition Services Procedural Requirements Video/Audio Monitoring Gifted and Talented Students Compensatory/Accelerated Services Federal Title I Bilingual Education/ESL Career and Technical Education Prekindergarten Other Special Populations

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION E: INSTRUCTION

EHBI EHBJ EHBK EHBL EHBM EHBN EHD EHDA EHDA EHDB EHDC EHDD EHDE EHDF	Adult and Community Education Innovative and Magnet Programs Other Instructional Initiatives High School Equivalency Travel Study Honors Alternative Methods for Earning Credit Summer School Credit by Examination with Prior Instruction Credit by Examination without Prior Instruction College Course Work/Dual Credit Distance Learning Local Remote Learning Program
EI	ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT
EIA	Grading/Progress Reports to Parents
EIAA	Examinations
EIAB	Makeup Work
EIB	Homework
EIC	Class Ranking
EID	Honor Rolls
EIE	Retention and Promotion
EIF	Graduation
EK	TESTING PROGRAMS
EKB	State Assessment
EKBA	English Learners/Emergent Bilingual Students
EKC	Reading Assessment
EKD	Mathematics Assessment
EL	CAMPUS OR PROGRAM CHARTERS
ELA	Partnership Charters
EM	MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES
EMA	Academic Freedom
EMB	Teaching About Controversial Issues
EMD	Ceremonies and Observances
EMG	Non-Service Animals
EMI	Study of Religion

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INSTRUCTIONAL RESC	URC	ES EF (LEGAL)
School Library	of its	strict possesses significant discretion to determine the content s school libraries. A district must, however, exercise its discre- in a manner consistent with the First Amendment.
Removal of Library Materials	bool mov acce mov	dents' First Amendment rights are implicated by the removal of ks from the shelves of a school library. A district shall not re- re materials from a library for the purpose of denying students ess to ideas with which the district disagrees. A district may re- re materials because they are pervasively vulgar or based ly upon the educational suitability of the books in question.
	<u>Bd.</u>	<u>of Educ. v. Pico</u> , 457 U.S. 853 (1982)
Instructional Materials	be f cept char men	ructional materials selected for use in the public schools shall urnished without cost to students attending those schools. Ex- as provided by Education Code 31.104(d), a district may not rge a student for instructional material or technological equip- at purchased by the district with the district's technology and in- ctional materials allotment [see CMD]. <i>Education Code 31.001</i>
Parental Access	A pa	arent is entitled to:
	1.	Review all teaching materials, instructional materials, includ- ing while the child is participating in virtual or remote learning, and other teaching aids used in the classroom of the parent's child;
	2.	Review each test administered to the child after the test is ad- ministered; and
	3.	Observe virtual instruction while the parent's child is partici- pating in virtual or remote learning to the same extent the par- ent would be entitled to observe in-person instruction of the child.
		strict shall make teaching materials and tests readily available parental review and may specify reasonable hours for such re- <i>I</i> .
Taking Home Materials	dent Sub scho tiona the	udent's parent is entitled to request that a district allow the stu- t to take home any instructional materials used by the student. ject to the availability of the instructional materials, a district or ool shall honor the request. A student who takes home instruc- al materials must return the instructional materials to school at beginning of the next school day if requested to do so by the lent's teacher.
Students Without Reliable Access to Technology	print	strict must provide the instructional materials to the student in ted format if the student does not have reliable access to tech- gy at the student's home. This requirement does not require a

INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

	disti this	rict to purchase printed copies of instructional materials that the rict would not otherwise purchase. A district may comply with requirement by providing the student a printout of the relevant stronic instructional materials.	
Learning Management System or Online Portal	lear stru EFA	strict that uses a learning management system or any online ning portal to assign, distribute, present, or make available in- ctional materials as defined by Education Code 31.002 [see] to students shall provide login credentials to the system or al to each student's parent.	
	Edu	cation Code 26.006	
Information Collection and Access U.S. ED–Funded Surveys <i>Consent</i> <i>Required</i>	No student shall be required, as part of any program funded in whole or in part by the U.S. Department of Education (ED), to su mit to a survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information concerning the topics listed at Protected Information, below, without the prior consent of the student (if the student is an adult or emain cipated minor), or, in the case of an unemancipated minor, without the prior written consent of the parent. <i>20 U.S.C. 1232h(b)</i>		
Parental Inspection	All instructional materials, including teacher's manuals, films, tapes, or other supplementary material, that will be used in connection with any survey, analysis, or evaluation as part of any program funded in whole or in part by the U.S. ED shall be available for inspection by the parents or guardians of the children. 20 U.S.C. 1232h(a)		
Information Collection Funded by Other Sources <i>Policies</i>	Fun proo dev	ept as provided by 20 U.S.C. 1232h(a) or (b) [see U.S. ED ded Surveys, above], as a condition of receiving funds for a gram funded in whole or in part by the U.S. ED, a district shall elop and adopt policies, in consultation with parents, pursuant 0 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1), regarding the following:	
	1.	The parent's right to inspect a survey created by a third party before the survey is administered or distributed by a school to the student and any applicable procedures for granting a re- quest by a parent for reasonable access to such survey within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.	
	2.	A district's arrangements to protect student privacy in the event a survey containing one or more of the items listed un- der Protected Information, below, is administered or distrib- uted to a student.	
	3.	The parent's right to inspect any instructional material used in the educational curriculum for the student and any applicable procedures for granting a request by a parent for reasonable access to instructional material within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.	
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4.	The administration of physical examinations or screenings
	that a district may administer to the student.

5.	The collection, disclosure, or use of personal information col- lected from students for the purpose of marketing or selling that information. This provision does not apply to use of per- sonal information collected from students for the exclusive purpose of developing, evaluating, or providing educational products or services for or to students or educational institu- tions, such as recruiters, book clubs, curriculum and instruc- tional materials used by schools, sale by students of products or services to raise funds for school-related or education-re- lated activities, or student recognition programs.
6.	The parent's right to inspect any instrument used in collection of personal information in item 5 above, before the instrument is administered and any applicable procedures for granting a request by a parent for reasonable access to such instrument within a reasonable period of time after the request is re- ceived.
	strict need not develop and adopt new policies if TEA or the rict had in place, on January 8, 2002, policies covering the re-

quirements of 20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1). [See CRD, FFAA, FL, and FNG]

Parental A district shall provide for reasonable notice of the adoption or con-Notification tinued use of such policies directly to the parents of the students enrolled in schools served by the district. At a minimum, a district shall:

- 1. Provide notice at least annually, at the beginning of the school year and within a reasonable time after any substantive change in the policies; and
- 2. Offer an opportunity for the parent to opt the student out of participation in an activity described below.

A district shall directly notify the parent of a student, at least annually at the beginning of the school year, of the specific or approximate dates during the school year when activities, described below, are scheduled or expected to be scheduled. The following activities require notification under this section:

- Activities involving the collection, disclosure, or use of per-1. sonal information collected from students for the purpose of marketing or for selling that information.
- 2. The administration of any survey containing one or more items described at Protected Information, below.

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	3. Any nonemergency, invasive physical examination or screen- ing that is required as a condition of attendance, administered and scheduled by the school in advance, and not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student or of other students.		
	20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1)–(4) [See FFAA]		
Protected	Protected information addressed by 20 U.S.C. 1232h includes:		
Information	1. Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parents.		
	2. Mental and psychological problems of the student or the stu- dent's family.		
	3. Sex behavior and attitudes.		
	4. Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, and demeaning behav- ior.		
	5. Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships.		
	 Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers. 		
	7. Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or stu- dent's parent.		
	8. Income (other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program).		
	20 U.S.C. 1232h(b), (c)(1)(B)		
"Personal Information" Defined	The term "personal information" means individually identifiable in- formation, including a student's:		
	1. First and last name;		
	 Home or physical address, including street name and city or town; 		
	3. Telephone number; or		
	4. Social security identification number.		
	20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(6)(E)		

Purpose	As a condition of accreditation, a district shall provide instruction in the essential knowledge and skills at appropriate grade levels in the foundation and enrichment curriculum. <i>Education Code</i> 28.002(c); 19 TAC 74.1(b)			
	A district shall ensure that all children in the district participate ac- tively in a balanced curriculum designed to meet individual needs. <i>Education Code 28.002(g)</i>			
	Instruction may be provided in a variety of arrangements and set- tings, including mixed-age programs designed to permit flexible learning arrangements for developmentally appropriate instruction for all student populations to support student attainment of course and grade-level standards. <i>19 TAC 74.2</i>			
	A primary purpose of the public school curriculum is to prepare thoughtful, informed citizens who understand the importance of patriotism and can function productively in a free enterprise society with appreciation for the fundamental democratic principles of our state and national heritage.			
	A district shall require the teaching of informed American patriot- ism, Texas history, and the free enterprise system in the adoption of instructional materials for kindergarten through grade 12, includ- ing the founding documents of the United States. In providing in- struction required by the State Board of Education under Education Code 28.002(h-1), regarding the founding documents of the United States, a district shall use those documents as part of the instruc- tional materials for the instruction.			
	Education Code 28.002(h), (h-6)			
Required Curriculum Foundation	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer a foundation curriculum that includes:			
Curriculum	1. English language arts and reading;			
	2. Mathematics;			
	3. Science; and			
	 Social studies, consisting of Texas, United States, and world history; government; geography; and economics with empha- sis on the free enterprise system and its benefits. 			
	Education Code 28.002(a)(1); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(1)			
Enrichment Curriculum	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer an enrichment curriculum that includes:			

	1.	can	guages other than English, to the extent possible. Ameri- Sign Language is a language for these purposes and the ict may offer an elective course in the language;		
	2.	Hea	lth, with emphasis on:		
		a.	Physical health, including the importance of proper nutri- tion and exercise;		
		b.	Mental health, including instruction about mental health conditions, substance abuse, skills to manage emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decision-making; and		
		C.	Suicide prevention, including recognizing suicide-related risk factors and warning signs;		
	3.	Phys	sical education;		
	4.	Fine arts;			
	5.	Care	eer and technical education;		
	6.	Tech	nology applications;		
	7.	 Religious literature, including the Hebrew Scriptures (Old Tes- tament) and New Testament, and its impact on history and lit- erature; and 			
	8.	Pers	onal financial literacy.		
	Edu	catior	n Code 28.002(a)(2), (e); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(2)		
Digital Citizenship	inco lum,	rpora inclu	Board of Education by rule shall require each district to te instruction in digital citizenship into the district's curricu- ding information regarding the potential criminal conse- of cyberbullying.		
	"Cyberbullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]				
	"Digital citizenship" means the standards of appropriate, responsi- ble, and healthy online behavior, including the ability to access, an- alyze, evaluate, create, and act on all forms of digital communica- tion.				
	Education Code 28.002(z)				
Positive Character Traits	Beginning with the 2021–22 school year, districts are required to provide instruction in the essential knowledge and skills for positive character traits outlined in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 120, Subchapter A at least once in the following grade bands: kindergarten–grade 2, grades 3–5, grades 6–8, and grades 9–12.				
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	Districts may provide the required instruction in a variety of ar- rangements, including through a stand-alone course or by integrat- ing the positive character traits standards in the essential knowledge and skills for one or more courses or subject areas at the appropriate grade levels.				
	19	19 TAC 120.1			
Local Credit	A district may offer courses for local credit, at its discretion, in addi- tion to those in the required curriculum, but it may not delete or omit instruction in the foundation and enrichment curricula speci- fied above. <i>Education Code 28.002(f); 19 TAC 74.1(b)</i>				
Local Instructional Plan	A district's local instructional plan may draw on state curriculum frameworks and program standards as appropriate. A district is encouraged to exceed minimum requirements of law and State Board rule.				
Major Curriculum Initiatives	use	ore the adoption of a major curriculum initiative, including the of a curriculum management system, a district must use a pro- s that:			
	1.	Includes teacher input;			
	2.	Provides district employees with the opportunity to express opinions regarding the initiative; and			
	3.	Includes a meeting of the board at which information regard- ing the initiative is presented, including the cost of the initia- tive and any alternatives that were considered; and members of the public and district employees are given the opportunity to comment regarding the initiative.			
	Education Code 28.002(g)				
Common Core State Standards	A district may not use common core state standards to comply with the requirement to provide instruction in the essential knowledge and skills at appropriate grade levels. A district may not be required to offer any aspect of a common core state standards curriculum. "Common core state standards" means the national curriculum standards developed by the Common Core State Standards Initia- tive. <i>Education Code 28.002(b-1), (b-3), (b-4)</i>				
Scope and Sequence	In adopting a recommended or designated scope and sequence for a subject in the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a) in a particular grade level, a district shall ensure suffi- cient time is provided for teachers to teach and students to learn the essential knowledge and skills for that subject and grade level [see DG]. <i>Education Code 28.0027(a)</i>				

Coordinated Health Programs	TEA shall make available to each district one or more coordinated health programs in elementary, middle, and junior high school. Each program must provide for coordinating education and ser- vices related to:			
	1.	Physical health education, including programs designed to prevent obesity, cardiovascular disease, oral diseases, and Type 2 diabetes and programs designed to promote the role of proper nutrition;		
	2.	Mental health education, including education about mental health conditions, mental health well-being, skills to manage emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decision-making;		
	3.	Substance abuse education, including education about alco- hol abuse, prescription drug abuse, and abuse of other con- trolled substances;		
	4.	Physical education and physical activity; and		
	5.	Parental involvement.		
	Education Code 38.013; 19 TAC 102.1031(a)			
	A district shall participate in appropriate training to implement TEA's coordinated health program and shall implement the pro- gram in each elementary, middle, and junior high school in the dis- trict. <i>Education Code 38.014</i>			
	Coordinated school health programs that are developed by districts and that meet TEA criteria may be approved and made available as approved programs. Districts must use materials that are proven effective, such as TEA-approved textbooks or materials de- veloped by nationally recognized and/or government-approved en- tities. <i>19 TAC 102.1031(c)</i>			
Physical Education	Each district shall establish specific objectives and goals the dis- trict intends to accomplish through the physical education curricu- lum. The physical education curriculum must be sequential, devel- opmentally appropriate, and designed, implemented, and evaluated to enable students to develop the motor, self-manage- ment, and other skills, knowledge, attitudes, and confidence neces- sary to participate in physical activity throughout life.			
	A physical education course shall:			
	1.	Offer students an opportunity to choose among many types of physical activity in which to participate;		
	2.	Offer students both cooperative and competitive games; and		

	3.	Be a	n enjoyable experience for students.	
	clas	s sha ⁄ shall	kly basis, at least 50 percent of a physical education Il be used for actual student physical activity and the ac- be, to the extent practicable, at a moderate or vigorous	
Student/Teacher Ratio	The objectives and goals shall include, to the extent practicable, student/teacher ratios [see EEB] that are small enough to enable the district to:			
	1.		y out the purposes of and requirements for the physical cation curriculum; and	
	2.	Ensı tion.	ure the safety of students participating in physical educa-	
	If a district establishes a student to teacher ratio greater than 45 to 1 in a physical education class, the district shall specifically identify the manner in which the safety of the students will be maintained.			
	Education Code 25.114, 28.002(d); 19 TAC 74.37			
Classification for Physical Education	A district shall classify students for physical education on the basis of health into one of the following categories:			
	1. Unrestricted—not limited in activities.			
	2.		tricted—excludes the more vigorous activities. Restricted sification is of two types:	
		a.	Permanent—A member of the healing arts licensed to practice in Texas shall provide written documentation to the school as to the nature of the impairment and the ex- pectations for physical activity for the student.	
		b.	Temporary—Students may be restricted from physical activity of the physical education class. A member of the healing arts licensed to practice in Texas shall provide written documentation to the school as to the nature of the temporary impairment and the expected amount of time for recovery. During recovery time, the student shall continue to learn the concepts of the lessons but shall not actively participate in the skill demonstration.	
	3.	hibit	oted and remedial—specific activities prescribed or pro- ed for students as directed by a member of the healing licensed to practice in Texas.	
	19 TAC 74.31			

School Health Advisory Council	(SH/ ues <i>catio</i>	AC) to are re on Co	hall establish a local school health advisory council o assist the district in ensuring that local community val- eflected in the district's health education instruction. <i>Edu- de 28.004(a)</i> [See BDF regarding composition of the d FFA regarding federal wellness requirements.]
Duties	The	SHA	C's duties include recommending:
	1.	The	number of hours of instruction to be provided in:
		a.	Health education in kindergarten through grade 8; and
		b.	If the district requires health education for high school graduation, health education, including physical health education and mental health education, in grades 9 through 12.
	2.	for s conc diab	cies, procedures, strategies, and curriculum appropriate pecific grade levels designed to prevent physical health cerns, including obesity, cardiovascular disease, Type 2 etes, and mental health concerns, including suicide, ugh coordination of:
		a.	Health education, which must address physical health concerns and mental health concerns to ensure the inte- gration of physical health education and mental health education;
		b.	Physical education and physical activity;
		C.	Nutrition services;
		d.	Parental involvement;
		e.	Instruction on substance abuse prevention;
		f.	School health services, including mental health services;
		g.	A comprehensive school counseling program under Edu- cation Code 33.005 [see FFEA];
		h.	A safe and healthy school environment; and
		i.	School employee wellness;
	3.		ropriate grade levels and methods of instruction for hu- sexuality instruction;
	4.	by it	tegies for integrating the curriculum components specified em 2, above, with the following elements in a coordinated ool health program:

		a.	School health services, including physical health ser- vices and mental health services, if provided at a cam- pus by the district or by a third party under a contract with the district;	
		b.	A comprehensive school counseling program under Edu- cation Code 33.005 [see FFEA];	
		C.	A safe and healthy school environment; and	
		d.	School employee wellness;	
	5.	betv cies tion	asible, joint use agreements or strategies for collaboration ween the district and community organizations or agen- a. Any agreement entered into based on a recommenda- of the SHAC must address liability for the district and munity organization;	
	6.	Stra	tegies to increase parental awareness regarding:	
		a.	Risky behaviors and early warning signs of suicide risks and behavioral health concerns, including mental health disorders and substance use disorders; and	
7. 8.	b.	Available community programs and services that ad- dress risky behaviors, suicide risks, and behavioral health concerns.		
	7.	ing	ropriate grade levels and curriculum for instruction regard- opioid addiction and abuse and methods for administering opioid antagonist; and	
	8.	Appropriate grade levels and curriculum for instruction regard- ing child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex traf- ficking, including likely warning signs that a child may be at risk for sex trafficking, provided that the local SHAC's recom- mendations under this provision do not conflict with the es- sential knowledge and skills developed by the State Board of Education.		
	Edu	Education Code 28.004(c), (n)		
Policy Recommendations	dist sch stru and tion flec	rict co ool st cture the h s. The	C shall consider and make policy recommendations to the oncerning the importance of daily recess for elementary udents. The SHAC must consider research regarding un- d and undirected play, academic and social development, health benefits of daily recess in making the recommenda- e SHAC shall ensure that local community values are re- any policy recommendation made to the district concern- nportance of daily recess for elementary school students.	

Education Code 28.004(I)

	The SHAC shall make policy recommendations to the district to in- crease parental awareness of suicide-related risk factors and warn- ing signs and available community suicide prevention services. <i>Ed-</i> <i>ucation Code 28.004(o)</i>
Complaints	A parent may use the grievance procedure at FNG concerning a complaint of a violation of Education Code 28.004. <i>Education Code</i> 28.004(<i>i-1</i>)
Human Sexuality Instruction Definitions	"Human sexuality instruction," "instruction in human sexuality," and "instruction relating to human sexuality" include instruction in repro- ductive health.
2011110110	"Curriculum materials" includes the curriculum, teacher training materials, and any other materials used in providing instruction.
	Education Code 28.004(p)
Board Selection	The board shall determine the specific content of a district's in- struction in human sexuality. <i>Education Code 28.004(h)</i>
	The board shall select any instruction relating to human sexuality, sexually transmitted diseases, or human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) with the ad- vice of the SHAC. The instruction must:
	 Present abstinence as the preferred choice of behavior for un- married persons of school age;
	2. Devote more attention to abstinence than to any other behav- ior;
	3. Emphasize that abstinence is the only method that is 100 per- cent effective in preventing pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, infection with HIV or AIDS, and the emotional trauma associated with adolescent sexual activity;
	 Direct adolescents to a standard of behavior in which absti- nence before marriage is the most effective way to prevent pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, and infection with HIV or AIDS; and
	 Teach contraception and condom use in terms of human use reality rates instead of theoretical laboratory rates, if instruc- tion on contraception and condoms is included in the curricu- lum.
	Education Code 28.004(e)
Notice to Parents	Before each school year, a district shall provide written notice to a parent of each student enrolled in the district of the board's deci-

	sion regarding whether the district will provide human sexuality in- struction to district students. If instruction will be provided, the no- tice must include:		
	1.	A statement informing the parent of the human sexuality in- struction requirements under state law;	
	2.	A detailed description of the content of the district's human sexuality instruction and a general schedule on which the in- struction will be provided;	
	3.	A statement of the parent's right to:	
		 At the parent's discretion, review or purchase a copy of curriculum materials as provided by Education Code 28.004(j) [see EFA]; 	
		b. Remove the student from any part of that instruction without subjecting the student to any disciplinary action, academic penalty, or other sanction imposed by the dis- trict or the student's school; and	
		c. Use the grievance procedure at FNG or the appeals pro- cess under Education Code 7.057 concerning a com- plaint of a violation of Education Code 28.004;	
	4.	A statement that any curriculum materials in the public do- main used for the district's human sexuality instruction must be posted on the district's internet website, if the district has an internet website, and the internet website address at which the curriculum materials are located; and	
	5.	Information describing the opportunities for parental involve- ment in the development of the curriculum to be used in hu- man sexuality instruction, including information regarding the SHAC.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.004(i)	
Parent Consent Before Instruction	a dis requ ficat than scrit the tion	bre a student may be provided with human sexuality instruction, strict must obtain the written consent of the student's parent. A uest for written consent may not be included with any other noti- ion or request for written consent provided to the parent, other in the notice provided under Education Code $28.004(i)$, de- bed above, and must be provided to the parent not later than 14th day before the date on which the human sexuality instruc- begins. The requirements in this paragraph expire August 1, 4. Education Code $28.004(i-2)-(i-3)$	
Condoms		strict may not distribute condoms in connection with instruction ting to human sexuality. <i>Education Code 28.004(f)</i>	

Separate Classes	stud	district provides human sexuality instruction, it may separate ents according to sex for instructional purposes. <i>Education</i> e 28.004(g) [See FB regarding single-sex classes under Title		
Adoption of Instructional Materials	The board shall adopt a policy establishing a process for the adop- tion of curriculum materials for the district's human sexuality in- struction. The policy must require:			
	1.	The board to adopt a resolution convening the local SHAC for the purpose of making recommendations regarding the curric- ulum materials;		
	2.	The local SHAC to:		
		a. After the board's adoption of the resolution, hold at least two public meetings [see BDF] on the curriculum materials before adopting recommendations; and		
		b. Provide the adopted recommendations to the board at a public meeting of the board; and		
	3.	The board, after receipt of the local SHAC's recommenda- tions under item 2, above, to take action on the adoption of the recommendations by a record vote at a public meeting.		
	Before adopting curriculum materials for the district's human sexu- ality instruction, the board shall ensure that the curriculum materi- als are:			
	1.	Based on the advice of the local SHAC;		
	2.	Suitable for the subject and grade level for which the curricu- lum materials are intended; and		
	3.	Reviewed by academic experts in the subject and grade level for which the curriculum materials are intended.		
	Education Code 28.004(e)–(e-1), (e-3)			
Abuse Prevention Instruction Adoption of Instructional Materials	Any course materials relating to the prevention of child abuse, fam- ily violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking shall be selected by the board with the advice of the local SHAC.			
	The board shall adopt a policy establishing a process for the adopt tion of curriculum materials for the district's instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking. The policy must require:			
	1.	The board to adopt a resolution convening the SHAC for the purpose of making recommendations regarding the curricu- lum materials;		
		10 -5 11		

	2.	The SHAC to:		
		a. After the board's adoption of the resolution, hold at least two public meetings [see BDF] on the curriculum materials before adopting recommendations; and		
		b. Provide the adopted recommendations to the board at a public meeting of the board; and		
	3.	The board, after receipt of the SHAC's recommendations, to take action on the adoption of the recommendations by a record vote at a public meeting.		
Board Selection	lating lence	re adopting curriculum materials for the district's instruction re- g to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating vio- e, and sex trafficking, the board shall ensure that the curricu- materials are:		
	1.	Based on the advice of the local SHAC;		
	2.	Suitable for the subject and grade level for which the curricu- lum materials are intended; and		
	3.	Reviewed by academic experts in the subject and grade level for which the curriculum materials are intended.		
	The board shall determine the specific content of the district's in- struction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking, including the essential knowledge and skills addressing these topics developed by the State Board of Education.			
	Educ	cation Code 28.004(q)–(q-1), (q-3)–(q-4)		
Notice to Parents	Before each school year, a district shall provide written notice to a parent of each student enrolled in the district of the board's deci- sion regarding whether the district will provide instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking to district students. If instruction will be provided. The notice must include:			
	1.	A statement informing the parent of the requirements under state law regarding instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex traffick- ing;		
	2.	A detailed description of the content of the district's instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, da- ting violence, and sex trafficking;		
	3.	A statement of the parent's right to:		

		a.	At the parent's discretion, review or purchase a copy of curriculum materials [see below at Availability of Instruc- tional Materials];
		b.	Remove the student from any part of the district's in- struction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking without sub- jecting the student to any disciplinary action, academic penalty, or other sanction imposed by the district or the student's school; and
		C.	Use the grievance procedure at FNG or the appeals pro- cess under Education Code 7.057 concerning a com- plaint of a violation of Education Code 28.004;
	4.	mair tion traffi	atement that any curriculum materials in the public do- n used for the district's instruction regarding the preven- of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex cking must be posted on the district's internet website ad- s at which the curriculum materials are located; and
	5.	men struc lenc	mation describing the opportunities for parental involve- t in the development of the curriculum to be used in in- ction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family vio- e, dating violence, and sex trafficking, including mation regarding the local SHAC.
Parent Consent Before Instruction	prev traffi	entio cking	student may be provided with instruction relating to the n of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex , a district must obtain the written consent of the student's request for written consent:
	1.	writt	not be included with any other notification or request for en consent provided to the parent, other than the notice cribed above; and
	2.	fore tion	t be provided to the parent not later than the 14th day be- the date on which the instruction relating to the preven- of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex cking begins.
	Edu	catior	n Code 28.004(q-5)–(q-6)
Availability of Materials for Human Sexuality Instruction and Abuse Prevention Instruction	man child mus	sexu abus t be n	m materials proposed to be adopted for the district's hu- ality instruction or instruction relating to the prevention of se, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking nade available as provided below, except copyrighted must be provided as described by items (2)(a) or (2)(c),

as applicable.

A district shall make all curriculum materials used in human sexuality instruction or instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking available by:

- 1. For curriculum materials in the public domain:
 - a. Providing a copy of the curriculum materials by mail or email to a parent of a student enrolled in the district on the parent's request; and
 - b. Posting the curriculum materials on the district's internet website, if the district has an internet website; and
- 2. For copyrighted curriculum materials, allowing a parent of a student enrolled in the district to:
 - a. Review the curriculum materials at the student's campus at any time during regular business hours;
 - b. Purchase a copy of the curriculum materials from the publisher as provided by the district's purchase agreement for the curriculum materials; or
 - c. Review the curriculum materials online through a secure electronic account in a manner that prevents the curriculum materials from being copied and that otherwise complies with copyright law.

For purchase agreements entered into, amended, or renewed on or after September 1, 2021, if a district purchases from a publisher copyrighted curriculum materials for use in the district's human sexuality instruction, the district shall ensure that the purchase agreement provides for a means by which a parent of a student enrolled in the district may purchase a copy of the curriculum materials from the publisher at a price that does not exceed the price per unit paid by the district for the curriculum materials.

If a district purchases from a publisher copyrighted curriculum materials for use in the district's instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking, the district shall ensure that the purchase agreement provides for a means by which a parent of a student enrolled in the district may purchase a copy of the curriculum materials from the publisher at a price that does not exceed the price per unit paid by the district for the curriculum materials.

Education Code 28.004(e-2), (j)–(j-2), (q-2)

Character Education	A district must adopt a character education program that inclu- the following positive character education traits and personal s		
	1.	Courage;	
	2.	Trustworthiness, including honesty, reliability, punctuality, and loyalty;	
	3.	Integrity;	
	4.	Respect and courtesy;	
	5.	Responsibility, including accountability, diligence, persever- ance, self-management skills, and self-control;	
	6.	Fairness, including justice and freedom from prejudice;	
	7.	Caring, including kindness, empathy, compassion, considera- tion, patience, generosity, charity, and interpersonal skills;	
	8.	Good citizenship, including patriotism, concern for the com- mon good and the community, responsible decision-making skills, and respect for authority and the law;	
	9.	School pride; and	
	10.	Gratitude.	
	Edu sele edu	eveloping or selecting a character education program under cation Code 29.906, a district shall consult with a committee octed by the district that consists of parents of district students, cators, and other members of the community, including com- nity leaders.	
		provisions above do not require or authorize proselytizing or octrinating concerning any specific religious or political belief.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.906	

Human Sexuality Instruction		The following process shall apply regarding the adoption of curricu- lum materials for the District's human sexuality instruction:	
	1.	The Board shall adopt a resolution convening the District's school health advisory council (SHAC) to recommend curricu- lum materials for the instruction.	
	2.	The SHAC shall hold at least two public meetings on the cur- riculum materials before adopting recommendations to pre- sent to the Board.	
4	3.	The SHAC recommendations must comply with the instruc- tional content requirements in law, be suitable for the subject and grade level for which the materials are intended, and be reviewed by academic experts in the subject and grade level for which the materials are intended.	
	4.	The SHAC shall present its recommendations to the Board at a public meeting.	
	5.	After the Board ensures the recommendations from the SHAC meet the standards in law, the Board shall take action on the recommendations by a record vote at a public meeting.	
Instruction on Prevention of Child Abuse, Family Violence, Dating Violence, and Sex Trafficking	The following process shall apply regarding the adoption of curricu- lum materials for the District's instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking:		
	1.	The Board shall adopt a resolution convening the District's SHAC to recommend curriculum materials for the instruction.	
	2.	The SHAC shall hold at least two public meetings on the cur- riculum materials before adopting recommendations to pre- sent to the Board.	
	3.	The SHAC recommendations must comply with the instruc- tional content requirements in law, be suitable for the subject and grade level for which the materials are intended, and be reviewed by academic experts in the subject and grade level for which the materials are intended.	
	4.	The SHAC shall present its recommendations to the Board at a public meeting.	
	5.	After the Board ensures the recommendations from the SHAC meet the standards in law, the Board shall take action on the recommendations by a record vote at a public meeting.	

Arlington ISD 220901

CURRICULUM DESIGN SPECIAL PROGRAMS EHB (LOCAL)

In accordance with administrative procedures, the District shall provide regular training opportunities for teachers of students with dyslexia that include new research and practices for educating students with dyslexia.

ADOPTED:

Identification	A district shall ensure that all children residing within the district			
Child Find	who have disabilities, regardless of the severity of their disabilities, and who are in need of special education and related services are identified, located, and evaluated. This requirement applies to:			
	1. Homeless children;			
	2. Children who are wards of the state;			
	3. Children attending private schools;			
	4. Highly mobile children (including migrant children); and			
	5. Children who are suspected of being in need of special edu- cation but who are advancing from grade to grade.			
	20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(3)(A); 34 C.F.R. 300.111(a)(1)(i), (c)			
Private School Students	A district shall conduct a timely and meaningful consultation with private school representatives regarding the child find process and the provision of special education and related services to children enrolled in private schools in the district.			
	A district shall undertake activities similar to those undertaken for public school children and shall complete the child find process for children enrolled in private schools in a time period comparable to that for other students attending public schools in the district.			
	20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(10)(A)(ii)–(iv) [See EHBAC regarding students in nondistrict placement.]			
Preschool Students	A district shall develop a system to notify district residents with chil- dren who are at least three and younger than six and who are eligi- ble for enrollment in a special education program of the availability of the program. <i>Education Code 29.009</i>			
Requests and Referrals for Evaluation	The screening of a student by a teacher or specialist to determine appropriate instructional strategies for curriculum implementation shall not be considered to be an evaluation for eligibility for special education and related services. 20 U.S.C. $1414(a)(1)(E)$			
	Referral of students for a full individual and initial evaluation for possible special education services shall be a part of a district's overall general education referral or screening system. Either a parent, TEA, another state agency, or the district may initiate a re- quest for an initial evaluation.			
District Obligation to Refer	Students experiencing difficulty in the general classroom should be considered for all support services available to all students, such as tutorial; remedial; compensatory; response to evidence-based intervention; and other academic or behavior support services. A student is not required to be provided with interventions for any			
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	specific length of time prior to a referral being made or a full indi- vidual and initial evaluation being conducted. If the student contin- ues to experience difficulty in the general classroom with the provi- sion of interventions, district personnel must refer the student for a full individual and initial evaluation. A referral for a full individual and initial evaluation may be initiated at any time by school person- nel, the student's parents or legal guardian, or another person in- volved in the education or care of the student.
	19 TAC 89.1011(a)
Parental Request	If a parent submits a written request to a district's director of spe- cial education services or to a district administrative employee for a full individual and initial evaluation of a student, the district shall, not later than the 15th school day after the date the district re- ceives the request:
	 Provide the parent with prior written notice of its proposal to conduct an evaluation consistent with 34 C.F.R. 300.503, a copy of the procedural safeguards notice required by 34 C.F.R. 300.504, and an opportunity to give written consent for the evaluation; or
	2. Provide the parent with prior written notice of its refusal to conduct an evaluation consistent with 34 C.F.R. 300.503, and a copy of the procedural safeguards notice required by 34 C.F.R. 300.504.
	19 TAC 89.1011(b); Education Code 29.004(c); 20 U.S.C. 1414(a)(1); 34 C.F.R. 300.301
Notice of Rights	A reasonable time before a district proposes or refuses to initiate the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of a student or the provision of a free appropriate public education (FAPE) to a student, the district shall provide written notice to the student's par- ent or guardian. 20 U.S.C. 1415(b)(3); 34 C.F.R. 300.503(a) [See EHBAE]
Initial Evaluation Required	A district shall conduct a full individual and initial evaluation before the initial provision of special education and related services. 20 U.S.C. $1414(a)(1)(A)$
Consent for Initial Evaluation	Before a district conducts an initial evaluation, it shall make rea- sonable efforts to obtain informed parental consent.
	If the parent does not provide consent for an initial evaluation, or if the parent fails to respond to a request to provide consent, a dis- trict may, but is not required to, pursue the initial evaluation by uti- lizing due process procedures [see EHBAE], except to the extent inconsistent with state law relating to such parental consent.
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	Parental consent to initial evaluation shall not be construed as con- sent for placement for special education and related services.			
	20	U.S.C. 1414(a)(1)(D)(i)(I); 34 C.F.R. 300.300(b)		
Wards of the State	par	If the child is a ward of the state and is not residing with the child's parent, a district shall make reasonable efforts to obtain the in- formed consent from the parent for an initial evaluation, unless:		
	1.	Despite reasonable efforts to do so, the district cannot dis- cover the whereabouts of the parent;		
	2.	The rights of the parent have been terminated; or		
	3.	The rights of the parent to make educational decisions have been subrogated and an individual appointed by a judge to represent the student has given consent for an initial evalua- tion.		
	20	U.S.C. 1414(a)(1)(D)(iii); 34 C.F.R. 300.300(a)(2)		
Time Frame for Completion of		A district must complete the written report of a full individual and in- itial evaluation:		
Written Report	1.	Not later than the 45th school day following the date on which the district receives written consent for the evaluation from the student's parent. If a student has been absent from school during that period on three or more school days, the period must be extended by a number of school days equal to the number of school days during that period on which the stu- dent has been absent; or		
	2.	For students under five years of age by September 1 of the school year and not enrolled in public school and for students enrolled in a private or homeschool setting, not later than the 45th school day following the date on which the district receives written consent for the evaluation from the student's parent.		
	If a district receives written consent for the evaluation from the stu- dent's parent at least 35 but less than 45 school days before the last instructional day of the school year, the written report of a full individual and initial evaluation of a student must be provided to the student's parent not later than June 30 of that year.			
	If a district receives written consent signed by a student's parent less than 35 school days before the last instructional day of the school year or if the district receives the written consent at least 35 but less than 45 school days before the last instructional day of the school year but the student is absent from school during that pe- riod on three or more days, the report must be completed not later			

	than the 45th school day following the date the district received written consent, except that the period must be extended by a number of school days equal to the number of school days during that period on which the student has been absent.				
	A student is considered absent for the school day if the student is not in attendance at the school's official attendance taking time or at the alternate attendance taking time set for that student. A stu- dent is considered in attendance if the student is off campus partic- ipating in an activity that is approved by the school board and is under the direction of a professional staff member of the school district or an adjunct staff member who has a minimum of a bache- lor's degree and is eligible for participation in the Teacher Retire- ment System of Texas.				
	"School day" does not include a day that falls after the last instruc- tional day of the spring school term and before the first instructional day of the subsequent fall school term.				
	These time frames shall not apply if the parent repeatedly fails or refuses to produce the child for the evaluation.				
Transfer Students	A district shall ensure that evaluations of children who transfer from one district to another in the same academic year are coordinated with the children's prior and subsequent schools, as necessary and as expeditiously as possible, to ensure prompt completion of evalu- ations.				
	If a student was in the process of being evaluated for special edu- cation eligibility by a district and enrolls in another school district before the previous district completed the full individual and initial evaluation, the new district must coordinate with the previous dis- trict as necessary and as expeditiously as possible to ensure a prompt completion of the evaluation in accordance with 34 C.F.R., 300.301(d)(2) and (e) and $300.304(c)(5)$.				
	The timelines above do not apply in such a situation if:				
	 The new school district is making sufficient progress to en- sure a prompt completion of the evaluation; and 				
	2. The parent and the new school district agree to a specific time when the evaluation will be completed.				
	20 U.S.C. 1414(a)(1)(C), (b)(3)(D); 34 C.F.R. 300.301(c)–(e); Edu- cation Code 29.004; 19 TAC 89.1011				
Psychological Examinations	If a district determines that an additional examination or test is re- quired for the initial and individual evaluation, the district shall pro- vide the information required by Education Code 29.0041(a) and				

	consen	otain additional parental consent. If a parent does not give t within 20 calendar days after the district provided the infor- the parent's consent is considered denied.
	sent ma	e required for a district to provide information and seek con- ay not be counted toward the time frame for completion of uation. [See Time Frame for Completion of Written Report,
	Educati	ion Code 29.0041
Eligibility and Reevaluations	A stude progran	nt is eligible to participate in a district's special education n if:
	1. Th	ne student is between the ages of 3 and 21, inclusive;
		ne student has one or more of the disabilities listed in fed- al regulations, state law, or both; and
	ad	ne student's disability(ies) prevents the student from being lequately or safely educated in the public schools without e provision of special services.
	20 U.S.	C. 1401(3); Education Code 29.003(b); 19 TAC 89.1035
Disability Definitions	be a "cł ject to t 29.003, Adminis mining	ligible to receive special education services, a student must hild with a disability," as defined in 34 C.F.R. 300.8(a), sub- he provisions of 34 C.F.R. 300.8(c), Education Code and 19 Administrative Code 89.1040. The provisions in 19 strative Code 89.1040 specify criteria to be used in deter- whether a student's condition meets one or more of the def- in federal regulations or in state law. <i>19 TAC 89.1040</i>
Visual and Auditory Impairments	ing sha	ts with visual impairments or who are deaf or hard of hear- Il be eligible to participate in a district's special education n from birth. <i>19 TAC 89.1035(b); Education Code 30.002(e),</i>
Determination of Initial Eligibility	evaluat parent s	ompletion of the administration of assessments and other ion measures, a team of qualified professionals and the shall make the determination of whether the child has a dis- and of the educational needs of the child.
		t shall provide a copy of the evaluation report and the doc- tion of determination of eligibility at no cost to the parent.
	20 U.S.	C. 1414(b)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.306(a)
	its decis and, if a	mission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee must make sions regarding a student's initial eligibility determination appropriate, individualized education program (IEP) and ent within 30 calendar days from the date of the completion
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	day den fina nati eva	ne written full individual and initial evaluation report. If the 30th falls during the summer and school is not in session, the stu- t's ARD committee has until the first day of classes in the fall to lize decisions concerning the student's initial eligibility determi- on, IEP, and placement, unless the full individual and initial luation indicates that the student will need extended school r (ESY) services during that summer.
	scri ARI the eva	en a report is provided to a parent not later than June 30 as de- bed at Time Frame for Completion of Written Report, above, the O committee must meet not later than the 15th school day of following school year to consider the evaluation. If, however, an luation indicates that a student will need ESY services, the ARD mittee must meet as expeditiously as possible.
	19	TAC 89.1011(d), (e)
Consent for Services Initial Provision of Services	tial ent	strict must obtain informed consent from the parent for the ini- provision of special education and related services. If the par- of a child fails to respond to a request for, or refuses to consent he initial provision of services, the district:
	1.	May not use the procedures in 34 C.F.R. part 300 subpart E (including the mediation and due process procedures) in or- der to obtain agreement or a ruling that the services may be provided to the child;
	2.	Will not be considered to be in violation of the requirement to make FAPE available to the child for the failure to provide the services for which the district requests consent; and
	3.	Is not required to convene an ARD meeting or develop an IEP for the child for the services.
Revoking Consent	chil	t any time after the provision of initial services, the parent of a d revokes consent in writing for the continued provision of ser- es, the district:
	1.	May not continue to provide services to the child, but must provide prior written notice before ceasing services;
	2.	May not use the procedures in 34 C.F.R. part 300 subpart E in order to obtain agreement or a ruling that the services may be provided to the child;
	3.	Will not be considered to be in violation of the requirement to make FAPE available to the child because of the failure to provide the child with further services; and

	4. Is not required to convene an ARD meeting or develop an IEP for further provision of services.			
	34 C.F.R. 300.300(b)			
Reevaluations	A district shall ensure that each child with a disability is reevaluated if the district determines that the educational or related services needs of the child, including improved academic achievement and functional performance, warrant a reevaluation, or if the child's par- ent or teacher requests a reevaluation.			
	Reevaluation shall occur:			
	1. No more than once a year, unless the parent and the district agree otherwise; and			
	2. At least once every three years, unless the parent and district agree that a reevaluation is unnecessary.			
	A district shall obtain informed parental consent before conducting a reevaluation, except that informed parental consent is not needed if the district can demonstrate that it has taken reasonable measures to obtain consent and the child's parent has failed to re- spond.			
	20 U.S.C. 1414(a)(2), (c)(3); 34 C.F.R. 300.303			
Evaluation for Change in Eligibility	A district must evaluate a child with a disability before determining that the child is no longer a child with a disability. However, an evaluation is not required before the termination of eligibility due to graduation from secondary school with a regular diploma or due to exceeding the age eligibility for FAPE under state law. If a child's eligibility terminates under the aforementioned circumstances, a district must provide a summary of academic achievement and functional performance, which shall include recommendations on how to assist the child in meeting the child's postsecondary goals. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.305(e); 20 U.S.C. 1414(c)(5)</i>			
	All students graduating under 19 Administrative Code 89.170 [see EIF] must be provided with a summary of academic achievement and functional performance as described above. This summary must consider, as appropriate, the views of the parent and student and written recommendations from adult service agencies on how to assist the student in meeting postsecondary goals. An evaluation as required by 34 C.F.R. $300.305(e)(1)$, must be included as part of the summary for a student graduating under 19 Administrative Code 89.1070(b)(3)(A), (B), or (C) or (f)(4)(A), (B), or (C).19 TAC 89.1070(g)			

Arlington ISD 220901				
SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHIDENTIFICATION, EVALUATION, AND ELIGIBILITY(LE				
Independent Evaluation	The parents have a right to obtain an independent educational evaluation of their child. If a parent requests an independent ev ation, a district shall provide the parents with information regard where one can be obtained and the district's criteria for indepen- ent evaluations.			
	The results of a parent-initiated independent educational e tion, whether at public or private expense, must be conside the district if it meets the district's criteria, in any decision r with respect to providing FAPE to the child.	ered by		
At Public Expense	If a parent requests an independent evaluation at public ex the district shall, without unnecessary delay, either:	(pense,		
	1. File a due process complaint to request a hearing to s that its evaluation is appropriate; or	show		
	2. Ensure that an independent evaluation is provided at expense, unless the district demonstrates that the evaluation by the parent did not meet district criteria.	•		
At Private Expense	If a district initiates a hearing, and the final decision is that trict's evaluation is appropriate, the parent still has a right t dependent evaluation, but not at public expense.			
	34 C.F.R. 300.502			
Prescription Medication	An employee of a district is prohibited from requiring a child tain a prescription for a substance covered under the feder trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) as a conditi tending school, receiving an evaluation for special education receiving special education and related services.	al Con- on of at-		
	An employee is not prohibited from consulting or sharing c room-based observations with parents regarding a student demic and functional performance, behavior in the classro school, or the need for evaluation for special education or services.	.'s aca- om or		
	20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(25)			

EHBAA (LOCAL)

When a student transitions from early childhood intervention (ECI) to early childhood special education (ECSE) services, the District shall develop and implement an individualized education program (IEP) by the child's third birthday.

ADOPTED:

Arlington ISD 220901					
SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND	INDIV	'IDUA	ALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	EHBAB (LEGAL)	
Admission, Review, and Dismissal Committee	Each district must establish an admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee for each eligible student with a disability and for each student for whom a full individual and initial evaluation is conducted. The ARD committee is the individualized education program (IEP) team defined in federal law and regulations, including 34 C.F.R. 300.321.				
	team whic	i is re h the	ct is responsible for all of the functions for which t sponsible under federal law and regulations and ARD committee is responsible under state law, in nsibilities listed at 19 Administrative Code 89.105	for ncluding	
	19 T,	AC 8	9.1050(a); 34 C.F.R. 300.116(a), .321(a)		
Committee Members	A district shall ensure that each ARD committee meeting includes all of the following:				
	1.	The	parents of a student with a disability;		
	2.	stud	ast one regular education teacher of the student ent is, or may be, participating in the regular educ conment);	•	
	3.		ast one special education teacher or, if appropria one special education provider of the student;	te, at	
	4.	A re	presentative of the district who:		
		a.	Is qualified to provide or supervise the provision cially designed instruction to meet the unique ne students with disabilities;		
		b.	Is knowledgeable about the general education c lum; and	urricu-	
		C.	Is knowledgeable about the availability of resour the district;	ces of	
	5.		er individuals who have knowledge or special exp ing the student at the discretion of the district or t		
	6.	of ev	ndividual who can interpret the instructional implic valuation results, who may be a member of the Af ee described in items 2–5;		
	7.	The	student, if appropriate;		
	8.	a tea	a student who is suspected to be deaf or hard of acher who is certified in the education of students or hard of hearing;	•	

	9.	For a student with a suspected or documented visual impair- ment, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with visual impairments;		
	10.	For a student with suspected or documented deaf-blindness, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with vis- ual impairments and a teacher who is certified in the educa- tion of students who are deaf or hard of hearing;		
	11.	For a student with limited English proficiency, a member of the language-proficiency assessment committee (LPAC), who may also be a member as described at items 2 or 3;		
	12.	A representative of any participating agency likely to be re- sponsible for providing transition services for a student, as ap- propriate, and with the consent of the student's parents or a student who has reached the age of majority; and		
	13.	When considering initial or continued placement of a student in a career and technical education program, a representative from career and technical education, preferably the teacher.		
	The special education teacher or special education provider that participates in the ARD committee meeting must be appropriately certified or licensed as required by 34 C.F.R. 300.18 and 300.156.			
	19 TAC 75.1023(d)(1), 89.1050(c); 20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(B); 34 C.F.R. 300.321;			
	tend trict the r	strict member of the ARD committee shall not be required to at- an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, if the parent and the dis- agree in writing that the attendance is not necessary because member's area of the curriculum or related services is not be- nodified or discussed during the meeting.		
	atter invol curri distr to th	strict member of the ARD committee may be excused from nding an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, when the meeting lives a modification to or discussion of the member's area of culum or related services if the parent, in writing, and the ict consent to the excusal and the member submits, in writing, e parent and the ARD committee, input into the development e IEP before the meeting.		
	20 L	J.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(C); 34 C.F.R. 300.321(e)		
Regular Education Teacher	teac	ARD committee is required to include a regular education her, the regular education teacher must, to the extent practica- be a teacher who is responsible for implementing a portion of		

the child's IEP. Education Code 29.005(a)

Parent Involvement	A district shall take steps to ensure that one or both parents of a student with a disability are present at each ARD committee meet- ing or are afforded an opportunity to participate, including:			
	 Notifying the parents of the meeting early enough to ensure that they will have an opportunity to attend (the notice shall in- clude the purpose, time, and location of the meeting, who will be in attendance, that persons with knowledge or special ex- pertise may be invited by either the parent or the district, and that the Part C service coordinator or other representatives of the Part C system may be invited to the initial meeting for a child previously served under a Part C early childhood inter- vention program); and 			
	 Scheduling the meeting at a mutually agreed on time and place. 			
	If the purpose of the meeting is to consider transition services, the notice must also indicate this purpose, indicate that the district will invite the student, and identify any other agency that will be invited to send a representative.			
	34 C.F.R. 300.322(a)–(b); 19 TAC 89.1050(d)			
Alternative Means of Meeting Participation	If neither parent can attend an ARD meeting, the district must allow other methods of participation, such as through telephone calls or video conferencing. 20 U.S.C. 1414(f); 34 C.F.R. 300.322(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(d)			
	An ARD meeting may be conducted without a parent in attendance if a district is unable to convince the parents that they should at- tend, but the district shall have a record of its attempts to arrange a mutually agreed on time and place, such as detailed records of tel- ephone calls, correspondence, or visits made or attempted and the results of any of those actions. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.322(d)</i>			
Meetings	A district shall initiate and conduct ARD committee meetings for the purpose of developing, reviewing, and revising the IEP of a child with a disability. The committee shall review each child's IEP peri- odically, and, if appropriate, revise the IEP. A meeting must be held for this purpose at least once a year. The ARD committee must also determine the child's placement once a year.			
	A "meeting" does not include informal or unscheduled conversa- tions involving district personnel and conversations on issues such as teaching methodology, lesson plans, or coordination of service provisions if those issues are not addressed in the child's IEP. A "meeting" also does not include preparatory activities that district			

Arlington ISD 220901		
SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND	INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	EHBAB (LEGAL)
	personnel engage in to develop a proposal or response to proposal that will be discussed at a later meeting.	a parent
	20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.116(b)(1), .324(b), (c. .501(b)(3))(1),
<i>Meeting at</i> Parent's Request	Upon receipt of a written request for an ARD committee m from a parent, the school district must schedule and conver- meeting in accordance with the procedures in 19 Administ Code 89.1050(d) or within five school days, provide the pa- written notice explaining why the district refuses to conver- meeting. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(e)</i>	ene a trative arent with
Written Notice	If a parent is unable to speak English, a district must proviparent with a written notice regarding the ARD committee required under 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(d) (notice poses of scheduling) or (e)(2) (notice explaining why the of fuses to convene a meeting) in the parent's native language less it is clearly not feasible to do so. If the parent's native language is not a written language, the school district must steps to ensure that the notice is translated orally or by ot means to the parent in his or her native language or other communication so that the parent understands the content notice. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(f)</i>	meeting for pur- district re- ge, un- st take her mode of
Transfer Students In-State Transfers	When a student transfers to a new district within the state same school year and the parents verify that the student we ceiving special education services in the previous district of previous district verifies in writing or by telephone that the was receiving special education services, the new school must meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e) regar provision of special education services. The timeline for car the requirements outlined in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e)(1) or (2) school days from the date the student is verified as being eligible for special education services.	was re- or the student district rding the ompleting t) is 30
Transfers from Another State	When a student transfers from a district in another state in same school year and the parents verify that the student were ceiving special education services in the previous district verifies in writing or by telephone that the was receiving special education services, the new district meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f) regarding the sion of special education services. If the new district determents are evaluation is necessary, the evaluation is consider individual and initial evaluation and must be completed witimelines established by 19 Administrative Code 89.1011((e). The timeline for completing the requirements in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f)(2), if appropriate, is 30 calendar days from the	was re- or the student must the provi- mines red a full thin the c) and F.R.

the completion of the evaluation report. If the school district determines that an evaluation is not necessary, the timeline for completing the requirements outlined in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f)(2) is 30 school days from the date the student is verified as being a student eligible for special education services. A student with a disability who has an IEP in place from a previous in- or out-of-state district and who enrolls in a new district during the summer is not considered a transfer student for the purposes of this provision or for 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e) or (f). For these students, the new district must implement the IEP from the previous district in full on the first day of class of the new school year or must convene an ARD committee meeting during the summer to revise the student's IEP for implementation on the first day of class of the new school year.

19 TAC 89.1050(j)

Transfer of Records The district in which the child enrolls shall take reasonable steps to promptly obtain the child's records, including the IEP and supporting documents and any other records relating to the provision of special education or related services to the child, from the previous district.

> The previous district shall take reasonable steps to promptly respond to the request from the new district and must furnish the new school district with a copy of the student's records, including the student's special education records, not later than the tenth working day after the date a request for the information is received by the previous school district.

20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(2)(C)(ii); 34 C.F.R. 300.323(g); 19 TAC 89.1050(j)(3)

Students Who Are Homeless or in Substitute Care When a student who is homeless or in substitute care transfers into a district after being referred by a previous district for a special education evaluation, the receiving district must accept the referral and ensure that any written report of a full individual and initial evaluation must be completed in accordance with the timelines established in 19 Administrative Code 89.1011 (relating to Full Individual and Initial Evaluation).

> When a student who is already eligible for special education and is homeless or in substitute care transfers into a district during the school year, the receiving district must ensure that it meets the student transfer requirements of 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(j) (relating to the Admission, Review, and Dismissal Committee).

19 TAC 89.1615

Arlington ISD 220901			
SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND	INDI∖	EHBA /IDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM (LEGA	
Military Dependents	dent prec sure	strict shall initially provide comparable services to a military sto with disabilities based on his or her current IEP. This does no lude the district from performing subsequent evaluations to er appropriate placement of the student. <i>Education Code</i> 002 art. V, C [See FDD]	ot
Individualized Education Program		strict shall develop, review, and revise an IEP for each child a disability. 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(a)	
	for e	e beginning of each school year, a district shall have in effect ach child with a disability in its jurisdiction, an IEP. <i>20 U.S.C.</i> 4(d)(2)(A); 34 C.F.R. 300.323(a)	
	men sions	term "individualized education program" means a written state t for each student with a disability that documents the deci- s of the ARD committee with respect to issues discussed at a committee meeting and includes:	8-
	1.	A statement of the student's present levels of academic achievement and functional performance;	
	2.	A statement of measurable annual goals, including academic and functional goals;	2
	3.	A description of how the student's progress toward the annua goals will be measured and when periodic reports on the pro gress of the student will be provided;	
	4.	A statement of the specific special education and related services and supplementary aids and services, based on peer- reviewed research to the extent practicable, to be provided to the student;	
	5.	A statement of the program modifications or supports for school personnel that will be provided for the student;	
	6.	An explanation of the extent, if any, to which the student will not participate with nondisabled students in the regular class and in extracurricular and nonacademic activities;	;
	7.	The projected dates for initiation of services and modification and the anticipated frequency, location, and duration of these services and modifications;	
	8.	A statement of any individual appropriate and allowable ac- commodations that are necessary to measure the academic achievement and functional performance of the student on state or district-wide assessments;	
	9.	If the ARD committee determines that the student must take an alternative assessment instead of a particular regular stat	te

		or district-wide assessment, a statement of why the student cannot participate in the regular assessment and why the par- ticular assessment selected is appropriate for the student;
	10.	If the ARD committee determines that a student is in need of extended school year (ESY) services, identification of the goals and objectives that will be addressed during ESY ser- vices;
	11.	Beginning not later than when a student reaches 14 years of age and updated annually thereafter, the ARD committee's consideration and decisions regarding the transition issues under 19 Administrative Code 89.1055(h) [see EHBAD];
	12.	Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the student is 16, or younger if determined appropriate by the ARD committee, and updated annually thereafter, a statement of appropriate measurable postsecondary goals and transition services needed to assist the student in reaching those goals [see EHBAD];
	13.	Beginning not later than one year before the student reaches the age of 17, a statement that the student has been informed of the rights that will transfer to the student upon reaching the age of majority;
	14.	The date of the meeting;
	15.	The name, position, and signature of each member participat- ing in the meeting; and
	16.	An indication of whether the child's parents, the adult student, if applicable, and the administrator agreed or disagreed with the decisions of the ARD committee.
		J.S.C. 1414(d); 34 C.F.R. 300.320; Education Code 005(b-1), .011; 19 TAC 89.1055
	only der distr	written statement of a student's IEP may be required to include information included in the model form developed by TEA un- Education Code 29.0051(a) and posted on the TEA website. A rict may use the model form to comply with the requirements for EP under 20 U.S.C. 1414(d). <i>Education Code 29.005(f)</i> , .0051
IEP Supplement	prog	each child who was enrolled in a district's special education gram during the 2019–20 school year or the 2020–21 school r, the district shall prepare a supplement to be included with the

written statement of the IEP. For more information about the re-

	sion	ed supplement, see Education Code 29.0052 and the commis- er rules, when adopted. This requirement expires Septem- 1, 2023. <i>Education Code</i> 29.0052		
Supplemental Special Education Services	The ARD committee of a student approved for participation in the supplemental special education services and instructional materials program shall provide to the student's parent at an ARD committee meeting for the student:			
	1.	Information regarding the types of supplemental special edu- cation services available under the program and provided by agency-approved providers for which an account maintained under Education Code 29.042(b) for the student may be used; and		
	2.	Instructions regarding accessing the account.		
	The supplemental special education services and instructional ma- terials program (SSES) expires September 1, 2024.			
	Education Code 29.048			
	A district shall notify parents and guardians of students served by special education of the SSES program and how to apply.			
	A student's ARD committee may not consider a student's current or anticipated eligibility for any supplemental special education in- structional materials or services that may be provided under the SSES program when developing or revising a student's IEP, when determining a student's educational setting, or in the provision of a free appropriate public education.			
	19 7	AC 102.1601(i)-(j)		
Behavioral Intervention Plan	The ARD committee may determine that a behavior improvement plan or a behavioral intervention plan (BIP) is appropriate for a stu- dent for whom the committee has developed an IEP. If the commit- tee makes that determination, the BIP shall be included as part of the student's IEP and provided to each teacher with responsibility for educating the student. <i>Education Code 29.005(g); 19 TAC</i> <i>89.1055(g)</i>			
	If a behavior improvement plan or a behavioral intervention plan is included as part of a student's IEP, the committee shall review the plan at least annually and more frequently if appropriate to address the safety of the student or others or changes in a student's cir- cumstances that may impact the student's behavior, such as:			
	1.	The placement of the student in a different educational set- ting;		

		2.	An increase or persistence in disciplinary actions taken re- garding the student for similar types of behavioral incidents;
		3.	A pattern of unexcused absences; or
		4.	An unauthorized unsupervised departure from an educational setting.
		Edu	cation Code 29.005(h)
into N	Translation of IEP into Native Language	nativ copy nativ mak the	e parent is unable to speak English and Spanish is the parent's ve language, a district shall provide a written or audiotaped y of the student's IEP translated into Spanish. If the parent's ve language is other than Spanish or English, a district shall the a good faith effort to provide a written or audiotaped copy of student's IEP translated into the parent's native language. <i>cation Code 29.005(d)</i>
		pare IEP writt com	ritten copy of the student's IEP translated into Spanish or the ent's native language means that all of the text in the student's in English is accurately translated into the target language in een form. The IEP translated into the target language must be a sparable rendition of the IEP in English and not a partial transla- or summary of the IEP in English.
		the stud and prov mee as th tran	audio recording of the student's IEP translated into Spanish or parent's native language means that all of the content in the lent's IEP in English is orally translated into the target language recorded with an audio device. A district is not prohibited from viding the parent with an audio recording of an ARD committee eting at which the parent was assisted by an interpreter as long he audio recording provided to the parent contains an oral slation into the target language of all of the content in the stu- t's IEP in English.
		mus or b	parent's native language is not a written language, the district at take steps to ensure that the student's IEP is translated orally y other means to the parent in his or her native language or er mode of communication.
		copy mee the tran prov	er 34 C.F.R. 300.322(f), a district must give a parent a written y of the student's IEP at no cost to the parent. A school district ets this requirement by providing a parent with a written copy of student's IEP in English or by providing a parent with a written slation of the student's IEP in the parent's native language as <i>r</i> ided above.
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Autism/Pervasive Developmental Disorder	follo base prog	or students with autism/pervasive developmental disorders, the lowing strategies shall be considered by the ARD committee, used on peer-reviewed, research-based educational ogramming practices to the extent practicable and, when useded, addressed in the IEP:		
	1.	Extended educational programming;		
	2.	Daily schedules reflecting minimal unstructured time and ac- tive engagement in learning activities;		
	3.	In-home training and community-based training or viable al- ternatives that assist the student with the acquisition of so- cial/behavioral skills;		
	4.	Positive behavior support strategies based on relevant infor- mation;		
	5.	Beginning at any age, futures planning for integrated living, work, community, and educational environments that consid- ers skills necessary to function in current and postsecondary environments;		
	6.	Parent/family training and support, provided by qualified per- sonnel with experience in Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD);		
	7.	Suitable staff-to-student ratio appropriate to identified activi- ties and as needed to achieve social/behavioral progress based on the student's developmental and learning level (ac- quisition, fluency, maintenance, generalization) that encour- ages work towards individual independence;		
	8.	Communication interventions, including language forms and functions that enhance effective communication across set- tings;		
	9.	Social skills supports and strategies based on social skills as- sessment/curriculum and provided across settings;		
	10.	Professional educator/staff support; and		
	11.	Teaching strategies based on peer-reviewed, research-based practices for students with ASD.		
	one	e ARD committee determines that services are not needed in or more of the areas in 1–11 above, the IEP shall include a ement reflecting that decision and the basis upon which the		

19 TAC 89.1055(e)–(f)

determination was made.

Arlington ISD 220901				
SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND	INDI	VIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	EHBAB (LEGAL)	
Visual Impairment	If a district provides special education services to students with vis- ual impairments, it shall have written procedures as required in Ed- ucation Code 30.002(c)(10) (staff access to resources). <i>19 TAC</i> <i>89.1075(b)</i>			
Collaborative Process	All members of the ARD committee shall have the opportunity to participate in a collaborative manner in developing the IEP. Decisions of the ARD committee concerning the required elements of the IEP shall be made by mutual agreement, if possible. The ARD committee may agree to an annual IEP or an IEP of shorter duration.			
Ten-Day Recess	not opp The mus agre ven	en mutual agreement about all required elements of the achieved, the parent who disagrees must be offered a ortunity to recess and reconvene the ARD committee period of time for reconvening the ARD committee must st not exceed ten school days, unless the parties mutu- ee otherwise. The ARD committee must schedule the ed meeting at a mutually agreed upon time and place tunity to recess and reconvene is not required when:	a single meeting. eeting ially recon-	
	1.	The student's presence on campus represents a dar physical harm to the student or others;	nger of	
	2.	The student has committed an expellable offense; or	r	
	3.	The student has committed an offense that may lead ment in a disciplinary alternative education program. FOF]		
	These requirements do not prohibit the ARD committee from re- cessing an ARD committee meeting for reasons other than the fail- ure to reach mutual agreement about all required elements of an IEP.			
	During the recess, the ARD committee members must consider al- ternatives, gather additional data, prepare further documentation, and/or obtain additional resource persons who may assist in ena- bling the ARD committee to reach mutual agreement.			
Failure to Reach Agreement	If a recess is implemented and the ARD committee still cannot reach mutual agreement, a district shall implement the IEP it has determined to be appropriate for the student. Each member of the ARD committee who disagrees with the IEP developed by the ARD committee is entitled to include a statement of disagreement in the IEP.			
		e IEP is not developed by agreement, the written state program must include the basis of the disagreement.		

	oped	ber of the ARD committee who disagrees with the IEP devel- by the committee is entitled to include a statement of disa- ment in the written statement of the program.	
	Education Code 29.005(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(g)		
Modification of Existing IEP	Changes to the IEP may be made either by the entire ARD commit- tee or by amending the IEP by agreement, rather than redrafting the entire IEP.		
	After the annual IEP meeting for a school year, the parent and dis- trict may agree not to convene an IEP meeting for the purposes of making changes to the IEP and instead may develop a written doc- ument to amend or modify the child's current IEP.		
		n request, a parent shall be provided with a revised copy of the with amendments incorporated.	
		e extent possible, a district shall encourage the consolidation evaluation meetings for the child and other ARD meetings for hild.	
	20 U	.S.C. 1414(d)(3)(D)–(F); 34 C.F.R. 300.324(a)(4)–(6)	
Teacher Access to IEP	Each district must ensure that each teacher who provides instruc- tion to a student with a disability has access to relevant sections of the student's current IEP, is informed of the teacher's specific re- sponsibilities related to implementation of the IEP, and has an op- portunity to request assistance regarding implementation of the student's IEP. <i>19 TAC 89.1075(c)</i>		
Teacher Request to Review IEP		district shall develop a process to be used by a teacher who ucts a student with a disability in a regular classroom setting:	
	1.	To request a review of the student's IEP;	
	2.	To provide input in the development of the student's IEP;	
	3.	That provides for a timely district response to the teacher's re- quest; and	
	4.	That provides for notification to the student's parent or legal guardian of that response.	
	Educ	ation Code 29.001(11); 19 TAC 89.1075(d)	

Arlington ISD 220901		
SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHSTUDENTS IN NONDISTRICT PLACEMENT(LEC		
Private School— District Placed Student Receives IEP	If a district places a child with a disability in a private school cility, or refers the child to a private school or facility, as a carrying out the requirements of the special education law district shall ensure that the child is provided special educ related services, in accordance with an individualized edu program (IEP), at no cost to the parents. 20 U.S.C. $1412(a)(10)(B)(i)$	means of /s, the ation and
Private School— Parent Placed	When a parentally placed child with a disability is referred trict, the district shall convene an admission, review, and c (ARD) committee to determine whether the district can off child a free appropriate public education (FAPE). If the distermines that it can offer FAPE, it is not responsible for proeducational services to the child, except that the district m velop and implement an individualized services plan (ISP) 89.1096(b)	dismissal er the strict de- oviding sust de-
Offer of FAPE Rejected <i>Student Receives</i> <i>ISP</i>	If a district made FAPE available to a child with a disability parents elected to place the child in a private school or fact district is not required to pay for the cost of education, inclus special education and related services. However, the district develop and implement an ISP. 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(10)(C)(34 C.F.R. 300.148(a))	cility, the luding fict must
FAPE Offered but Not Provided <i>Reimbursement</i>	If the parents of a child with a disability, who previously re- special education and related services under the authority trict, enroll the child in a private school without the consen- ral by the district, a court or a hearing officer may require to trict to reimburse the parents for the cost of that enrollmer court or hearing officer finds that the district had not made available to the child in a timely manner before the enrollner right of reimbursement is subject to the notice and other re- ments set forth at 34 C.F.R. 300.148(d). 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(10)(C)(ii); 34 C.F.R. 300.148(c)	y of a dis- tt or refer- the dis- nt if the FAPE nent. This
Home School Students	A home school student is considered a private school student purposes of a district's obligations under IDEA, if the home provides elementary or secondary education that incorpor adopted curriculum designed to meet basic educational ge cluding scope and sequence of courses, and formal review documentation of student progress. <i>19 TAC 89.1096(a)(2)</i>	e school ates an oals, in- w and
Individualized Services Plan (ISP)	Each parentally placed private school child with a disabilit has been designated to receive services shall have an ISI scribes the specific special education and related services district will provide the child.	P that de-
	Parentally placed private school children with disabilities r ceive a different amount of services than children with disa	•
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SPECIAL EDUCATION STUDENTS IN NONDISTRICT PLACEMENT

	public schools. No parentally placed private school child has an in- dividual right to receive some or all of the special education and re- lated services that the child would receive if enrolled in a public school.		
	Decisions about the services that will be provided must be made in accordance with 34 C.F.R. 300.134(c) (consultation process) and 300.137(c) (attendance of private school representatives at services plan committee meetings). A district must make the final decisions with respect to the services to be provided.		
	34 C.F.R. 300.137, .138		
Dual Enrollment	Parents shall have the right to "dual enroll" an eligible student age three or four in both the public school and a private school begin- ning on the student's third birthday and continuing until the end of the school year in which the student turns five, or until the student is eligible to attend a district's kindergarten program, whichever comes first, subject to the following:		
	 The student's ARD committee shall develop an IEP designed to provide the student with FAPE in the least restrictive envi- ronment (LRE). 		
	2. From the IEP, the parent and the district shall determine which special education and/or related services will be provided to the student and the location where those services will be provided, based on the requirements concerning placement in the LRE and the policies and procedures of the district.		
	3. The district shall be responsible for employing and supervis- ing the personnel providing the service, providing the needed instructional materials, and maintaining pupil accounting rec- ords. Materials and services provided shall be consistent with those provided for students enrolled only in the public school and shall remain the property of the district.		
	19 TAC 89.1096(c)		
Responsible District	The district where a student resides is responsible for providing special education and related services to a student whose parents choose dual enrollment.		
	If the parents decline dual enrollment, but request an ISP, the dis- trict where the private school is located is responsible for develop- ment of the ISP for a student designated to receive services.		

19 TAC 89.1096(c), (d)

SPECIAL EDUCATION STUDENTS IN NONDISTRICT PLACEMENT

Transportation	If a student has been placed by his or her parents in a private school or facility, a district shall provide special transportation with federal funds only when the ARD committee determines that the condition of the student warrants the service in order for the student to receive the special education and related services (if any) set forth in the IEP. <i>19 TAC 89.1096(e)</i>
District Charter Schools	A district shall serve children with disabilities attending district char- ter schools in the same manner as it serves children with disabili- ties in its other schools and shall provide federal special education funds to those schools in the same manner as it provides those funds to its other schools. 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(5); 34 C.F.R. 300.209(b)
Residential Facilities Identification of Students	If a residential facility that is licensed by appropriate state agencies is located within the district's boundaries, the district must provide special education and related services to eligible students residing in the facility.
	If, after contacting the facility to offer services to eligible students with disabilities, a district determines that educational services are provided through a charter school, approved non-public school, or a facility operated private school, the district is not required to pro- vide services. However, a district shall annually contact the facility to offer services to eligible students with disabilities.
	19 TAC 89.1001(c)
District Placements	A district may contract with a public or private facility, institution, or agency inside or outside of Texas for residential placement for a student with a disability when the ARD committee determines that a residential placement is necessary for the student to receive FAPE. Contracts for residential placement must be approved by the commissioner. <i>Education Code 29.008(a); 19 TAC 89.1092</i>
	If placement in a public or private residential program is necessary to provide special education and related services, the program, including non-medical care and room and board, must be at no cost to the parents. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.104</i>
	If a district contracts for education services, rather than providing the services itself, it shall oversee the implementation of the student's IEP and shall annually reevaluate the appropriateness of the arrangement. <i>Education Code 29.008(d)</i>
Additional Placement Requirements	A district shall have the responsibilities set forth at 19 Administra- tive Code 89.1092(a)(4) regarding students in residential place- ments. A district must contract with residential placements in ac- cordance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1092.

SPECIAL EDUCATION STUDENTS IN NONDISTRICT PLACEMENT

Notification	Within 30 calendar days from an ARD committee's decision to place a student in a residential education program, a district must electronically submit to TEA notice of and information regarding the placement in accordance with submission procedures specified by TEA. <i>19 TAC 89.1092(b)</i>				
School for the Blind and Visually Impaired and School for the Deaf	A district shall share the cost of education (excluding the summer program) for each of its students enrolled in the Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired or Texas School for the Deaf.				
	Before considering the student's educational placement for special education services, a district shall provide each parent of a student with visual or auditory impairments the following written information regarding the Texas School for the Deaf or Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired:				
	1.	The availability of programs offered.			
	2.	The eligibility and admissions requirements.			
	3.	The student's rights to admission and to appeal admission decisions.			
	Education Code 30.003(a), .004(a); 19 TAC 89.62				
	Blind	strict may request services through the Texas School for the d and Visually Impaired or the Texas School for the Deaf in ac- ance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1085. <i>19 TAC 89.1085</i>			
Adult Prisons	If a child with a disability is convicted as an adult under state law and incarcerated in an adult prison, the child's ARD committee may modify the child's IEP or placement, notwithstanding the LRE re- quirements, if the state has demonstrated a bona fide security or compelling penological interest that cannot otherwise be accom- modated.				
	The following requirements do not apply to children with disabilities who are convicted as adults under state law and incarcerated in adult prisons:				
	1.	Federal requirements pertaining to participation of students with disabilities in general assessments;			
	2.	Requirements concerning transition planning and transition services, if the children's eligibility will end, because of their age, before they will be released from prison.			
	20 L	I.S.C. 1414(d)(7)			

SPECIAL PROGRAMS
GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

Referral	Students may be referred for the gifted and talented program at any time by teachers, school counselors, parents, or other inter- ested persons.
Screening and Identification Process	The District shall provide assessment opportunities to complete the screening and identification process for referred students at least once per school year.
	The District shall schedule a gifted and talented program aware- ness session for parents that provides an overview of the assess- ment procedures and services for the program prior to beginning the screening and identification process.
Parental Consent	The District shall obtain written parental consent before any special testing or individual assessment is conducted as part of the screening and identification process. All student information collected during the screening and identification process shall be an educational record, subject to the protections set out in policies at FL.
Identification Criteria	The Board-approved program for the gifted and talented shall es- tablish criteria to identify gifted and talented students. The criteria shall be specific to the state definition of gifted and talented and shall ensure the fair assessment of students with special needs, such as the culturally different, the economically disadvantaged, and students with disabilities.
Assessments	Data collected through both objective and subjective assessments shall be measured against the criteria approved by the Board to determine individual eligibility for the program. Assessment tools may include, but are not limited to, the following: achievement tests, intelligence tests, creativity tests, behavioral checklists com- pleted by teachers and parents, student/parent conferences, and available student work products.
Selection	A selection committee shall evaluate each referred student accord- ing to the established criteria and shall identify those students for whom placement in the gifted and talented program is the most ap- propriate educational setting. The committee shall be composed of at least three professional educators who have received training in the nature and needs of gifted students, as required by law.
Notification	The District shall provide written notification to parents of students who qualify for services through the District's gifted and talented program. Participation in any program or services provided for gifted students shall be voluntary, and the District shall obtain writ- ten permission from the parents before placing a student in a gifted and talented program.

Arlington ISD 220901			
SPECIAL PROGRAMSEHBBGIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS(LOCAL)			
Reassessment	If the District reassesses students in the gifted and talente gram, the reassessment shall be based on a student's per mance in response to services and shall occur no more the in elementary grades, once in middle school grades, and o high school grades.	for- an once	
Transfer Students Interdistrict	When a student identified as gifted by a previous school dirolls in the District, the selection committee shall review the dent's records and conduct assessment procedures when sary to determine if placement in the District's program for and talented students is appropriate.	e stu- neces-	
	[See FDD(LEGAL) for information regarding transfer stude the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunities for M Children]		
Intradistrict	A student who transfers from one campus in the District to same grade level at another District campus shall continue ceive services in the District's gifted and talented program	e to re-	
Furloughs	The District may place on a furlough any student who is un maintain satisfactory performance or whose educational ne not being met within the structure of the gifted and talented gram. A furlough may be initiated by the District, the parent student.	eeds are d pro-	
	In accordance with the Board-approved program, a furloug be granted for specified reasons and for a specified period At the end of a furlough, the student may reenter the gifted ented program, be placed on another furlough, or be exited the program.	l of time. d and tal-	
Exit Provisions	The District shall monitor student performance in response and talented program services. If at any time the selection tee or a parent determines it is in the best interest of the st exit the program, the committee shall meet with the parent dent before finalizing an exit decision.	commit- tudent to	
Appeals	A parent, student, or educator may appeal any final decision selection committee regarding selection for or exit from the and talented program. Appeals shall be made first to the s committee. Any subsequent appeals shall be made in acco with FNG(LOCAL) beginning at Level Two.	e gifted election	
Program Evaluation	The District shall annually evaluate the effectiveness of the trict's gifted and talented program, and the results of the er shall be used to modify and update the District and campu provement plans. The District shall include parents in the er tion process and shall share the information with Board me	valuation ıs im- evalua-	

Arlington ISD 220901		
SPECIAL PROGRAMS GIFTED AND TALENTE	D STUDENTS	EHBB (LOCAL)
	administrators, teachers, school counselors, students in t and talented program, and the community.	the gifted
Funding	The District's gifted and talented program shall address e use of funds for programs and services consistent with th ards in the state plan for gifted and talented students.	
Community Awareness	The District shall ensure that information about the Distric and talented program is available to parents and commu- bers and that they have an opportunity to develop an unc ing of and support for the program.	nity mem-

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Compensatory Education Allotment Census Block	On a schedule determined by the commissioner of education and in accordance with Education Code 48.104, each district shall report to the agency the census block group in which each student enrolled in the district who is educationally disadvantaged resides. <i>Education Code 48.104(i)</i>			
Use	At least 55 percent of the district's compensatory education funds must be used to:			
	1. Fund supplemental programs and services, including servic provided by an instructional coach, designed to eliminate ar disparity in performance on assessment instruments admini tered under Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B or d parity in the rates of high school completion between:			
		a. Students who are educationally disadvantaged and stu- dents who are not educationally disadvantaged; and		
		 Students at risk of dropping out of school, as defined be- low, and all other students; or 		
	2.	Support a program eligible under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 [see AID], and its subse- quent amendments, and by federal regulations implementing that Act.		
	Edu	ucation Code 48.104(k)		
Dropout Prevention Strategies	A district with a high dropout rate, as determined by the commis sioner, shall submit a plan to the commissioner describing the manner in which the district intends to use its compensatory ed cation allotment for developing and implementing research-bas strategies for dropout prevention.			
	A district shall submit the plan not later than December 1 of each school year preceding the school year in which the district will re- ceive the compensatory education allotment to which the plan ap- plies.			
	A district may not spend or obligate more than 25 percent of the district's compensatory education allotment unless the commissioner approves the plan.			
	A di	istrict's plan shall:		
	1.	Design a dropout recovery plan that includes career and tech- nology education courses or technology applications courses that lead to industry or career certification;		

	2.	egie	Integrate into the dropout recovery plan research-based strat- egies to assist students in becoming able academically to pur- sue postsecondary education, including:		
		a.	High-quality, college readiness instruction with strong ac- ademic and social supports;		
		b.	Secondary to postsecondary bridging that builds college readiness skills, provides a plan for college completion, and ensures transition counseling; and		
		C.	Information concerning appropriate supports available in the first year of postsecondary enrollment to ensure postsecondary persistence and success, to the extent funds are available for the purpose; and		
	3.	inclu	n to offer advanced academic and transition opportunities, uding dual credit courses and college preparatory courses, h as advanced placement courses.		
	A district may enter into a partnership with a public junior college in accordance with Education Code 29.402 [see GNC] in order to ful- fill a plan.				
	Any program designed to fulfill a plan must comply with the re- quirements of Education Code 29.081(e) and (f).				
	Edu	catio	n Code 29.918		
Reporting	the Sch to s Cod Gui for p	state ool P tanda le 109 de). C progra	shall report financial information relating to expenditure of compensatory education allotment under the Foundation rogram to the Texas Education Agency (TEA), according ands for financial accounting provided in 19 Administrative 0.41 (relating to <i>Financial Accountability System Resource</i> Costs charged to state compensatory education shall be ams and services that supplement the regular education <i>19 TAC 109.25(a)</i>		
	attri are sum tain cost also ider lishe	buted identi imary docu docu s and mair itifica ed in	shall ensure that supplemental direct costs and personnel to compensatory education and accelerated instruction ified in district and/or campus improvement plans at the v level for financial units or campuses. A district shall main- mentation that supports the attribution of supplemental d personnel to compensatory education. A district must ntain sufficient documentation supporting the appropriate tion of students in at-risk situations, under criteria estab- Education Code 29.081 [see Definition of At-Risk Student, <i>9 TAC 109.25(b)</i>		

Educationally Disadvantaged Students Student Eligibility	To be considered educationally disadvantaged in order to be counted to generate the compensatory education allotment pursu- ant to Education Code 48.104, a student must meet the income re- quirements for eligibility under the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), authorized by 42 U.S.C. 1751, et seq.			
	of re	Districts may use the following approved methods for the purpose of receiving the compensatory education allotment pursuant to Ed- ucation Code 48.104:		
	1.	Parent certification, where the parent or guardian asserts meeting the income requirements for eligibility;		
	2.	Direct certification, where the process by which eligible chil- dren are certified for free meals without the need for a house- hold application based on household participation in one or more federal assistance programs; or		
	3.	Direct verification, where public records are used to verify a student's eligibility for free or reduced-price meals when verification of student eligibility is required.		
	19 TAC 61.1027(a)			
Virtual School Network	Districts must request prior approval from the commissioner to claim students receiving a full-time virtual education through the state virtual school network in their counts of educationally disadvantaged students. The request must include a plan detailing the enhanced services to be delivered to full-time state virtual school network students and submitted in a manner and with a deadline specified by the commissioner. <i>19 TAC 61.1027(b)(3)(B)</i>			
Definition of At-Risk Student		dent at risk of dropping out of school" includes each student is under 26 years of age and who:		
	1.	Except as provided by TEA rule or if retained in prekindergar- ten under Education Code 28.02124 [see EIE], was not ad- vanced from one grade level to the next for one or more school years, unless the student did not advance from prekin- dergarten or kindergarten to the next grade level only as a re- sult of the request of the student's parent;		
	2.	If the student is in grades 7–12, did not maintain an average equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100 in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum during a semester in the preceding or current school year, or is not maintaining such an average in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum in the current semester;		

- 3. Did not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument and who has not in the previous or current school year subsequently performed on that instrument or another appropriate instrument at a level equal to at least 110 percent of the level of satisfactory performance on that instrument;
- If the student is in prekindergarten, kindergarten, or grades 1–3, did not perform satisfactorily on a readiness test or assessment instrument administered during the current school year;
- 5. Is pregnant or is a parent;
- 6. Has been placed in a DAEP in accordance with Education Code 37.006 during the preceding or current school year;
- Has been expelled in accordance with Education Code 37.007 during the preceding or current school year;
- 8. Is currently on parole, probation, deferred prosecution, or other conditional release;
- Was previously reported through the Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) to have dropped out of school;
- 10. Is an emergent bilingual student, as defined by Section 29.052;
- 11. Is in the custody or care of the Department of Family and Protective Services or has, during the current school year, been referred to the department by a school official, officer of the juvenile court, or law enforcement official;
- 12. Is homeless [see FD];
- 13. Resided in the preceding school year or resides in the current school year in a residential placement facility in a district, including a detention facility, substance abuse treatment facility, emergency shelter, psychiatric hospital, halfway house, cottage home operation, specialized child-care home, or general residential operation;
- 14. Has been incarcerated, or has a parent or guardian who has been incarcerated, within the lifetime of the student, in a penal institution as defined by Penal Code 1.07; or
- 15. Is enrolled in a district or a campus that is designated as a dropout recovery school under Education Code 39.0548.

Education Code 29.081(d)(1)

Arlington ISD 220901					
SPECIAL PROGRAMSEHECOMPENSATORY/ACCELERATED SERVICES(LEGA					
	adu ter s	Regardless of the student's age, a student who participates in an adult education program provided under the adult high school charter school program is considered a "student at risk of dropping out of high school." <i>Education Code</i> 29.081(d)(2)			
Local Eligibility Criteria	In addition to students described above, a student who satisfies lo- cal eligibility criteria adopted by a board may receive compensatory education services. The number of students receiving services un- der local eligibility criteria during a school year may not exceed ten percent of the number of students described above who received services from the district during the preceding school year. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 29.081(g)</i>				
Designing and Implementing Services	A district shall use student performance data from state basic skills assessment instruments and achievement tests to design and implement appropriate compensatory, intensive, or accelerated instructional services for students in the district's schools that enable the students to perform at grade level at the conclusion of the next regular school term. <i>Education Code 29.081(a)</i>				
Services After Unsatisfactory Performance on	A district shall establish an accelerated learning committee f each student who does not perform satisfactorily on the follo state assessment instruments [see EKB]:				
State Assessments Accelerated	1.	The third grade mathematics or reading assessment	,		
Learning Committee	2.	The fifth grade mathematics or reading assessment;	or		
	3.	The eighth grade mathematics or reading assessme	nt.		
	Education Code 28.0211(a)				
Composition	The accelerated learning committee shall be composed of the prin- cipal or the principal's designee, the student's parent or guardian, and the teacher of the subject of an assessment instrument on which the student failed to perform satisfactorily. The district shall notify the parent or guardian of the time and place for convening the accelerated learning committee and the purpose of the commit- tee. <i>Education Code 28.0211(c)</i>				
Educational Plan	the stuc ble con mer	An accelerated learning committee shall, not later than the start of the subsequent school year, develop an educational plan for the student that provides the necessary accelerated instruction to ena- ble the student to perform at the appropriate grade level by the conclusion of the school year. The educational plan must be docu- mented in writing, and a copy must be provided to the student's parent or guardian.			
		ing the school year, the student shall be monitored to a the student is progressing in accordance with the edu			

	plan. The district shall administer to the student the assessment in- strument for the grade level in which the student is placed at the time the district regularly administers the assessment instruments for that school year.					
	The board shall adopt a policy consistent with the grievance proce- dure adopted under Education Code 26.011 [see FNG] to allow a parent to contest the content or implementation of an educational plan.					
	Education Code 28.0211(f)–(f-3)					
Failure in a Subsequent School Year	If a student who fails to perform satisfactorily on the third, fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment fails in the subsequent school year to perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument in the same subject, the superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, shall meet with the student's accelerated learning com- mittee to:					
	 Identify the reason the student did not perform satisfactorily; and 					
	2. Determine, in order to ensure the student performs satisfacto- rily on the assessment instrument at the next administration of the assessment instrument, whether the educational plan de- veloped for the student must be modified to provide the nec- essary accelerated instruction for that student and any addi- tional resources are required for that student.					
	The superintendent's designee may be an employee of a regional education service center and may not be a person who served on the student's accelerated learning committee.					
	Education Code 28.0211(f-4)–(f-5)					
ARD Meeting	The admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee of a stu- dent who does not perform satisfactorily on a third, fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment must meet to determine the manner in which the student will participate in an accelerated in- struction program. <i>Education Code 28.0211(i)</i>					
Parent Request	Each district shall establish a process allowing for the parent or guardian of a student who fails to perform satisfactorily on a third, fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment to make a request for district consideration that the student be assigned to a particular classroom teacher in the applicable subject area for the subsequent school year, if more than one classroom teacher is available. <i>Education Code 28.0211(a-5)</i>					

Classroom Assignment	A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on a third, fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment and is promoted to the next grade level must be assigned in the subsequent school year in each subject in which the student failed to perform satisfactorily on the applicable assessment instrument to an appropriately certi- fied teacher who meets all state and federal qualifications to teach that subject and grade.					
	In a manner consistent with federal law and notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner may waive the requirement regarding the assignment of a student to an appropriately certified classroom teacher on the request of a district.					
	Education Code 28.0211(n)–(n-1)					
Accelerated Instruction	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on a state as- sessment instrument in the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, or eighth grade [see EKB], the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accelerated instruction in the applicable subject area during the subsequent summer or school year and either:					
	 Allow the student to be assigned a classroom teacher who is certified as a master, exemplary, or recognized teacher under the local optional teacher designation system [see DEAA] for the subsequent school year in the applicable subject area; or 					
	2. Provide the student supplemental instruction under Education Code 28.0211(a-4) [see below].					
Participation Requirements	Accelerated instruction provided during the following school year may require participation of the student before or after normal school hours.					
	In providing accelerated instruction, a district may not remove a student, except under circumstances for which a student enrolled in the same grade level who is not receiving accelerated instruction would be removed, from:					
	 Instruction in the foundation curriculum and enrichment curric- ulum adopted under Education Code 28.002 [see EHA series] for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; or 					
	2. Recess or other physical activity that is available to other stu- dents enrolled in the same grade level.					
Supplemental Instruction Requirements	If a district receives funding under Education Code 29.0881, the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2021 (Div. M, Pub. L. No. 116-260), or the American Rescue					

		Act of 2021 (Pub. L. No. 117-2), then supplemental instruction vided by a district must:
	1.	Include targeted instruction in the essential knowledge and skills for the applicable grade levels and subject area;
	2.	Be provided in addition to instruction normally provided to stu- dents in the grade level in which the student is enrolled;
	3.	Be provided for no less than 30 total hours during the subse- quent summer or school year and, unless the instruction is provided fully during summer, include instruction no less than once per week during the school year;
	4.	Be designed to assist the student in achieving satisfactory performance in the applicable grade level and subject area;
	5.	Include effective instructional materials designed for supple- mental instruction;
	6.	Be provided to a student individually or in a group of no more than three students, unless the parent or guardian of each student in the group authorizes a larger group;
	7.	Be provided by a person with training in the applicable in- structional materials for the supplemental instruction and un- der the oversight of the district; and
	8.	To the extent possible, be provided by one person for the en- tirety of the student's supplemental instruction period.
	Edu	cation Code 28.0211(a-1)–(a-4)
Transportation	prog the	strict shall provide students required to attend the accelerated grams described above with transportation to those programs if programs occur outside of regular school hours. <i>Education le 28.0211(j)</i>
Notice to Parents of Performance and Accelerated Instruction	Whenever a district is required to notify a parent or guardian at the requirements related to promotion and accelerated instruction the district shall make a good-faith effort to ensure that the notion provided either in person or by regular mail, is clear and easy to understand, and is written in English or in the parent or guardian native language. <i>Education Code 28.0211(h)</i>	
Assessments Not Required	fifth catio	cation Code 28.0211 does not require the administration of a or eighth grade assessment instrument in a subject under Edu- on Code 39.023(a) to a student enrolled in the fifth or eighth de, as applicable, if the student:
	1.	Is enrolled in a course in the subject intended for students above the student's grade level and will be administered an
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		assessment instrument adopted or developed under Educa- tion Code 39.023(a) [see EKB] that aligns with the curriculum for the course in which the student is enrolled; or
	2.	Is enrolled in a course in the subject for which the student will receive high school academic credit and will be administered an end-of-course assessment instrument [see EKB] for the course.
	the s perf be a grac ure	withstanding any other provision of Education Code 28.0211, student may not be denied promotion on the basis of failure to orm satisfactorily on an assessment instrument not required to administered to the student, nor may a student in grade 5 or de 8 be denied promotion to the next grade on the basis of fail- to perform satisfactorily on a reading or mathematics assess- nt instrument intended for use above the student's grade level.
	Edu	cation Code 28.0211(o)–(p)
Accelerated Instruction After EOC Assessments	dent mer	strict shall provide accelerated instruction to an enrolled stu- t who has taken an end-of-course (EOC) assessment instru- nt and has not performed satisfactorily or who is at risk of drop- out of school.
	asse cele stud	strict shall offer before the next scheduled administration of the essment instrument, without cost to the student, additional ac- rated instruction to each student in any subject in which the lent failed to perform satisfactorily on an end-of-course assess- it instrument required for graduation.
		strict that is required to provide accelerated instruction must arately budget sufficient funds for that purpose. [See CE]
		strict shall evaluate the effectiveness of accelerated instruction grams and annually hold a public hearing to consider the re- s.
	Edu	cation Code 29.081(b), (b-1), (b-2), (b-3), 39.025(b-1)
	men the	h time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on an assess- at instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(c), district in which the student attends school shall provide to the lent accelerated instruction in the applicable subject area.
	fore time ply v	elerated instruction may require participation of the student be- or after normal school hours and may include participation at es of the year outside normal school operations and must com- with the requirements for accelerated instruction provided un- Education Code 28.0211 [see above].
	Edu	cation Code 28.0217

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SPECIAL PROGRAMS COMPENSATORY/ACC	ELERATED SERVICES (LEG	HBC GAL)		
Effectiveness	A district shall evaluate and document the effectiveness of the ac- celerated instruction in reducing any disparity in performance on state assessment instruments or disparity in the rates of high school completion between students at risk of dropping out of school and all other district students. <i>Education Code 29.081(c)</i>			
Dropout Recovery Education Programs	A district may use a private or public community-based dropout r covery education program to provide alternative education pro- grams for students at risk of dropping out of school. The program may be offered at a campus or through the use of an online pro- gram that leads to a high school diploma and prepares the stude to enter the workforce. A campus-based dropout recovery educa- tion program must meet the criteria set forth at Education Code 29.081(e-1)(1)–(5). An online dropout recovery education program must meet the criteria set forth at Education Code 29.081(e-2)(1) (8).			
	Students in attendance at a dropout recovery education program shall be included in a district's average daily attendance for func purposes.			
	Education Code 29.081(e)–(f)			
Communities in Schools	An elementary or secondary school receiving funding under Education Code 33.156 shall participate in the Communities in School (CIS) program if the number of students enrolled in the school ware at risk of dropping out of school is equal to at least ten perceose of the number of students in average daily attendance at the school, as determined by TEA. <i>Education Code 33.157</i>	ools /ho		
Optional Extended Year Program	A district may set aside an amount from the district's compensat education allotment or may apply to the agency for funding of ar extended year program. <i>Education Code 29.082(a); 19 TAC</i> <i>105.1001</i>	•		
Optional Flexible Year Program	A district may provide an optional flexible year program (OFYP) for students who did not or are not likely to perform successfully on state assessment instruments or who would not otherwise be promoted to the next grade level. <i>Education Code 29.0821; 19 TAC 129.1029</i>			
Optional Flexible School Day Program	Notwithstanding Education Code 25.081 or 25.082, a district may apply to the commissioner to provide a flexible school day program (OFSDP) for students who:			
	 Have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out o school as defined by Education Code 29.081; 	f		

	2.	Attend a campus that is implementing an innovative redesign of the campus or an early college high school under a plan approved by the commissioner; or
	3.	As a result of attendance requirements under Education Code 25.092, will be denied credit for one or more classes in which the students have been enrolled.
	Educ	cation Code 29.0822
		trict may apply to the commissioner to provide an OFSDP for ents, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 129.1027.
	OFS complyin	ard must approve the application. The board must include the DP as an item on the regular agenda for a board meeting in pliance with 19 Administrative Code 129.1027(h)(2) before apg to operate an OFSDP. The application shall include the infor- on described in 19 Administrative Code 129.1027.
	19 T.	AC 129.1027(c)
Tutorial Services	trict grad lent o	strict may provide tutorial services at district schools. If a disprovides tutorial services, it shall require a student whose e in a subject for a reporting period is lower than the equivator 70 on a scale of 100 to attend tutorials. [See EC for provision loss of class time.]
	dent	strict may provide transportation services to accommodate stu- s who are required to attend tutorials and who are eligible for lar transportation.
	Educ	cation Code 29.084
Basic Skills Programs	prog ficier grad	strict may apply to the commissioner for funding of basic skills rams for students in grade 9 who are at risk of not earning suf- nt credit or who have not earned sufficient credit to advance to e 10 and who fail to meet minimum skills levels established by commissioner.
		the consent of a student's parent or guardian, a district may gn a student to the basic skills program.
		sic skills program may not exceed 210 instructional days and t meet the requirements set forth at Education Code 29.086.
	Educ	cation Code 29.086(a)
After-School and Summer Intensive Mathematics and Science Programs	tensi	strict may provide an intensive after-school program or an in- ive program during the period that school is recessed for the mer to provide mathematics and science instruction to:

	1.		dents who are not performing at grade level in mathemat- or science to assist those students in performing at grade l;		
	2.	ics o	dents who are not performing successfully in a mathemat- course or science course to assist those students in suc- sfully completing the course; or		
	3.	Oth	er students as determined by the district.		
	Before providing a program, a board must adopt a policy for:				
	1.	Dete that	ermining student eligibility for participating in the program		
		a.	Prescribes the grade level or course a student must be enrolled in to be eligible; and		
		b.	Provides for considering teacher recommendations in determining eligibility;		
	2.		uring that parents of or persons standing in parental rela- to eligible students are provided notice of the program;		
	3.		uring that eligible students are encouraged to attend the gram;		
	4.		uring that the program is offered at one or more locations the district that are easily accessible to eligible students;		
	5.	Mea	suring student progress on completion of the program.		
	Edu	catio	n Code 29.088, .090; 19 TAC 102.1041		
Mentoring Services Program	A district may provide a mentoring services program to students at risk of dropping out of school. A board may arrange for any public or nonprofit community-based organization to come to the district's schools and implement the program.				
			shall obtain the consent of a student's parent or guardian owing the student to participate in the program.		
	Edu	catio	n Code 29.089		
Accelerated Reading Instruction Program	gran cien grad sults ties.	n thai cies t le wh s [see	shall implement an accelerated reading instruction pro- t provides reading instruction that addresses reading defi- to each student in kindergarten, first grade, or second o is determined, on the basis of reading instrument re- e EKC], to be at risk for dyslexia or other reading difficul- district shall determine the form, content, and timing of the		

	tion [see	to ea e EKC	shall provide additional reading instruction and interven- the student given the seventh grade reading assessment C], as appropriate to improve the student's reading skills in ant areas identified through the assessment instrument.		
	Edu	icatio	n Code 28.006(g), (g-1)		
Intensive Program of Instruction State Assessments	whc mer fifth	A district shall offer an intensive program of instruction to a student who does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instru- ment or is not likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth school year following the student's enrollment in grade 9, as determined by the district.			
	The	prog	ram shall be designed to:		
	1.	Ena	ble the student to:		
		a.	To the extent practicable, perform at the student's grade level at the conclusion of the next regular school term; or		
		b.	Attain a standard of annual growth specified by a district and reported by the district to TEA; and		
	2.		oplicable, carry out the purposes of Education Code 0211. [See EIE]		
Students Receiving Special Education Services	sati: uca	sfacto tion C	dent in a special education program who does not perform orily on an assessment instrument administered under Ed- Code 39.023(a), (b), or (c), the student's admission, re- I dismissal committee shall design the program to:		
	1.	the	ble the student to attain a standard of annual growth on basis of the student's individualized education program (); and		
	2.		oplicable, carry out the purposes of Education Code 0211. [See EIE]		
Graduation Requirements	tens stru	sive p ction	shall use funds appropriated by the legislature for an in- rogram of instruction to plan and implement intensive in- and other activities aimed at helping a student satisfy l local high school graduation requirements.		
No Cause of Action	prog	gram	s determination of the appropriateness of an intensive of instruction for a student is final and does not create a action.		
	Edu	icatio	n Code 28.0213		

College Preparatory Courses	Each district shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- cation to develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- ematics and English language arts. The courses must be designed:		
	1. For	students at the 12th grade level whose performance on:	
	a.	An end-of-course assessment instrument required under Education Code 39.023(c) does not meet college readi- ness standards; or	
	b.	Coursework, a college entrance examination, or an as- sessment instrument designated under Education Code 51.334 [Texas Success Initiative (TSI) assessment] indi- cates that the student is not ready to perform entry-level college coursework; and	
		prepare students for success in entry-level college irses.	
	ing the c	e must be provided on the campus of the high school offer- course or through distance learning or as an online course I through an institution of higher education with which the artners.	
Faculty	Appropriate faculty of each high school offering courses and appro- priate faculty of each institution of higher education with which the district partners shall meet regularly as necessary to ensure that each course is aligned with college readiness expectations.		
Notice		trict shall provide a notice to each eligible student and the sparent or guardian regarding the benefits of enrolling in a	
Credit Earned	course n English I high sch dent who the cred mathem after con	It who successfully completes an English language arts hay use the credit earned toward satisfying the advanced anguage arts curriculum requirement for the foundation ool program under Education Code $28.025(b-1)(1)$. A stu- o successfully completes a mathematics course may use it earned in the course toward satisfying an advanced atics curriculum requirement under Education Code 28.025 npletion of the mathematics curriculum requirements for dation high school program under Education Code b-1)(2).	
Dual Credit		e may be offered for dual credit at the discretion of the insti- higher education with which a district partners.	
Instructional Materials	tion with	trict, in consultation with each institution of higher educa- which the district partners, shall develop or purchase in- al materials for a course consistent with Education Code	

Chapter 31. The instructional materials must include technology resources that enhance the effectiveness of the course and draw on established best practices.

Education Code 28.014

End-of-Course A student enrolled in a college preparatory mathematics or English language arts course under Education Code 28.014 who satisfies the TSI college readiness benchmarks on an assessment instrument administered at the end of the course satisfies the requirements concerning and is exempt from the administration of the Algebra I or the English I and English II end-of-course assessment instruments, as applicable, as prescribed by Education Code 39.023(c) [see EKB], even if the student did not perform satisfactorily on a previous administration of the applicable end-of-course assessment instrument. A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on the assessment instrument may retake that assessment instrument or may take the appropriate end-of-course assessment instrument. *Education Code 39.025(a-1)*

Distance Learning and Correspondence	Credit toward state graduation requirements may be granted for distance learning and correspondence courses only as follows:				
Courses	1.	The institution offering the correspondence course is The University of Texas at Austin, Texas Tech University, or another public institution of higher education approved by the commissioner of education.			
	2.	Students may earn course credit through distance learning technologies such as satellite, internet, two-way videoconfer- encing, online courses, the Texas Virtual School Network (TXVSN), and instructional television.			
	3.	The distance learning and correspondence courses must in- clude the state-required essential knowledge and skills for such a course.			
	19 1	TAC 74.23			
Texas Virtual School Network	The TXVSN is a state-led initiative for online learning authorized by Education Code Chapter 30A. The TXVSN is a partnership network administered by TEA in coordination with regional education ser- vice centers (ESCs), Texas public school districts and charter schools, institutions of higher education, and other eligible entities.				
	The TXVSN is comprised of two components—the online school (OLS) program and the statewide course catalog.				
	19 1	TAC 70.1001(4)			
Online School (OLS) Program	"Online School (OLS) program" is a full-time, virtual instructional program that is made available through an approved course provider and is designed to serve students in grades 3–12 who are not physically present at school. <i>19 TAC 70.1001(7)</i>				
	A TXVSN OLS may serve students in grades 3–12 but may not serve students in kindergarten–grade 2.				
	A school district that operates a TXVSN OLS that serves students in full-time virtual instruction shall, prior to the start of each aca- demic year, notify TEA of grade levels to be served and the total number of students to be served during that academic year. A school district may not add grade levels after the start of the schoo year.				
	leve suffi tiona	KVSN OLS or a school district wishing to add additional grade its to its online program shall certify that the OLS has courses icient to comprise a full instructional program for each addi- al grade level to be served by the OLS prior to serving that de level.			

	School districts approved to serve as TXVSN OLSs shall follow the TEA procedures related to obtaining a campus number for the vir- tual campus through which they serve their TXVSN OLS students.		
		ool districts serving as TXVSN OLSs must follow all require- nts in 19 Administrative Code 70.1011.	
	19	TAC 70.1011	
Statewide Course Catalog	"Statewide course catalog" is a supplemental online high school in- structional program available through approved providers. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>70.1001(10)</i>		
Course Providers	A TXVSN course provider is an entity that provides an electronic course through the TXVSN. Course providers include TXVSN OLSs and providers in the statewide course catalog. <i>19 TAC 70.1001(8)</i>		
Electronic Course	"Ele	ectronic course" means an educational course in which:	
	1.	Instruction and content are delivered primarily over the inter- net;	
	2.	A student and teacher are in different locations for a majority of the student's instructional period;	
	3.	Most instructional activities take place in an online environ- ment;	
	4.	The online instructional activities are integral to the academic program;	
	5.	Extensive communication between a student and a teacher and among students is emphasized; and	
	6.	A student is not required to be located on the physical prem- ises of a school district or open-enrollment charter school.	
	An electronic course is the equivalent of what would typically be taught in one semester. For example: English IA is treated as a single electronic course and English IB is treated as a single electronic course.		
	Education Code 30A.001(4); 19 TAC 70.1001(1)		
OLS Eligibility	To be eligible to serve as a TXVSN OLS, a school district shall:		
	1.	Have a current accreditation status of Accredited under 19 Administrative Code 97.1055 (Accreditation Status);	
	2.	Be rated acceptable under Education Code 39.054;	

		3.	Be rated at the Standard Achievement level or higher under the state financial accountability rating system under 19 Ac ministrative Code 109.1001 (Types of Financial Accountab Ratings);	d-
		4.	Have met statutory requirements for timely submission of a nual audit and compliance reports, Public Education Infor- mation Management System (PEIMS) reports, and timely posits with the Teacher Retirement System, with all record and reports reflecting satisfactory performance;	de-
		5.	Be in good standing with other programs, grants, and proje administered through TEA; and	ects
		6.	Have been approved to operate a TXVSN OLS as of Janu ary 1, 2013.	I -
		19 7	FAC 70.1009(a)	
	Statewide Course Catalog Provider Eligibility	state Edu elec distr scho rolle	To be eligible to serve as a course provider in the TXVSN statewide course catalog, a district must be rated acceptable under Education Code 39.054. A Texas school district may provide an electronic course through the TXVSN to a student enrolled in that district or school, a student enrolled in another school district or school in the state, or a student who resides in Texas who is enrolled in a school other than a public school district or charter school. <i>19 TAC 70.1007(a)</i>	
	General	ΤXV	/SN course providers shall:	
Requirements	Requirements	1.	Provide the TXVSN receiver district in which each TXVSN student is enrolled with written notice of a student's performance in the course at least once every 12 weeks;	
		2.	Provide the TXVSN receiver district in which each TXVSN student is enrolled with written notice of a student's performance at least once every three weeks if the student's per mance in the course is consistently unsatisfactory, as determined by the TXVSN course provider;	- rfor-
		3.	Notify students in writing upon enrollment to participate in TXVSN course with specific dates and details regarding enrollment;	
		4.	Meet all federal and state requirements for educating stud with disabilities;	ents
		5.	Provide a contingency plan for the continuation of instruc- tional services to all TXVSN students allowing them to con plete their TXVSN courses in the event that the contract of agreement through which the electronic courses are provide	n- r
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		are terminated or the TXVSN courses become unavailable to students;		
	6.	Ensure a maximum class size limit of 40 students in a single section of a course and ensure that the class size does not exceed the maximum allowed by law, as applicable, which- ever is less; and		
	7.	Meet all reporting requirements established by TXVSN central operations, including timely submission of student performance reports, course completion results, catalog data, data required to verify instructor qualifications, and all data necessary for the TXVSN Informed Choice Report required under 19 Administrative Code 70.1031 (Informed Choice Reports).		
	19	19 TAC 70.1007(c)		
Receiver District Requirements		A district is eligible to serve as a receiver district in the TXVSN statewide course catalog. Each TXVSN receiver district shall:		
	1.	Register as a receiver district with TXVSN central operations;		
	2.	Assign a qualified staff member to serve as the TXVSN coor- dinator;		
	3.	Enroll a student who resides in Texas and who is enrolled in a school other than a public school district or charter school upon request by the student and/or parent or guardian; and		
	4.	In accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.26 (Award of Credit), award credit to a student enrolled in the district who has successfully completed all state and local requirements and received a grade that is the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100, based upon the essential knowledge and skills for a course offered through the TXVSN statewide course catalog.		
	19	19 TAC 70.1008		
Courses	All electronic courses to be made available through the TXVSN shall be reviewed and approved prior to being offered in accord- ance with the course requirements at 19 Administrative Code 70.1005. <i>19 TAC 70.1005(a)</i>			
	An electronic course or program that was offered or could have been offered during the 2008–09 school year under former Educa- tion Code 29.909, as that section existed on January 1, 2009, may be offered during a subsequent school year through the TXVSN. <i>Education Code 30A.006</i>			

Student Eligibility	A student is eligible to enroll in a TXVSN course only if the studen		
Generally	1.	On September 1 of the school year is younger than 21 years of age or is younger than 26 years of age and entitled to the benefits of the Foundation School Program under Education Code 48.003;	
	2.	Has not graduated from high school; and	
	3.	Is otherwise eligible to enroll in a public school in this state.	
		udent is eligible to enroll full-time in courses provided through TXVSN only if:	
	1.	The student was enrolled in a public school in this state in the preceding school year;	
	2.	The student is a dependent of a member of the United States military who has been deployed or transferred to this state and was enrolled in a publicly funded school outside of this state in the preceding school year; or	
	3.	The student has been placed in substitute care in this state, regardless of whether the student was enrolled in a public school in this state in the preceding school year.	
Exception for Military Dependents	A student is eligible to enroll in one or more TXVSN courses or en- roll full-time in courses provided through the network if the student:		
Dependents	1.	Is a dependent of a member of the United States military;	
	2.	Was previously enrolled in high school in this state; and	
	3.	No longer resides in this state as a result of a military deploy- ment or transfer.	
Provisional Enrollment	If a student has not provided required evidence of eligibility to en- roll, a TXVSN OLS may enroll a student provisionally for ten school days and withdraw the student from the OLS if the student does not provide the required evidence of eligibility within ten school days of the provisional enrollment.		
	Upon enrolling a student provisionally, the TXVSN OLS shall notify the student and the student's parents or guardians that the student will be withdrawn if documentation is not provided within the re- quired timeframe.		
	Education Code 30A.002; 19 TAC 70.1013		
Enrolled Students	take	udent who is enrolled in the district as a full-time student may one or more electronic courses through the TXVSN. <i>Educa-</i> <i>Code 30A.107(b)</i>	

Unenrolled Students	A student who resides in this state but who is not enrolled in a school district or open-enrollment charter school in this state as a full-time student may, subject to Education Code 30A.155, enroll in electronic courses through the TXVSN. The student:			
	1.	May not in any semester enroll in more than two electronic courses offered through the TXVSN;		
	2.	Is not considered to be a public school student;		
	3.	Must obtain access to a course provided through the network through the school district or open-enrollment charter school attendance zone in which the student resides;		
	4.	Is not entitled to enroll in a course offered by a school district or open-enrollment charter school other than an electronic course provided through the network; and		
	5.	Is not entitled to any right, privilege, activities, or services available to a student enrolled in a public school, other than the right to receive the appropriate unit of credit for complet- ing an electronic course.		
	Education Code 30A.107(c)			
Enrollment, Advancement, and Withdrawal	A student taking a course through the TXVSN statewide course catalog or a TXVSN OLS program is considered to:			
	1.	Be enrolled in a TXVSN course when he or she begins receiv- ing instruction and actively engages in instructional activities in a TXVSN subject area or course;		
	2.	Have successfully completed a course if the student demon- strates academic proficiency and earns credit for the course, as determined by the TXVSN teacher; and		
	3.	Be, and must be reported as, withdrawn from the TXVSN when the student is no longer actively participating in the TXVSN course or program.		
	A student taking a course through the TXVSN statewide course catalog:			
	1.	Shall enroll in each TXVSN course through the TXVSN online registration system;		
	2.	Shall be assigned a grade by the TXVSN teacher after the drop period established by TXVSN central operations;		

	3.	May withdraw from a course taken through the TXVSN after the instructional start date without academic or financial pen- alty within the drop period established by TXVSN central op- erations; and
	4.	Shall have the grade assigned by the TXVSN teacher added to the student's transcript by the student's home district.
	dem	ident enrolled full time in grades 3–8 must demonstrate aca- ic proficiency sufficient to earn promotion to the next grade, as rmined by the TXVSN teacher for the educational program.
	19 T.	AC 70.1015
Compulsory Attendance	tend	s public school students are not required to be in physical at- ance while participating in courses through a TXVSN OLS or TXVSN course catalog.
	in gr in gr quire fully	ed upon successful completion of a TXVSN course for students ades 9–12 or a TXVSN OLS instructional program for students ades 3–8, students are considered to have met attendance re- ements for that course or program. A student who has success- completed the grade level or course is eligible to receive any hted funding for which the student is eligible.
	distr cess	audit purposes, TXVSN course providers and TXVSN receiver icts shall maintain documentation to support the students' suc- ful completion and to support verification of compulsory at- ance.
	has	/SN receiver district" means a Texas public school district that students enrolled in the school district who take one or more e courses through the TXVSN statewide course catalog.
	19 T.	AC 70.1001(9), .1017
Local Policy	in the prov mus	strict shall adopt a written policy that provides students enrolled e district with the opportunity to enroll in electronic courses ided through the TXVSN statewide course catalog. The policy t be consistent with the requirements regarding notice, enroll- t requests, and students with disabilities as described below.
	each copy	strict shall, at least once per school year, send to a parent of district student enrolled at the middle or high school level a of the policy. A district may send the policy with any other in- ation that the district sends to a parent.
	Edu	cation Code 30A.007; 19 TAC 70.1033
Notice		e time and in the manner that a district informs students and nts about courses that are offered in the district's traditional

	classroom setting, the district shall notify parents and students of the option to enroll in an electronic course offered through the TXVSN.		
Requests to Enroll	Except as provided below, a district may not deny the request of a parent of a full-time student to enroll the student in an electronic course offered through the TXVSN.		
	A district may deny a request to enroll a student in an electronic course if:		
	1.	A student attempts to enroll in a course load that is incon- sistent with the student's high school graduation plan or re- quirements for college admission or earning an industry certi- fication;	
	2.	The student requests permission to enroll in an electronic course at a time that is not consistent with the enrollment period established by the district providing the course; or	
	3.	The district offers a substantially similar course.	
	The course provider shall make all reasonable efforts to accommo- date the enrollment of a student in the course under special cir- cumstances.		
	If a parent of a student requests permission to enroll the student in a TXVSN course, a district has discretion to select a course pro- vider approved by TEA for the course in which the student will en- roll based on factors including the informed choice report required by Education Code 30A.108(b).		
Appeals	A parent may appeal to the commissioner a district's decision to deny a request to enroll a student in an electronic course offered through the TXVSN. The commissioner's decision under this sub- section is final and may not be appealed.		
	Education Code 26.0031; 19 TAC 70.1008, .1035		
Students with Disabilities	elect shall (ARI law, U.S.	purposes of the policy, the determination of whether or not an tronic course will meet the needs of a student with a disability be made by the student's admission, review, and dismissal D) committee in a manner consistent with state and federal including the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 C. 1400 et seq., and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 3, 29 U.S.C. Section 794. <i>Education Code 30A.007(b)</i>	
Required Enrollment Prohibited	A school district or open-enrollment charter school may not require a student to enroll in an electronic course. <i>Education Code</i> <i>30A.107(d)</i>		

Inducements for Enrollment Prohibited	A course provider may not promise or provide equipment or other thing of value to a student or a student's parent as an ment for the student to enroll in an electronic course offered through the TXVSN. The commissioner shall revoke approv- electronic courses offered by a course provider that violates prohibition. The commissioner's action under this section is and may not be appealed. <i>Education Code 30A.1052</i>	induce- d val of s this
Course Portability	A student who transfers from one educational setting to and ter beginning enrollment in an electronic course is entitled to tinue enrollment in the course. <i>Education Code 30A.1051;</i> 70.1015(d)	o con-
Student Assessment	All Texas public school students enrolled in the TXVSN are quired to take the statewide assessments as required in Ed Code 39.023 [see EKB]. The administration of the assessm strument to the student enrolled in the electronic course mu supervised by a proctor.	ucation ent in-
	A district shall report to the commissioner through the Public cation Information Management System (PEIMS) the result sessment instruments administered to students enrolled in tronic course offered through the TXVSN separately from the results of assessment instruments administered to other stu	s of as- an elec- ne
	All districts participating in the TXVSN OLS program are inc in the state's academic accountability system.	cluded
	Education Code 30A.110; 19 TAC 70.1023	
Funding	A district in which a student is enrolled is entitled to funding Education Code Chapter 48 for the student's enrollment in a TXVSN course in the same manner that the district is entitle funding for the student's enrollment in courses provided in a tional classroom setting, provided that the student success completes the electronic course.	a ed to a tradi-
	Funding is limited to a student's enrollment in not more than electronic courses during any school year, unless the stude enrolled in a full-time online program that was operating on January 1, 2013.	
	Education Code 30A.153	
	A district may decline to pay the cost for a student of more to three yearlong electronic courses, or the equivalent, during school year unless the student is enrolled in a full-time online gram that was operating on January 1, 2013. If the district of to pay the cost, a student is able to enroll in additional elect courses at the student's cost. <i>Education Code 26.0031(c-1)</i>	any ne pro- leclines ronic
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Course Cost	A district may charge the course cost for enrollment in a TXVSN course to a student who resides in this state and:			
	 Is enrolled in the district as a full-time student with a course load greater than that normally taken by students in the equiv- alent grade level in other school districts; or 			
	 Elects to enroll in a TXVSN course for which the district in which the student is enrolled as a full-time student declines to pay the cost as authorized by Education Code 26.0031(c-1). 			
	A district may charge the course cost for enrollment in a TXVSN course during the summer.			
	A district shall charge the course cost for enrollment in a TXVSN course to a student who resides in this state and is not enrolled in a school district or open-enrollment charter school as a full-time student.			
	A TXVSN course cost may not exceed the lesser of the cost of providing the course or \$400.			
	A district may decline to pay the course costs for a student who chooses to enroll in more than three year-long electronic courses, or the equivalent, during any school year. This does not limit the ability of the student to enroll in additional electronic courses of- fered through the TXVSN at the student's expense.			
	A district that is not the course provider may charge a student en- rolled in the district a nominal fee, not to exceed \$50, if the student enrolls in a TXVSN course that exceeds the course load normally taken by students in the equivalent grade level.			
	A course provider in the TXVSN statewide course catalog shall receive:			
	1. No more than 70 percent of the catalog course cost prior to a student successfully completing the course; and			
	2. The remaining 30 percent of the catalog course cost when the student successfully completes the course.			
	Education Code 30A.155(a)–(c-1); 19 TAC 70.1025			
Educators of Electronic Courses	Each instructor of an electronic course, including a dual credit course, offered through the TXVSN by a course provider must be certified under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B, to teach that course and grade level or meet the credentialing requirements of the institution of higher education with which they are affiliated and that is serving as a course provider.			

ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT DISTANCE LEARNING

In addition, each instructor must successfully complete one continuing professional development course specific to online learning every three years, and:

- 1. Successfully complete a professional development course or program approved by TXVSN central operations before teaching an electronic course offered through the TXVSN; or
- Have a graduate degree in online or distance learning and have demonstrated mastery of the International Association for K–12 Learning (iNACOL) National Standards for Quality Online Teaching; or
- 3. Have two or more years of documented experience teaching online courses for students in grades 3–12 and have demonstrated mastery of the iNACOL National Standards for Quality Online Teaching.

Each instructor of an electronic course, including a dual credit course, offered through the TXVSN by a course provider must meet highly qualified teacher requirements under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as applicable.

TXVSN course providers shall affirm the preparedness of teachers of TXVSN electronic courses to teach public school-age students in a highly interactive online classroom and shall:

- 1. Maintain records documenting:
 - a. Valid Texas educator certification credentials appropriate for the instructor's TXVSN assignment;
 - b. Successful initial completion of TXVSN-approved professional development, evidence of prior online teaching, or a graduate degree in online or distance learning; and
 - c. Instructors' demonstrated mastery of the iNACOL National Standards for Quality Online Teaching prior to teaching through the TXVSN;
- 2. Conduct and maintain records for background checks;
- 3. Maintain records of successful completion of continuing professional development;
- Maintain records documenting successful completion of TXVSN-approved professional development before the end of the school year for any instructor who is hired after the school year has begun; and

ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT DISTANCE LEARNING

	5.	Make the records specified in this subsection available to TEA and TXVSN central operations upon request.			
	19 TAC 70.1027				
Revocation	The commissioner may revoke the right to participation in the TXVSN based on any of the following factors:				
	1.	Noncompliance with relevant state or federal laws;			
	2.	Noncompliance with requirements and assurances outlined in the contractual agreements with TXVSN central operations and/or these provisions and Education Code Chapter 30A; or			
	3.	Consistently poor student performance rates as evidenced by results on statewide student assessments, student withdrawal rates, student completion rates, successful completion rates, or campus accountability ratings.			
	19 7	FAC 70.1029			
Applicability	Unless a district chooses to participate in providing an electronic course or an electronic diagnostic assessment under Education Code Chapter 30A to a student who is located on the physical premises of a school district or open-enrollment charter school, Chapter 30A does not affect the provision of a course to such a student.				
	do n	uirements imposed by or under Education Code Chapter 30A not apply to a virtual course provided by a district only to district lents if the course is not provided as part of the TXVSN.			
	Edu	cation Code 30A.004			
Average Daily Attendance for Certain Programs	an c com tion to in elec prov dent shal the s troni sion cord <i>Edu</i>	strict may provide one or more off-campus electronic courses, off-campus electronic program, or an instructional program that abines in-person instruction and off-campus electronic instruc- to students enrolled in the district who have reasonable access apperson services at a district or school facility. Off-campus stronic instruction for a course or program provided under this vision may be provided synchronously or asynchronously. A stu- tenrolled in a course or program provided under this provision I be counted toward the district's average daily attendance in same manner as other district students. The off-campus elec- ic instruction for a course or program provided under this provi- shall be counted for average daily attendance (ADA) in ac- lance with Education 48.0071 and commissioner-adopted rule. <i>cation Code 48.0071(a)–(b)</i>			
		information regarding a local remote learning program, author- by Education Code 29.9091, see EHDF.]			

	Note:	The local remote learning program is a specially author- ized program under the Education Code. The provisions below are set to expire on September 1, 2023. For infor- mation about other remote instruction, including the TxVSN and distance learning and correspondence courses, see EHDE.
	der Educ or the mo assigned	assigned an overall performance rating of C or higher un- tation Code 39.054 [see AIA] for the preceding school year ost recent school year in which a performance rating was may operate a local remote learning program to offer vir- ses outside the state virtual school network to eligible stu-
District Requirements	must incl state ass Educatio sessmen gram, inc ment inst	that operates a full-time local remote learning program ude in the program at least one grade level in which a essment instrument is required to be administered under n Code 39.023(a), including each subject for which an as- t instrument is required or a complete high school pro- cluding each course for which an end-of-course assess- trument is required to be administered under Education .023(c) [see EKB].
		ict must offer the option for a student's parent or person in parental relation to select in-person instruction for the
Type of Instruction	be provic struction struction	course offered under a local remote learning program may led through synchronous instruction, asynchronous in- or a combination of synchronous and asynchronous in- and may be provided in combination with in-person in- as appropriate to meet the needs of individual students.
Student Eligibility	cal remo has reas district fa	t is eligible to enroll in a virtual course offered under a lo- te learning program if the student is enrolled in a district, onable access to in-person services for the course at a cility, and meets any additional criteria, including minimum c standards, established by the district in which the stu- nrolled.
Student Performance and Attendance	odically a	that operates a local remote learning program shall peri- assess the performance of students enrolled in virtual under the program.
		that operates a local remote learning program may not tudent for purposes of calculating the district's average

	daily attendance if the student has ten or more unexcused ab- sences in the program in a six-month period.
	Education Code 29.9091(a)–(e)(1), (e)(3)
Returning a Student to In-Person Instruction	A district that operates a local remote learning program may re- move a student from virtual courses under the program and return the student to in-person instruction if the district determines that the student does not meet the criteria described at Student Eligibil- ity, above.
	A district may remove a student from virtual courses only if the dis- trict establishes a process to ensure that each student and the stu- dent's parent or person standing in parental relation have sufficient notice and opportunity to provide input before the student is re- moved from those courses.
	Education Code 29.9091(e)(2), (f)
Contract with a District	A district may contract with another district or open-enrollment charter school to allow a student enrolled in the sending district to enroll in virtual courses offered under the local remote learning pro- gram of the receiving district. A student enrolled in virtual courses under an agreement described by this provision is considered en- rolled in the sending district for purposes of average daily attend- ance [see FEB] and accountability under Chapters 39 and 39A [see AIB].
State Assessment	A state assessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023 or 39.025 [see EKB] to a student enrolled in a virtual course offered under a local remote learning program shall be ad- ministered to the student in the same manner in which the assess- ment instrument is administered to other district students.
Special Education	If a district offers virtual courses under a local remote learning pro- gram for students receiving special education services, the courses must meet the needs of a participating student in a manner con- sistent with Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A (special ed- ucation program) and with federal law, including the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400 et seq.) and Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794).
Teacher Requirements	A teacher may not provide instruction for a virtual course offered under a full-time local remote learning program unless the teacher has completed a professional development course on virtual in- struction.

EHDF (LEGAL)

		may not directly or indirectly coerce any teacher to agree signment to teach a full-time local remote learning pro-		
	tion and period. T included	may not require a teacher to provide both virtual instruc- in-person instruction for a course during the same class he commissioner may waive this requirement for courses in the enrichment curriculum under Education Code see EHAA].		
Extracurricular Activities	learning sponsore rolled or	It enrolled in a virtual course offered under a local remote program may participate in an extracurricular activity ed or sanctioned by the district in which the student is en- by the University Interscholastic League in the same man- ther district students.		
Attendance Accounting	learning daily atte less the gram in a providing for stude	It enrolled in a virtual course offered under a local remote program shall be counted toward the district's average endance in the same manner as other district students, un- student has ten or more unexcused absences in the pro- a six-month period. The commissioner shall adopt rules g for a method of taking attendance, once each school day, ents enrolled in a virtual course offered under a local re- irrning program.		
	Education Code 29.9091(g)–(n)			
	Educatic Educatic tricts), a trict's ave remote in	or students enrolled in programs or courses offered under on Code Chapter 30A (Texas Virtual School Network) or on Code 48.053 (allotment for certain special purpose dis- district may not count for purposes of calculating the dis- erage daily attendance a student who received virtual or instruction for a majority of the instructional days during the or school year if the student:		
		not achieve satisfactory performance or higher or the ivalent in the preceding school year on:		
	a.	Each state assessment instrument administered to the student under Education Code 39.023 or 39.025; or		
	b.	If the student was not administered a required state as- sessment instrument during the preceding school year, an assessment instrument designed to show grade-level proficiency in the essential knowledge and skills identi- fied under Education Code 28.002 by the State Board of Education for the student's grade level;		

	2.	Had a number of unexcused absences that exceeds ten per- cent of the number of instructional days in the preceding school year; or	
	3.	Did not earn a grade of C or higher or the equivalent in each of the foundation curriculum courses taken virtually or re- motely in the preceding school year.	
	Edι	ication Cote 48.005(m-1)	
TXVSN	not prog rolle fron	ication Code Chapter 30A (Texas Virtual School Network) does apply to a virtual course offered under a local remote learning gram. Education Code 29.9091 does not prohibit a student en- ed in a district that operates a local remote learning program in enrolling in courses offered through the state virtual school work. Education Code 29.9091(o)–(p)	
Enrollment Cap	 A district that operates a local remote learning program may not enroll in the program a number of students that exceeds ten percent of the total number of students enrolled in the district during the 2021–22 school year. The commissioner may waive this provision on application by a district in response to a public health emergency. In calculating the number of students that may be enrolled in a local remote learning program, a district shall count students who spend at least half of the student's instructional time during the 2021–22 school year or 2022–23 school year, as applicable, enrolled in virtual courses or receiving remote instruction, other that by enrollment in electronic courses offered through the state virtus school network, including students enrolled in virtual courses or who received remote instruction during the 2021–22 school year, as applicable, because the student was: 		
	1.	Medically fragile;	
	2.	Placed in a virtual setting by an admission, review, and dis- missal committee; or	
	3.	Receiving accommodations under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794).	
	Edι	ıcation Code 29.9091(q)–(r)	
Program Evaluation	[see ove	valuating under Education Code 39.054 (state accountability) e AIA], the commissioner shall assign the program separate rall and domain performance ratings in accordance with Educa- Code 39.0549. <i>Education Code 39.0549(a)</i>	

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High School Diploma	A studer	nt may graduate and receive a diploma only if the student:	
	by tior plic fina	ccessfully completes the curriculum requirements identified the State Board of Education (SBOE) [see State Gradua- n Requirements, below], has performed satisfactorily on ap- cable state assessments [see EKB], and complies with the ancial aid application requirements in Education Code 0256 [see below]; or	
		ccessfully completes an individualized education program P) developed under Education Code 29.005. [See EHBAB]	
	Education Code 28.025(c)		
	Note:	Education Code 28.0256 applies beginning with students enrolled at the 12th grade level during the 2021–22 school year.	
FAFSA Required	and sub	raduating from high school, each student must complete mit a free application for federal student aid (FAFSA) or a oplication for state financial aid (TASFA), except as pro- low.	
	A studer	it is not required to comply with the above provision if:	
	tior per	e student's parent or other person standing in parental rela- n submits a signed form indicating that the parent or other son authorizes the student to decline to complete and sub- the financial aid application;	
	the old	e student signs and submits the form described above on student's own behalf if the student is 18 years of age or er or the student's disabilities of minority have been re- ved for general purposes under Family Code Chapter 31;	
	ple	chool counselor authorizes the student to decline to com- te and submit the financial aid application for good cause, determined by the school counselor.	
	plied wit dent me Code 28 student manner	ol counselor notifies a district whether a student has com- h this section for purposes of determining whether the stu- ets high school graduation requirements under Education 0.025, the school counselor may only indicate whether the has complied with this section and may not indicate the in which the student complied, except as necessary for the o comply with the commissioner's rules.	
		l counselor may not indicate that a student has not com- h this section if the district fails to provide the required form	
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		e student or the student's parent or other person standing in ental relation to the student.				
	Education Code 28.0256; 19 TAC 74.11(b)					
Opt-Out Form	The board shall adopt the standard opt-out form provided by the Texas Education Agency (TEA).					
	othe bilin	opt-out form shall be available in English, Spanish, and any er language spoken by a majority of the students enrolled in a gual education or special language program in the district. A rict is responsible for translations not provided by TEA.				
	decl	opt-out form must include the student's signature of intent to ine to complete a financial aid application prior to the student's cipated graduation date.				
	19 7	FAC 74.1023(c)				
Notification	A district shall provide students with the notifications regarding the financial aid application requirement, in accordance with 19 Admin- istrative Code 74.1023(d).					
Proof of Submission	A district shall require one of the following methods of proof that a student has completed and submitted the FAFSA or TASFA.					
	For	completion and submission of the FAFSA:				
	1.	ApplyTexas Counselor Suite FAFSA data;				
	2.	Notification from the U.S. Department of Education that demonstrates a student has completed and submitted a FAFSA; or				
	3.	A local policy developed by a district for the method by which a student must provide proof that the student has completed a FAFSA.				
	A district shall develop a local policy for the method by which a st dent must provide proof that the student has completed a TASFA					
	19 TAC 74.1023(e)					
Information Submission and Confidentiality	A district shall report through the Texas Student Data System Pub- lic Education Information Management System (TSDS PEIMS) not later than December 1 of each school year for students awarded diplomas in the previous school year the number of students who completed and submitted a financial aid application and the num- ber of students who submitted an exception.					
		strict shall maintain student financial aid application information urely and ensure compliance with federal law regarding the				

	Farr tion	ily Ec 1232	iality of student educational information, including the ducational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. Sec- g), and any state law relating to the privacy of student in- [see FL].		
	19 7	AC 7	4.1023(f)–(g)		
Individual Graduation Committee	plon esta	A student may receive a diploma if the person is eligible for a di- ploma as determined by an individual graduation committee (IGC) established under Education Code 28.0258. <i>Education Code</i> <i>28.025(c-6)</i>			
	A student receiving special education services is not subject to the IGC requirements in Education Code 28.0258 or 19 Administrative Code 74.1025. A student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee determines whether a student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an end-of-course (EOC) assessment to graduate. <i>19 TAC 74.1025(n)</i> [See EHBAB]				
	For each 11th or 12th grade student who has failed to comply with the EOC assessment instrument performance requirements under Education Code 39.025 for not more than two courses, the district shall establish an IGC at the end of or after the student's 11th grade year to determine whether the student may qualify to gradu- ate. A student may not qualify to graduate as a result of an IGC de- cision before the student's 12th grade year.				
	The	IGC	shall be composed of:		
	1.	The	principal or principal's designee;		
	2.		each EOC assessment instrument on which the student d to perform satisfactorily, the teacher of the course;		
	3.		department chair or lead teacher supervising the her(s) above; and		
	4.	As a	ipplicable:		
		a.	The student's parent or person standing in parental rela- tion to the student;		
		b.	A designated advocate if the parent is unable to serve; or		
		C.	The student, at the student's option, if the student is at least 18 years of age or is an emancipated minor.		
	The	supe	rintendent shall establish procedures for convening the		

committee.

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	The district shall provide an appropriate translator, if available, for a parent, advocate, or student who is unable to speak English.
	Education Code 28.0258(a)–(c), (c-2); 19 TAC 74.1025(b)
	A district may not establish an initial IGC for eligible students after June 10 or before the start of the next school year. Once the IGC has been established, it is the original IGC for that student.
	If a student leaves a district after an original IGC has been estab- lished and before that original IGC awards a high school diploma to the student, any other district that later enrolls the student shall re- quest information from the student's original IGC of record and shall implement the original IGC recommendations to the extent possible.
Alternate Members	In the event that the teacher identified in item 2 above is unavaila- ble, the principal shall designate as an alternate member of the committee a teacher certified in the subject of the EOC assess- ment on which the student failed to perform satisfactorily and who is most familiar with the student's performance in that subject area.
	In the event that the individual identified above in item 3 above is unavailable, the principal shall designate as an alternate member of the committee an experienced teacher certified in the subject of the EOC assessment on which the student failed to perform satis- factorily and who is familiar with the content of and instructional practices for the applicable course.
	In the event that the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student is unavailable to participate in the IGC, the principal shall designate an advocate with knowledge of the student to serve as an alternate member of the committee.
	19 TAC 74.1025(c), (e), (g)–(i)
Notice	A district shall ensure a good faith effort is made to timely notify the appropriate person described under item 4 above of the time and place for convening the IGC and the purpose of the committee. The notice must be provided in person or by regular mail or email; clear and easy to understand; and written in English, in Spanish, or, to the extent practicable, in the native language of the appropriate person. <i>Education Code 28.0258(d)</i>
Curriculum Requirements	To be eligible to graduate and receive a high school diploma from the IGC, a student must successfully complete the curriculum re- quirements required for high school graduation. [See State Gradu- ation Requirements, below] <i>Education Code 28.0258(e)</i>

Additional Requirements to Graduate	A student's IGC shall recommend additional requirements by which the student may qualify to graduate, including additional remedia- tion; and for each EOC assessment instrument on which the stu- dent failed to perform satisfactorily:				
	1.	The completion of a project related to the subject area of the course that demonstrates proficiency in the subject area; or			
	2.	The preparation of a portfolio of work samples in the subject area of the course, including work samples from the course that demonstrate proficiency in the subject area.			
	A student may submit to the IGC coursework previously completed to satisfy a recommended additional requirement.				
	Edu	cation Code 28.0258(f), (g)			
	In determining whether a student is qualified to graduate, the com- mittee shall consider the criteria at Education Code 28.0258(h) and any other academic information designated for consideration by the board. After considering the criteria, the committee may deter- mine that the student is qualified to graduate. A student may gradu- ate and receive a high school diploma on the basis of the commit- tee's decision only if the student successfully completes all additional requirements recommended by the committee, the stu- dent meets applicable curriculum requirements, and the commit- tee's vote is unanimous. The decision of a committee is final and may not be appealed. <i>Education Code 28.0258(i)</i>				
English Language Learners		provisions related to an IGC and English language learners .), see EKB.			
Students Who Entered Grade 9	In accordance with Education Code 28.02541, a district may award a high school diploma to an individual who:				
Before the 2011–12 School Year	1.	Entered grade 9 before the 2011–12 school year;			
	2.	Successfully completed the curriculum requirements for high school graduation applicable when the individual entered grade 9;			
	3.	Has not performed satisfactorily on the exit-level assessment instrument or part of an assessment instrument required for high school graduation, including an alternative assessment instrument offered under Education Code 39.025(c-2);			
	4.	Has been administered at least three times the required sub- ject-area test(s) for which the individual has not performed satisfactorily on the exit-level assessment instrument applica- ble to the individual when the individual entered grade 9; and			
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	 Meets the alternative requirements for graduation in accord- ance with 19 Administrative Code 74.1027(c) or the local al- ternative requirements approved by the board in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.1027(d).
	19 TAC 74.1027(a); Education Code 28.02541
District Determination	The district in which the individual is enrolled or was last enrolled shall determine whether the individual may qualify to graduate and receive a high school diploma on the basis of the alternative requirements for graduation. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(b)</i>
Alternative Requirements	The alternative requirements for graduation are listed at 19 Admin- istrative Code 74.1027(c).
Local Alternative Requirements	With approval by the board, a district may develop recommenda- tions for local alternative requirements if the requirements would al- low an individual to demonstrate proficiency in the content related to an examination for which the individual has not performed satis- factorily. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(d)</i>
Appeals	A decision regarding whether the individual qualifies to graduate and receive a high school diploma is final and may not be ap- pealed. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(e); Education Code 28.02541</i>
Documentation	The district shall maintain documentation to support the decision to award or not award an individual a high school diploma. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(f)</i>
Special Education	A student receiving special education services who successfully completes the requirements of his or her IEP, including perfor- mance on a state assessment required for graduation, shall re- ceive a high school diploma. A student's ARD committee shall de- termine if the student will be required to meet satisfactory performance on an assessment for purposes of graduation. <i>19 TAC 101.3023(a)</i> [See Graduation of Students Receiving Spe- cial Education Services, below, and EKB]
Posthumous Diploma	Beginning with students who would have graduated at the end of the 2019–20 school year, and on request of the student's parent, a district shall issue a high school diploma posthumously to each stu- dent who died while enrolled in the district at the end of the school year in which the student was expected to graduate under the reg- ular schedule of school attendance. The high school diploma may not be issued before the graduation date of the class in which the student was enrolled at the time of death.
Exception	A district is not required to issue a posthumous diploma if the stu- dent was convicted of a felony offense under Title 5 or 6, Penal

	Code, or adjudicated as having engaged in conduct constitut felony offense under Title 5 or 6, Penal Code.			
	Education Code 28.0254			
Diplomas for Veterans	Notwithstanding any other provision of this policy, a district may is- sue a high school diploma to a person who is an honorably dis- charged member of the armed forces of the United States; was scheduled to graduate from high school after 1940 and before 1975 or after 1989; and left school after completing the sixth or a higher grade, before graduating from high school, to serve in:			
	1.	World War II, the Korean War, the Vietnam War, the Persian Gulf War, the Iraq War, or the war in Afghanistan; or		
	2.	Any other war formally declared by the United States, military engagement authorized by the United States Congress, mili- tary engagement authorized by a United Nations Security Council resolution and funded by the United States Congress, or conflict authorized by the president of the United States un- der the War Powers Resolution of 1973, 50 U.S.C. 1541, et seq.		
	Edu	cation Code 28.0251		
Texas First Early High School Completion Program	A district may issue a high school diploma to a student under the Texas First Early High School Completion Program if, using the standards established by TEA and the Texas Higher Education Co- ordinating Board and eligible institutions of higher education, the student demonstrates mastery of and early readiness for college in each of the subject areas described by the standards and in a lan- guage other than English, notwithstanding any other local or state requirements.			
		udent who earns a high school diploma through the program is sidered to have earned a distinguished level of achievement.		
Notice Upon Enrollment	low and quire Earl	a student's initial enrollment in high school in a grade level be- grade 12 in a district, the district shall provide to the student the student's parent or guardian information regarding the re- ements to earn a high school diploma under the Texas First y High School Completion Program and the Texas First Schol- ip Program.		
	Edu	cation Code 28.0253(e)–(g)		
Personal Graduation Plan	scho	incipal of a junior high or middle school shall designate a ool counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to de-		
Junior High or Middle School PGP		p and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each ent enrolled in the junior high or middle school who:		

	 Does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instru- ment; or 	-			
	 Is not likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth school year following the student's enrollment in grade level 9, as determined by a district. 				
	A PGP must:				
	1. Identify educational goals for the student;				
	 Include diagnostic information, appropriate monitoring and in tervention, and other evaluation strategies; 	1-			
	 Include an intensive instruction program described in Educa- tion Code 28.0213 [see EHBC]; 	-			
	 Address participation of the student's parent or guardian, in- cluding consideration of the parent's or guardian's education expectations for the student; and 				
	5. Provide innovative methods to promote the student's ad- vancement, including flexible scheduling, alternative learning environments, online instruction, and other interventions that are proven to accelerate the learning process and have been scientifically validated to improve learning and cognitive abil- ity.	ť			
	Education Code 28.0212				
Students Receiving Special	For a student receiving special education services, the student's ARD committee and the district are responsible for developing the student's PGP.	;			
Education Services	A student's IEP developed under Education Code 29.005 may be used as the student's PGP.				
	Education Code 28.0212(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(a) [See EHBAB]				
High School PGP	A principal of a high school shall designate a school counselor or school administrator to review PGP options with each student en- tering grade 9 together with that student's parent or guardian. The PGP options reviewed must include the distinguished level of achievement and endorsements.				
	Before the conclusion of the school year, the student and the stu- dent's parent or guardian must confirm and sign a PGP for the stu dent that identifies a course of study that:				
	 Promotes college and workforce readiness and career place- ment and advancement; and 	-			

		litates the student's transition from secondary to postsec- ary education.			
	A district may not prevent a student and the student's parent or guardian from confirming a PGP that includes pursuit of a distin- guished level of achievement or an endorsement.				
	A student may amend the student's PGP after the initial confirma- tion of the plan. If a student amends the student's PGP, the school must send written notice to the student's parents regarding the change.				
	advantag Education Education formation sure that above an	t make available to a district information that explains the es of the distinguished level of achievement described by n Code 28.025(b-15) and each endorsement described by n Code 28.025(c-1). A district, in turn, shall publish the in- from TEA on the internet website of the district and en- the information is available to students in grades nine and d the parents or legal guardians of those students in the in which the parents or legal guardians are most profi-			
	which the	is required to provide this information in the language in parents or legal guardians are most proficient only if at students in a grade level primarily speak that language.			
	Education	n Code 28.02121			
Early Graduation	will not be ted to gra mally gra graduatio	is entitled to request, with the expectation that the request e unreasonably denied, that the parent's child be permit- iduate from high school earlier than the child would nor- duate, if the child completes each course required for in. The decision of a board concerning the request is final not be appealed. <i>Education Code 26.003(a)(3)(C), (b)</i> H, FNG]			
State Graduation Requirements	Note:	For current state graduation requirements, including those for students who entered grade 9 before the 2007–08 school year but that are not otherwise refer- enced in this policy, see Education Code 28.025 and 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74.			
Students Entering Grade 9		e a high school diploma, a student entering grade 9 in the school year and thereafter must complete:			
	19 A	uirements of the foundation high school program under dministrative Code 74.12 [see Foundation High School gram, below];			

	2.	Testing requirements for graduation under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101 [see EKB]; and	
	3.	Demonstrated proficiency, in grade 8 or higher, as determined by the district, in delivering clear verbal messages; choosing effective nonverbal behaviors; listening for desired results; ap- plying valid critical-thinking and problem-solving processes; and identifying, analyzing, developing, and evaluating com- munication skills needed for professional and social success in interpersonal situations, group interactions, and personal and professional presentations.	
	ricul	udent shall enroll in the courses necessary to complete the cur- um requirements for the foundation high school program and curriculum requirements for at least one endorsement.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.025(c); 19 TAC 74.11(a), (d)	
Foundation High School Program	high	udent must earn at least 22 credits to complete the foundation school program and must demonstrate proficiency in the fol- ng core courses:	
	1.	English language arts—4 credits;	
	2.	Mathematics—3 credits;	
	3.	Science—3 credits;	
	4.	Social Studies—3 credits;	
	5.	Languages other than English—2 credits;	
	6.	Physical Education—1 credit;	
	7.	Fine Arts—1 credit; and	
	8.	Elective courses—5 credits.	
	19 7	AC 74.12(a)–(b)	
Endorsements	A student shall specify in writing an endorsement the student in- tends to earn upon entering grade 9. <i>19 TAC 74.13(a)</i>		
	A stu	udent may earn any of the following endorsements:	
	1.	Science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM);	
	2.	Business and industry;	
	3.	Public services;	
	4.	Arts and humanities; and	
	5.	Multidisciplinary studies.	

	den	strict must make at least one endorsement available to stu- ts. A district that offers only one endorsement curriculum must r multidisciplinary studies.		
	To earn an endorsement a student must demonstrate proficiency ir the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school pro- gram and, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.13(e), earn:			
	1.	A fourth credit in mathematics;		
	2.	An additional credit in science; and		
	3.	Two additional elective credits.		
	an e the t mer	burse completed as part of the four courses needed to satisfy endorsement requirement may also satisfy a requirement under foundation high school program, including an elective require- at. The same course may count as part of the set of four reses for more than one endorsement.		
	thar cho	strict shall permit a student to enroll in courses under more n one endorsement before the student's junior year and to ose, at any time, to earn an endorsement other than the en- sement the student previously indicated.		
	A student must earn at least 26 credits to earn an endorse but a student is not entitled to remain enrolled to earn more 26 credits.			
	seq requ	strict may define advanced courses and determine a coherent uence of courses for an endorsement area, provided that pre- usites in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126, 127, 130 are followed.		
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.13			
Exception		udent may graduate under the foundation high school program out earning an endorsement if, after the student's sophomore		
	1.	The student and the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student are advised by a school coun- selor of the specific benefits of graduating from high school with one or more endorsements; and		
	2.	The student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student files with a school counselor written permission, on a form adopted by TEA, allowing the student to graduate		

	under the foundation high school program without earning an endorsement.
	19 TAC 74.11(e)
Distinguished Level of Achievement	A student may earn a distinguished level of achievement by successfully completing the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program and the curriculum requirements for at least one endorsement, including four credits in science and four credits in mathematics, including Algebra II. <i>19 TAC 74.11(f)</i>
Algebra II Notification	Not later than September 1 of each school year, a district shall no- tify by regular mail or email the parent of or other person standing in parental relation to each student enrolled in grade 9 or above that the student is not required to complete an Algebra II course to graduate under the foundation high school program. The notifica- tion must include information regarding the potential consequences to a student of not completing an Algebra II course, including the impact on eligibility for:
	 Automatic college admission under Education Code 51.803; and
	2. Certain financial aid authorized under Title 3 of the Education Code.
	Education Code 28.02123
Prerequisites	A student may not be enrolled in a course that has a required pre- requisite unless:
	1. The student has completed the prerequisite course(s);
	 The student has demonstrated equivalent knowledge as de- termined by the district; or
	3. The student was already enrolled in the course in an out-of- state, an out-of-country, or a Texas nonpublic school and transferred to a Texas public school prior to successfully com- pleting the course.
	A district may award credit for a course a student completed with- out having met the prerequisites if the student completed the course in an out-of-state, an out-of-country, or a Texas nonpublic school where there was not a prerequisite.
	19 TAC 74.11(j)–(k)
Dual Credit Courses	Courses offered for dual credit at or in conjunction with an institu- tion of higher education (IHE) that provide advanced academic in- struction beyond, or in greater depth than, the essential knowledge

Core Curriculum College Courses	and skills for the equivalent high school course required for gradu- ation may satisfy graduation requirements, including requirements for required courses, advanced courses, and courses for elective credit as well as requirements for endorsements. <i>19 TAC 74.11(i)</i> A district shall permit a student to comply with the curriculum re- quirements under the foundation high school program by success- fully completing appropriate courses in the core curriculum of an IHE. A student who has completed the core curriculum of an IHE in accordance with Education Code 61.822, as certified by the IHE in			
	 accordance with Education Code 4.28: 1. Is considered to have earned an endorsement by successfully completing the appropriate courses for that endorsement; 			
	2. Is considered to have earned a distinguished level of achieve- ment under the foundation high school program; and			
	3. Is entitled to receive a high school diploma.			
	19 TAC 74.11(0)			
Languages Other Than English	Students may earn credit for languages other than English in ac- cordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12(b)(5).			
	A student who successfully completes a dual language immersion program may satisfy one credit of the two credits required in a language other English in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12(b)(5)(F).			
	19 TAC 74.12(b)(5)			
	A student who successfully completes a course in American Sign Language while in elementary school may satisfy one credit of the two credits required in a language other than English. <i>19 TAC 74.12(b)(5)(G)</i>			
Physical Education Substitutions Other Physical Activity	In accordance with local district policy, the required physical educa- tion credit may be earned through completion of any TEKS-based course that is not being used to satisfy another specific graduation requirement. [See Restrictions, below]			
	In accordance with local district policy, credit for any physical edu- cation course may be earned through participation in the following activities:			
	1. Athletics;			
	2. JROTC; and			

3.

- Appropriate private or commercially sponsored physical activity programs conducted on or off campus. A district must apply to the commissioner of education for approval of such programs, which may be substituted for state graduation credit in physical education. Such approval may be granted under the following conditions:
- a. Olympic-level participation and/or competition includes a minimum of 15 hours per week of highly intensive, professional, supervised training. The training facility, instructors, and the activities involved in the program must be certified by the superintendent to be of exceptional quality. Students qualifying and participating at this level may be dismissed from school one hour per day. Students dismissed may not miss any class other than physical education.
- b. Private or commercially sponsored physical activities include those certified by the superintendent to be of high quality and well supervised by appropriately trained instructors. Student participation of at least five hours per week must be required. Students certified to participate at this level may not be dismissed from any part of the regular school day.

In accordance with local district policy, up to one credit for any one of the physical education courses listed in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74 [see EHAC] may be earned through participation in any of the following activities:

- 1. Drill team;
- 2. Marching band; and
- 3. Cheerleading.
- Restrictions All substitution activities permitted by local district policy must include at least 100 minutes of moderate to vigorous physical activity per five-day school week.

No more than four substitution credits may be earned through any combination of substitutions listed above.

Student with Disability or Illness A student who is unable to participate in physical activity due to disability or illness may substitute an academic elective credit in English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies or a course that is offered for credit as provided by Education Code 28.002(g-1) for the required physical education credit. A credit allowed to be substituted may not also be used by the student to satisfy a graduation requirement other than completion of the physical

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		education credit. The determination regarding a student's ability to participate in physical activity must be made by:			
		1.	The student's ARD committee if the student receives special education services under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter A;		
	2.	The committee established for the student under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) if the stu- dent does not receive special education services under Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A but is covered by the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or			
		3.	A committee, established by the district, of persons with ap- propriate knowledge regarding the student if each of the com- mittees described above is inapplicable. This committee must follow the same procedures required of an ARD or a Section 504 committee.		
		Educ	cation Code 28.025(b-10)–(b-11); 19 TAC 74.12(b)(6)		
Community- Based Fine Arts Programs		In accordance with local district policy, the required fine arts credit may be earned through participation in a community-based fine arts program not provided by the school district in which the stu- dent is enrolled.			
		ticipa	cordance with local policy, credit may be earned through par- ation in the community-based fine arts program only if the pro- n meets each of the following requirements:		
		1.	The district must apply to the commissioner for approval of the community-based fine arts program;		
		2.	The board must certify that the program provides instruction in the essential knowledge and skills for fine arts as defined by 19 Administrative Code, Chapter 117, Subchapter C;		
		3.	The district must document student completion of the ap- proved activity;		
		4.	The program must be organized and monitored by appropri- ately trained instructors;		
		5.	The fine arts program may be provided on or off a school campus and outside the regular school day; and		
		6.	Students may not be dismissed from any part of the regular school day to participate in the community-based fine arts program.		
			district shall require that instructors of the community-based arts program provide the district, at its request, the information		
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	for scho Chapter	ry to obtain the criminal history record information required ol personnel in accordance with 19 Administrative Code, 153, Subchapter DD, if the community-based program is on campus.		
	Education Code 28.025(b-9); 19 TAC 74.12(b)(7)(B), .1030			
Performance Acknowledgments	In accordance with the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 74.14, a student may earn a performance acknowledgment on student's transcript for:			
	1. Ou	tstanding performance:		
	a.	In a dual credit course;		
	b.	In bilingualism and biliteracy;		
	C.	On a College Board advanced placement test or interna- tional baccalaureate examination;		
	d.	On an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm- referenced preliminary college preparation assessment instrument used to measure a student's progress toward readiness for college and the workplace; or		
	e.	On an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm- referenced assessment instrument used by colleges and universities as part of their undergraduate admissions process; or		
		rning a state-recognized or nationally or internationally rec- nized business or industry certification or license.		
	Educatio	on Code 28.025(c-5); 19 TAC 74.14		
Students Who Entered Grade 9	All credit for graduation must be earned no later than grade 12. <i>19 TAC 74.61(b), .71(b)</i>			
Before the 2014–15 School Year <i>Minimum High</i> <i>School Program</i>	A student entering grade 9 prior to the 2014–15 school year who does not choose to complete the curriculum requirements for high school graduation under the foundation high school program must enroll in the courses necessary to complete the curriculum require- ments for the Recommended High School Program or the Ad- vanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program, unless the student, the student's parent or other person standing in paren- tal relation to the student, and a school counselor or school admin- istrator agree in writing signed by each party that the student should be permitted to take courses under the Minimum High School Program, and the student:			

1. Is at least 16 years of age;

	 Has completed two credits required for graduation in each subject of the foundation curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a)(1); or
	 Has failed to be promoted to the tenth grade one or more times as determined by the school district.
Students with Disabilities	If an ARD committee makes decisions that place a student with a disability on a modified curriculum in a subject area, the student will be automatically placed in the Minimum High School Program.
Applicability	A student who was permitted to take courses under the Minimum High School Program prior to the 2009–10 school year may remain in the Minimum High School Program.
	19 TAC 74.61(c), (d), .71(c), (d)
Requirements	A student must earn at least 22 credits to complete the Minimum High School Program.
	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school year must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.72.
	A student who enters grade 9 before the 2012–13 school year must meet the applicable program requirements in 19 Administra- tive Code Chapter 74, Subchapters D–F.
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.62, .72
Recommended High School Program	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school year must earn at least 26 credits to complete the Recommended High School Program. A student must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.73. <i>Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.63, .73</i>
Advanced / Distinguished Achievement High School Program	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school year must earn at least 26 credits to complete the Advanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program. A student must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.74. <i>Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.64, .74</i>
Substitutions	No substitutions are allowed for high school graduation require- ments in the Recommended and Advanced/Distinguished Achieve- ment High School Programs, except as provided by State Board rule. <i>19 TAC 74.63(d)</i> , .64(e), .73(d), .74(e)
AP or IB Courses	College Board advanced placement and international baccalaure- ate courses may be substituted for required courses in appropriate

	areas. These courses may be used as electives in all three high school graduation programs. <i>19 TAC 74.61(k), .71(i)</i>			
Reading	A district may offer a maximum of 3 credits of reading for state graduation elective credit for identified students if the district:			
		opts policies to identify students in need of additional read- instruction;		
		s procedures that include assessment of individual student eds and ongoing evaluation of each student's progress; d		
		nitors instructional activities to ensure that student needs addressed.		
	Reading credits may be selected from Reading I, II, or III.			
	19 TAC	74.61(h), .71(f)		
College Courses	Minimur ment Hi riculum pleting a	In the may comply with the curriculum requirements under the m, Recommended, or Advanced/Distinguished Achieve- gh School Program for each subject of the foundation cur- and for languages other than English by successfully com- appropriate courses in the core curriculum of an IHE. 19 61(l), .71(j)		
Physical Education Substitutions		dance with local district policy, credit for any physical edu- ourse may be earned through participation in the following s:		
Other Physical	1. Atł	nletics;		
Activity	2. JR	OTC; and		
	ity ply ma cat	propriate private or commercially sponsored physical activ- programs conducted on or off campus. A district must ap- to the commissioner for approval of such programs, which ay be substituted for state graduation credit in physical edu- tion. Such approval may be granted under the following inditions:		
	a.	Olympic-level participation and/or competition includes a minimum of 15 hours per week of highly intensive, pro- fessional, supervised training. The training facility, in- structors, and the activities involved in the program must be certified by the superintendent to be of exceptional quality. Students qualifying and participating at this level may be dismissed from school one hour per day. Stu- dents dismissed may not miss any class other than physical education.		

	b. Private or commercially sponsored physical activities in- clude those certified by the superintendent to be of high quality and well supervised by appropriately trained in- structors. Student participation of at least five hours per week must be required. Students certified to participate at this level may not be dismissed from any part of the regular school day.		
	In accordance with local district policy, up to one credit for any one of the physical education courses listed in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74 [see EHAC] may be earned through participation in any of the following activities:		
	1. Drill team;		
	2. Marching band; and		
	3. Cheerleading.		
Restrictions	All substitution activities must include at least 100 minutes per five- day school week of moderate to vigorous physical activity.		
	No more than four substitution credits may be earned through any combination of substitutions listed above.		
Student with Disability or Illness	A student who is unable to participate in physical activity due to disability or illness may substitute an academic elective credit in English language arts, mathematics, science, or social studies for the required physical education credit. A credit allowed to be sub- stituted may not also be used by the student to satisfy a graduation requirement other than completion of the physical education credit. The determination regarding a student's ability to participate in physical activity must be made by:		
	 The student's ARD committee if the student receives special education services under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter A; 		
	 The committee established for the student under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) if the stu- dent does not receive special education services under Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A but is covered by the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or 		
	3. A committee, established by the district, of persons with appropriate knowledge regarding the student if each of the committees described above is inapplicable. This committee must follow the same procedures required of an ARD or a Section 504 committee.		

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ACADEMIC ACHIEVEME GRADUATION	ENT	EIF (LEGAL)
Student with Physical Limitations	If a student entering grade 9 during the 2007–08 school ye thereafter is unable to comply with all of the requirements physical education course due to a physical limitation cert licensed medical practitioner, a modification to a physical of course does not prohibit the student from earning a Recor- or Advanced/Distinguished High School Program diploma- dent with a physical limitation must still demonstrate profit the relevant knowledge and skills in a physical education of that do not require physical activity.	for a ified by a education mmended . A stu- ciency in
	Education Code 28.025(b-10)–(b-11); 19 TAC 74.62(b)(7), .63(b)(7), .64(b)(7), .72(b)(6), .73(b)(6), .74(b)(6)	,
Transfers from Out- of-State or Nonpublic Schools	Out-of-state or out-of-country transfer students (including exchange students) and transfer students from Texas non schools are eligible to receive Texas diplomas but shall co all applicable high school graduation requirements. Any co credits required for graduation that are not completed beforement may be satisfied through credit by examination, correct ence courses, distance learning, or completing the course ing to the provisions of 19 Administrative Code 74.26. 19 74.11(g) [See EHDB, EHDC, EHDE, and EI]	public omplete ourse ore enroll- espond- e, accord-
Graduation of Students Receiving Special Education Services Modified Curriculum and Content	Modified curriculum and modified content refer to any reduct the amount or complexity of the required knowledge and so 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–117, 126–128, and Substitutions that are specifically authorized in statute or r not be considered modified curriculum or modified content 89.1070(k)	skills in 130. rule must
Employability and Self-Help Skills	Employability and self-help skills are those skills directly re the preparation of students for employment, including gen necessary to obtain or retain employment. <i>19 TAC 89.107</i>	eral skills
Summary of Academic Achievement and Evaluation	All students graduating must be provided with a summary demic achievement and functional performance as describ C.F.R. $300.305(e)(3)$. This summary must consider, as appendix the views of the parent and student and written recommer from adult service agencies on how to assist the student in postsecondary goals. An evaluation as required by 34 C.F $300.305(e)(1)$ (evaluation to determine that the child is no child with a disability), must be included as part of the sum a student graduating under 19 Administrative Code 89.107 (b)(3)(A), (B), or (C) or (f)(4)(A), (B), or (C). Students who pate in graduation ceremonies but who are not graduating subsections (b)(2), (b)(3)(A), (B), or (C) or (f)(4)(A), (B), or (c) or (f)(4)(A), (B), or to be evaluated. <i>19 TAC 89.1070(g)–(h)</i>	bed in 34 propriate, ndations n meeting CR. longer a nmary for 70(b)(2), partici- g under (C) and

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADUATION

EIF (LEGAL)

Students Entering Grade 9 in or After the 2014–15 School Year A student entering grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year and thereafter who receives special education services may graduate and be awarded a regular high school diploma if the student meets one of the following conditions:

- 1. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–117, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foundation high school program applicable to students in general education as well as satisfactory performance as established in Education Code Chapter 39, on the required EOC assessment instruments.
- 2. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–117, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foundation high school program specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.12 applicable to students in general education but the student's ARD committee has determined that satisfactory performance on the required EOC assessment instruments is not necessary for graduation.
- 3. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–117, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foundation high school program through courses, one or more of which contain modified curriculum that is aligned to the standards applicable to students in general education, as well as satisfactory performance as established in Education Code Chapter 39, on the required EOC assessment instruments, unless the student's ARD committee has determined that satisfactory performance on the required EOC assessment instruments is not necessary for graduation. The student must also successfully complete the student's IEP and meet one of the following conditions:
 - a. Consistent with the IEP, the student has obtained fulltime employment, based on the student's abilities and local employment opportunities, in addition to mastering sufficient self-help skills to enable the student to maintain the employment without direct and ongoing educational support of the local school district.
 - b. Consistent with the IEP, the student has demonstrated mastery of specific employability skills and self-help

				skills that do not require direct ongoing educational sup- port of the local school district.	
			C.	The student has access to services that are not within the legal responsibility of public education or employ- ment or educational options for which the student has been prepared by the academic program.	
			d.	The student no longer meets age eligibility requirements.	
		abo ser\	ve, th /ices	student receives a diploma under item 2 or 3(a), (b), or (c), he ARD committee must determine needed educational upon the request of the student or parent to resume ser- long as the student meets the age eligibility requirements.	
		19	TAC 8	39.1070(b), (j)	
	Endorsements		A student who is enrolled in a special education program may earn an endorsement on the student's transcript by:		
		1.		cessfully completing, with or without modification of the iculum:	
			a.	The curriculum requirements identified by the SBOE for the foundation high school program; and	
			b.	The additional endorsement curriculum requirements prescribed by the SBOE; and	
		2.		cessfully completing all curriculum requirements for that orsement adopted by the SBOE:	
			a.	Without modification of the curriculum; or	
			b.	With modification of the curriculum, provided that the curriculum, as modified, is sufficiently rigorous as deter- mined by the student's ARD committee.	
		The ARD committee of a student in a special education program shall determine whether the student is required to achieve satisfac- tory performance on an end-of-course assessment instrument to earn an endorsement on the student's transcript.			
		Edu	icatio	n Code 28.025(c-7)–(c-8), 19 TAC 89.1070(c)	
	Students Entering Grade 9 Before the 2014– 15 School Year	9 be higł	efore n scho	t receiving special education services who entered grade the 2014–15 school year may graduate and be awarded a bol diploma under the foundation high school program in the with 19 Administrative Code 89,1070.	

accordance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1070.

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ACADEMIC ACHIEVEME GRADUATION	ENT EIF (LEGAL)	
Graduation of Military Dependents Course Waiver	District officials shall waive specific courses required for graduation if similar coursework has been satisfactorily completed by a military student in another district or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the district shall pro- vide an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that graduation may occur on time.	
Transfers During Senior Year	Should a military student transferring at the beginning or during the student's senior year be ineligible to graduate from the district after all alternatives have been considered, the sending and receiving districts shall ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending district, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the sending district. In the event that one of the states in question is not a member of this compact, the member state shall use best efforts to facilitate the on-time graduation of the student.	
Substitute Passing Standard	The commissioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more national norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of per- mitting a qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a substitute for completing a specific course otherwise required for graduation. The passing standard is available only for a student who enrolls in a public school in this state for the first time after completing the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a public school in this state at or above the tenth grade level after an absence of at least two years from the public schools of this state. Each passing standard in effect when a student first enrolls in a Texas public high school remains applicable to the student for the duration of the stu- dent's high school enrollment, regardless of any subsequent revi- sion of the standard.	
	Education Code 162.002 art. VII, A, C [See FDD]	
Graduation of Student Who Is Homeless or in Conservatorship of DFPS	If an 11th or 12th grade student who is homeless or in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services transfers to a different school district and the student is ineligible to graduate from the district to which the student transfers, the district from which the student transferred shall award a diploma at the student's request, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the district from which the student transferred. <i>Education Code</i> 28.025(<i>i</i>)	

Course Requirements	To graduate, a student must complete the courses required by the District in addition to the courses mandated by the state.			
Foundation Program	tion p achie	The courses that satisfy District requirements under the Founda- tion program, including courses for the distinguished level of achievement and courses for endorsements offered by the District, shall be listed in appropriate District publications.		
Without an Endorsement	The District requires no additional credits beyond the number dated by the state to graduate under the Foundation program out an endorsement. Graduation under the Foundation program without an endorsement shall be permitted only as authorized der state law and rules.			
With an Endorsement	dated	District requires no additional credits beyond the number man- I by the state to graduate under the Foundation program with idorsement.		
Distinguished Level of Achievement	dated	District requires no additional credits beyond the number man- I by the state to graduate under the Foundation program with istinguished level of achievement.		
No Fine Arts Substitutions		The District shall not award state graduation credit in fine arts for participation in a community-based fine arts program.		
Physical Education Substitutions Activities and Courses	To the extent permitted by state rules, the District shall award state graduation credit in physical education for participation in approved activities and elective courses.			
Private or Commercial Programs	The District shall award state graduation credit in physical educa- tion for appropriate private or commercially sponsored physical ac- tivity programs conducted either on or off campus, upon approval by the commissioner of education. [See also EHAC]			
Financial Aid Application Confirmation	applic	onfirmation of a student's completion and submission of a free cation for federal student aid (FAFSA) or a Texas application ate financial aid (TASFA), the District shall accept the follow-		
		A screenshot that includes the processed date field in ApplyTexas Counselor Suite FAFSA data;		
		Notification, such as a copy of an email, from the United States Department of Education verifying completion of the FAFSA;		
	3.	A copy or screenshot of the FAFSA acknowledgment page;		
		A screenshot of the TASFA submission acknowledgment page (from those institutions that offer an electronic form);		

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- 5. An acknowledgment receipt from an institution of higher education (IHE); or
- 6. A copy of a financial aid award letter from an IHE.

[For students who choose not to complete and submit a FAFSA or a TASFA, see EIF(LEGAL).]

The District shall maintain individual student documentation of the financial aid application requirement as an education record. [See FL]

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT (LEGAL) **Table of Contents** Notice to Parents and Students 5 Testing in Grades 3–8 6 Prekindergarten Assessment......7 End-of-Course Assessments 8 Satisfactory Performance10 Individual Graduation Committee......10 Credit by Examination11 Additional State Assessments11 Retakes 11 Reporting Results12 To the Public.....12 To the Board12 Parental Access 12 Accelerated Instruction13 Security and Confidentiality.....14

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TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT

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TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
State Assessment of Academic Skills	Every student receiving instruction in the essential knowledge and skills shall take the appropriate criterion-referenced assessments, as required by Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B [see Testing in Grades 3–8, below]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a), (c), (f); 19 TAC 101.5</i>
	A student may not receive a high school diploma until the student has performed satisfactorily on end-of-course (EOC) assessment instruments [see End-of-Course Assessments, below]. <i>Education Code</i> 39.025(a); 19 TAC 101.4001
Emergent Bilingual Students	In grades 3–12, an emergent bilingual student, as defined by Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter B, shall participate in the state assessment in accordance with commissioner rules at 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter AA. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.023(I), (m)</i> [See EKBA]
Special Education	The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall develop or adopt appro- priate criterion-referenced alternative assessment instruments to be administered to each student in a special education program for whom a state assessment instrument adopted under Education Code 39.023(a), even with allowable accommodations, would not provide an appropriate measure of student achievement, as deter- mined by the student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, including assessment instruments approved by the commissioner of education that measure growth. The assessment instruments developed or adopted, including the assessment in- struments approved by the commissioner, must, to the extent al- lowed under federal law, provide a district with options for the as- sessment of students.
	TEA may not adopt a performance standard that indicates that a student's performance on the alternate assessment does not meet standards if the lowest level of the assessment accurately represents the student's developmental level as determined by the student's ARD committee.
	The student's ARD committee shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering to the student a required EOC assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c), and whether the student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an EOC assessment instrument to receive a high school diploma.
	Education Code 39.023(b)–(c), .025(a-4)
Military Dependents	If the student is a military dependent, the district shall incorporate procedures to accept:

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)	
	1.	Exit or EOC exams required for graduation from the sending state;	
	2.	National norm-referenced achievement tests; or	
	3.	Alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for gradua- tion in the receiving state.	
	In the event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a military dependent transferring in his or her senior year, then Education Code 162.002 article VII, section C, shall apply.		
Substitute Passing Standard	The commissioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more national norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of per- mitting a qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a substitute for achieving a score on an assessment instrument oth- erwise required for graduation. The passing standard is available only for a student who enrolls in a public school in this state for the first time after completing the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a pub- lic school in this state at or above the grade 10 level after an ab- sence of at least two years from the public schools of this state. Each passing standard in effect when a student first enrolls in a Texas public high school remains applicable to the student for the duration of the student's high school enrollment, regardless of any subsequent revision of the standard.		
	Edu	ication Code 162.002 art. VII [See EIF]	
Administration	by T tenc	strict shall follow the test administration procedures established TEA in the applicable test administration materials. A superin- dent shall be responsible for administering tests. <i>19 TAC</i> .25, .27	
Schedule	com and Lea any Thu	e commissioner shall specify the schedule for testing that is in apliance with Education Code 39.023(c-3) and supports reliable valid assessments. Participation in University Interscholastic gue (UIL) area, regional, or state competitions is prohibited on days on which testing is scheduled between Monday and irsday of the school week in which the primary administration of essment instruments occurs.	
	tion	commissioner may provide alternate dates for the administra- of tests required for a high school diploma to students who are ratory children and who are out of the state.	
	19	TAC 101.25	
		request by a district, the commissioner may allow the district to ninister an assessment instrument on the first instructional day	

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	instr	week if administering the assessment instrument on another uctional day would result in a significant administrative burden to specific local conditions. <i>Education Code 39.023(c-3)</i>
Alternate Test Dates	puse test the c circu pus's	commissioner shall consider requests from districts or cam- es for alternate test dates on a case-by-case basis. Alternate dates will only be allowed if the campus or district is closed on day on which testing is scheduled or if there is an exceptional imstance, defined below, that may affect a district's or cam- s ability to administer an assessment or the students' perfor- ce on the assessment.
	"Exc	eptional circumstances" include:
	1.	Inclement weather or natural disasters that would cause a dis- trict or campus to be closed or that would cause a small per- centage of students to be in attendance on the day testing is scheduled;
	2.	Health epidemics that result in a large number of students be- ing absent on the day of testing;
	3.	Death of a student or school official that may impact student performance; and
	4.	Sudden emergencies that occur on the day of testing or shortly before testing that may inhibit students from complet- ing the assessments, such as a fire on campus, a bomb threat, an extended power outage, or a water main break.
	the c ing i	alternate test date for primary test administration is approved, commissioner may prohibit a district or campus from participat- n UIL competition on the new test date if that is determined to a the best interest of the district, campus, and students.
	19 T.	AC 101.5003
Test Administration Training	volve com cam men over tion, of as	commissioner may require training for district employees in- ed in the administration of the assessment instruments. The missioner may only require for the employee at each district pus who oversees the administration of the assessment instru- ts to annually receive the training. The district employee who sees test administration on a district campus may, with discre- require other district employees involved in the administration assessment instruments to repeat the training. <i>Education Code</i> 304(a), (b-1)-(b-2)
Notice to Parents and Students		perintendent shall be responsible for providing written notice to student and the student's parent or guardian of:

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	1.	The testing requirements for grade advancement [see EIE] and the dates, times, and locations of testing. Notice of test- ing requirements shall be provided no later than the beginning of the student's kindergarten year, for students attending kin- dergarten in the district, and no later than the beginning of the student's first-grade year for all other students. The superin- tendent shall also provide such notice for students in grades 1–8 who are new to the district.
	2.	The testing requirements for graduation and the dates, times, and locations of testing. Notice of testing requirements shall be provided no later than the beginning of the student's sev- enth-grade year. The superintendent shall also provide such notice for students in grades 7–12 who are new to the district. Notice of the dates, times, and locations of testing shall be provided to each student who will take the tests and to out-of- school individuals.
	19	TAC 101.3012
Testing in Grades 3–8	Except as provided below, all students, other than students whare assessed under Education Code 39.023(b) (alternative as ment instrument) or 39.023(I) (emergent bilingual students) or empted under Education Code 39.027, shall be assessed in:	
	1.	Mathematics, annually in grades 3–8;
	2.	Reading, annually in grades 3–8;
	3.	Social studies in grade 8;
	4.	Science in grades 5 and 8; and
	5.	Any other subject and grade required by federal law.
	Edu	ication Code 39.023(a)
Exception		purposes of federal accountability, a student shall not be ad- istered a grade-level assessment if the student:
	1.	Is enrolled in a course or subject intended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered a grade-level assessment instrument developed under the list above that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area; or
	2.	Is enrolled in a course for high school credit in a subject in- tended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered an EOC assessment instrument that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area.

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	For purposes of federal accountability, a grade 3–8 student who is accelerated in mathematics, reading/language arts, or science and on schedule to complete the high school end-of-course assess- ments in that same content area prior to high school shall be as- sessed at least once in high school with the ACT or the SAT.
	A student is only eligible to take an assessment instrument in- tended for use above the student's enrolled grade if the student is on schedule to complete instruction in the entire curriculum for that subject during the semester the assessment is administered.
	A student in grade 5 or 8 described above may not be denied pro- motion on the basis of failure to perform satisfactorily on an as- sessment instrument above the student's grade level.
	Education Code 28.0211(o)–(p), 39.023(a-2); 19 TAC 101.3011(a)(1)–(4)
Kindergarten Assessment	An assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023 may not be administered to a kindergarten student except for the purpose of determining whether the student is entitled to the benefit of the Foundation School Program [see FD]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a- 16)</i>
Prekindergarten Assessment	Performance on an assessment instrument administered to stu- dents in prekindergarten may not be considered for any purpose related to Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0237</i>
Accommodations	Testing accommodations are permitted for any student unless they would make a particular test invalid. Decisions regarding testing accommodations shall take into consideration the needs of the stu- dent and the accommodations the student routinely receives in classroom instruction. Permissible testing accommodations shall be described in the appropriate test administration materials.
	The committee established by a board to determine the placement of students with dyslexia or related disorders shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering an assessment to such a student.
	A student's ARD committee shall determine the allowable accom- modations and shall document them in the student's individualized education program (IEP). [See Special Education, above]
	19 TAC 101.3013; Education Code 39.023(a)–(c), (n); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(a)(6)

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End-of-Course Assessments	Beginning with students first enrolled in grade 9 in the 2011–12 school year, a student enrolled in a course for which an EOC assessment exists as required by Education 39.023(c) shall take th appropriate assessment. <i>19 TAC 101.3021(a)</i>		
	cour Stat adm mor Eng tial I vide catio	a shall adopt EOC assessment instruments for secondary-level reses in Algebra I, biology, English I, English II, and United es history. The Algebra I EOC assessment instrument must be inistered with the aid of technology, but may include one or e parts that prohibit the use of technology. The English I and lish II EOC assessment instruments must each assess essen- knowledge and skills in both reading and writing and must pro- a single score. A district shall comply with State Board of Edu- on rules regarding administration of the assessment uments listed in this provision.	
	com nece	student is in a special education program, the student's ARD mittee shall determine whether any allowable modification is essary in administering to the student an assessment instru- t required under this provision.	
	Edu	cation Code 39.023(c)	
Students Enrolled Below High School Level	Beginning in the 2011–12 school year, a student in grade 8 or lower who takes a high school course for credit is required to take the applicable EOC assessment. The EOC assessment result shall be applied toward the student's assessment graduation require- ments, as specified in 19 Administrative Code 101.3022. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.3021(d)</i>		
Assessment Requirements for Graduation	A student must meet satisfactory performance on an EOC assess- ment listed in Education Code 39.023(c) only for a course in which the student is enrolled and for which an EOC assessment instru- ment is administered in order to be eligible to receive a Texas di- ploma.		
<i>Exceptions</i> English I or English II	A student who was administered separate reading and writing EO assessments under Education Code 39.023(c), for the English I or English II course has met that course's assessment graduation requirement if the student has:		
	1.	Achieved satisfactory performance on either the reading or writing EOC assessment for that course;	
	2.	Met at least the minimum score on the other EOC assessment for that course; and	
	3.	Achieved an overall scale score of 3750 or greater when the scale scores for reading and writing are combined for that course.	
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TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)	
	learr	eptions related to English I also apply to English language ners who meet the criteria in 19 Administrative Code 101.1007. e EKBA]	
Credits Earned Prior to Enrollment	sess the o stud cour mini	student earned high school credit for a course with an EOC as- sment prior to enrollment in a Texas public school district and credit has been accepted by a Texas public school district, or a ent completed a course for Texas high school credit in a se with an EOC assessment prior to the 2011–12 spring ad- stration, the student is not required to take the corresponding C assessment.	
	19 T	AC 101.3021(e), .3022	
Substitute Assessments	The commissioner adopts certain assessments as substitute as- sessments that a student may use in place of a corresponding EOC assessment to meet the student's assessment graduation re- quirements. A satisfactory score on an approved assessment may be used in place of only one specific EOC assessment, except as provided by 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d)(1) (student who qualifies for use of the Texas Success Initiative (TSI) as a substi- tute assessment and is enrolled in certain college preparatory courses).		
	men	udent at any grade level is eligible to use a substitute assess- t as provided in the commissioner's chart at 19 Administrative e 101.4002(b) if the student:	
	1.	Was administered an approved substitute assessment for an equivalent course in which the student was enrolled;	
	2.	Received a satisfactory score on the substitute assessment as determined by the commissioner and provided in the chart at 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(b); and	
	3.	Using a Texas Success Initiative Assessment (TSIA) or a Texas Success Initiative Assessment, Version 2.0 (TSIA2) also meets the additional criteria of 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d).	
TSI Additional Criteria	A student must meet the criteria established in 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d) in order to qualify to use TSIA or TSIA2 as a substitute assessment.		
Accountability Testing	A student electing to substitute an assessment for graduation pur- poses must still take the corresponding EOC assessment required under Education Code 39.023(c) at least once for accountability purposes. If a student sits for an EOC assessment, a district may not void or invalidate the test in lieu of a substitute assessment.		

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	A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on a PSAT, PLAN, or Aspire test (or any versions of these tests) as indicated in the chart in 19 Administrative Code 101.4003(b) must take the appropriate EOC assessment required under Education Code 39.023(c). How- ever, a student who does not receive a passing score on the EOC assessment and retakes a PSAT, PLAN, or Aspire test (or any ver- sions of these tests) is eligible to meet the requirements specified in 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(c).
	19 TAC 101.4002
Verification of Results	An eligible student is responsible for providing a district an official copy of the student's scores from the substitute assessment.
	Upon receipt of official results of an approved substitute assess- ment, a district must:
	1. Verify the student's score on the substitute assessment; and
	2. Determine whether the student met the performance standard required to qualify for a public high school diploma in Texas as established by the commissioner.
	19 TAC 101.4005
Satisfactory Performance	A student is required to achieve a scale score that indicates satis- factory performance, as determined by the commissioner on each EOC assessment instrument administered to the student. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 39.025(a)</i>
Individual Graduation Committee	A student in grade 11 or 12 who has failed to comply with the EOC assessment instrument performance requirements under Education Code 39.025 for not more than two courses may qualify to graduate on the basis of a review by an individual graduation committee (IGC). [See EIF] <i>Education Code 28.0258, 39.025(a-5)</i>
Special Education	A student receiving special education services is not subject to the IGC requirements in Education Code 28.0258. As provided in 19 Administrative Code 89.1070 (Graduation Requirements) and 19 Administrative Code 101.3023 (Participation and Graduation Assessment Requirements for Students Receiving Special Education Services), a student's ARD committee determines whether a student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an EOC assessment to graduate.
	A student dismissed from a special education program who achieved satisfactory performance on an alternate EOC assess- ment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to take and achieve satisfactory performance on the general EOC assessment to graduate. A student who took an EOC assessment

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	while enrolled in a special education program is not required to re-
	take and achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assess- ment if the student's ARD committee determined that the student was not required to achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assessment to graduate. A student dismissed from a special edu- cation program must achieve satisfactory performance on any re- maining EOC assessments that the student is required to take. If the student fails to achieve satisfactory performance on no more than two of the remaining EOC assessments, the student is eligible for IGC review under Education Code 28.0258 and is subject to the IGC provisions above. [See Individual Graduation Committee, above]
	19 TAC 101.3022(f)
	A student receiving special education services who successfully completes the requirements of his or her IEP, including perfor- mance on a state assessment required for graduation, shall re- ceive a Texas high school diploma. A student's ARD committee shall determine if the student will be required to meet satisfactory performance on an assessment for purposes of graduation.
	Beginning with the 2011–12 school year, all grades 9–12 students with significant cognitive disabilities who are assessed with an al- ternate assessment as specified in the student's IEP will be as- sessed using alternate versions of EOC assessments as listed in 19 Administrative Code 101.3011(b)(2).
	19 TAC 101.3023(a), (b)
Credit by Examination	An EOC assessment administered under Education Code 39.023(c) cannot be used for purposes of credit by examination under 19 Administrative Code 74.24. [See EHDB, EHDC] <i>19 TAC 101.3021(c)</i>
Additional State Assessments	TEA may adopt EOC assessment instruments for courses not listed in statute, as described above. A student's performance on these EOC assessment instruments is not subject to the performance requirements established for the statutory assessments. <i>Education Code 39.023(c-2)</i>
Retakes	Each time an EOC assessment instrument is administered, a stu- dent who failed to achieve a score requirement may retake the as- sessment instrument. [See Satisfactory Performance, above]
	A student is not required to retake a course as a condition of retak- ing an EOC assessment instrument.
	If a student failed a course but achieved satisfactory performance on the applicable EOC assessment, that student is not required to
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	retake the assessment if the student is required to retake course.	the
	Education Code 39.025(b); 19 TAC 101.3021(f), .3022(d)	
Reporting Results To the Public	Overall student performance data, aggregated by ethnicity grade level, subject area, campus, and district, shall be m available to the public, with appropriate interpretations, at scheduled meetings of a board, after receipt from TEA. The mation shall not contain the names of individual students ers. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i>	iade regularly ne infor-
To the Board	A superintendent shall accurately report all test results wit priate interpretations to a board according to the schedule applicable test administration materials.	
To Parents, Students, and Teachers	A district shall notify each of its students, his or her parent guardian, and his or her teacher for that subject of test res- serving confidentiality requirements stated at Confidentialit sults, below. All test results shall be included in each stude demic achievement record and shall be furnished for each transferring to another district or school. Upon receipt of th sessment results from the test contractor, a district shall d student's assessment results to a student's teacher in the subject area as the assessment for that school year. [See ries, FD, and FL]	sults, ob- ity of Re- ent's aca- n student he as- lisclose a same
	19 TAC 101.3014	
	TEA shall adopt a series of questions to be included in an sessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(c) to be used for purposes of identifying students will likely to succeed in an advanced high school course. A dis notify a student who performs at a high level on the quest the student's parent or guardian of the student's performance potential to succeed in an advanced high school course. A may not require a student to perform at a particular level of questions to be eligible to enroll in an advanced high school course. <i>Education Code 39.0233(b)</i>	who are strict shall ions and ince and A district on the
Parents Right-to- Know Under ESEA	As a condition of receiving assistance under Title I, Part A ementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) (20 U.S.C. seq.), a district shall provide to each individual parent of a who is a student in such school, with respect to such stud mation on the level of achievement and academic growth student, if applicable and available, on each of the state a assessments required under Part A. 20 U.S.C. 6312(e)(1)	C. 6301 et a child lent infor- of the academic
Parental Access	A parent is entitled to access to a copy of each state asse instrument administered to the parent's child. This right of	
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	tions	s not apply, however, to those instruments or particular ques- s that are being field-tested by TEA. <i>Education Code 26.005,</i> 5(a)(2)		
Out-of-State Transfers		strict shall accurately report to TEA whether that student trans- ed into the district from out of state during the current school		
	TEA rials	cedures for the reporting of out-of-state-transfer students to shall be established in the applicable test administration mate- . A district shall follow procedures specified in those test ad- stration materials.		
	be r othe	assessment results of the out-of-state transfer students shall eported separately to districts from the results of the district's er students in addition to the current reporting of assessment ilts for all students and other student subsets.		
	19 7	FAC 101.3014		
Accelerated Instruction	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on an assess- ment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(a) in the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, or eighth grade, the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accel- erated instruction in the applicable subject area during the subse- quent summer or school year and either:			
	1.	Allow the student to be assigned a classroom teacher who is certified as a master, exemplary, or recognized teacher under the local optional teacher designation system [see DEAA] for the subsequent school year in the applicable subject area; or		
	2.	Provide the student supplemental instruction under Education Code 28.0211(a-4). [See EHBC]		
	Edu	cation Code 28.0211(a-1)		
	rily o und	strict shall provide each student who fails to perform satisfacto- on an EOC assessment instrument with accelerated instruction er Education Code 28.0217 in the subject assessed by the as- sment instrument. <i>Education Code 39.025(b-1)</i> [See EHBC]		
College Readiness	catio	h district shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- on to develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- itics and English language arts. The courses must be designed:		
	1.	For students at the grade 12 level whose performance on:		
		 An EOC assessment instrument required under Educa- tion Code 39.023(c) does not meet college readiness standards; or 		

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	b.	Coursework, a college entrance examination, or an as- sessment instrument designated under Education Code 51.334(a) indicates that the student is not ready to per- form entry-level college coursework; and
		prepare students for success in entry-level college rses.
	ing the c	must be provided on the campus of the high school offer- ourse or through distance learning or as an online course through the institution of higher education with which the artners.
Faculty	priate fac district pa	ate faculty of each high school offering courses and appro- culty of each institution of higher education with which the artners shall meet regularly as necessary to ensure that urse is aligned with college readiness expectations.
Notice		trict shall provide a notice to each eligible student and the parent or guardian regarding the benefits of enrolling in a
Credit Earned	course m English I high scho dent who the credi mathema after con	t who successfully completes an English language arts hay use the credit earned toward satisfying the advanced anguage arts curriculum requirement for the foundation bol program under Education Code $28.025(b-1)(1)$. A stu- b successfully completes a mathematics course may use t earned in the course toward satisfying an advanced atics curriculum requirement under Education Code 28.025 hpletion of the mathematics curriculum requirements for dation high school program under Education Code -1)(2).
Dual Credit		may be offered for dual credit at the discretion of the insti- higher education with which a district partners.
Instructional Materials	with which tional ma ter 31. The sources	trict, in consultation with the institution of higher education of the district partners, shall develop or purchase instruc- aterials for a course consistent with Education Code Chap- ne instructional materials must include technology re- that enhance the effectiveness of the course and draw on ed best practices.
	Educatio	n Code 28.014
Security and Confidentiality	program	sment instruments included in the student assessment are considered secure, and the contents of these tests, in- tudent information used or obtained in their administration, dential.

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			and campuses and the superintendent and campus princi- ach district and campus shall:		
	1.	-	Implement and ensure compliance with state test administration procedures and training activities;		
	2.	lege	fy TEA as soon as the district becomes aware of any al- ed or suspected violation of the security or confidential in- ity of a test [see Violations, below];		
	3.	Report all confirmed testing violations to TEA within ten work- ing days of the district becoming aware of the violation in ac- cordance with the reporting process stipulated in the test ad- ministration materials;			
	4.		ure that the only individuals with access to secure test erials are district employees who have:		
		a.	Met the requirements to participate in the student as- sessment program;		
		b.	Received training in test security and test administration procedures; and		
		C.	Signed an oath affirming they understand their obligation to maintain and preserve the security and confidentiality of all state assessments and student information, acknowledge their responsibility to report any suspected testing violation, and are aware of the range of penalties that may result from a violation of test security and confi- dentiality or a departure from test administration proce- dures; and		
	5.		ure the security of the test materials as required by 19 Ad- istrative Code 101.3031(a)(2)(E).		
	19	TAC 1	01.3031(a)(1)–(a)(2)		
Violations	Viol	ations	s of the security and confidential integrity of a test include:		
	1.		ctly or indirectly assisting students with responses to test stions;		
	2.	Tam	pering with student responses;		
	3.	Fals	ifying holistic ratings or student responses;		
	4.	istra	ving secure test content before, during, or after an admin- tion unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the pro- ures outlined in the test administration materials;		

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	5.	Discussing or disclosing secure test content or student re- sponses;	
	6.	Scoring students' tests, either formally or informally;	
	7.	Duplicating, recording, or electronically capturing confidential test content unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the procedures outlined in the test administration materials;	
	8.	Responding to secure test questions;	
	9.	Fraudulently exempting or preventing a student from partici- pating in the administration of a required state assessment;	
	10.	Receiving or providing unallowable assistance during calibra- tion activities (e.g., taking notes, providing answer sheets, or sharing answers);	
	11.	Encouraging or assisting an individual to engage in the con- duct described above or in any other serious violation of secu- rity and confidentiality;	
	12.	Failing to report to an appropriate authority that an individual has engaged or is suspected of engaging in the above con- duct or in any other serious violation of security and confiden- tiality under this provision;	
	13.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent student cheating; and	
	14.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent altera- tion of test documents by anyone other than the student.	
Consequences	chea	district determines that a student has cheated or attempted to at on a state assessment either by providing or receiving direct stance, the district shall invalidate the student's test results.	
	Any violation of test security or confidential integrity may result in TEA:		
	1.	Invalidating student test results;	
	2.	Referring certified educators to the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) for sanctions in accordance with 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 247 (Educators' Code of Ethics) and Chapter 249 (Disciplinary Proceedings, Sanctions, and Contested Cases); and	
	3.	Lowering the district's accreditation status or a district's or campus's accountability rating in accordance with Education Code 39.057(d) (redesignated to Education Code 39.003), or appointment of a monitor, conservator, or management team	
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	to the district in accordance with Education Code Chapter 39A.
Test Administration Procedures	Test administration procedures shall be delineated in the test ad- ministration materials provided to districts annually. Districts must comply with all of the applicable requirements specified in the test administration materials.
	Districts shall ensure that test coordinators and administrators re- ceive training to ensure that testing personnel have the necessary skills and knowledge required to administer assessment instru- ments in a valid, standardized, and secure manner.
Records Retention	As part of test administration procedures, the commissioner shall require districts to maintain records related to the security of assessment instruments for five years.
	19 TAC 101.3031(a-3)–(d)
Disciplinary Action and Penalties	SBEC may take disciplinary action against a person who has vio- lated the security or integrity of any assessment required by Edu- cation Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B or has committed an act that is a departure from the test administration procedures estab- lished by the commissioner under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101.
	The superintendent and campus principal must develop proce- dures to ensure the security and confidentiality of the tests and will be responsible for notifying TEA in writing of conduct that violates the security or confidentiality of a test. Failure to report can subject the person responsible to the applicable penalties.
	19 TAC 249.15(a)–(b), (g)
Minimize Disruptions	In implementing the commissioner's procedures for the administra- tion of assessment instruments adopted or developed under Edu- cation Code 39.023, including procedures designed to ensure the security of the assessment, a district shall minimize disruptions to school operations and the classroom environment. <i>Education Code</i> 39.0301(a-1)
Confidentiality of Results	Individual student performance results are confidential and may be released only in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i> [See FL and GBA]

MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES TEACHING ABOUT CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

Exemption from Instruction	mov conf pres state	nt or person standing in parental relation is entitled to the parent's child from a class or other school activity ts with the parent's religious or moral beliefs if the par ats or delivers to the teacher of the parent's child a wr tent authorizing the removal of the child from the class school activity.	that rent itten
Limitations	mov avoid tire s ing g	nt or person standing in parental relation is not entitle the parent's child from a class or other school activity a test or to prevent the child from taking a subject for mester. This provision does not exempt a child from s ade level or graduation requirements in a manner acco district and the Texas Education Agency (TEA).	to an en- atisfy-
	Edu	tion Code 26.002, .010	
Instructional Requirements and Prohibitions	any	llowing provisions under Education Code 28.022(a) a urse or subject, including an innovative course, for a rom kindergarten through grade 12.	
Controversial Topics		her may not be compelled to discuss a widely debate tly controversial issue of public policy or social affairs	
		her who chooses to discuss a topic described above a e that topic objectively and in a manner free from polition	
	Edu	tion Code 28.0022(a)(1)–(a)(2)	
Political Activism and Advocacy Participation		ict or teacher may not require, make part of a course, a grade or course credit, including extra credit, for a s	
	1.	/ork for, affiliation with, or service learning in associat ny organization engaged in:	ion with
		 Lobbying for legislation at the federal, state, or loc level, if the student's duties involve directly or indi attempting to influence social or public policy or the come of legislation; or 	irectly
		. Social policy advocacy or public policy advocacy;	
	2.	olitical activism, lobbying, or efforts to persuade mem ne legislative or executive branch at the federal, state al level to take specific actions by direct communication	, or lo-
	3.	articipation in any internship, practicum, or similar action of similar action of the social policy advocacy or public pol	•
	Edu	tion Code 28.0022(a)(3)	

MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES TEACHING ABOUT CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

The above provisions do not apply to a student's participation in:

- 1. Community charitable projects, such as building community gardens, volunteering at local food banks, or other service projects;
- 2. An internship or practicum:
 - For which the student receives course credit under a career and technology education program or under the P-TECH program established under Education Code 29.553; and
 - b. That does not involve the student directly engaging in lobbying, social policy advocacy, or public policy advocacy; or
- 3. A program that prepares the student for participation and leadership in this country's democratic process at the federal, state, or local level through the simulation of a governmental process, including the development of public policy.

Education Code 28.0022(b)

Concepts Prohibited A teacher, administrator, or other employee of a district may not require or make part of a course inculcation in the concept that:

- 1. One race or sex is inherently superior to another race or sex;
- An individual, by virtue of the individual's race or sex, is inherently racist, sexist, or oppressive, whether consciously or unconsciously;
- An individual should be discriminated against or receive adverse treatment solely or partly because of the individual's race or sex;
- 4. An individual's moral character, standing, or worth is necessarily determined by the individual's race or sex;
- 5. An individual, by virtue of the individual's race or sex, bears responsibility, blame, or guilt for actions committed by other members of the same race or sex;
- Meritocracy or traits such as a hard work ethic are racist or sexist or were created by members of a particular race to oppress members of another race;
- 7. The advent of slavery in the territory that is now the United States constituted the true founding of the United States; or

MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES TEACHING ABOUT CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

	8. With respect to their relationship to American values, slavery and racism are anything other than deviations from, betrayals of, or failures to live up to the authentic founding principles of the United States, which include liberty and equality.
	A teacher, administrator, or other employee of a district may not teach, instruct, or train any administrator, teacher, or staff member of a state agency, school district, or open-enrollment charter school to adopt a concept listed above.
	A teacher, administrator, or other employee of a district may not re- quire an understanding of The 1619 Project.
	Education Code 28.0022(a)(4)
Student Discussion	A district may not implement, interpret, or enforce any rule in a manner that would result in the punishment of a student for reasonably discussing the concepts described above in school or during a school-sponsored activity or have a chilling effect on reasonable student discussions involving those concepts in school or during a school-sponsored activity. <i>Education Code 28.0022(d)</i>
Limitations on Statute	Education Code 28.0022 may not be construed as limiting the teaching of or instruction in the essential knowledge and skills adopted under Education Code Chapter 28, Subchapter A.
	Education Code 28.0022 does not create a private cause of action against a teacher, administrator, or other employee of a district. A district may take appropriate action involving the employment of any teacher, administrator, or other employee based on the individ- ual's compliance with state and federal laws and district policies.
	Education Code 28.0022 may not be construed as prohibiting a teacher employed by a district from directing a classroom activity that involves students communicating with an elected official so long as the district, school, or teacher does not influence the content of a student's communication.
	Education Code 28 $0022(e)$ (a)

Education Code 28.0022(e)–(g)

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ATTENDANCE FOR CREDIT (LEGAL				
Absences Considered	In order to receive credit or a final grade for a class, a student is quired to attend class 90 percent of the days class is offered re gardless of whether the student's absences are excused [see F or unexcused. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JC-0398 (2001)</i>	-		
90 Percent Rule	Except as provided below, a student in any grade level from kin garten through grade 12 shall not be given credit or a final grad for a class unless the student is in attendance 90 percent of the days the class is offered. This restriction does not affect a stude right to excused absences to observe religious holy days [see F and does not apply to a student who receives credit by examina- tion for a class as provided by Education Code 28.023. [See EHDC]	le e ent's FEA]		
Serious or Life- Threatening Illness Exception	A student's excused absence resulting from a serious or life-thr ening illness or related treatment [see FEA] may not be conside in determining whether the student has satisfied the attendance quirement under the 90 percent rule.	ered		
Local Remote Learning Program Exception	A district may adopt a policy to exempt students from the requir ments of the 90 percent rule for one or more courses identified the policy that are offered under a local remote learning program [see EHDF].	in		
Principal's Plan	A student who is in attendance for at least 75 percent but less t 90 percent of the days a class is offered may be given credit or nal grade if the student completes a plan approved by the scho principal that provides for the student to meet the instructional r quirements of the class. However, a student under the jurisdicti of a court in a criminal or juvenile justice proceeding may not re ceive credit or a final grade without the consent of the judge pre ing over the student's case.	a fi- ool's re- ion e-		
Extenuating Circumstances	An attendance committee may give class credit or a final grade a student because of extenuating circumstances. A board shall tablish guidelines for determining what constitutes extenuating cumstances.	es-		
	A board shall adopt policies that establish alternative ways for s dents to make up work or regain credit or a final grade lost be- cause of absences. The alternative ways must include at least option that does not require a student to pay a fee. The availab of such option must be substantially the same as the availability the educational program for which a district may charge a fee. [FP]	one ility y of		
Attendance Committee	A board shall appoint one or more attendance committees to he petitions for class credit or a final grade by students who have net the 90 percent rule and have not earned class credit or a fi	not		
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ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE FOR CR	REDIT	FEC (LEGAL)
	grade by completing a principal's plan. Classroo comprise a majority of the attendance committe	
Appeal	If the committee denies a student credit or a finate dent may appeal the decision to the board. A board be appealed to the district court of the county in central administrative office is located.	pard's decision may
Additional Duties	A certified employee may not be assigned addit duties as a result of the above provision outside workday unless the employee is compensated t reasonable rate of pay.	e of the regular
	Education Code 25.092	

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CRISIS INTERVENTION TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE (L		FFBA (LOCAL)
Trauma-Informed Care Program	The District's trauma-informed care program, as District improvement plan, shall provide for the in trauma-informed care practices in the school envi ing increasing staff and parent awareness of trau implementation of trauma-informed practices and and campus staff, and providing information abo seling options for students affected by trauma or	ntegration of vironment, includ- uma-informed care, d care by District ut available coun-
Training	The District shall provide training in trauma-inform trict educators as required by law and the Board- professional development plan. The District imprespecify required training for any other District em- cable.	-approved District ovement plan shall

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STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NE	GLEC	FFG (LEGAL)		
Policy and Program to Address Sexual Abuse, Trafficking, and Maltreatment		strict shall provide child abuse antivictimization programs in el- entary and secondary schools. <i>Education Code 38.004</i>		
	abu cluc mat	A district shall adopt and implement a policy addressing sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children, to be included in the district improvement plan [see BQ] and any information handbook provided to students and parents. <i>Education Code</i> 38.0041(a)		
		e policy included in any informational handbook provided to stu- ts and parents must address the following:		
	1.	Methods for increasing staff, student, and parent awareness of issues regarding sexual abuse, trafficking, and other forms of maltreatment of children, including prevention techniques and knowledge of likely warning signs indicating that a child may be a victim;		
	2.	Actions a child who is a victim of sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment should take to obtain assistance and inter- vention; and		
	3.	Available counseling options for students affected by sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment.		
	19	TAC 61.1051(b)(3)		
Definitions Child Abuse or Neglect		e definition of child abuse or neglect includes the trafficking of a d in accordance with Education Code 38.004.		
Other Maltreatment	This term has the meaning assigned by Human Resources Coc 42.002.			
Trafficking of a Child		s term has the meaning assigned by Penal Code 20A.02(a)(5), (7), or (8).		
	19	TAC 61.1051(a)		
Duty to Report Report by Any Person	phy by a	person who has reasonable cause to believe that a child's sical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected abuse or neglect by any person shall immediately make a report required by law. <i>Family Code 261.101(a)</i>		
Report by Any Professional	has requ prof bee	professional who has reasonable cause to believe that a child been or may be abused or neglected shall make a report as uired by law. The report must be made within 48 hours after the fessional first has reasonable cause to believe that the child has on or may be abused or neglected or is the victim of an offense indecency with a child.		

	A professional may not delegate to or rely on another person to make the report.
	A "professional" is a person who is licensed or certified by the state or who is an employee of a facility licensed, certified, or operated by the state and who, in the normal course of official duties or du- ties for which a license or certification is required, has direct con- tact with children. The term includes teachers, nurses, doctors, day-care employees, juvenile probation officers, and juvenile de- tention or correctional officers.
	Family Code 261.101(b)
Abuse of Persons with Disabilities	A person having cause to believe that a person with a disability is in a state of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall report the infor- mation immediately to the Texas Department of Family and Protec- tive Services (DFPS).
	A person commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person has cause to believe that a person with a disability has been abused, ne- glected, or exploited or is in a state of abuse, neglect, or exploita- tion and knowingly fails to report.
	A person filing a report or testifying or otherwise participating in any judicial proceeding arising from a petition, report, or investigation is immune from civil or criminal liability on account of his or her peti- tion, report, testimony, or participation, unless the person acted in bad faith or with a malicious purpose.
	Human Resources Code 48.051, .052, .054
Adult Victims of Abuse	A person or professional shall make a report in the manner re- quired above if the person or professional has reasonable cause to believe that an adult was a victim of abuse or neglect as a child and the person or professional determines in good faith that disclo- sure of the information is necessary to protect the health and safety of another child or an elderly person or person with a disabil- ity. <i>Family Code 261.101(b-1)</i>
Restrictions on Reporting Psychotropic Drugs and Psychological Testing	An employee may not use or threaten to use the refusal of a par- ent, guardian, or managing or possessory conservator to adminis- ter or consent to the administration of a psychotropic drug to a child, or to consent to any other psychiatric or psychological testing or treatment of the child, as the sole basis for making a report of neglect, unless the employee has cause to believe that the refusal:
	 Presents a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or bodily injury to the child; or

	2.	Has resulted in an observable and material impairment to the growth, development, or functioning of the child.		
	Education Code 26.0091; Family Code 261.111(a) [See FFEB]			
Contents of Report	The report should reflect the reporter's belief that a child has been or may be abused or neglected or has died of abuse or neglect. The person making the report shall identify, if known:			
	1.	The name and address of the child;		
	2.	The name and address of the person responsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child; and		
	3.	Any other pertinent information concerning the alleged or suspected abuse or neglect.		
	Fam	ily Code 261.102, .104		
Abuse and Neglect Involving School Personnel and Those Responsible for Care	spon must ager	e alleged or suspected abuse or neglect involves a person re- sible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child, the report t be made to DFPS, unless the report is made to a state ncy under item 4, below, or the report involves a juvenile justice ram or facility [see JJAEPS, below].		
	All o	ther reports shall be made to:		
	1.	Any local or state law enforcement agency;		
	2.	DFPS, Child Protective Services (CPS) Division;		
	3.	A local office of CPS, where available; or		
	4.	The state agency that operates, licenses, certifies, or regis- ters the facility in which the alleged abuse or neglect oc- curred.		
	Fam	ily Code 261.103(a); 19 TAC 61.1051(b)(1)–(2)		
	"Person responsible for a child's care, custody, or welfare" means a person who traditionally is responsible for a child's care, custody, or welfare, including:			
	1.	A parent, guardian, managing or possessory conservator, or foster parent of the child;		
	2.	A member of the child's family or household as defined by Family Code Chapter 71;		
	3.	A person with whom the child's parent cohabits;		
	4.	School personnel or a volunteer at the child's school;		

	5.	Personnel or a volunteer at a public or private child-care facil- ity that provides services for the child or at a public or private residential institution or facility where the child resides; or
	6.	An employee, volunteer, or other person working under the supervision of a licensed or unlicensed child-care facility, in- cluding a family home, residential child-care facility, employer- based day-care facility, or shelter day-care facility, as those terms are defined in Chapter 42, Human Resources Code.
	Fam	ily Code 261.001(5)
Reporting Abuse, Neglect, or Exploitation in a JJAEP	term prog Depa The	report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation, as those s are defined in Family Code 261.405, in a juvenile justice ram or facility shall be made to the Texas Juvenile Justice artment and a local law enforcement agency for investigation. term "juvenile justice program" includes a juvenile justice native education program. <i>Family Code 261.405(a)(4)(A), (b)</i>
Confidentiality of Report	of th relea Act) Fam	bort of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect and the identity e person making the report is confidential and not subject to ase under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with the ily Code and applicable federal or state law or under rules oted by an investigating agency. <i>Family Code 261.201(a)</i> –
	tity o tial a purp	ess waived in writing by the person making the report, the iden- of an individual making a report under this chapter is confiden- and may be disclosed only to a law enforcement officer for the oses of a criminal investigation of the report, or as ordered by urt under Family Code 261.201. <i>Family Code 261.101(d)</i>
Immunity from Liability	gatic or ot port, imm	rson acting in good faith who reports or assists in the investi- on of a report of alleged child abuse or neglect or who testifies herwise participates in a judicial proceeding arising from a re- petition, or investigation of alleged child abuse or neglect is une from any civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be pred or imposed. <i>Family Code 261.106</i>
	erwis actio	strict may not suspend or terminate the employment of, or oth- se discriminate against, or take any other adverse employment on against a professional who makes a good faith report of se or neglect. <i>Family Code 261.110(b)</i> [See DG]
Criminal Offenses Failure to Report	to m	rson commits a Class A misdemeanor if he or she is required ake a report under Family Code 261.101(a) [see Duty to Re- above] and knowingly fails to make a report as provided by

	the perso 261.101(k port as pr	who is a professional commits a Class A misdemeanor if n is required to make a report under Family Code o) [see Duty to Report] and knowingly fails to make a re- ovided by law. The professional commits a state jail fel- or she intended to conceal the abuse or neglect.
	Family Co	ode 261.109
False Report	person kr false. The the third o	commits an offense if, with the intent to deceive, the nowingly makes a report of abuse and neglect that is e offense is a state jail felony, except that it is a felony of degree if the person has previously been convicted of the Family Code 261.107(a)
Coercion	another ir to a law e	ervant, including as a school administrator, who coerces nto suppressing or failing to report child abuse or neglect inforcement agency commits a Class C misdemeanor of- nal Code 39.06
SBEC Disciplinary Action	the action including based on or has hir Code 261 of educat cumstanc 21.006, 2	e Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) may take any of as listed in 19 Administrative Code 249.15(a) (impositions, revocation of a certificate and administrative penalties) satisfactory evidence that the person has failed to report indered the reporting of child abuse pursuant to Family .001, or has failed to notify the SBEC, the commissioner ion, or the school superintendent or director under the cir- tes and in the manner required by Education Code 1.0062, 22.093, and 19 Administrative Code 249.14(d)– <i>C 249.15(b)(4)</i>
	Note:	The following legal provisions address child abuse and neglect investigations generally. See GRA for additional legal provisions addressing notification requirements and right of access to students when DFPS investigates re- ports of abuse and neglect at school.
Investigations Reports to District	neglect in school, ar shall orall	nitiates an investigation and determines that the abuse or volves an employee of a public elementary or secondary nd that the child is a student at the school, the department y notify the superintendent of the district in which the em- employed. <i>Family Code 261.105(d)</i>
	its investi principal, abuse or	st, DFPS shall provide a copy of the completed report of gation to the board, the superintendent, and the school unless the principal is alleged to have committed the neglect. The report shall be edited to protect the identity son who made the report. <i>Family Code 261.406(b)</i>

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STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NE	GLECT FFG (LEGAL)		
Interview of Student	The investigating agency shall be permitted to interview the child at any reasonable time and place, including at the child's school. <i>Family Code 261.302(b)</i> [See GRA]		
Interference with Investigation	A person may not interfere with an investigation of a report of child abuse or neglect conducted by DFPS. <i>Family Code 261.303(a)</i>		
Confidentiality	A photograph, videotape, audiotape, or other audio or visual re- cording, depiction, or documentation of a child that is made by DFPS in the course of an inspection or investigation is confidential, is not subject to release under the Public Information Act, and may be released only as required by state or federal law or rules adopted by the DFPS. <i>Human Resources Code 42.004</i>		
Reporting Policy	A board shall adopt and annually review policies for reporting child abuse and neglect. The policies shall follow the requirements of Family Code Chapter 261. <i>19 TAC 61.1051(b)</i>		
	The policies must require every school employee, agent, or con- tractor who suspects a child's physical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected by abuse or neglect to submit a writ- ten or oral report to at least one of the authorities listed above [see To Whom Reported, above] within 48 hours or less, as determined by the board, after learning of facts giving rise to the suspicion. <i>19</i> <i>TAC 61.1051(b)(1)</i>		
	The policies must be consistent with the Family Code, Chapter 261, and 40 Administrative Code Chapter 700 (CPS) regarding investigations by DFPS, including regulations governing investigation of abuse by school personnel and volunteers. [See GRA]		
	The policies must require a report to DFPS if the alleged abuse or neglect involves a person responsible for the care, custody, or wel- fare of the child and must notify school personnel of the following:		
	 Penalties under Penal Code 39.06 (misuse of official infor- mation), Family Code 261.109 (failure to report), and 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 249 (actions against educator's certificate) for failure to submit a required report of child abuse or neglect; 		
	2. Applicable prohibitions against interference with an investiga- tion of a report of child abuse or neglect, including:		
	a. Family Code 261.302 and 261.303, prohibiting school of- ficials from denying an investigator's request to interview a student at school; and		

			tor during an interview by an investigator.	
	3.		nunity provisions applicable to a person who reports child se or neglect or otherwise assists an investigation in good n;	
	4.		fidentiality provisions relating to a report of suspected d abuse or neglect;	
	5.		disciplinary action that may result from noncompliance a district's reporting policy; and	
	6.		prohibition under Education Code 26.0091 [see Psycho- ic Drugs and Psychological Testing, above].	
	19	TAC 6	51.1051(b)(2)	
	cior	ns of o	ties may not require that school personnel report suspi- child abuse or neglect to a school administrator before report to one of the agencies listed above.	
	The	e polic	ies must:	
	1.	Incl	ude the current toll-free number for DFPS;	
	2.	ves	vide for cooperation with law enforcement child abuse in- tigations without the consent of the child's parent, if neces- , including investigations by DFPS; and	
	3.	and sea	ude child abuse anti-victimization programs in elementary secondary schools consisting of age-appropriate, re- rch-based prevention designed to promote self-protection prevent sexual abuse and trafficking.	
	19	ТАС в	61.1051(b)(5)–(b)(8)	
Annual Distribution and Staff Development	boa sch pro	The policies required by these provisions and adopted by the board shall be distributed to all personnel at the beginning of each school year. The policies shall be addressed in staff development programs at regular intervals determined by a board. <i>19 TAC 61.1051(c)</i> [See also DH and GRA]		
	[Fo	[For training requirements under these provisions, see DMA.]		
Required Poster	able	Using a format and language that is clear, simple, and understand- able to students, each public school shall post, in English and in Spanish:		
	1.	The	current toll-free DFPS Abuse Hotline telephone number;	
	2.	Inst	ructions to call 911 for emergencies; and	

3. Directions for accessing the DFPS <u>Texas Abuse Hotline web-</u> <u>site</u>¹ for more information on reporting abuse, neglect, and exploitation.

A district shall post the information specified above at each school campus in at least one high-traffic, highly and clearly visible public area that is readily accessible to and widely used by students. The information must be on a poster (11x17 inches or larger) in large print and placed at eye-level to the student for easy viewing. Additionally, the current toll-free Texas Department of Family and Protective Services Abuse Hotline telephone number should be in bold print.

Education Code 38.0042; 19 TAC 61.1051(e)–(f)

¹ Texas Abuse Hotline website: <u>https://www.txabusehotline.org/</u>

STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION (LEGAL)

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	Note	: The following legal provisions address dating violence and sexual harassment. For legal provisions addressing discrimination on the basis of disability, sex, and other protected characteristics, see FB.		
Dating Violence Policy	A district shall adopt and implement a dating violence policy to be included in the district improvement plan.			
Requirements	A dating violence policy must include:			
		A definition of dating violence that includes the intentional use of physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse by a person to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control another person in a da- ting relationship, as defined by Family Code 71.0021;		
		A clear statement that dating violence is not tolerated at school; and		
		Reporting procedures and guidelines for students who are victims of dating violence, including a procedure for immedi- ately notifying the parent or guardian of a student about a re- port received by the district identifying the student as an al- leged victim or perpetrator of dating violence.		
	A dating violence policy must also address safety planning, en- forcement of protective orders, school-based alternatives to protec- tive orders, training for teachers and administrators at each district campus that instructs students in grade 6 or higher, counseling for affected students, and awareness education for students and par- ents.			
	Education Code 37.083, .0831 [See BQ]			
Student Resources	age-a the d	e extent possible, a district shall make available to students appropriate educational materials that include information on angers of dating violence and resources to students seeking <i>Education Code 37.0831(c)</i>		
	Note:	 References to Title IX, part, or subpart in the following le- gal provisions refer to Title IX and its corresponding reg- ulations. 		
		The U.S. Department of Education's Office for Civil Rights has issued a formal interpretation that discrimina- tion on the basis of sex under Title IX includes discrimi- nation on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity.		

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STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISC	RIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	FFH (LEGAL)
Sexual Harassment	A district may develop and implement a sexual harassmer to be included in the district improvement plan. <i>Education</i> <i>37.083</i> [See BQ]	• •
	Sexual abuse of a student by an employee, when there is nection between the physical sexual activity and the emplo duties and obligations as a district employee, violates a stu- constitutional right to bodily integrity. Sexual abuse may in fondling, sexual assault, or sexual intercourse. <i>U.S. Const</i> <i>14; Doe v. Taylor Indep. Sch. Dist.</i> , <i>15 F.3d 443 (5th Cir. 1)</i>	oyee's udent's clude <i>t. Amend.</i>
	No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, I cluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or b jected to discrimination under any education program or a ceiving federal financial assistance. <i>20 U.S.C. 1681 (Title</i>)	oe sub- ctivity re-
	A district's treatment of a complainant or a respondent in r to a formal complaint of sexual harassment may constitute ination on the basis of sex under Title IX. 34 C.F.R. 106.45 U.S.C. 1681 [See also FB regarding Title IX]	e discrim-
Designation of Title IX Coordinator	A district must designate and authorize at least one emplo coordinate its efforts to comply with its responsibilities und IX, which employee must be referred to as the "Title IX Co tor."	ler Title
Parties Entitled to Notice	The district must notify applicants for admission and emplo students, parents or legal guardians, employees, and all p sional organizations holding professional agreements with trict ("Parties Entitled to Notice") of the name or title, office electronic mail address, and telephone number of the emp employees designated as the Title IX Coordinator.	the dis- address,
	34 C.F.R. 106.8(a)	
Reporting	Any person may report sex discrimination, including sexual ment (whether or not the person reporting is the person all be the victim of conduct that could constitute sex discrimin sexual harassment), in person, by mail, by telephone, or be tronic mail, using the contact information listed for the Title dinator, or by any other means that results in the Title IX O tor receiving the person's verbal or written report. Such an may be made at any time (including during nonbusiness h using the telephone number or electronic mail address, or to the office address, listed for the Title IX Coordinator.	leged to nation or by elec- e IX Coor- coordina- report ours) by
Notification of Policy	A district must notify the Parties Entitled to Notice, above, district does not discriminate on the basis of sex in the edu program or activity that it operates, and that it is required to not to discriminate in such a manner. The notification must	ucation by Title IX
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	or activity plication Title IX C	equirement not to discriminate in the education program v extends to employment, and that inquiries about the ap- of Title IX to such district may be referred to the district's oordinator, to the assistant secretary for civil rights of the ent of Education, or both.	
	34 C.F.R.	106.2(d), .8(b)(1)	
Publication Requirements	A district must prominently display the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator and the nondiscrimination policy described at Notification of Policy, above, on its website, if any, and in each handbook that it makes available to the Parties Entitled to Notice, above.		
	A district must not use or distribute a publication stating that the district treats applicants, students, or employees differently on the basis of sex except as such treatment is permitted by Title IX.		
	34 C.F.R.	. 106.8(b)(2)	
	Note:	To distinguish the process described below from the dis- trict's general grievance policies [see DGBA, FNG, and GF], this policy refers to the grievance process required by Title IX regulations for responding to formal com- plaints of Title IX sexual harassment in an education pro- gram or activity and against a person in the United States as the district's "Title IX formal complaint pro- cess."	
Adopting and Publishing Complaint Procedures	prompt a plaints al a Title IX	must adopt and publish procedures that provide for the nd equitable resolution of student and employee com- leging any action that would be prohibited by Title IX and formal complaint process that complies with 34 C.F.R. or formal complaints as defined below.	
	A district must provide notice to the Parties Entitled to Notice, above, of the district's procedures and Title IX formal complaint process, including how to report or file a complaint of sex discrimi- nation, how to report or file a formal complaint of sexual harass- ment, and how the district will respond.		
	•	irements of this provision apply only to sex discrimination against a person in the United States.	
	34 C.F.R.	106.8(c)-(d)	

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Response to Sexual Harassment <i>Definitions</i>	"Actual knowledge" means notice of sexual harassment or allega- tions of sexual harassment to a district's Title IX Coordinator or any official of the district who has authority to institute corrective measures on behalf of the district, or to any employee of an ele- mentary and secondary school. Imputation of knowledge based solely on vicarious liability or constructive notice is insufficient to constitute actual knowledge. This standard is not met when the only official of the district with actual knowledge is the respondent. The mere ability or obligation to report sexual harassment or to in- form a student about how to report sexual harassment, or having been trained to do so, does not qualify an individual as one who has authority to institute corrective measures on behalf of the dis- trict. "Notice" as used in this paragraph includes, but is not limited to, a report of sexual harassment to the Title IX Coordinator.
	"Complainant" means an individual who is alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.
	"Consent" is not defined by the Title IX regulations, nor do the reg- ulations require districts to adopt a particular definition of consent with respect to sexual assault.
	"Formal complaint" means a document filed by a complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that the district investigate the allegation of sexual harassment. At the time of filing a formal com- plaint, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to par- ticipate in the education program or activity of the district with which the formal complaint is filed. A formal complaint may be filed with the Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, or by electronic mail, by using the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator, and by any additional method designated by the district. As used in this paragraph, the phrase "document filed by a complainant" means a document or electronic submission (such as by electronic mail or through an online portal provided for this purpose by the district) that contains the complainant's physi- cal or digital signature, or otherwise indicates that the complainant is the person filing the formal complaint. Where the Title IX Coordi- nator signs a formal complaint, the Title IX coordinator is not a complainant or otherwise a party to a Title IX formal complaint, and must comply with the requirements of the Title IX formal complaint

"Respondent" means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

process, including the informal resolution process.

"Sexual harassment" means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following: 1.

		aid, benefit, or service of the district on an individual's partici- pation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
	2.	Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effec- tively denies a person equal access to the district's education program or activity; or
	3.	"Sexual assault" as defined in 20 U.S.C. $1092(f)(6)(A)(v)$, "dating violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. $12291(a)(10)$, "domestic violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. $12291(a)(8)$, or "stalking" as defined in 34 U.S.C. $12291(a)(30)$.
	ualiz and fore com or pr tivity mea trict's porti or ot sche betw locat certa trict vide ing s prov spor ive n	portive measures" means nondisciplinary, nonpunitive individ- ted services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent be- or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal plaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore reserve equal access to the district's education program or ac- without unreasonably burdening the other party, including sures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the dis- s educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Sup- ve measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines ther course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class edules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact geen the parties, changes in work or district-provided housing tions, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of ain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. The dis- must maintain as confidential any supportive measures pro- d to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintain- such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the district to ide the supportive measures. The Title IX Coordinator is re- nsible for coordinating the effective implementation of support- neasures.
	34 C	C.F.R. 106.2, .30(a)
Deliberate Indifference	tion State indif	strict with actual knowledge of sexual harassment in an educa- program or activity of the district against a person in the United es, must respond promptly in a manner that is not deliberately ferent. A district is deliberately indifferent only if its response to al harassment is clearly unreasonable in light of the known cir-

An employee of the district conditioning the provision of an

EducationFor the purposes of 34 C.F.R. 106.30 [see Definitions, above] andProgram or106.45 [see Process for Title IX Formal Complaint, below], "educa-
tion program or activity" includes locations, events, or circum-
stances over which the district exercised substantial control over

cumstances.

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both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs.

34 C.F.R. 106.44(a)

- Title IX Coordinator Response The Title IX Coordinator must promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures, consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint, and explain to the complainant the process for filing a formal complaint. The Title IX Coordinator must respond in this manner with or without a formal complaint. 34 *C.F.R.* 106.44(b)(1)
 - Supportive
MeasuresA district's response must treat complainants and respondents eq-
uitably by offering supportive measures and by following a process
that complies with 34 C.F.R. 106.45 [see Process for Title IX For-
mal Complaint, below] before the imposition of any disciplinary
sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures
against a respondent. [For Emergency Removal procedures, see
below.]
 - Constitutional Restrictions The Department of Education may not deem a district to have satisfied the district's duty to not be deliberately indifferent under Title IX based on the district's restriction of rights protected under the U.S. Constitution, including the First Amendment, Fifth Amendment, and Fourteenth Amendment.

34 C.F.R. 106.44(a)

Response to a Formal Complaint In response to a formal complaint, a district must follow a process that complies with 34 C.F.R. 106.45 [see Process for Title IX Formal Complaint, below]. *34 C.F.R.* 106.44(b)(1)

Emergency The Title IX regulations do not preclude a district from removing a respondent from the district's education program or activity on an emergency basis, provided that the district:

- 1. Undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis;
- 2. Determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal; and
- 3. Provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

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This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Section 504 of the Re-
habilitation Act of 1973, or the Americans with Disabilities Act.

34 C.F.R. 106.44(c)

Administrative
LeaveThe Title IX regulations do not preclude a district from placing a
nonstudent employee respondent on administrative leave during
the pendency of a Title IX formal complaint. This provision may not
be construed to modify any rights under Section 504 of the Reha-
bilitation Act of 1973 or the Americans with Disabilities Act. 34
C.F.R. 106.44(d)

Process for Title IX Formal Complaint For the purpose of addressing formal complaints of sexual harassment, a district's process must comply with the following requirements. Any provisions, rules, or practices other than those required by this provision that a district adopts as part of its process for handling formal complaints of sexual harassment must apply equally to both parties. *34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)*

A district's Title IX formal complaint process must:

- 1. Treat complainants and respondents equitably by providing remedies to a complainant where a determination of responsibility for sexual harassment has been made against the respondent, and by following a process that complies with the Title IX regulations before the imposition of any disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures against a respondent. Remedies must be designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity. Such remedies may include the same individualized services described as supportive measures; however, remedies need not be nondisciplinary or nonpunitive and need not avoid burdening the respondent;
- 2. Require an objective evaluation of all relevant evidence—including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence—and provide that credibility determinations may not be based on a person's status as a complainant, respondent, or witness;
- 3. Require that any individual designated by a district as a Title IX Coordinator, investigator, decision-maker, or any person designated by a district to facilitate an informal resolution process, not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or an individual complainant or respondent. A district must ensure that Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process, receive training

on the definition of sexual harassment, the scope of the district's education program or activity, how to conduct an investigation and Title IX formal complaint process including hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes, as applicable, and how to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias. A district must ensure that decision-makers receive training on any technology to be used at a live hearing, if any, and on issues of relevance of questions and evidence, including when questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant. [See Hearings, below] A district also must ensure that investigators receive training on issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence. [See Investigation of a Formal Complaint, below] Any materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process, must not rely on sex stereotypes and must promote impartial investigations and adjudications of formal complaints of sexual harassment;

- Include a presumption that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process;
- 5. Include reasonably prompt time frames for conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process, including reasonably prompt time frames for filing and resolving appeals and informal resolution processes if the district offers informal resolution processes, and a process that allows for the temporary delay of the Title IX formal complaint process or the limited extension of time frames for good cause with written notice to the complainant and the respondent of the delay or extension and the reasons for the action. Good cause may include considerations such as the absence of a party, a party's advisor, or a witness; concurrent law enforcement activity; or the need for language assistance or accommodation of disabilities;
- 6. Describe the range of possible disciplinary sanctions and remedies or list the possible disciplinary sanctions and remedies that the district may implement following any determination of responsibility;
- 7. State whether the standard of evidence to be used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard or the clear and convincing evidence standard, apply the same standard of evidence for formal complaints

		inclu	inst students as for formal complaints against employees, uding faculty, and apply the same standard of evidence to ormal complaints of sexual harassment;
	8.		ude the procedures and permissible bases for the com- nant and respondent to appeal;
	9.		cribe the range of supportive measures available to com- nants and respondents; and
	10.	evid prot	require, allow, rely upon, or otherwise use questions or ence that constitute, or seek disclosure of, information ected under a legally recognized privilege, unless the per- holding such privilege has waived the privilege.
	34 (C.F.R.	106.45(b)(1)
Notice of Allegations	-		eipt of a formal complaint, a district must provide the fol- itten notice to the parties who are known:
	1.		ce of the district's Title IX formal complaint process, in- ing any informal resolution process.
	2.	stitu at th	ce of the allegations of sexual harassment potentially con- ting sexual harassment, including sufficient details known the time and with sufficient time to prepare a response be- any initial interview. Sufficient details include:
		a.	The identities of the parties involved in the incident, if known;
		b.	The conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment; and
		C.	The date and location of the alleged incident, if known.
		ent that cond ten sor atto tion form duct know	written notice must include a statement that the respond- is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and a determination regarding responsibility is made at the clusion of the Title IX formal complaint process. The writ- notice must inform the parties that they may have an advi- of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an rney and may inspect and review evidence [see Investiga- of a Formal Complaint, below]. The written notice must in- n the parties of any provision in the district's code of con- t that prohibits knowingly making false statements or wingly submitting false information during the Title IX for- complaint process.

If, in the course of an investigation, the district decides to investigate allegations about the complainant or respondent that are not included in the Notice of Allegations, above, the district must provide notice of the additional allegations to the parties whose identities are known.

34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(2)

Dismissal of a Formal Complaint The district must investigate the allegations in a formal complaint. If the conduct alleged in the formal complaint would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, did not occur in the district's education program or activity, or did not occur against a person in the United States, then the district must dismiss the formal complaint with regard to that conduct for purposes of sexual harassment under Title IX; such a dismissal does not preclude action under another provision of the district's code of conduct.

> The district may dismiss the formal complaint or any allegations therein, if at any time during the investigation or hearing: a complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the complainant would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations therein; the respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by the district; or specific circumstances prevent the district from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination as to the formal complaint or allegations therein.

Upon a dismissal required or permitted pursuant to 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(3), the district must promptly send written notice of the dismissal and reason(s) therefor simultaneously to the parties.

Consolidation of Formal Complaints A district may consolidate formal complaints as to allegations of sexual harassment against more than one respondent, or by more than one complainant against one or more respondents, or by one party against the other party, where the allegations of sexual harassment arise out of the same facts or circumstances. Where a Title IX formal complaint process involves more than one complainant or more than one respondent, references in this provision to the singular "party," "complainant," or "respondent" include the plural, as applicable.

34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(3)-(4)

Investigation of a When investigating a formal complaint and throughout the Title IX *Formal Complaint* formal complaint process, a district must:

1. Ensure that the burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility rest on the district and not on the parties provided that the district cannot access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a party's records that are made or maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional acting in the professional's or paraprofessional's capacity, or assisting in that capacity, and which are made and maintained in connection with the provision of treatment to the party, unless the district obtains that party's voluntary, written consent to do so for a Title IX formal complaint (if a party is not an "eligible student," as defined in 34 C.F.R. 99.3 then the district must obtain the voluntary, written consent of a "parent," as defined in 34 C.F.R. 99.3) [see FL(LEGAL) at Education Records];

- 2. Provide an equal opportunity for the parties to present witnesses, including fact and expert witnesses, and other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence;
- Not restrict the ability of either party to discuss the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence;
- 4. Provide the parties with the same opportunities to have others present during any Title IX formal complaint proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by the advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and not limit the choice or presence of advisor for either the complainant or respondent in any meeting or Title IX formal complaint proceeding; however, the district may establish restrictions regarding the extent to which the advisor may participate in the proceedings, as long as the restrictions apply equally to both parties;
- 5. Provide, to a party whose participation is invited or expected, written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of all hearings, investigative interviews, or other meetings, with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate;
- 6. Provide both parties an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence obtained as part of the investigation that is directly related to the allegations raised in a formal complaint, including the evidence upon which the district does not intend to rely in reaching a determination regarding responsibility and inculpatory or exculpatory evidence whether obtained from a party or other source, so that each party can meaningfully respond to the evidence prior to conclusion of the investigation. Prior to completion of the investigative report, the district must send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the evidence subject to inspection and review in an electronic format or a hard copy, and the parties must have at least ten days to submit a written response, which the investigator will consider prior to completion of the investigative report. The

	7.	district must make all such evidence subject to the parties' in- spection and review available at any hearing to give each party equal opportunity to refer to such evidence during the hearing, including for purposes of cross-examination; and Create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant			
	Γ.	evidence and, at least ten days prior to a hearing (if a hearing is required or otherwise provided) or other time of determina- tion regarding responsibility, send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the investigative report in an electronic format or a hard copy, for their review and written response.			
	34 (.F.R. 106.45(b)(5)			
Hearings	prov has C.F. abov ity, t subi part addi with sexu less sexu resp the o plain are to th	district's Title IX formal complaint process may, but need not, ride for a hearing. With or without a hearing, after the district sent the investigative report to the parties pursuant to 34 R. 106.45(b)(5)(vii) [see Investigation of a Formal Complaint, ve] and before reaching a determination regarding responsibil- he decision-maker(s) must afford each party the opportunity to mit written, relevant questions that a party wants asked of any y or witness, provide each party with the answers, and allow for tional, limited follow-up questions from each party. With or out a hearing, questions and evidence about the complainant's ual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, un- such questions and evidence about the complainant's prior ual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the bondent committed the conduct alleged by the complainant, or if questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the com- nant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the respondent and offered to prove consent. The decision-maker(s) must explain he party proposing the questions any decision to exclude a stion as not relevant. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(6)(ii)</i>			
Determination Regarding Responsibility	Title term the	decision-maker(s), who cannot be the same person(s) as the IX Coordinator or the investigator(s), must issue a written de- nination regarding responsibility. To reach this determination, district must apply the standard of evidence described at Pro- s for Title IX Formal Complaint, above.			
	The	written determination must include:			
	1.	Identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment;			
	2.	A description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including any			

		notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and wit- nesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held;				
	3.	Findings of fact supporting the determination;				
	4.	Conclusions regarding the application of the district's code of conduct to the facts;				
	5.	A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allega- tion, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions the district imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity will be provided by the district to the complainant; and				
	6.	The district's procedures and permissible bases for the com- plainant and respondent to appeal.				
	sim con with pea	The district must provide the written determination to the parties simultaneously. The determination regarding responsibility be- comes final either on the date that the district provides the parties with the written determination of the result of the appeal, if an ap- peal is filed, or if an appeal is not filed, the date on which an appeal would no longer be considered timely.				
	34	4 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(7)(i)–(ii)				
Implementation of Remedies		e Title IX Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation any remedies. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(7)(iv)</i>				
Appeals	gar	istrict must offer both parties an appeal from a determination re- ding responsibility, and from a district's dismissal of a formal nplaint or any allegations therein, on the following bases:				
	1.	Procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the mat- ter;				
	2.	New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter; and				
	3.	The Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), or decision-maker(s) had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or the individual complainant or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter.				
	-	district may offer an appeal equally to both parties on additional ases.				
	As	As to all appeals, the district must:				

	1.		fy the other party in writing when an appeal is filed and ement appeal procedures equally for both parties;	
	2.	sam mina	ure that the decision-maker(s) for the appeal is not the e person as the decision-maker(s) that reached the deter- ation regarding responsibility or dismissal, the investiga- i), or the Title IX Coordinator;	
	3.	with of in	ure that the decision-maker(s) for the appeal complies the standards in the Title IX regulations regarding conflict terest and bias [see Process for Formal Title IX Com- nt, item 3, above];	
	4.		e both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a en statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome;	
	5.		e a written decision describing the result of the appeal the rationale for the result; and	
	6.	Prov	vide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.	
	34 C	C.F.R.	106.45(b)(8)	
Informal Resolution	enro men adju with ticipa form ever resp cess	istrict may not require as a condition of enrollment or contin- ollment, or employment or continuing employment, or enjoy nt of any other right, waiver of the right to an investigation a udication of formal complaints of sexual harassment consist in Title IX. Similarly, a district may not require the parties to pate in an informal resolution process and may not offer an mal resolution process unless a formal complaint is filed. He er, at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding ponsibility the district may facilitate an informal resolution p is, such as mediation, that does not involve a full investigat adjudication, provided that the district:		
	1.	Prov	vides to the parties a written notice disclosing:	
		a.	The allegations;	
		b.	The requirements of the informal resolution process in- cluding the circumstances under which it precludes the parties from resuming a formal complaint arising from the same allegations, provided, however, that at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and resume the Title IX formal complaint process with respect to the formal complaint; and	
		C.	Any consequences resulting from participating in the in- formal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared;	

	 Obtains the parties' voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process; and 				
	 Does not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a stu- dent. 				
	34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(9)				
Recordkeeping	A district must maintain for a period of seven years records of:				
	1. Each sexual harassment investigation including any determi- nation regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions im- posed on the respondent, and any remedies provided to the complainant designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity;				
	2. Any appeal and the result therefrom;				
	3. Any informal resolution and the result therefrom; and				
	4. All materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process. A district must make these training materials publicly available on its website or if the district does not maintain a website the district must make these materials available upon request for inspection by members of the public.				
	For each response required under Title IX Coordinator Response, above, a district must create, and maintain for a period of seven years, records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harass- ment. In each instance, the district must document the basis for its conclusion that its response was not deliberately indifferent, and document that it has taken measures designed to restore or pre- serve equal access to the district's education program or activity.				
	If a district does not provide a complainant with supportive measures, then the district must document the reasons why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known cir- cumstances. The documentation of certain bases or measures does not limit the district in the future from providing additional ex- planations or detailing additional measures taken.				
	34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(10)				
Retaliation Prohibited	No district or other person may intimidate, threaten, coerce, or dis- criminate against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX, or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated				

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	or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, pro- ceeding, or hearing under Title IX.
	Intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination, including charges against an individual for code of conduct violations that do not in- volve sex discrimination or sexual harassment, but arise out of the same facts or circumstances as a report or complaint of sex dis- crimination, or a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX, constitutes retaliation.
	Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to the Pro- cess for Title IX Formal Complaint above.
	The exercise of rights protected under the First Amendment does not constitute retaliation prohibited by Title IX.
	Charging an individual with a code of conduct violation for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a Title IX formal complaint proceeding does not constitute retaliation prohib- ited by Title IX, provided, however, that a determination regarding responsibility, alone, is not sufficient to conclude that any party made a materially false statement in bad faith.
	34 C.F.R. 106.71(a)–(b)
Confidentiality	The district must keep confidential the identity of any individual who has made a report or complaint of sex discrimination, including any individual who has made a report or filed a formal complaint of sexual harassment, any complainant, any individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of sex discrimination, any respondent, and any witness, except as may be permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) statute, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, or FERPA regulations, 34 C.F.R. Part 99, or as required by law, or to carry out the purposes of 34 C.F.R. Part 106, including the conduct of any investigation, hearing, or judicial proceeding arising thereunder. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.71(a)</i>

	Note	e: This policy addresses discrimination, including harass- ment, and retaliation against District students. For provi- sions regarding discrimination, including harassment, and retaliation against District employees, see DIA. For reporting requirements related to child abuse and ne- glect, see FFG. Note that FFH shall be used in conjunc- tion with FFI (bullying) for certain prohibited conduct.			
Prohibited Conduct	hara	is policy, the term "prohibited conduct" includes discrimination, assment, dating violence, and retaliation as defined by this pol- even if the behavior does not rise to the level of unlawful con-			
	Prohibited conduct also includes sexual harassment as defined by Title IX. [See FFH(LEGAL)]				
Statement of Nondiscrimination	any grou basi bility this agai	District prohibits discrimination, including harassment, against student. Discrimination is defined as treating a student or up of students differently from similarly situated students on the s of race, color, religion, sex, gender, national origin, age, disa- v, or any other basis prohibited by law. One type of harassment policy prohibits is dating violence, as defined below. Retaliation inst anyone exercising their rights under this policy is a viola- of District policy and is prohibited.			
Harassment	bal o der, law,	assment of a student is defined as physical, verbal, or nonver- conduct based on the student's race, color, religion, sex, gen- national origin, age, disability, or any other basis prohibited by when the conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that conduct:			
	1.	Affects a student's ability to participate in or benefit from an educational program or activity, or creates an intimidating, threatening, hostile, or offensive educational environment;			
	2.	Has the purpose or effect of substantially or unreasonably in- terfering with the student's academic performance; or			
	3.	Otherwise adversely affects the student's educational oppor- tunities.			
	Hara polic	assment includes dating violence as defined by law and this cy.			
Examples	roga prac	mples of prohibited harassment may include offensive or de- atory language directed at another person's religious beliefs or stices, accent, skin color, or need for accommodation; threaten- intimidating, or humiliating conduct; offensive jokes, name call-			

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	sau or c	lt; dis other i	, or rumors; cyberharassment; physical aggressi play of graffiti or printed material promoting racia negative stereotypes; or other kinds of aggressive heft or damage to property.	l, ethnic,
Title IX Sexual Harassment	Res bas hara wou prog	spons ed ha assm ild me gram	ed by law, the District shall follow the procedures e to Title IX Sexual Harassment upon a report of arassment, including sexual harassment, gender- ent, and dating violence, when such allegations, eet the definition of sexual harassment in an edu- or activity and against a person in the United Sta See FFH(LEGAL)]	sex- based if proved, cation
Other Sexual Harassment By an Employee	botl ual	n weld favor:	arassment of a student by a District employee in come and unwelcome sexual advances; requests s; sexually motivated physical, verbal, or nonvert other conduct or communication of a sexual natur	s for sex- oal con-
	1.	den sch edu	istrict employee causes the student to believe that t must submit to the conduct in order to participa ool program or activity, or that the employee will cational decision based on whether or not the stu- mits to the conduct; or	te in a make an
	2.	The	conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive th	at it:
		a.	Affects the student's ability to participate in or b from an educational program or activity, or othe versely affects the student's educational opport	erwise ad-
		b.	Creates an intimidating, threatening, hostile, or educational environment.	abusive
	den ship	ts an betv	c or other inappropriate social relationships betweed d District employees are prohibited. Any sexual re- veen a student and a District employee is always n if consensual. [See DH]	elation-
By Others	Sexual harassment of a student, including harassment committed by another student, includes unwelcome sexual advances; re- quests for sexual favors; or sexually motivated physical, verbal nonverbal conduct when the conduct is so severe, persistent, of pervasive that it:			s; re- verbal, or
	1.	edu	ects a student's ability to participate in or benefit f cational program or activity, or creates an intimid atening, hostile, or offensive educational environ	ating,
	2.		the purpose or effect of substantially or unreaso ering with the student's academic performance; o	•
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	3.	Otherwise adversely affects the student's educational oppor- tunities.
Examples	adva tact ture;	mples of sexual harassment of a student may include sexual ances; touching intimate body parts or coercing physical con- that is sexual in nature; jokes or conversations of a sexual na- and other sexually motivated conduct, contact, or communica- s, including electronic communication.
	by ta phys	essary or permissible physical contact such as assisting a child aking the child's hand, comforting a child with a hug, or other sical contact not reasonably construed as sexual in nature is sexual harassment.
Gender-Based Harassment	conc char or th culin assr	der-based harassment includes physical, verbal, or nonverbal duct based on the student's gender, the student's expression of acteristics perceived as stereotypical for the student's gender, e student's failure to conform to stereotypical notions of mas- ity or femininity. For purposes of this policy, gender-based har- nent is considered prohibited harassment if the conduct is so ere, persistent, or pervasive that the conduct:
	1.	Affects a student's ability to participate in or benefit from an educational program or activity, or creates an intimidating, threatening, hostile, or offensive educational environment;
	2.	Has the purpose or effect of substantially or unreasonably in- terfering with the student's academic performance; or
	3.	Otherwise adversely affects the student's educational oppor- tunities.
Examples	rega sexu nam sion	mples of gender-based harassment directed against a student, rdless of the student's or the harasser's actual or perceived al orientation or gender identity, may include offensive jokes, e-calling, slurs, or rumors; cyberharassment; physical aggres- or assault; threatening or intimidating conduct; or other kinds ggressive conduct such as theft or damage to property.
Dating Violence	relat harn tions acts indiv	ng violence occurs when a person in a current or past dating ionship uses physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse to n, threaten, intimidate, or control the other person in the rela- ship. Dating violence also occurs when a person commits these against a person in a marriage or dating relationship with the ridual who is or was once in a marriage or dating relationship the person committing the offense.
	hara	ourposes of this policy, dating violence is considered prohibited ssment if the conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive the conduct:

	1.	Affects a student's ability to participate in or benefit from an educational program or activity, or creates an intimidating, threatening, hostile, or offensive educational environment;
	2.	Has the purpose or effect of substantially or unreasonably in- terfering with the student's academic performance; or
	3.	Otherwise adversely affects the student's educational oppor- tunities.
Examples	cal c at th stud prop hom the s dent	mples of dating violence against a student may include physi- or sexual assaults; name-calling; put-downs; or threats directed e student, the student's family members, or members of the ent's household. Additional examples may include destroying erty belonging to the student, threatening to commit suicide or icide if the student ends the relationship, attempting to isolate student from friends and family, stalking, threatening a stu- 's spouse or current dating partner, or encouraging others to age in these behaviors.
Reporting Procedures	ited	student who believes that he or she has experienced prohib- conduct and any person who believes that a student has expe-
Student Report	acts	ced prohibited conduct should immediately report the alleged to a teacher, school counselor, principal, other District em- ee, or the appropriate District official listed in this policy.
Employee Report	notio ence Distr	District employee who suspects or receives direct or indirect ce that a student or group of students has or may have experi- ed prohibited conduct shall immediately notify the appropriate rict official listed in this policy and take any other steps required his policy.
Definition of District Officials		the purposes of this policy, District officials are the Title IX coor- tor, the ADA/Section 504 coordinator, and the Superintendent.
Title IX Coordinator	men recte	orts of discrimination based on sex, including sexual harass- t, gender-based harassment, or dating violence, may be di- ed to the designated Title IX coordinator for students. [See (EXHIBIT)]
ADA / Section 504 Coordinator	desi	orts of discrimination based on disability may be directed to the gnated ADA/Section 504 coordinator for students. [See (EXHIBIT)]
Superintendent		Superintendent shall serve as coordinator for purposes of Dis- compliance with all other nondiscrimination laws.
Alternative Reporting Procedures	the p	ndividual shall not be required to report prohibited conduct to person alleged to have committed the conduct. Reports con- ing prohibited conduct, including reports against the Title IX

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	coordinator or ADA/Section 504 coordinator, may be directed to the Superintendent.
	A report against the Superintendent may be made directly to the Board. If a report is made directly to the Board, the Board shall appoint an appropriate person to conduct an investigation.
Timely Reporting	To ensure the District's prompt investigation, reports of prohibited conduct shall be made as soon as possible after the alleged act or knowledge of the alleged act.
Notice to Parents	The District official or designee shall promptly notify the parents of any student alleged to have experienced prohibited conduct by a District employee or another adult. [For parental notification re- quirements regarding an allegation of educator misconduct with a student, see FFF.]
	When the District receives a report of prohibited conduct that in- cludes dating violence, the appropriate District official shall immedi- ately notify the parent or guardian of the student who has been identified in the report as the alleged victim or perpetrator.
Investigation of Reports Other Than Title IX	The following procedures apply to all allegations of prohibited con- duct other than allegations of harassment prohibited by Title IX. [See FFH(LEGAL)] For allegations of sex-based harassment that, if proved, would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Ti- tle IX, including sexual harassment, gender-based harassment, and dating violence, see the procedures below at Response to Title IX Sexual Harassment.
	The District may request, but shall not require, a written report. If a report is made orally, the District official shall reduce the report to written form.
Initial Assessment	Upon receipt or notice of a report, the District official shall deter- mine whether the allegations, if proved, would constitute prohibited conduct as defined by this policy. If so, the District shall immedi- ately undertake an investigation, except as provided below at Crim- inal Investigation.
	If the District official determines that the allegations, if proved, would not constitute prohibited conduct as defined by this policy, the District official shall refer the complaint for consideration under FFI.
Interim Action	If appropriate and regardless of whether a criminal or regulatory in- vestigation regarding the alleged conduct is pending, the District shall promptly take interim action calculated to address prohibited conduct or bullying prior to the completion of the District's investi- gation.

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District Investigation	The investigation may be conducted by the District official signee, such as the principal, or by a third party designate District, such as an attorney. When appropriate, the princi be involved in or informed of the investigation.	d by the
	The investigation may consist of personal interviews with son making the report, the person against whom the report and others with knowledge of the circumstances surround allegations. The investigation may also include analysis of formation or documents related to the allegations.	rt is filed, ling the
Criminal Investigation	If a law enforcement or regulatory agency notifies the Dist criminal or regulatory investigation has been initiated, the shall confer with the agency to determine if the District inv tion would impede the criminal or regulatory investigation. trict shall proceed with its investigation only to the extent t does not impede the ongoing criminal or regulatory invest After the law enforcement or regulatory agency has finishe ering its evidence, the District shall promptly resume its in tion.	District restiga- The Dis- hat it igation. ed gath-
Concluding the Investigation	Absent extenuating circumstances, such as a request by a forcement or regulatory agency for the District to delay its gation, the investigation should be completed within ten D business days from the date of the report; however, the in tor shall take additional time if necessary to complete a th investigation.	investi- listrict vestiga-
	The investigator shall prepare a written report of the invest The report shall include a determination of whether prohib duct or bullying occurred. The report shall be filed with the official overseeing the investigation.	ited con-
Notification of Outcome	Notification of the outcome of the investigation shall be proboth parties in compliance with FERPA.	ovided to
District Action Prohibited Conduct	If the results of an investigation indicate that prohibited co curred, the District shall promptly respond by taking appro- disciplinary action in accordance with the Student Code of and may take corrective action reasonably calculated to a the conduct.	priate f Conduct
Corrective Action	Examples of corrective action may include a training prograthose involved in the report, a comprehensive education profers the school community, counseling to the victim and the who engaged in prohibited conduct, follow-up inquiries to mine if any new incidents or any instances of retaliation has curred, involving parents and students in efforts to identify lems and improve the school climate, increasing staff more	orogram e student deter- ave oc- v prob-

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	areas where prohibited conduct has occurred, and reaffirming the District's policy against discrimination, harassment, and retaliation.
Bullying	If the results of an investigation indicate that bullying occurred, as defined by FFI, the District official shall refer to FFI for appropriate notice to parents and District action. The District official shall refer to FDB for transfer provisions.
Improper Conduct	If the investigation reveals improper conduct that did not rise to the level of prohibited conduct or bullying, the District may take discipli- nary action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct or other corrective action reasonably calculated to address the con- duct.
Confidentiality	To the greatest extent possible, the District shall respect the pri- vacy of the complainant, persons against whom a report is filed, and witnesses. Limited disclosures may be necessary in order to conduct a thorough investigation and comply with applicable law.
Appeal	A student or parent who is dissatisfied with the outcome of the in- vestigation may appeal through FNG(LOCAL), beginning at the ap- propriate level. A student or parent has the right to file a complaint with the United States Department of Education Office for Civil Rights.
Response to Title IX Sexual Harassment	For purposes of the District's response to reports of harassment prohibited by Title IX, definitions can be found in FFH(LEGAL).
General Response	When the District receives notice or an allegation of conduct that, if proved, would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX, the Title IX coordinator shall promptly contact the complainant to:
	 Discuss the availability of supportive measures and inform the complainant that they are available, with or without the filing of a formal complaint;
	 Consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures; and
	 Explain to the complainant the option and process for filing a formal complaint.
	The District's response to sexual harassment shall treat complainants and respondents equitably by offering supportive measures to both parties, as appropriate, and by following the Title IX formal complaint process before imposing disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures against a respondent.

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	the acco The com delil prof	formal complaint is not filed or dismissed, the District reserves right to investigate and respond to prohibited conduct in ordance with Board policies and the Student Code of Conduct. Title IX coordinator also reserves the right to sign a formal aplaint, initiating the Title IX grievance process, if it would be berately indifferent not to investigate and respond to the hibited conduct in accordance with Board policies and the dent Code of Conduct.
Title IX Formal Complaint Process	eral fers spo	distinguish the process described below from the District's gen- grievance policies [see DGBA, FNG, and GF], this policy re- to the grievance process required by Title IX regulations for re- nding to formal complaints of sexual harassment as the rict's "Title IX formal complaint process."
	mal FF⊢ Dist trict	Superintendent shall ensure the development of a Title IX for- complaint process that complies with legal requirements. [See H(LEGAL)] The formal complaint process shall be posted on the rict's website. In compliance with Title IX regulations, the Dis- 's Title IX formal complaint process shall address the following ic requirements:
	1.	Equitable treatment of complainants and respondents;
	2.	An objective evaluation of all relevant evidence;
	3.	A requirement that the Title IX coordinator, investigator, deci- sion-maker, or any person designated to facilitate an informal resolution process not have a conflict of interest or bias;
	4.	A presumption that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged sexual harassment until a determination is made at the conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process;
	5.	Time frames that provide for a reasonably prompt conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process, including time frames for appeals and any informal resolution process, and that al- low for temporary delays or the limited extension of time frames with good cause and written notice as required by law;
	6.	A description of the possible disciplinary sanctions and reme- dies that may be implemented following a determination of re- sponsibility for the alleged sexual harassment;
	7.	A statement of the standard of evidence to be used to deter- mine responsibility for all Title IX formal complaints of sexual harassment;
	8.	Procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal a determination of responsibility or a

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		dismissal of a Title IX formal complaint or any allegations therein;
	9.	A description of the supportive measures available to the complainant and respondent;
	10.	A prohibition on using or seeking information protected under a legally recognized privilege unless the individual holding the privilege has waived the privilege;
	11.	Additional formal complaint procedures in 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b), including written notice of a formal complaint, con- solidation of formal complaints, recordkeeping, and investiga- tion procedures; and
	12.	Other local procedures as determined by the Superintendent.
Standard of Evidence	IX fo	standard of evidence used to determine responsibility in a Title ormal complaint of sexual harassment shall be the oonderance of the evidence.
Retaliation	agai hara good com parti tion tion Title tion	District prohibits retaliation by a student or District employee inst a student alleged to have experienced discrimination or assment, including dating violence, or another student who, in d faith, makes a report of harassment or discrimination, files a plaint of harassment or discrimination, serves as a witness, or icipates in an investigation. The definition of prohibited retalia- under this policy also includes retaliation against a student refuses to participate in any manner in an investigation under IX. In the absence of a formal complaint, allegations of retalia- shall be investigated under Investigation of Reports Other n Title IX, above.
Examples	rum tified	mples of retaliation may include threats, intimidation, coercion, or spreading, ostracism, assault, destruction of property, unjus- d punishments, or unwarranted grade reductions. Unlawful re- tion does not include petty slights or annoyances.
False Claim	state hara	udent who intentionally makes a false claim or offers false ements in a District investigation regarding discrimination or assment, including dating violence, shall be subject to appropri- disciplinary action in accordance with law.
Records Retention	and ance	District shall retain copies of allegations, investigation reports, related records regarding any prohibited conduct in accord- e with the District's records control schedules, but for no less the minimum amount of time required by law. [See CPC]
	-	Title IX recordkeeping and retention provisions, see FFH(LE- .) and the District's Title IX formal complaint process.]

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STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISC	RIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	FFH (LOCAL)
Access to Policy and Procedures	Information regarding this policy and any accompanying p dures shall be distributed annually in the employee and s handbooks. Copies of the policy and procedures shall be on the District's website, to the extent practicable, and rea available at each campus and the District's administrative	tudent posted adily

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STUDENT ACTIVITIES

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UIL Rules and District Policies	A student enrolled in a district or who participates in an extracurric- ular activity or a University Interscholastic League (UIL) competi- tion is subject to district policy and UIL rules regarding participation only when the student is under the direct supervision of an em- ployee of the school or district in which the student is enrolled or at any other time specified by resolution of a board. <i>Education Code</i> <i>33.081(b)</i> [See FO regarding additional standards of conduct for extracurricular activities]
Athletic Activities UIL Forms	Each student participating in an extracurricular athletic activity must complete the UIL forms entitled "Preparticipation Physical Evaluation—Medical History" and "Acknowledgement of Rules." Each form must be signed by both the student and the student's parent or guardian. <i>Education Code 33.203(a)</i>
Notices	Each school that offers an extracurricular athletic activity shall:
	 Prominently display at its administrative offices the telephone number and electronic mail address that the commissioner of education maintains for reporting violations of Education Code Chapter 33, Subchapter F; and
	2. Provide each student participant and the student's parent or guardian a copy of the text of Education Code 33.201–33.207 and a copy of the UIL's parent information manual. The document may be provided in an electronic format unless otherwise requested.
	Education Code 33.207(b), .208
Records	A superintendent shall maintain complete and accurate records of the district's compliance and the district shall make available to the public proof of compliance for each person enrolled in the district who is required to receive safety training.
	A campus that is determined by the superintendent to be out of compliance with the safety training requirements or the require- ments regarding unsafe practices and safety precautions (see be- low) shall be subject to the range of penalties determined by the UIL.
	Education Code 33.206
Unsafe Practices	A coach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity may not encourage or permit a student participant to engage in any unreasonably dangerous athletic technique that unnecessarily en- dangers the health of a student, including using a helmet or any other sports equipment as a weapon. <i>Education Code 33.204</i>

Safety Precautions	A coach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity shall at each athletic practice or competition ensure that:		
	1.	Each student participant is adequately hydrated;	
	2.	Any prescribed asthma medication for a student participant is readily available to the student;	
	3.	Emergency lanes providing access to the practice or competi- tion area are open and clear; and	
	4.	Heatstroke prevention materials are readily available.	
	If a student participating in a practice or competition becomes un- conscious during the activity, the student may not:		
	1.	Return to the activity during which the student became uncon- scious; or	
	2.	Participate in any extracurricular athletic activity until the stu- dent receives written authorization for such participation from a physician.	
	Edu	cation Code 33.205	
Concussions	"Interscholastic athletic activity" includes practice and competition, sponsored or sanctioned by a district, including a home-rule dis- trict, or a public school, including any school for which a charter has been granted under Education Code Chapter 12, or the UIL. <i>Education Code 38.152</i>		
	"Concussion" means a complex pathophysiological process affect- ing the brain caused by a traumatic physical force or impact to the head or body, which may include temporary or prolonged altered brain function resulting in physical, cognitive, or emotional symp- toms or altered sleep patterns, and involve loss of consciousness. <i>Education Code 38.151(4)</i>		
Concussion Oversight Team	inter	board of a district with students enrolled who participate in an scholastic athletic activity shall appoint or approve a concus- oversight team. <i>Education Code 38.153(a)</i>	
	cian clud the o acce ter s athle or a	In concussion oversight team must include at least one physi- and, to the greatest extent practicable, considering factors in- ing the population of the metropolitan statistical area in which district is located, district enrollment, and the availability of and ess to licensed health-care professionals in the district or char- chool area, must also include one or more of the following: an etic trainer, an advanced practice nurse, a neuropsychologist, physician assistant. If a district employs an athletic trainer, the etic trainer must be a member of the concussion oversight	

	team. If a district employs a school nurse, the school nurse may be a member of the district concussion oversight team if requested by the school nurse.		
	Each member of the concussion oversight team must have had training in the evaluation, treatment, and oversight of concussions at the time of appointment or approval as a member of the team. The members also must take a training course at least once every two years and submit proof of timely completion to the superinten- dent or designee in accordance with Education Code 38.158.		
	Education Code 38.154, .158		
Return-to-Play Protocol	Each concussion oversight team shall establish a return-to-play protocol, based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, for a stu- dent's return to interscholastic athletics practice or competition fol- lowing the force or impact believed to have caused a concussion. <i>Education Code 38.153(b)</i>		
Required Annual Form	A student may not participate in an interscholastic athletic activity for a school year until both the student and the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student have signed a form for that school year that acknowledges receiving and reading written information that explains concussion prevention, symptoms, treatment, and over- sight and that includes guidelines for safely resuming participation in an athletic activity following a concussion. The form must be ap- proved by the UIL. <i>Education Code 38.155</i>		
Removal from Play	A student shall be removed from an interscholastic athletics prac- tice or competition immediately if one of the following persons be- lieves the student might have sustained a concussion during the practice or competition: a coach; a physician; a licensed health- care professional, as defined by Education Code 38.151(5); a li- censed chiropractor; a school nurse; or the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student. <i>Education Code 38.156</i>		
Return to Play	A student removed from an interscholastic athletics practice or competition under Education Code 38.156 may not be permitted to practice or compete again following the force or impact believed to have caused the concussion until:		
	 The student has been evaluated, using established medical protocols based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, by a treating physician chosen by the student or the student's par- ent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student; 		

- The student has successfully completed each requirement of the return-to-play protocol established under Education Code 38.153 necessary for the student to return to play;
- 3. The treating physician has provided a written statement indicating that, in the physician's professional judgment, it is safe for the student to return to play; and
- 4. The student and the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student have acknowledged that the student has completed the requirements of the return-to-play protocol necessary for the student to return to play, have provided the treating physician's written statement to the person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol and the person who has supervisory responsibilities, and have signed a consent form indicating that the person signing:
 - a. Has been informed concerning and consents to the student participating in returning to play in accordance with the return-to-play protocol;
 - b. Understands the risks associated with the student returning to play and will comply with any ongoing requirements in the return-to-play protocol;
 - c. Consents to the disclosure to appropriate persons, consistent with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, of the treating physician's written statement and, if any, the return-to-play recommendations of the treating physician; and
 - d. Understands the immunity provisions under Education Code 38.159.

A coach of an interscholastic athletics team may not authorize a student's return to play.

The superintendent or designee shall supervise an athletic trainer or other person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol. The person who has supervisory responsibilities may not be a coach of an interscholastic athletics team.

Education Code 38.157

Immunity These provisions do not:

1. Waive any immunity from liability of a district or of district officers or employees;

	2.	Create any liability for a cause of action against a district or against district officers or employees;
	3.	Waive any immunity from liability under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 74.151; or
	4.	Create any cause of action or liability for a member of a con- cussion oversight team arising from the injury or death of a student participating in an interscholastic athletics practice or competition, based on service or participation on the concus- sion oversight team.
	Edι	ication Code 38.159
Football Helmet Safety Requirements	in tł foot	istrict may not use a football helmet that is 16 years old or older ne district's football program. A district shall ensure that each aball helmet used in the district's football program that is 10 rs old or older is reconditioned at least once every two years.
	enro foot	istrict shall maintain and make available to parents of students olled in the district documentation indicating the age of each ball helmet used in the district's football program and the dates which each helmet is reconditioned.
	Edι	ıcation Code 33.094(a)–(c)
Steroid Testing	test an a test	e UIL shall adopt rules for the annual administration of a steroid ing program under which high school students participating in athletic competition sponsored or sanctioned by the league are red at multiple times throughout the year for the presence of roids [see FNF].
	by den	sults of such steroid tests are confidential and, unless required court order, may be disclosed only to the student and the stu- it's parent and the activity directors, principal, and assistant icipals of the school attended by the student.
	Edι	ication Code 33.091(d)–(e)
Cardiac Assessment	rule low by t diog que	istrict must provide a district student who is required under UIL or policy to receive a physical examination before being al- ed to participate in an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned he UIL, information about sudden cardiac arrest and electrocar- gram testing and notification of the option of the student to re- est the administration of an electrocardiogram, in addition to the sical examination.
	prot	udent may request an electrocardiogram from any health-care fessional, including a health-care professional provided through strict program, provided that the health-care professional is ap-

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	terpre scope	iately licensed in Texas and authorized to administer and in- et electrocardiograms under the health-care professional's e of practice, as establish by the health-care professional's s licensing act.
Immunity	stand cause scribe	e provisions do not create a cause of action or liability or a lard of care, obligation, or duty that provides a basis for a e of action or liability against a health-care professional de- ed in the provision, the UIL, a district, or a district officer or oyee for:
		The injury or death of a student participating in or practicing for an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL based on or in connection with the administration or interpre- tation of or reliance on an electrocardiogram; or
		The content or distribution of the information required under these provisions or the failure to distribute the required information.
	Educ	ation Code 33.096
Interscholastic Athletic Competition Based on Biological Sex	trict n letic o ignate sex a descr	terscholastic athletic team sponsored or authorized by a dis- nay not allow a student to compete in an interscholastic ath- competition sponsored or authorized by the district that is des- ed for the biological sex opposite to the student's biological is correctly stated on the student's official birth certificate, as ribed below, or if the student's official birth certificate is unob- ble, another government record.
Exception	trict n athlet spone	terscholastic athletic team sponsored or authorized by a dis- nay allow a female student to compete in an interscholastic tic competition that is designated for male students if a corre- ding interscholastic athletic competition designated for female ents is not offered or available.
Birth Certificate Statement	sex o corre was e	urposes of this provision, a statement of a student's biological on the student's official birth certificate is considered to have ctly stated the student's biological sex only if the statement entered at or near the time of the student's birth or modified to ct any type of scrivener or clerical error in the student's biolog- ex.
	Educ	ation Code 33.0834
Rodeos	spons	section applies only to a primary or secondary school that sors, promotes, or otherwise is associated with a rodeo in n children who attend the school are likely to participate.

	Rodeo" means an exhibition or competition, without regard to /hether the participants are compensated, involving activities ated to cowboy skills, including:	
	. Riding a horse, with or without a saddle, with the goal of maining on the horse while it attempts to throw off the rid	
	. Riding a bull;	
	. Roping an animal, including roping as part of a team;	
	. Wrestling a steer; and	
	 Riding a horse in a pattern around preset barrels or other stacles. 	r ob-
Educational Program	primary or secondary school to which this section applies she before the first rodeo associated with the school in each school ear, conduct a mandatory educational program on safety, inc ing the proper use of protective gear, for children planning to p pate in the rodeo, in accordance with 25 Administrative Code 04.4. The educational program may consist of an instructional ideo, subject to the Department of State Health Services ap- proval.	ol lud- partic-
Restriction on Participation	child may not participate in a rodeo associated with the child chool during a school year unless the child has completed the cational program not more than one year before the first day ne rodeo.	e ed-
Protective Gear for Bull Riding	A child may not engage in bull riding, including engaging in buing outside a rodeo for the purpose of practicing bull riding, un the child is wearing a protective vest and bull riding helmet in a ordance with 25 Administrative Code 104.3.	less
	lealth and Safety Code 768.001(6), .003; 25 TAC 104.2–.4	
Eligibility	A student otherwise eligible to participate in an extracurricular ivity or a UIL competition is not ineligible because the student inrolled in a course offered for joint high school and college cu or in a course offered under a concurrent enrollment program, ardless of the location at which the course is provided. <i>Educa</i> <i>Code 33.087</i>	t is redit, re-
Military Dependents	The district shall facilitate the opportunity for transitioning militani hildren's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of a ation deadlines, to the extent they are otherwise qualified. Ect for Code 162.002 art. VI, § B [See FDD]	ppli-

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Attendance and Participation	tion	State Board of Education (SBOE) by rule shall limit participa- in and practice for extracurricular activities during the school and the school week.
	of tin tract extra or an perm the s	board of a district may adopt a policy establishing the number nes a student who is otherwise eligible to participate in an ex- urricular activity may be absent from class to participate in an acurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by the district, UIL, n organization sanctioned by board resolution. The policy must hit a student to be absent from class at least ten times during school year, and the policy prevails over any conflicting policy bted by the SBOE.
	Edu	cation Code 33.081(a), .0811
SBOE Rules	The	following provisions apply to any UIL activity.
	stud tione izatio 19 A tion, that	er organizations requiring student participation that causes a ent to miss a class may request sanction from a board. If sanc- ed by resolution of the board, student participation in the organ- on's activities shall be subject to all provisions of statute and to dministration Code 76.1001. If a board does not grant sanc- any absences incurred by a student while participating with organization's activities shall be subject to the attendance pro- ns of the Education Code. <i>19 TAC 76.1001(f)</i> [See FEB]
Extracurricular Activities	boar tivity knov	extracurricular activity is an activity sponsored by the UIL, a rd, or an organization sanctioned by board resolution. The ac- r is not necessarily directly related to instruction of the essential vledge and skills but may have an indirect relation to some ar- of the curriculum.
	form In ac	acurricular activities include, but are not limited to, public per- ances, contests, demonstrations, displays, and club activities. ddition, an activity is subject to this policy if any one of the fol- ng criteria applies:
	1.	The activity is competitive;
	2.	The activity is held in conjunction with another activity that is considered extracurricular;
	3.	The activity is held off-campus, except in a case in which ade- quate facilities do not exist on campus;
	4.	The general public is invited; or
	5.	An admission is charged.

Exceptions Public Performances	A student ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity, but who is enrolled in a state-approved course that requires demon- stration of the mastery of the essential knowledge and skills in a public performance, may participate in the performance if:		
	1.	The general public is invited; and	
	2.	The requirement for student participation in public is stated in the essential knowledge and skills of the course.	า
State-Approved Music Courses	who in Ul	Ident ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity, but is enrolled in a state-approved music course that participates L Concert and Sight-Reading Evaluation, may perform with the mble during the UIL evaluation performance.	
	19 T.	AC 76.1001(a)	
Limits on Participation and		ations on practice, rehearsal, and student participation during school week shall be as follows:]
Practice During the School Week	1.	For any given extracurricular activity, a student may not par- ticipate in more than one activity per school week, excluding holidays, except as provided in item 2, below.	
	2.	A student may also participate in a tournament or post-distric contest, as well as a contest postponed by weather or public disaster that may determine advancement to a post-district level of competition.	
	3.	For each extracurricular activity, a district must limit students to a maximum of eight hours of practice and rehearsal outsid the school day per school week.	
	4.	The commissioner recommends that districts avoid schedul- ing extracurricular activities or public performances on the da or evening immediately preceding the day on which the statewide student assessment program is scheduled for grades 3–11.	
	19 T.	AC 76.1001(d); Education Code 33.081(a)	
During the School Day	Limitations on practice and rehearsal during the school day shall be as follows:		
	1.	A district must limit a student to one period of practice during the regularly scheduled school day for practice of extracurric ular activities, such as athletics, drill team, or cheerleading.	
	2.	The limit in item 1 does not prohibit a student from enrolling i any state-approved class. A student who is enrolled in a state approved class that includes essential knowledge and skills that relate to the preparation for an extracurricular activity	
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		may practice that extracurricular activity for no more than one period during the school day.
	3.	A student may not be permitted to miss a scheduled aca- demic class to practice for an unrelated extracurricular activ- ity.
	4.	A district must limit extracurricular practice during the school day to ensure that class periods for extracurricular practice do not exceed the time allotted for other class periods.
	5.	Regardless of the schedule type in place (traditional or non- traditional), a school may elect to practice extracurricular ac- tivities daily, provided the total minutes allowed for the extra- curricular practice is not greater than 300 minutes during the school week.
	19 1	TAC 76.1001(e); Education Code 33.081(a)
Record of Absences	sen	strict shall maintain an accurate record of extracurricular ab- ces for each student in the district each school year. <i>19 TAC</i> 1001(c)
Students Receiving Outpatient Mental Health Services	in U serv or o base serv ing i	strict may not adopt or enforce policies that restrict participation IL activities by a student who receives outpatient mental health vices from a mental health facility and is enrolled in the district therwise receives public education services from a district ed solely on the student's receipt of outpatient mental health vices from a mental health facility or the student's absence dur- instructional time while receiving outpatient mental health ser- s from a mental health facility.
	plies ties	s provision does not exempt a student to whom this section ap- s from any eligibility requirement for participation in UIL activi- other than an eligibility requirement based solely on the criteria ecceipt of outpatient mental health services from a mental health ity.
	Edu	cation Code 33.0832(c)–(d)
Participation by Homeschooled Students	may gibil opp the	ablic school that participates in an activity sponsored by UIL of provide a non-enrolled student, who otherwise meets UIL eli- ity standards to represent that school in a UIL activity, with the ortunity to participate in the activity on behalf of the school in same manner that the school provides the opportunity to partic- e to students enrolled in the school.
	as a	n-enrolled student" means a student who receives instruction homeschooled student as described by Education Code 016(a)(1) from a nonpublic school [see EK].

Relevant Policies	UIL	A non-enrolled student who seeks to participate or participates in a UIL activity on behalf of a school is subject to the following relevant policies that apply to students enrolled in the school:	
	1.	Registration for UIL activities;	
	2.	Age eligibility;	
	3.	Fees;	
	4.	Insurance;	
	5.	Transportation;	
	6.	Physical condition;	
	7.	Qualifications;	
	8.	Responsibilities;	
	9.	Event schedules;	
	10.	Standards of behavior; and	
	11.	Performance.	
Residency Requirements	sch bas who be r the	on-enrolled student may only participate in a UIL activity for the ool in the district that the student would be eligible to attend ed on the student's residential address. A non-enrolled student be seeks to participate in a UIL activity on behalf of a school shall required to establish minimum proof of residency acceptable to district in the same manner as an applicant to attend a school ne district under Education Code 25.001 [see FD].	
Academic Requirements	stuc to th bility sch aca enc Skil Con stra site ave serv repo	The parent or person standing in parental relation to a non-enrolled student is responsible for oversight of academic standards relating to the student's participation in a UIL activity. As a condition of elic bility to participate in a UIL activity during the first six weeks of a school year, a non-enrolled student must demonstrate grade-leve academic proficiency on any nationally recognized, norm-refer- enced assessment instrument, such as the Iowa Test of Basic Skills, Stanford Achievement Test, California Achievement Test, o Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills. A non-enrolled student demo strates the required academic proficiency by achieving a compo- site, core, or survey score that is within the average or higher that average range of scores, as established by the applicable testing service. A district shall accept assessment results administered or reported by a third party.	
	suff	on-enrolled student's demonstration of academic proficiency is icient for the school year in which the student achieves the re- ed score and the subsequent school year.	

	After the first six weeks of a school year, the parent or person standing in parental relation to a non-enrolled student participating in a UIL activity on behalf of a public school must periodically, in accordance with the school's grading calendar, provide written veri- fication to the school indicating that the student is receiving a pass- ing grade in each course or subject being taught.	
Previous Enrollment in Public School	A non-enrolled student is not authorized by this section to partici- pate in a UIL activity during the remainder of any school year dur- ing which the student was previously enrolled in a public school.	
Prohibitions	With respect to a non-enrolled student's education program, noth- ing in these provisions shall be construed to permit an agency of this state, a public school district, or any other governmental body to exercise control, regulatory authority, or supervision over a non- enrolled student or a parent or person standing in parental relation to a non-enrolled student beyond the control, regulatory authority, or supervision required to participate in a UIL activity.	
	Subject only to eligibility requirements, the curriculum or assessment requirements, performance standards, practices, or creed of the education program provided to a non-enrolled student may not be required to be changed in order for the non-enrolled student to participate in a UIL activity. Subject only to eligibility requirements, for a non-enrolled student participating in an education program on January 1, 2021, the education program provided to that student may not be required to comply with any state law or agency rule relating to that education program unless the law or rule was in effect on January 1, 2021.	
	Education Code 33.0832	
Suspension from Extracurricular Activities	A student shall be suspended from participation in any extracurric- ular activity sponsored or sanctioned by a district or the UIL after a grade evaluation period in which the student received a grade lower than the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100 in any academic class other than a course described below at Exempt Courses.	
Length of Suspension	A suspension continues for at least three school weeks and is not removed during the school year until the conditions of Reinstate- ment, described below, are met. A suspension shall not last beyond the end of a school year.	
Grade Evaluation	"Grade evaluation period" means:	
Period	1. The six-week grade reporting period; or	

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	2. The first six weeks of a semester and each grade reportion period thereafter, in the case of a district with a grade ing period longer than six weeks.	•
	Education Code 33.081(c)	
School Week	The school week is defined as beginning at 12:01 a.m. on to instructional day of the calendar week and ending at the clainstruction on the last instructional day of the calendar week cluding holidays. <i>19 TAC 76.1001(b)</i>	ose of
Exempt Courses	The suspension and reinstatement provisions of Education 33.081(c) and (d) do not apply to an advanced placement of national baccalaureate course, or to an honors or dual cred course in the subject areas of English language arts, mather science, social studies, economics, or a language other that lish. <i>Education Code 33.081(d-1)</i>	or inter- lit ematics,
	Honors classes for purposes of eligibility to participate in ex- ricular activities are listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.30(
	Districts may identify additional honors courses in the subject eas of English language arts, mathematics, science, social or a language other than English for the purposes of extract eligibility but must identify such courses before the semester which any exemptions related to extracurricular activities of	studies, curricular er in
	Districts are neither required to nor restricted from consider courses as honors for the purpose of grade point average of tion.	•
	19 TAC 74.30	
Students with Disabilities	In the case of a student with a disability that significantly int with the student's ability to meet regular academic standard pension must be based on the student's failure to meet the ments of the student's individualized education program (IE determination of whether the disability substantially interfer the student's ability to meet the requirements of the studen must be made by the admission, review, and dismissal (AR mittee.	ds, sus- require- EP). The es with t's IEP
	For the purposes of this provision, "student with a disability a student who is eligible for a district's special education pr under Education Code 29.003(b).	
	Education Code 33.081(e)	
Practice or Rehearsal	A student suspended under Education Code 33.081 may p or rehearse with other students for an extracurricular activit may not participate in a competition or other public perform	y but
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	This provision does not apply to a student prohibited from partici- pation for certain conduct involving extracurricular officials [see be- low]. <i>Education Code 33.081(f)</i>
Reinstatement	Until the suspension is removed or the school year ends, a district shall review the grades of a student at the end of each three-week period following the date on which the suspension began. At the time of a review, the suspension is removed if the student's grade in each class, other than a course described above at Exempt Courses, is equal to or greater than the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100. The principal and each of the student's grades. <i>Education Code 33.081(d)</i>
Suspension for Certain Conduct Involving Extracurricular Officials	A student who is enrolled in a district in Texas or who participates in a UIL competition shall be prohibited from participation in any fu- ture extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by the district or the UIL if the state executive committee of the league deter- mines that the student intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes bodily injury to a person serving as referee, judge, or other official of an extracurricular activity in retaliation for or as a result of the person's actions taken in performing the duties of a referee, judge, or other official of the extracurricular activity.
Reinstatement After Conduct	A student prohibited from participation may submit to the UIL a re- quest that the student be permitted to participate in future extracur- ricular activities sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL. The request must be submitted at least one year after the date the student en- gaged in the conduct that resulted in the prohibition if the student was enrolled in eighth grade or below at the time of the conduct or two years after the date the student engaged in the conduct that resulted in the prohibition if the student was enrolled in a student or above at the time of the conduct.
	Education Code 33.081(e-1)–(e-2)
Parental Notice and Consent	A parent is entitled to full information regarding the school activities of a parent's child except as provided by Education Code 38.004 (child abuse investigations). <i>Education Code 26.008(a)</i>
Anonymous Evaluations	Anonymous evaluations of a student that determine whether the student may participate in a school-related program do not provide full information about the student's school activities. A district may by policy establish the parameters for parental contact with evaluating teachers, taking into account the type of evaluation, the information elicited in the evaluation, and scheduling and workload requirements of the teachers. <u>Byard v. Clear Creek Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , <i>Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 020-R5-1001 (June 17, 2002)</i>

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Videotaping and Recording	A district employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's parent before the employee may videotape the child or record the child's voice if the videotape or recording is to be used only for a purpose related to a cocurricular or extracurricular activity. <i>Education Code 26.009(b)(2)</i>
Discriminatory Club	An extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by a district, in- cluding an athletic event or an athletic team practice, may not take place at an athletic club located in the United States that denies any person full and equal enjoyment of equipment or facilities pro- vided by the athletic club because of the person's race, color, reli- gion, creed, national origin, or sex.
	"Athletic club" means an entity that provides sports or exercise equipment or facilities to its customers or members or to the guests of its customers or members.
	Education Code 33.082
Special Olympics Recognition	If a district allows high school students to earn a letter for aca- demic, athletic, or extracurricular achievements, the district must allow high school students to earn a letter on the basis of a stu- dent's participation in a Special Olympics event. <i>Education Code</i> <i>33.093</i>
Student Election Clerks	Unless applied toward instructional requirements [see EIA], a stu- dent who is appointed as a student election clerk under Election Code 32.0511 or as a student early voting clerk under Election Code 83.012, may apply the time served toward a service require- ment for participation in a school-sponsored extracurricular activity at the discretion of the school sponsor. <i>Education Code 33.092</i>
Before-School and After-School Programs	The board may establish before-school or after-school programs for students enrolled in elementary or middle school grades. A pro- gram established under this section may operate before, after, or before and after school hours.
	A student is eligible to participate in the district's before-school or after-school program if the student is enrolled in a public or private school or resides within the boundaries of the district.
	A district shall conduct a request for proposals procurement pro- cess to enable the district to determine if contracting with a child- care facility that provides a before-school or after-school program, as defined by Human Resources Code 42.002, to provide the dis- trict's before-school or after-school program would serve the dis- trict's best interests. Following the request for proposals procure- ment process, the district may enter into a contract with a child- care facility or implement a before-school or after-school program operated by the district. If the district enters into a contract with a
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child-care facility, the contract must comply with the requirements of Education Code 44.031 and may not exceed a term of three years.

The board may adopt rules in accordance with Education Code 11.165 [see BAA] to provide access to school campuses before or after school hours for the purpose of providing a before-school or after-school program.

Education Code 33.9031

First Amendment	A district shall take no action respecting an establishment of reli- gion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the free- dom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition a board for a redress of grievances. <i>U.S. Const. Amend. I</i>
Freedom of Speech	Students do not shed their constitutional rights to freedom of speech or expression at the schoolhouse gate. At school and school events, students have First Amendment rights, applied in light of the special characteristics of the school environment.
	Student expression that is protected by the First Amendment may not be prohibited absent a showing that the expression will materi- ally and substantially interfere with the operation of the school or the rights of others.
	<u>Tinker v. Des Moines Indep. Cmty. Sch. Dist.</u> , 393 U.S. 503 (1969) [See also FNCI]
	The special characteristics of the school environment and the gov- ernmental interest in stopping student drug abuse allow a district to restrict student expression that it reasonably regards as promoting illegal drug use. <u>Morse v. Frederick</u> , 551 U.S. 393 (2007)
	When a student threatens violence against a student body, such specific threatening speech to a school or its population is unprotected by the First Amendment: school officials may punish such speech without first collecting evidence sufficient to prove a reasonable belief that disruption would occur as a result of the speech. <u>Ponce v. Socorro Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , 508 F.3d 765 (5th Cir. 2007)
	The inculcation of fundamental values necessary to the mainte- nance of a democratic society is part of the work of the school. The First Amendment does not prevent school officials from determin- ing that particular student expression is vulgar and lewd, and there- fore contrary to the school's basic educational mission. <u>Bethel Sch.</u> <u>Dist. No. 403 v. Fraser</u> , 478 U.S. 675 (1986)
	Public schools may have a special interest in regulating some off- campus student speech, however, the interest must be sufficient to overcome the student's interest in free expression. Circumstances that may implicate a school's regulatory interests include serious or severe bullying or harassment targeting particular individuals; threats aimed at teachers or other students; the failure to follow rules concerning lessons, the writing of papers, the use of comput- ers, or participation in other online school activities; and breaches of school security devices. <u>Mahanoy Area School District v. B.L</u> , 141 S.Ct. 2038 (2021)

Prayer at School Activities	A public school student has an absolute right to individually, volun- tarily, and silently pray or meditate in school in a manner that does not disrupt the instructional or other activities of the school. A stu- dent shall not be required, encouraged, or coerced to engage in or refrain from such prayer or meditation during any school activity. <i>Education Code 25.901</i>
	Nothing in the Constitution as interpreted by the U.S. Supreme Court prohibits any public school student from voluntarily praying at any time before, during, or after the school day. But the religious liberty protected by the Constitution is abridged when a district af- firmatively sponsors the particular religious practice of prayer.
	A district shall not adopt a policy that establishes an improper ma- joritarian election on religion and has the purpose and creates the perception of encouraging the delivery of prayer at a series of im- portant school events.
	<u>Santa Fe Indep. Sch. Dist. v. Doe</u> , 530 U.S. 290 (2000) (address- ing school-sponsored, student-led prayer delivered over the public address system at high school football games) [For invocations and benedictions at commencement, see FMH.]
Federal Funds	As a condition of receiving federal funds under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), a district shall certify in writing to TEA that no policy of the district prevents, or otherwise denies par- ticipation in, constitutionally protected prayer in public schools, as detailed in the guidance from the United States secretary of educa- tion regarding constitutionally protected prayer. The certification shall be provided by October 1 of each year.
	By November 1 of each year, TEA shall report to the secretary a list of districts that have not filed the certification or against which com- plaints have been made to TEA that the district is not in compliance with this section. The secretary may issue and secure compliance with rules or orders with respect to a district that fails to certify, or is found to have certified in bad faith, that no policy of the district pre- vents, or otherwise denies participation in, constitutionally pro- tected prayer in public schools.
	20 U.S.C. 7904
Expression of Religious Viewpoints	A district shall treat a student's voluntary expression of a religious viewpoint, if any, on an otherwise permissible subject in the same manner the district treats a student's voluntary expression of a secular or other viewpoint on an otherwise permissible subject and may not discriminate against the student based on a religious viewpoint expressed by the student on an otherwise permissible subject. <i>Education Code 25.151</i>

Policies	A district shall adopt and implement a local policy regarding a lim- ited public forum and voluntary student expression of religious viewpoints. If a district voluntarily adopts and follows the model pol- icy governing voluntary religious expression in public schools at Education Code 25.156, the district is in compliance with the provi- sions of Education Code Chapter 25, Subchapter E covered by the model policy.				
	A district shall adopt a policy that includes the establishment of a limited public forum for student speakers at all school events at which a student is to publicly speak. The policy regarding the limited public forum must also require a district to:				
	 Provide the forum in a manner that does not discriminate against a student's voluntary expression of a religious view- point, if any, on an otherwise permissible subject; 				
	 Provide a method, based on neutral criteria, for the selection of student speakers at school events and graduation ceremo- nies; 				
	3. Ensure that a student speaker does not engage in obscene, vulgar, offensively lewd, or indecent speech; and				
	 State, in writing, orally, or both, that the student's speech does not reflect the endorsement, sponsorship, position, or expression of the district. 				
	Student expression on an otherwise permissible subject may not be excluded from the limited public forum because the subject is expressed from a religious viewpoint.				
Disclaimer	The disclaimer required by item 4, above, must be provided at all graduation ceremonies. A district must continue to provide the disclaimer at any other event in which a student speaks publicly for as long as a need exists to dispel confusion over the district's non-sponsorship of the student's speech.				
	Education Code 25.152, .155				
Class Assignments	Students may express their beliefs about religion in homework, art- work, and other written and oral assignments free from discrimina- tion based on the religious content of their submissions. Homework and classroom assignments must be judged by ordinary academic standards of substance and relevance and against other legitimate pedagogical concerns identified by a district. Students may not be penalized or rewarded on account of the religious content of their work. <i>Education Code 25.153</i>				

	[For information on the study of religion, see EMI. For information on student religious groups and activities, see FNAB.]		
Patriotic Observances	A district may officially encourage students to express love for the United States by reciting historical documents or singing official anthems that contain religious references; such patriotic or ceremonial occasions do not constitute a school-sponsored religious exercise. <u>Engel v. Vitale</u> , 370 U.S. 421 (1962)		
	A district shall not, however, compel students to participate in patri- otic observances. <u>West Virginia State Bd. of Educ. v. Barnette</u> , 319 U.S. 624 (1943) (holding unconstitutional a requirement that stu- dents salute the United States flag and recite the Pledge of Alle- giance)		
Winter Celebrations	A district may educate students about the history of traditional win- ter celebrations, and allow students and district staff to offer tradi- tional greetings regarding the celebrations, including:		
	1. "Merry Christmas";		
	2. "Happy Hanukkah"; and		
	3. "Happy holidays."		
	A district may display on school property scenes or symbols asso- ciated with traditional winter celebrations, including a menorah or a Christmas image such as a nativity scene or Christmas tree, if the display includes a scene or symbol of more than one religion or one religion and at least one secular scene or symbol.		
	A display relating to a traditional winter celebration may not include a message that encourages adherence to a particular religious be- lief.		

Education Code 29.920

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISC	IPLIN	ARY	ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	FOC (LEGAL)
Removal Under Student Code of Conduct	ize o fer a	or req i stud	ent Code of Conduct must specify conditions tha uire a principal or other appropriate administrato ent to a disciplinary alternative education program Education Code 37.001(a)(2)	r to trans-
Mandatory Placement in DAEP	stud	ent e	shall be removed from class and placed in a DA ngages in conduct described in Education Code res placement. <i>Education Code</i> 37.006	
School-Related Misconduct	stud the e	ent e eleme	shall be removed from class and placed in a DA ngages in conduct involving a public school that ents of the offense of false alarm or report under 06, or terroristic threat under Penal Code 22.07.	contains
	if the prop bour	e stuc erty, ndary	shall also be removed from class and placed in lent commits the following on or within 300 feet of as measured from any point on the school's real line, or while attending a school-sponsored or so vity on or off school property:	of school property
	1.	Eng	ages in conduct punishable as a felony.	
	2.		ages in conduct that contains the elements of as Penal Code 22.01(a)(1).	sault, un-
	3.		s, gives, or delivers to another person or possess under the influence of:	es, uses,
		a.	Marijuana or a controlled substance, as defined Texas Controlled Substances Act, Health and S Code Chapter 481, or by 21 U.S.C. 801, et seq.	afety
		b.	A dangerous drug, as defined by the Texas Dan Drug Act, Health and Safety Code Chapter 483.	-
	4.	age, a se or pe	s, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholi as defined by Alcoholic Beverage Code 1.04, or rious act or offense while under the influence of a ossesses, uses, or is under the influence of an al erage.	^r commits alcohol,
	5.	relat	ages in conduct that contains the elements of an ing to an abusable volatile chemical under Healt ety Code 485.031 through 485.034.	
	6.	•	ages in conduct that contains the elements of the ublic lewdness under Penal Code 21.07.	offense
	7.		ages in conduct that contains the elements of the decent exposure under Penal Code 21.08.	offense

STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

	8. Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of harassment under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1), (2), (3), or (7) against an employee of the district.				
	Education Code 37.006(a)				
Exception	Removal to a DAEP for school-related misconduct is not required if the student is expelled for the same conduct. <i>Education Code 37.006(m)</i>				
Retaliation	Except where a student engages in retaliatory acts against a dis- trict employee for which expulsion is mandatory [see FOD], a stu- dent shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the stu- dent engages in conduct on or off school property containing the elements of retaliation under Penal Code 36.06, against any school employee. <i>Education Code 37.006(b)</i>				
Conduct Unrelated to School	In addition to the circumstances listed above, a student shall be re- moved from class and placed in a DAEP based on conduct occur- ring off campus and while the student is not in attendance at a school-sponsored or school-related activity if:				
	 The student receives deferred prosecution under Family Code 53.03 for conduct defined as a felony offense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggravated robbery under Pe- nal Code 29.03; 				
	 A court or jury finds that the student has engaged in delin- quent conduct under Family Code 54.03 for conduct defined as a felony offense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03; or 				
	 The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief that the student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony of- fense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggra- vated robbery under Penal Code 29.03. 				
	Education Code 37.006(c)				
Reasonable Belief	In determining whether there is a reasonable belief that a student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony offense, a superinten- dent or a superintendent's designee may consider all available in- formation and must consider the information furnished under Code of Criminal Procedure Article 15.27 other than information re- quested under Code of Criminal Procedure Article 15.27(k-1). Edu- cation Code 37.006(e); Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(a) [See GRAA]				
Title 5 Felonies	The following are felony offenses listed in Penal Code, Title 5, Of- fenses Against the Person.				

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- 1. Murder. *Penal Code 19.02*
- 2. Capital Murder. Penal Code 19.03
- 3. Manslaughter. *Penal Code 19.04*
- 4. Criminally Negligent Homicide. *Penal Code 19.05*
- 5. Unlawful Restraint, if:
 - a. The person restrained was younger than 17 years of age; or
 - b. The actor recklessly exposes the victim to a substantial risk of serious bodily injury; restrains an individual the actor knows is a public servant while the public servant is lawfully discharging an official duty or in retaliation or on account of an exercise of official power or performance of an official duty; or while in custody restrains any other person. *Penal Code 20.02*
- 6. Kidnapping. *Penal Code 20.03*
- 7. Aggravated Kidnapping. Penal Code 20.04
- 8. Smuggling of Persons. Penal Code 20.05
- 9. Continuous Smuggling of Persons. Penal Code 20.06
- 10. Trafficking of Persons. Penal Code 20A.02
- 11. Continuous Trafficking of Persons. Penal Code 20A.03
- 12. Continuous Sexual Abuse of Young Child or Disabled Individual. *Penal Code 21.02*
- 13. Bestiality. Penal Code 21.09
- 14. Indecency with a Child. Penal Code 21.11
- 15. Improper Relationship between Educator and Student. *Penal Code 21.12*
- 16. Invasive Visual Recording. Penal Code 21.15
- 17. Unlawful Disclosure or Promotion of Intimate Visual Material. *Penal Code 21.16*
- 18. Voyeurism, if the victim was younger than 14 years of age at the time of the offense. *Penal Code 21.17*
- 19. Sexual Coercion. Penal Code 21.18
- 20. Assault, if the offense is punishable as a felony. *Penal Code* 22.01

21.	Sexual Assault. Penal Code 22.011	

- 22. Aggravated Assault. Penal Code 22.02
- 23. Aggravated Sexual Assault. Penal Code 22.021
- 24. Injury to a Child, Elderly Individual, or Disabled Individual. *Penal Code* 22.04
- 25. Abandoning or Endangering a Child. *Penal Code* 22.041
- 26. Deadly Conduct, if the person knowingly discharges a firearm at or in the direction of one or more individuals, or at or in the direction of a habitation, building, or vehicle and is reckless as to whether the habitation, building, or vehicle is occupied. *Penal Code 22.05*
- 27. Terroristic Threat, if the actor threatens to commit any offense involving violence to any person or property with intent to:
 - Place any person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury if the actor knows the person is a peace officer or judge;
 - b. Prevent or interrupt the occupation or use of a building, room, place of assembly, place to which the public has access, place of employment or occupation, aircraft, automobile, or other form of conveyance, or other public place if the prevention or interruption causes pecuniary loss of \$1,500 or more to the owner;
 - c. Cause impairment or interruption of public communications, public transportation, public water, gas, or power supply or other public service;
 - d. Place the public or a substantial group of the public in fear of serious bodily injury; or
 - e. Influence the conduct or activities of a branch or agency of the federal government, the state, or a political subdivision. *Penal Code 22.07*
- 28. Aiding Suicide, if the conduct causes suicide or attempted suicide that results in serious bodily injury. *Penal Code 22.08*
- 29. Tampering with Consumer Product. Penal Code 22.09
- 30. Harassment by Persons in Certain Facilities or of Public Servant. *Penal Code 22.11*

Sexual Assault of A student shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP or ju-Another Student venile justice alternative education program (JJAEP) if:

	1.	The student was convicted of, received adjudication for, or was placed on probation for sexual assault of another student who was a young child or disabled individual while the stu- dents were assigned to the same campus, regardless of whether the assault occurred on or off school property;		
	2.	The parent of the victim of the assault has requested that the student be transferred to a campus other than that to which the victim is assigned; and		
	3.	There is only one campus in a district serving the grade level in which the student is enrolled.		
		<i>ucation Code 25.0341, 37.0051(a)</i> [See FDE at Sexual Assault nsfer—Transfer of Assailant]		
	of p	mitation imposed by Education Code Chapter 37 on the length lacement in a DAEP or a JJAEP does not apply to a placement ler this provision. <i>Education Code 37.0051(b)</i>		
Permissive Removal Non-Title 5 Felony	on	tudent may be removed from class and placed in a DAEP based conduct occurring off campus and while the student is not in at- dance at a school-sponsored or school-related activity if:		
	1.	The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief [see Reasonable Belief, above] that the student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony offense other than aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03, or those offenses listed in Penal Code Title 5 [see above at Title 5 Felonies]; and		
	2.	The continued presence of the student in the regular class- room threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process.		
	Edι	ıcation Code 37.006(d)–(e)		
Bullying		tudent may be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the dent:		
	1.	Engages in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide;		
	2.	Incites violence against a student through group bullying; or		
	3.	Releases or threatens to release intimate visual material of a minor or student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.		
	Nothing in this provision exempts a school from reporting a finding of intimate visual material of a minor.			

STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

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<i>Definitions</i> Bullying	"Bullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]
Intimate Visual Material	"Intimate visual material" has the meaning assigned by Civil Prac- tice and Remedies Code 98B.001.
	Education Code 37.0052
One Year After Conduct	A principal or other appropriate administrator may, but is not re- quired to, remove a student to a DAEP for off-campus conduct, for which removal would otherwise be required, if the principal or other appropriate administrator did not have knowledge of the conduct before the first anniversary of the date the conduct occurred. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code</i> 37.006(<i>n</i>)
Certain Organization and Gang Membership and Solicitation	A board or an educator shall recommend placing in DAEP any stu- dent who commits the misdemeanor offenses described in Educa- tion Code 37.121(a) and (c), regarding membership in or solicita- tion to join a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang [see FNCC]. <i>Education Code 37.121(b)</i>
Older Students	A person who is 21 years of age or older and is admitted by a district for the purpose of completing the requirements for a diploma is not eligible for placement in a DAEP if the person engages in conduct that would require or authorize such placement for a student under the age of 21. If the student engages in such conduct, the district shall revoke the student's admission. <i>Education Code</i> $25.001(b-1)$
Placement of Younger Students	A student who is younger than ten shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student engages in conduct for which expulsion would be required by Section 37.007. <i>Education Code</i> 37.006(<i>f</i>), .007(<i>e</i>) [See FOD]
Students Younger Than Six	Notwithstanding any other provision of the Education Code, a stu- dent who is younger than six years of age may not be removed from class and placed in a DAEP, except that a student younger than six years of age who has been expelled pursuant to the Gun Free Schools Act [see FOD] shall be provided educational services in a DAEP. <i>Education Code 37.006(l), .007(e)(2)</i>
Process for Removal Conference	Not later than the third class day after a student is removed by a teacher or by the school principal or other appropriate administrator, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or other appropriate administrator shall schedule a conference among the CBC or other appropriate administrator, the student's parent or guardian, the teacher removing the student from class, if any, and the student. At the conference, the student is entitled to written or oral notice of the reasons for the removal, an explanation of the basis for the re-

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISC	STUDENT DISCIPLINEFOCPLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING(LEGAL)				
	moval, and an opportunity to respond to the reasons for the moval. The student may not be returned to the regular claing the conference.				
Mitigating Factors	Before ordering removal to a DAEP, the CBC must conside whether the student acted in self-defense, the intent or late tent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, the side disciplinary history, and whether the student has a disabilit substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate wrongfulness of the student's conduct, regardless of whet decision of the behavior coordinator concerns a mandator cretionary action.	ck of in- tudent's ity that the ther the			
Order	Following the conference, and whether or not each requers son is in attendance after valid attempts to require the per- tendance, the CBC, after considering any mitigating facto Education Code 37.001(a)(4) [see FO], shall order the pla- of the student for a period consistent with the Student Co- Conduct.	rson's at- rs under acement			
Appeal	If district policy allows a student to appeal to the board or board's designee a decision of the CBC or other appropria ministrator, the decision of the board or the board's design nal and may not be appealed.	ate ad-			
	Education Code 37.009(a) [See Student Code of Conduc	t]			
Term of Removal	The period of the placement after removal may not excee year unless, after a review, a district determines that the s a threat to the safety of other students or to district emplo <i>ucation Code 37.009(a)</i>	student is			
	A board or designee shall set a term for a student's place DAEP. If the period of placement is inconsistent with the g in the Student Code of Conduct, the order must give notic inconsistency. The period of placement in a DAEP may no one year unless, after a review, a district determines that dent is a threat to the safety of other students or to distric ees or extended placement is in the best interest of the st <i>Education Code 37.009(d)</i>	guidelines ce of the ot exceed the stu- t employ-			
Beyond Grading Period or 60 Days	If placement in a DAEP is to extend beyond 60 days or the the next grading period, whichever is earlier, the student's or guardian is entitled to notice of and an opportunity to p in a proceeding before a board or designee.	s parent			

STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

No Appeal	Any decision of a board or designee concerning placement beyond 60 days or the end of the next grading period is final and cannot be appealed.			
	Education Code 37.009(b)			
Beyond End of School Year	Before a student may be placed in a DAEP for a period that ex- tends beyond the end of the school year, a board or designee must determine that:			
	1. The student's presence in the regular classroom program or at the student's regular campus presents a danger of physical harm to the student or another individual; or			
	2. The student has engaged in serious or persistent misbehavior that violates the Student Code of Conduct.			
	Education Code 37.009(c)			
Order of Removal	A board or designee shall deliver to the student and the student's parent or guardian a copy of the order placing the student in a DAEP. <i>Education Code 37.009(g)</i>			
	Not later than the second business day after the date of the re- moval conference, a board or designee shall deliver a copy of the order placing the student in a DAEP and any information required under Family Code 52.04 to the authorized officer of the juvenile court in the county in which the juvenile resides. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.010(a)</i>			
Activities	The terms of a placement under Education Code 37.006 must pro- hibit the student from attending or participating in school-spon- sored or school-related activities. <i>Education Code</i> 37.006(g)			
	In addition to any notice required under Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27 [see GRAA], a principal or designee shall inform each educator who has responsibility for, or is under the direction and supervision of an educator who has responsibility for, the instruction of a student who has engaged in conduct for which DAEP placement must or may be ordered.			
	Each educator shall keep the information confidential from any per- son not entitled to the information, except that the educator may share the information with the student's parent or guardian as pro- vided by state or federal law. An educator's certificate may be sus- pended or revoked for intentional failure to keep such information confidential.			

Education Code 37.006(o)

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISC	CIPLINARY	ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	FOC (LEGAL)
Completion of Proceedings Upon Withdrawal	If a student withdraws from a district before an order for placement in a DAEP is entered, the principal or board, as appropriate, may complete the proceedings and enter an order. If the student re-en- rolls in the district the same or subsequent school year, the district may enforce the order at that time except for any period of the placement that has been served by the student in another district that honored the order. If the principal or board fails to enter an or- der after the student withdraws, the next district in which the stu- dent enrolls may complete the proceedings and enter an order. <i>Ed- ucation Code 37.009(i)</i>		
Enrollment in Another District	If a student placed in a DAEP enrolls in another district before the expiration of the placement, a board shall provide to the district in which the student enrolls a copy of the placement order at the same time it provides other records. The district in which the student enrolls shall inform each educator who will have responsibility for, or will be under the direction and supervision of an educator who will have responsibility for, the instruction of the student of the contents of the placement order. Each educator shall keep the information confidential from any person not entitled to the information, except that the educator may share the information with the student's parent or guardian as provided by state or federal law.		
	The district in which the student enrolls may continue the place- ment or allow the student to attend regular classes without com- pleting the period of placement. [See FO] The district in which the student enrolls may take any of these actions if:		
	 The student was placed in a DAEP by an open- charter school and the charter school provides t copy of the placement order; or 		
		e student was placed in a DAEP by a district in ar te and:	nother
	a.	The out-of-state district provides a copy of the order; and	placement
	b.	The grounds for placement are the same as gr placement in the enrolling district.	ounds for
	Educatio	on Code 37.008(j)	
Out-of-State Placement	one yea Educatio riod of p	ent was placed in a DAEP in another state for more and the enrolling district continues the placement on Code 37.008(j), the enrolling district shall redu- lacement so that the aggregate period does not en- or unless the enrolling district determines that:	nt under ce the pe-

	1.	The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or	
	2.	Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.008(j-1)	
Court-Ordered Placement	Unless a board and the juvenile board for the county in which a district's central administrative office is located have entered into a memorandum of understanding concerning the juvenile probation department's role in supervising and providing other support services for students in DAEP programs:		
	1.	A court may not order a student expelled under Section 37.007 to attend a school district DAEP as a condition of probation;	
	2.	A court may not order a student to attend a DAEP without a district's consent, until the student has successfully completed any sentencing requirements, if the court has ordered the student to attend a DAEP as a condition of probation once during a school year and the student is referred to juvenile court again during that school year.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.010(c)–(d)	
School Activities	Any court placement in a DAEP must prohibit the student from at- tending or participating in school-sponsored or school-related activ- ities. <i>Education Code</i> 37.010(e)		
Placement After Court Disposition	After the student has successfully completed any court dispositi requirements, including conditions of deferred prosecution or co ditions required by the prosecutor or probation department, a dis trict may not refuse to admit the student if the student meets the quirements for admission into the public schools. A district may place the student in the DAEP.		
	may supe	withstanding Education Code 37.002(d) [see FOA], the student not be returned to the classroom of the teacher under whose ervision the offense occurred without that teacher's consent. teacher may not be coerced to consent.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.010(f)	
Not Guilty/ Insufficient Evidence/Charges Dropped	nate the s	office of the prosecuting attorney or the office or official desig- d by the juvenile board shall, within two working days, notify school district that removed a student to a DAEP under Educa- Code 37.006 if:	

	1.	Prosecution of a student was refused for lack of prosecutoria merit or insufficient evidence, and no formal proceedings, de ferred adjudication, or deferred prosecution will be initiated; of	
	2.	A court or jury found the student not guilty or made a finding the child did not engage in delinquent conduct or conduct inc cating a need for supervision and the case was dismissed with prejudice.	li-
	view retur tende ment class	eceipt of the notice, the superintendent or designee shall re- the student's placement in the DAEP. The student may not b ned to the regular classroom pending the review. The superir ent or designee shall schedule a review of the student's place t with the student's parent or guardian not later than the third aday after the superintendent or designee receives notice fro office or official designated by the court.	ו- €-
	dent conti belie	reviewing the notice and receiving information from the stu- 's parent or guardian, the superintendent or designee may nue the student's placement in the DAEP if there is reason to ve that the presence of the student in the regular classroom atens the safety of other students or teachers.)
	Educ	cation Code 37.006(h); Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(g)	
Appeal After Placement Upheld	perin turne at the office by th dent confi	student or the student's parent or guardian may appeal a su- tendent's decision to the board. The student may not be re- ed to the regular classroom pending the appeal. A board shall e next scheduled meeting, review the notice provided by the e of the prosecuting attorney or the office or official designate be juvenile board; receive information from the student, the stu- 's parent or guardian, and the superintendent or designee; an rm or reverse the superintendent's decision. The board shall e a record of the proceedings.	, d J-
	and to com	board confirms the decision, the board shall inform the studen the student's parent or guardian of the right to appeal to the missioner of education. The student may not be returned to th lar classroom pending the appeal to the commissioner.	
	Educ	cation Code 37.006(i)–(j)	
120-Day Review of Status	dent by a case dent ward tablis	ident placed in a DAEP shall be provided a review of the stu- s status, including a review of the student's academic status, board's designee at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In the of a high school student, the board's designee, with the stu- s parent or guardian, shall review the student's progress to- meeting high school graduation requirements and shall es- sh a specific graduation plan for the student. The district is no ired to provide a course in the DAEP, except as required by	
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	or the stu to presen room or room of t teacher's	n Code 37.008(I). [See FOCA] At the review, the udent's parent or guardian must be given the opp at arguments for the student's return to the regul campus. The student may not be returned to the the teacher who removed the student without that s consent. The teacher may not be coerced to co Code 37.009(e)	portunity ar class- class- at
Additional Proceedings	If, during the term of placement, a student engages in additional conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted and the principal or board, as appropriate, may enter an additional order. <i>Education Code</i> 37.009(j)		equired or the prin-
Reporting	A district may include the number of students removed to a DAEP in its annual performance report. <i>Education Code 39.306(e)(5)</i> [See AIB]		
	Note:	See FOF for provisions concerning students w ities.	ith disabil-

PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS

	A disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) is an educa- tional and self-discipline alternative instruction program, adopted by local policy, for students in elementary through high school grades who are removed from their regular classes for mandatory or discretionary disciplinary reasons and placed in a DAEP. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>103.1201(a)</i>
	[See board-adopted Student Code of Conduct for information re- garding DAEP.]
Joint/Contracted DAEP	A district may provide a DAEP jointly with one or more other dis- tricts or may contract with third parties for DAEP services. The dis- trict must require and ensure compliance with district responsibili- ties that are transferred to the third-party provider. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.008(d); 19 TAC 103.1201(d)</i>
	A DAEP may provide for a student's transfer to a different campus, a school-community guidance center, or a community-based alter- native school. <i>Education Code 37.008(b)</i>
Community Organizations	A district shall cooperate with government agencies and commu- nity organizations that provide services in the district to students placed in a DAEP. <i>Education Code 37.008(e)</i>
Shared Service Arrangements	A district that participates in a shared service arrangement for DAEP services shall ensure that the district improvement plan and each campus-level plan include the performance of the DAEP stu- dent group for the district in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 103.1201(b) [see BQ]. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(b)</i>
Funding	A student removed to a DAEP is counted in computing a district's average daily attendance for the student's time in actual attendance in the program. <i>Education Code</i> 37.008(f)
	A district shall allocate to a DAEP the same expenditure per stu- dent attending the DAEP that would be allocated to the student's school if the student were attending the student's regularly as- signed education program, including a special education program. <i>Education Code 37.008(g)</i> [See also EHBC(LEGAL), Limit on DAEP Expenditures]
Location	A DAEP shall be provided in a setting other than the student's reg- ular classroom. <i>Education Code</i> 37.008(a)(1)
	A DAEP may be located on-campus or off-campus in adherence with requirements of the <i>Student Attendance Accounting Hand-</i> <i>book</i> . For reporting purposes, the DAEP shall use the county-dis- trict-campus number of the student's locally assigned campus (the

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	campus the student would be attending if the student was not at- tending the DAEP). <i>19 TAC 103.1201(c); Education Code</i> <i>37.008(a)(2)</i>
	An off-campus DAEP is not subject to a requirement imposed by the Education Code, other than a limitation on liability, a reporting requirement, or a requirement imposed by Education Code Chapter 37 or Chapter 39 or 39A. <i>Education Code 37.008(c)</i>
	An elementary school student may not be placed in a DAEP with a student who is not an elementary school student. The designation of elementary and secondary is determined by adopted local policy. <i>Education Code</i> 37.006(<i>f</i>); 19 TAC 103.1201(<i>h</i>)(1)
	Students who are assigned to the DAEP shall be separated from students who are not assigned to the program. Notwithstanding this requirement, summer programs provided by the district may serve students assigned to a DAEP in conjunction with other stu- dents, as determined by local policy.
	Students in the DAEP shall be separated from students in a juve- nile justice alternative education program.
	Education Code 37.008(a)(3), (c); 19 TAC 103.1201(f)(3), (h)(3)
Safety	A district is responsible for the safety and supervision of the stu- dents assigned to the DAEP; however, the immunity from the liabil- ity established in Education Code 22.0511 [see DG], shall not be impacted. The DAEP staff shall be prepared and trained to respond to health issues and emergencies.
	Each district shall establish a board-approved policy for discipline and intervention measures to prevent and intervene against unsafe behavior and include disciplinary actions that do not jeopardize stu- dents' physical health and safety, harm emotional well-being, or discourage physical activity.
	19 TAC 103.1201(h)
Staffing	A DAEP shall employ only teachers who meet certification require- ments under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B. The certi- fied teacher-to-student ratio in a DAEP shall be one teacher for each 15 students in elementary through high school grades. <i>Edu- cation Code</i> 37.008(a)(7); 19 TAC 103.1201(h)(1)
	Staff at each DAEP shall participate in training programs on educa- tion, behavior management, and safety procedures that focus on positive and proactive behavior management strategies. The train- ing programs must also target prevention and intervention that in- clude:

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	1.	Training on the education and discipline of students with disa- bilities who receive special education services;
	2.	Instruction in social skills and problem-solving skills that ad- dresses diversity, dating violence, anger management, and conflict resolution to teach students how to interact with teachers, family, peers, authority figures, and the general pub- lic; and
	3.	Annual training on established procedures for reporting abuse, neglect, or exploitation of students.
	19 7	TAC 103.1201(i)
Entrance Procedures	for r expe cont that	cedures for each DAEP shall be developed and implemented newly entering students and their parents or guardians on the ectations of the DAEP. These procedures shall include written gracts between students, parents or guardians, and the DAEP formalize expectations and establish the students' individual is for success. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(j)</i>
Academics	perf arts	academic mission of DAEPs shall be to enable students to orm at grade level. A DAEP shall focuses on English language , mathematics, science, history, and self-discipline. <i>Education</i> <i>le</i> 37.008(a)(4), (m)
	that curr den vice	strict shall provide an academic and self-discipline program leads to graduation and includes instruction in each student's ently enrolled foundation curriculum necessary to meet the stu- t's individual graduation plan, including special education ser- s. A student's required high school personal graduation plan EIF] may not be altered when the student is assigned to a EP.
Opportunity to Complete Course	com enro scho enco	strict shall offer a student removed to a DAEP an opportunity to plete a foundation curriculum course in which the student was olled at the time of removal, before the beginning of the next pol year, through any method available, including a correspond- e course, distance learning, or summer school. The district may charge the student for a course provided under this provision.
	Edu	cation Code 37.008(I); 19 TAC 103.1201(f)
	with with tion avai	strict shall provide the parents of a student removed to a DAEP written notice of the district's obligation to provide the student an opportunity to complete coursework required for gradua The notice must include information regarding all methods lable for completing the coursework and state that the methods available at no cost to the student. <i>Education Code 37.008(l-1)</i>

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School Day	eac	ne school day for a DAEP shall be at least 240 minutes in length th day, including intermissions and recesses. <i>19 TAC</i> 13.1201(f)(2)		
Accountability	stuc sha	The campus of accountability for student performance must be the student's locally assigned campus, including when the district or shared services arrangement contracts with a third party for DAEP services. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(e)</i>		
Academic Assessments			shall administer to a student placed in a DAEP program od of 90 school days or longer an assessment instrument:	
	1.	Initia	ally on placement of the student in the program; and	
	2.		sequently on the date of the student's departure from the gram, or as near that date as possible.	
	The	asse	ssment instrument:	
	1.		t be designed to assess at least a student's basic skills in ling and mathematics;	
	2.	May	be:	
		a.	Comparable to any assessment instrument generally ad- ministered to students placed in juvenile justice alterna- tive education programs for a similar purpose; or	
		b.	Based on an appropriate alternative assessment instru- ment developed by the agency to measure student aca- demic growth; and	
	3.	ls in	addition to the required state assessments [see EKB].	
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.0082	
	Released state assessments for reading and mathematics for the appropriate grade may be used. A district may apply for approval of an assessment that includes the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills for reading and mathematics for the student's assigned grade. The commissioner will publish on the TEA website a list of assessments approved for use in each school year. A district may contact TEA to obtain accommodated versions of particular as- sessments.			
	dem DAE dem mes	nic gra EP if p nic scl ster of	e level of an assessment shall be based upon the aca- ade completed prior to the student being assigned to a blacement occurs in the fall or first semester of the aca- hool year. If placement occurs in the spring or second se- the academic school year, the student shall be adminis- assessment based on the current grade level.	

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	Each district shall provide an academic report to the student's lo- cally assigned campus, which shall include the pre- and post-as- sessment results of the student's basic skills in reading and mathe- matics, within ten school days of the student completing the post- assessment.	
	Procedures for administering the pre- and post-assessment, in- cluding appropriate accommodations as needed, shall be devel- oped and implemented in accordance with local district policy.	
	A student in the district's DAEP must also be assessed under the required state assessment [see EKB].	
	19 TAC 103.1203	
Special Populations Special Education	A DAEP serving a student with a disability who receives special ed- ucation services shall provide educational services that will support the student in meeting the goals identified in the individualized edu- cation program (IEP) established by a duly-constituted admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, in accordance with Educa- tion Code 37.004 and federal requirements. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(g)</i>	
Drug and Alcohol Treatment	A program of educational and support services may be provided to a student and the student's parents when the offense involves drugs or alcohol as specified under Education Code 37.006 and 37.007. A DAEP that provides chemical dependency treatment ser- vices must be licensed under Health and Safety Code Chapter 464. <i>Education Code 37.008(k)</i>	
Transition to Regular Classroom	The transition services established for a student who is exiting a DAEP and returning to the student's locally assigned campus shall be implemented as required by Education Code 37.023.19 TAC 103.1201(k)	
Definitions	"Alternative education program" includes:	
	 A disciplinary alternative education program operated by a school district or open-enrollment charter school; 	
	2. A juvenile justice alternative education program; and	
	 A residential program or facility operated by or under contract with the Texas Juvenile Justice Department, a juvenile board, or any other governmental entity. 	
	"Licensed clinical social worker" has the meaning assigned by Oc- cupations Code 505.002.	
	Education Code 37 023(a)	

Education Code 37.023(a)

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After Determination of the Release Date	As soon as practicable after an alternative education program de- termines the date of a student's release from the program, the al- ternative education program administrator shall:		
	1.	Prov	vide written notice of that date to:
		a.	The student's parent or a person standing in parental re- lation to the student; and
		b.	The administrator of the campus to which the student in- tends to transition; and
	2.	Prov	vide the campus administrator:
		a.	An assessment of the student's academic growth while attending the alternative education program; and
		b.	The results of any assessment instruments administered to the student.
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.023(b)
Coordination After Release	leas trato roon	e fror or sha n. The	than five instructional days after the date of a student's re- n an alternative education program, the campus adminis- Il coordinate the student's transition to a regular class- e coordination must include assistance and ndations from:
	1.	Scho	ool counselors;
	2.	Scho	ool district peace officers;
	3.	Scho	ool resource officers;
	4.	Lice	nsed clinical social workers;
	5.	Carr	npus behavior coordinators;
	6.		sroom teachers who are or may be responsible for imple- ting the student's personalized transition plan; and
	7.	Any	other appropriate school district personnel.
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.023(c)
Personalized Transition Plan	The assistance described above must include a personalized tran sition plan for the student developed by the campus administrator. A personalized transition plan:		
	1.		t include recommendations for the best educational ement of the student; and
	2.	May	include:

PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS

	a.	Recommendations for counseling, behavioral manage- ment, or academic assistance for the student with a con- centration on the student's academic or career goals;
	b.	Recommendations for assistance for obtaining access to mental health services provided by the district or school, a local mental health authority, or another private or pub- lic entity;
	C.	The provision of information to the student's parent or a person standing in parental relation to the student about the process to request a full individual and initial evalua- tion of the student for purposes of special education ser- vices under Education Code 29.004; and
	d.	A regular review of the student's progress toward the student's academic or career goals.
	Education	n Code 37.023(d)
Parent Meeting	signee, s	able, the campus administrator, or the administrator's de- hall meet with the student's parent or a person standing in relation to the student to coordinate plans for the student's n.
Applicability		n Code 37.023 applies only to a student subject to com- ttendance requirements under Education Code 25.085 J.
	Educatio	n Code 37.023(e)–(f)

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE STUDENTS WITH DISA	BILITIES	FC (LEGA	OF AL)
Students with Disabilities Under Section 504	104.35(b change i	shall conduct an evaluation in accordance with 34 C.F.R) before taking any action with respect to any significant n placement of a student with a disability who needs or is to need special education and related services. 34 C.F.F.	S
	session of bility who use of all plinary ac cedures	may take disciplinary action pertaining to the use or pos- of illegal drugs or alcohol against any student with a disa- o is currently engaging in the illegal use of drugs or in the cohol to the same extent that the district would take disci ction against nondisabled students. The due process pro afforded under Section 504 do not apply to such discipli- on. 29 U.S.C. $705(20)(C)(iv)$	- ; i-)-
	Note:	The provisions below apply only to students eligible for special education and related services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).	
Students Receiving Special Education Services	determin 300.536; ministrati	linary actions regarding students with disabilities must be ed in accordance with 34 C.F.R. 300.101(a) and 300.530 Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter A; and 19 Ad- ive Code 89.1053 (Procedures for Use of Restraint and t). <i>19 TAC 89.1050(k)</i>	
	bility who by a duly mittee. A mined in	s set forth below, the placement of a student with a disa- o receives special education services may be made only constituted admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) con ny disciplinary action regarding the student shall be dete accordance with federal law and regulations. <i>Education</i> .004(a)–(b)	n- er-
	discipline dent disc rolled in t bullying,	nods adopted in the Student Code of Conduct [see FO] for e management and for preventing and intervening in stu- sipline problems must provide that a student who is en- the special education program may not be disciplined for harassment, or making hit lists until an ARD committee has been held to review the conduct. <i>Education Code</i> <i>i-1</i>)	
DAEP Placement Not Solely for Educational Purposes	may not (DAEP) s has a spe	t with a disability who receives special education service be placed in a disciplinary alternative education program solely for educational purposes. A teacher in a DAEP who ecial education assignment must hold an appropriate cer permit for that assignment. <i>Education Code 37.004(c)</i> –	ı O r-
Removal for Ten Days or Less		ersonnel may remove a student with a disability who vio- udent code of conduct from his or her current placement	
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STUDENT DISCIPLINE I STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES (LEG		
	to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting, and setting, or suspension, for not more than ten consecutive sci days, to the extent those alternatives are applied to children out disabilities. <i>20 U.S.C.</i> 1415(k)(1)(B); 34 C.F.R. 300.530(k)	hool with-
Services During Removal	A district is required to provide services during the period of moval if the district provides services to a child without disab who is similarly removed. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.530(d)</i>	
Subsequent Removals of Ten Days or Less	School personnel may remove the student for additional remove that more than ten consecutive school days in that same server for separate incidents of misconduct, as long as those rais do not constitute a change in placement (see below). 34 $300.530(b)(1)$	school remov-
Services During Removal	After a student has been removed from his or her current pla ment for ten school days in the same school year, during any sequent removal of ten consecutive school days or less, sch personnel, in consultation with at least one of the student's t ers, shall determine the extent to which services are needed to enable the student to continue to participate in the general cation curriculum, although in another setting, and to progree ward meeting the goals set out in the student's individualized cation program (IEP). 20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(1)(D); 34 C.F.R. 300.530(d)(4)	y sub- nool each- l so as al edu- ss to-
Notice of Procedural Safeguards	Not later than the date on which the decision to take the disc nary action is made, a district shall notify the student's parer the decision and of all procedural safeguards [see EHBAE]. U.S.C. 1415(k)(1)(H)	nts of
Removals That Are a Change in Placement	Any disciplinary action that would constitute a change in place may be taken only after the student's ARD committee condu- manifestation determination review.	
	Any disciplinary action regarding the student shall be determ accordance with federal law and regulations, including laws ulations requiring the provision of functional behavioral asse ments; positive behavioral interventions, strategies, and sup behavioral intervention plans; and the manifestation determi review [see Manifestation Determination, below].	or reg- ss- ports;
	Education Code 37.004(b)	
Behavior Assessment and Intervention	If a district takes a disciplinary action regarding a student wit disability who receives special education services that const change in placement under federal law, the district shall:	
	 Not later than the tenth school day after the change in pent: 	place-
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		a.	Seek consent from the student's parent or person stand- ing in parental relation to the student to conduct a func- tional behavioral assessment of the student, if a func- tional behavioral assessment has never been conducted on the student or the student's most recent functional behavioral assessment is more than one year old; and
		b.	Review any previously conducted functional behavioral assessment of the student and any behavior improve- ment plan or behavioral intervention plan developed for the student based on that assessment; and
	2.	hav not	necessary, develop a behavior improvement plan or be- ioral intervention plan for the student if the student does have a plan or, if the student has a behavior improvement or behavioral intervention plan, revise the student's plan.
	Edι	icatio	n Code 37.004(b-1)
Change in Placement		• •	oses of disciplinary removal of a student with a disability, a n placement occurs if a student is:
	1.		noved from the student's current educational placement more than ten consecutive school days; or
	2.	Sub cau	jected to a series of removals that constitute a pattern be- se:
		a.	The series of removals total more than ten school days in a school year;
		b.	The student's behavior is substantially similar to the stu- dent's behavior in the previous incidents that resulted in the series of removals; and
		C.	Additional factors exist, such as the length of each re- moval, the total amount of time the student is removed, and the proximity of the removals to one another.
		patt dist	e district determines, on a case-by-case basis, whether a ern of removals constitutes a change in placement. The rict's determination is subject to review through due pro- s and judicial proceedings.
	34 C.F.R. 300.536		
	cas plao	e-by-o cemer	ersonnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case basis when determining whether to order a change in nt for a student who violates a code of student conduct. 20 $415(k)(1)(A)$

Manifestation Determination	Within ten school days of any decision to change the placement of a student because of a violation of a code of student conduct, a district, parents, and relevant members of the ARD committee (as determined by the parent and the district) shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the student's IEP, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine whether the conduct in question was:
	1. Caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the student's disability; or
	2. The direct result of the district's failure to implement the IEP.
	If the district, the parent, and relevant members of the ARD com- mittee determine that either of the above is applicable, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability.
	If the district, the parent, and relevant members of the ARD com- mittee determine the conduct was the direct result of the district's failure to implement the IEP, the district must take immediate steps to remedy those deficiencies.
	20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(1)(E); 34 C.F.R. 300.530(e)
Not a Manifestation	If the determination is that the student's behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability, school personnel may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to the student in the same manner and for the same duration as for students without disabilities. The ARD committee shall determine the interim alternative educational setting. 20 U.S.C. $1415(k)(1)(C)$, $(k)(2)$; 34 C.F.R. $300.530(c)$
Expulsion	In a county with a juvenile justice alternative education program (JJAEP) [see FODA], a district must invite the administrator of the JJAEP or the administrator's designee to an ARD committee meeting convened to discuss the discretionary expulsion under Education Code 37.007 of a student with a disability. The district must provide written notice of the meeting at least five school days before the meeting or a shorter timeframe agreed to by the student's parents. A copy of the student's current IEP must be provided to the JJAEP representative with the notice. If the JJAEP representative is unable to attend the ARD committee meeting, the representative must be given the opportunity to participate in the meeting through alternative means, including conference telephone calls. The JJAEP representative may participate in the meeting to the extent that the meeting relates to the student's placement in the JJAEP and implementation of the student's current IEP in the JJAEP. <i>19 TAC 89.1052</i>

Services During Removal	The student must:				
	student to continue to par	ational services so as to enable the ticipate in the general education cur- ner setting, and to progress toward student's IEP.			
	and behavioral intervention	a functional behavioral assessment, on services and modifications, that he behavior violation so that it does			
	These services may be provided in an interim alternative educa- tional setting.				
	34 C.F.R. 300.530(d)(1)–(2)				
	For a student with a disability who was expelled under a discretion- ary expulsion under Education Code 37.007, an ARD committee meeting must be convened to reconsider placement of the student in the JJAEP if the JJAEP provides written notice to the district of specific concerns that the student's education or behavioral needs cannot be met in JJAEP.				
	's designee to the meeting a beeting at least five school da neframe agreed to by the stu ntative is unable to attend th sentative must be given the beeting through alternative me one calls. The JJAEP may p	EP administrator or the administra- ind must provide written notice of the ys before the meeting or a shorter dent's parents. If the JJAEP repre- e ARD committee meeting, the rep- opportunity to participate in the eans, including conference tele- articipate in the meeting to the ex- the student's continued placement			
	TAC 89.1052				
Manifestation	•	relevant members of the ARD com- uct was a manifestation of the stu- nittee shall:			
	the district had conducted sulted in the change in pla	avioral assessment (FBA), unless I an FBA before the behavior that re- acement occurred, and implement a an (BIP) for the student; or			
	If a BIP has already been modify it, as necessary, to	developed, review the BIP and address the behavior.			
		Circumstances, below, the ARD lent to the placement from which the			
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		ent was removed, unless the parent and the district agree to a nge in placement as part of the modification of the BIP.		
	20 L	J.S.C. 1415(k)(1)(F); 34 C.F.R. 300.530(f)		
Special Circumstances	School personnel may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days without re- gard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability, if the student:			
	1.	Carries or possesses a weapon to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function under the jurisdiction of the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or a school district;		
	2.	Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of TEA or a school district; or		
	3.	Has inflicted serious bodily injury upon another person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of TEA or the district.		
	20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(1)(G); 34 C.F.R. 300.530(g)			
		ARD committee shall determine the interim alternative educa- setting. 20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(2)		
Services During Removal	The student must:			
	1.	Continue to receive educational services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals in the student's IEP.		
	2.	Receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment, and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur.		
		se services may be provided in an interim alternative educa- al setting.		
	34 C	C.F.R. 300.530(d)(1)		
Appeals	tatio that likely	rent who disagrees with a placement decision or the manifes- n determination may request a hearing. A district that believes maintaining a current placement of a student is substantially to result in injury to the student or others may request a hear- 20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(3)(A); $34 C.F.R. 300.532(a)$; $19 TAC151$		

Arlington ISD 220901			
STUDENT DISCIPLINE STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES (LE			
Placement During Appeals	When an appeal has been requested by a parent or a district, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer or until the expiration of the student's assignment to the alternative setting, whichever occurs first, unless the parent and district agree otherwise. 20 U.S.C. $1415(k)(4)$; 34 C.F.R. 300.533		
Reporting Crimes	Federal law does not prohibit a district from reporting a crime committed by a student with a disability to appropriate authorities. If a district reports a crime, the district shall ensure that copies of the special education and disciplinary records of the student are transmitted for consideration by the appropriate authorities to whom the district reported the crime. A district may transmit records only to the extent permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). 20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(6); 34 C.F.R. 300.535 [See FL]	8- e	
Students Not Yet Identified	A student who has not been determined to be eligible for special education and related services and who has engaged in behavior that violated a code of student conduct may assert any of the protections provided for in the IDEA if a district had knowledge that the student had a disability before the behavior that precipitated that disciplinary action occurred. 20 U.S.C. $1415(k)(5)(A)$; $34 C.F.R. 300.534(a)$	-	
District Knowledge	A district shall be deemed to have knowledge that a student has a disability if, before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary a tion occurred:		
	 The parent of the student expressed concern in writing to supervisory or administrative personnel of the district, or to the teacher of the student, that the student was in need of special education and related services; 		
	2. The parent requested an evaluation of the student for special education and related services; or	ป	
	3. The student's teacher, or other district personnel, expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the student directly to the special education director or to other supervisory personnel of the district.		
	20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(5)(B); 34 C.F.R. 300.534(b)		
Exception	A district shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if:		
	1. The parent has not allowed an evaluation of the student;		
	2. The parent has refused services; or		

	3. The student has been evaluated and it was determined that the student did not have a disability.
	20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(5)(C); 34 C.F.R. 300.534(c)
	If a district does not have knowledge (as described above), before taking disciplinary measures, that a student has a disability, the student may be subjected to the same disciplinary measures ap- plied to students without disabilities who engaged in comparable behaviors.
	However, if a request is made for an evaluation during the time pe- riod in which the student is subjected to disciplinary measures, the evaluation shall be conducted in an expedited manner. Until the evaluation is completed, the student shall remain in the educational placement determined by school authorities, which can include suspension or expulsion without educational services.
	20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(5)(D); 34 C.F.R. 300.534(d)
Behavior Management Techniques	It is the policy of the state to treat all students with dignity and re- spect, including students with disabilities who receive special edu- cation services. Any behavior management technique and/or disci- pline management practice must be implemented in such a way as to protect the health and safety of the student and others. No disci- pline management practice may be calculated to inflict injury, cause harm, demean, or deprive the student of basic human ne- cessities. <i>Education Code 37.0021(a); 19 TAC 89.1053(j)</i>
	[For restrictions on aversive techniques, see FO.]
Rules on Restraint and Seclusion	The commissioner by rule shall adopt procedures for the use of re- straint and time-out by a district employee or volunteer or an inde- pendent contractor of a district in the case of a student with a disa- bility receiving special education services. The procedures must be consistent with Education Code 37.0021(d). <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.0021(d)</i>
School Peace Officers	This section and any rules or procedures adopted under this sec- tion apply to a peace officer only if the peace officer:
	1. Is employed or commissioned by a school district; or
	2. Provides, as a school resource officer, a regular police pres- ence on a school district campus under a memorandum of un- derstanding between the district and a local law enforcement agency.
	Education Code 37 0021(h): 19 TAC 89 1053(l)

Education Code 37.0021(h); 19 TAC 89.1053(l)

STUDENT DISCIPLINE STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Exceptions	Education Code 37.0021 (use of confinement, seclusion, restraint, and time-out) does not apply to:					
	1.	A peace officer, while performing law enforcement duties, ex- cept as provided above [see School Peace Officers] and by Education Code 37.0021(i) [see Restraint, Documentation, below];				
	2.	Juvenile probation, detention, or corrections personnel; or				
	3.	An educational services provider with whom a student is placed by a judicial authority, unless the services are provided in an educational program of a school district.				
Law Enforcement Duties	"Law enforcement duties" means activities of a peace officer relat- ing to the investigation and enforcement of state criminal laws and other duties authorized by the Code of Criminal Procedure.					
	Edu	Education Code 37.0021(b)(4), (g); 19 TAC 89.1053(l), (m)				
	Further, Education Code 37.0021 does not prevent a student's locked, unattended confinement in an emergency situation while awaiting the arrival of law enforcement personnel if:					
	1.	The student possesses a weapon; and				
	2.	The confinement is necessary to prevent the student from causing bodily harm to the student or another person.				
	For these purposes, "weapon" includes any weapon described un- der Education Code 37.007(a)(1). [See FNCG]					
	Edu	cation Code 37.0021(f)				
Confinement	may ciall prac	udent with a disability who receives special education services of not be confined in a locked box, locked closet, or other spe- y designed locked space as either a discipline management ctice or a behavior management technique. <i>Education Code</i> 2021(a)				
Seclusion	A district employee or volunteer or an independent contractor of a district may not place a student in seclusion. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0021(c)					
	"Seclusion" means a behavior management technique in which a student is confined in a locked box, locked closet, or locked room that:					
	1.	Is designed solely to seclude a person; and				
	2.	Contains less than 50 square feet of space.				
	Edu	cation Code 37.0021(b)(2)				

STUDENT DISCIPLINE STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Restraint	A school employee, volunteer, or independent contractor may use restraint only in an emergency and with the following limitations:			
	 Restraint shall be limited to the use of such reasonable force as is necessary to address the emergency. 			
	2. Restraint shall be discontinued at the point at which the emer- gency no longer exists.			
	 Restraint shall be implemented in such a way as to protect the health and safety of the student and others. 			
	4. Restraint shall not deprive the student of basic human neces- sities.			
	19 TAC 89.1053(c)			
	"Restraint" means the use of physical force or a mechanical device to significantly restrict the free movement of all or a portion of a student's body.			
Emergency	"Emergency" means a situation in which a student's behavior poses a threat of:			
	1. Imminent, serious physical harm to the student or others; or			
	2. Imminent, serious property destruction.			
	19 TAC 89.1053(b)(1)–(2)			
Training	Training for school employees, volunteers, or independent contrac- tors regarding the use of restraint shall be provided according to the requirements set forth at 19 Administrative Code 89.1053(d).			
Documentation	In a case in which restraint is used, school employees, volunteers, or independent contractors shall implement the documentation re- quirements set forth at 19 Administrative Code 89.1053(e).			
	A district shall report electronically to TEA, in accordance with standards provided by commissioner rule, information relating to the use of restraint by a peace officer performing law enforcement duties on school property or during a school-sponsored or school- related activity. The report must be consistent with the require- ments adopted by commissioner rule for reporting the use of re- straint involving students with disabilities.			
	Education Code 37.0021(i)			
Time-Out	A school employee, volunteer, or independent contractor may use time-out with the following limitations:			
	 Physical force or threat of physical force shall not be used to place a student in time-out. 			
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STUDENT DISCIPLINE STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

		2.	Time-out may only be used in conjunction with an array of positive behavior intervention strategies and techniques and must be included in the student's IEP and/or BIP if it is utilized on a recurrent basis to increase or decrease targeted behavior.			
		3.	Use of time-out shall not be implemented in a fashion that precludes the ability of the student to be involved in and pro- gress in the general curriculum and advance appropriately to- ward attaining the annual goals specified in the student's IEP.			
		19	19 TAC 89.1053(g)			
		prov	ne-out" means a behavior management technique in which, to vide a student with an opportunity to regain self-control, the stu- t is separated from other students for a limited period in a set- :			
		1.	That is not locked; and			
		2.	From which the exit is not physically blocked by furniture, a closed door held shut from the outside, or another inanimate object.			
		19	TAC 89.1053(b)(3)			
Training		tors	ining for school employees, volunteers, or independent contrac- regarding the use of time-out shall be provided according to requirements set forth at 19 Administrative Code 89.1053(h).			
Document	ation	time com of th	cessary documentation or data collection regarding the use of e-out, if any, must be addressed in the IEP or BIP. The ARD mittee must use any collected data to judge the effectiveness ne intervention and provide a basis for making determinations arding its continued use.			
		19	TAC 89.1053(i)			

19 TAC 89.1053(i)

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Applicability of Criminal Laws	The criminal laws of the state apply to the areas under the control and jurisdiction of the board. <i>Education Code</i> 37.101		
Trespass		thorized person who trespasses on the grounds of a istrict commits a Class C misdemeanor. <i>Education Code</i>	
Refusal of Entry or Ejection of Unauthorized Persons	A school administrator, school resource officer, or school district peace officer may refuse to allow persons to enter on or may eject a person from property under the district's control if the person re- fuses to leave peaceably on request and:		
	1. The	e person poses a substantial risk of harm to any person; or	
		e person behaves in a manner that is inappropriate for a ool setting and:	
	a.	The administrator, resource officer, or peace officer is- sues a verbal warning to the person that the person's behavior is inappropriate and may result in the person's refusal of entry or ejection; and	
	b.	The person persists in that behavior.	
	Identification may be required of any person on property under t district's control. A district shall maintain a record of each verbal warning issued, cluding the name of the person to whom the warning was issued and the date of issuance. At the time a person is refused entry to or ejected from a school district's property, the district shall provide to the person written formation explaining the appeal process.		
	fused en the pare participa tee or in	nt or guardian of a child enrolled in a school district is re- try to the district's property, the district shall accommodate nt or guardian to ensure that the parent or guardian may te in the child's admission, review, and dismissal commit- the child's team established under Section 504, Rehabili- t of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794), in accordance with fed-	
		n of a person's refusal of entry to or ejection from a school property under this section may not exceed two years.	
	pus shal	shall post on the district's website and each district cam- l post on any campus website a notice regarding these is, including the appeal process.	
		rd shall adopt a policy that uses the district's existing griev- cess [see FNG, GF] to permit a person refused entry to or	
	-		

	ejected from property controlled by the district to appeal such re- fusal of entry or ejection. The policy must permit a person appeal- ing under this section to address the board in person within 90 days of the commencement of the appeal, unless the appeal is granted before the board considers the appeal. The board's decision to grant or deny an appeal under this section is final and may only be further appealed under the applicable pro-		
	sions of Texas Education		
	ducation Code 37.105; 19	9 TAC 103.1207	
Vehicles on School Property	cle on any school propert ny rule or regulation prom	d a person from driving or parking a ve- y as a result of the person's violation of ulgated by the board or set forth in Edu- ubchapter D. [See CLC] <i>Education</i>	
Disruption of Lawful Assembly	A person commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person, alone or in concert with others, intentionally engages in disruptive activity of the campus or property of a public school.		
	Disruptive activity means:		
	•	ning the passage of persons in an exit, f any building without the authorization of the school;	
	•	building or portion of a building to inter- rative, educational, research, or other	
	threat of violence any school administration pate in the assembly i	ing to prevent by force or violence or the lawful assembly authorized by the so that a person attempting to partici- s unable to participate due to the use of ue to a reasonable fear that force or vio- ;	
	Disrupting by force or lence a lawful assemb	violence or the threat of force or vio- bly in progress; or	
	exit or entrance to the tempting to prevent by the ingress or egress	ning the passage of any person at an campus or property or preventing or at- / force or violence or by threats thereof of any person to or from the property or uthorization of the administration of the	

This provision shall not be construed to infringe upon any right of free speech or expression guaranteed by the constitutions of the United States or the state of Texas.					
Edu	Education Code 37.123				
A person, other than a primary or secondary grade student enrolled in the school, commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person, on school property or on public property within 500 feet of school property, alone or in concert with others, intentionally disrupts the conduct of classes or other school activities. It is an exception to the application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged in the prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of age.					
Disru clude	upting the conduct of classes or other school activities in- es:				
1.	Emitting noise of an intensity that prevents or hinders class- room instruction.				
2.	Enticing or attempting to entice a student away from a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.				
3.	Preventing or attempting to prevent a student from attending a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.				
4.	Entering a classroom without the consent of either the princi- pal or the teacher and, through either acts of misconduct or use of loud or profane language, disrupting class activities.				
"School property" includes a public school campus or scl grounds on which a public school is located, and any gro buildings used by a school for an assembly or other scho sored activity.					
"Public property" includes a street, highway, alley, public park, or sidewalk.					
Edu	cation Code 37.124				
mits prev and a vel the a in th	rson, other than a primary or secondary grade student, com- a Class C misdemeanor if the person intentionally disrupts, ents, or interferes with the lawful transportation of students to from school, or to or from activities sponsored by a school, on hicle owned and/or operated by a district. It is an exception to application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged e prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of <i>Education Code 37.126</i>				
	free Unite Educ A pe in th scho proportie a in th age. Disru- clude 1. 2. 3. 4. "Sch grou build sore "Pub side" Educ A pe mits proportie a a side" Educ A pe side" Educ A pe side" Educ A pe side" a a side" Educ A pe side" Educ A pe				

Arlington ISD 220901			
COMMUNITY RELATIONS CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES (LEG			
Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	A board shall prohibit smoking or using e-cigarettes or tobacco products at a school-related or school-sanctioned activity on or off school property. School personnel shall enforce these policies on school property. <i>Education Code 38.006</i> [See FNCD for the definition of e-cigarette.]		
Smoking in Buildings	A district shall not permit smoking within any indoor facility used for provision of routine or regular kindergarten, elementary, or second- ary education or library services to children; or regular or routine health care or day care or early childhood development (Head Start) services to children or for the use of employees who provide such services. <i>20 U.S.C.</i> 6083; 20 U.S.C. 7183		
Criminal Penalty	A person commits an offense if the person is in possession of a burning tobacco product, smokes tobacco, or operates an e-ciga-rette in a facility of a public school.		
Defense	It is a defense to prosecution that a district does not have promi- nently displayed a reasonably sized notice that smoking is prohib- ited by state law in such place and that an offense is punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500.		
Facilities for Extinguishment	A district shall be equipped with facilities for extinguishment of smoking materials.		
	Penal Code 48.01(a)–(c)		
Alcohol	A board shall prohibit the use of alcoholic beverages at school-re- lated or school-sanctioned activities on or off school property. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code 38.007(a)</i> [See FNCF regarding alcohol-free zones.]		
Intoxicants	A person commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person possesses an intoxicating beverage for consumption, sale, or distribution while:		
	1. On the grounds or in a building of a public school; or		
	 Entering or inside any enclosure, field, or stadium where any athletic event sponsored or participated in by a public school is being held. 		
	Education Code 37.122 [See also FNCF]		
Fireworks	A person may not explode or ignite fireworks within 600 feet of any school unless the person receives authorization in writing from the school. <i>Occupations Code</i> 2154.251(a)(1)		
Federal Gun-Free School Zones Act	It is unlawful for any individual knowingly to possess a firearm at a place that the individual knows, or has reasonable cause to be- lieve, is a school zone.		

"School zone" means in, or on the grounds of, a school; or within a distance of 1,000 feet from the grounds of a school.

This prohibition does not apply to the possession of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. If the individual possessing the firearm is licensed to do so by the state, and the law of the state requires that, before an individual obtains such a license, the law enforcement authorities of the state verify that the individual is qualified under law to receive the license;
- 3. That is not loaded and in a locked container, or a locked firearms rack that is on a motor vehicle;
- 4. By an individual for use in a program approved by a school in the school zone;
- 5. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in the school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual;
- 6. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity; or
- 7. That is unloaded and is possessed by an individual while traversing school premises for the purpose of gaining access to public or private lands open to hunting, if the entry on school premises is authorized by school authorities.

It is unlawful for any person, knowingly or with reckless disregard for the safety of another, to discharge or attempt to discharge a firearm at a place that the person knows is a school zone.

This prohibition does not apply to the discharge of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. As part of a program approved by a school in the school zone, by an individual who is participating in the program;
- 3. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in a school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual; or
- 4. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity.

18 U.S.C. 921(a)(25), .922(q)

Possession of Weapons	46.1 knov	Unless entitled to a defense or otherwise excepted by Penal Code 46.15, a person commits an offense if the person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly possesses or goes with a firearm, location- restricted knife, club, or prohibited weapon [see FNCG]:		
	1.	On the physical premises of a school or educational institu- tion, any grounds or building on which an activity sponsored by a school or educational institution is being conducted, or a passenger transportation vehicle of a school or educational institution, whether the school or educational institution is public or private, unless pursuant to written regulations or written authorization of the institution;		
	2.	On the premises of a polling place on the day of an election or while early voting is in progress;		
	3.	On the premises where a high school, collegiate, or profes- sional sporting event or interscholastic event is taking place, unless the person is a participant in the event and a firearm, location-restricted knife, club, or prohibited weapon is used in the event;		
	4.	In the room or rooms where a meeting of a governmental en- tity is held, if the meeting is an open meeting subject to the OMA, and the entity provided required notice of the meeting.		
	It is not a defense to prosecution that the person possessed a handgun and was licensed to carry a handgun.			
	Pena	al Code 46.03(a)(1), (2), (8), (14), (f)		
"Premises" Defined	"Premises," for purposes of this policy, means a building or a por- tion of a building. The term does not include any public or private driveway, street, sidewalk or walkway, parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area. <i>Penal Code 46.03(c)(4)</i>			
Notice to Public	A district may provide notice that firearms and other weapons are prohibited under Penal Code 46.03 on the premises or other projecty, as applicable, by posting a sign at each entrance to the pre- ises or other property that:			
	1.	Includes language that is identical to or substantially similar to the following: "Pursuant to Section 46.03, Penal Code (places weapons prohibited), a person may not carry a firearm or other weapon on this property";		
	2.	Includes the language described above in both English and Spanish;		
	3.	Appears in contrasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height; and		
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	 Is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public.
	Without a sign described above posted prominently at each en- trance to the premises or other property, as applicable, a person can assert a defense to prosecution for unlawfully carrying a hand- gun if the person personally received notice that carrying a firearm was prohibited and promptly departed from the premises or other property.
	Penal Code 46.15(m)–(o)
Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area	A district may not prohibit a person who holds a license to carry a handgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H, from transporting or storing a handgun or other firearm or ammuni- tion in a locked, privately owned or leased motor vehicle in a park- ing lot, parking garage, or other parking area provided by the dis- trict, and may not regulate the manner in which the handgun, firearm, or ammunition is stored in the vehicle, provided that the handgun, firearm, or ammunition is not in plain view.
	This does not authorize a person to possess, transport, or store a handgun, a firearm, or ammunition in violation of Education Code 37.125, Penal Code 46.03, or other law.
	Education Code 37.0815
Volunteer Emergency Services Personnel	A district is not liable in a civil action arising from the discharge of a handgun by an individual who is volunteer emergency services personnel and licensed to carry the handgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H.
	The discharge of a handgun by an individual who is volunteer emergency services personnel and licensed to carry the handgun under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code, is outside the course and scope of the individual's duties as volunteer emer- gency services personnel.
	The district does not waive immunity from suit or liability under the Texas Tort Claims Act or any other law.
	"Volunteer emergency services personnel" includes a volunteer firefighter, an emergency medical services volunteer as defined by Health and Safety Code 773.003, and any individual who, as a vol- unteer, provides services for the benefit of the general public dur- ing emergency situations. The term does not include a peace of- ficer or reserve law enforcement officer, as those terms are defined

	by Occupations Code 1701.001, who is performing law enforce- ment duties.				
	Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 112.001; Penal Code 46.01(18)				
Exhibition of Firearm	A person commits a third degree felony if, in a manner intended to cause alarm or personal injury to another person or to damage school property, the person intentionally:				
	1.	Exhi	bits or uses a firearm:		
		a.	In or on any property, including a parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area, that is owned by a private or public school; or		
		b.	On a school bus being used to transport children to and from school-sponsored activities;		
	2.	scrib	eatens to exhibit or use a firearm in or on property de- bed above or on a bus and was in possession of or had ediate access to the firearm.		
	to ex	khibit	commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person threatens or use a firearm, but was not in possession of or did not rediate access to the firearm.		
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.125		
Trespass— Concealed Carry of Handgun	A license holder commits an offense if the license holder:				
	1.		ies a concealed handgun on the property of another with- effective consent; and		
	2.		eived notice that entry on the property by a license holder a concealed handgun was forbidden.		
	cept prop entry	that erty, / or re	e under Penal Code 30.06 is a Class C misdemeanor, ex- the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering the the license holder was personally given the notice that emaining on the property with a concealed handgun was and subsequently failed to depart.		
Notice / Sign— Concealed Carry of Handgun	For purposes of Penal Code 30.06, a person receives notice if the owner of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for the owner provides notice to the person by oral or written communication.				
	"Written communication" means:				
	1.		rd or other document on which is written language identi- o the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.06, Penal Code		

		(trespass by license holder with a concealed handgun), a per- son licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this property with a concealed handgun"; or
	2.	A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public.
Exception	the by a cen	an exception to Penal Code 30.06 that the property on which license holder carries a concealed handgun is owned or leased a district and is not a premises or other place on which the li- se holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun under Penal de 46.03.
	Per	nal Code 30.06 [See also FNCG]
Unauthorized Notice	the Coc who Coc prei cen ises	strict may not take any action, including an action consisting of provision of notice, by a communication described by Penal de 30.06 or 30.07 that states or implies that a license holder o is carrying a handgun under the authority of Government de Chapter 411 is prohibited from entering or remaining on a mises or other place owned or leased by the district unless li- se holders are prohibited from carrying a handgun on the prem- s or other place by Penal Code 46.03 or other law. <i>Gov't Code</i> .209
Trespass—Open Carry of Handgun		older of a license to openly carry a handgun commits an offense e license holder:
	1.	Openly carries a handgun on property of another without ef- fective consent; and
	2.	Received notice that entry on the property by a license holder openly carrying a handgun was forbidden.
Notice / Sign— Open Carry of Handgun	owr the	purposes of Penal Code 30.07, a person receives notice if the ner of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for owner provides notice to the person by oral or written commu- ation.
	"Wr	itten communication means":
	1.	A card or other document on which is written language identi- cal to the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.07, Penal Code (trespass by license holder with an openly carried handgun),

		a person licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Govern- ment Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this prop- erty with a handgun that is carried openly"; or
	2.	A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public at each entrance to the property.
	cept prop com	ffense under Penal Code 30.07 is a Class C misdemeanor, ex- that the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering the erty, the license holder was personally given the notice by oral munication that entry or remaining on the property with an hly carried handgun was forbidden and subsequently failed to art.
Exception	the l by a whic	an exception to Penal Code 30.07 that the property on which icense holder openly carries the handgun is owned or leased governmental entity and is not a premises or other place on h the license holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun er Penal Code 46.03.
	Pena	al Code 30.07
Unmanned Aircraft Systems	Note	For provisions applicable to the use of drones for law enforcement purposes, see CKEA
Federal Law		U.S. Government has exclusive sovereignty of airspace of the ed States. <i>49 U.S.C. 40103</i>
Small Unmanned Aircraft	less	all unmanned aircraft" means an unmanned aircraft weighing than 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on d or otherwise attached to the aircraft.
	less boar "Sma man catic aircr	than 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on
Aircraft Small Unmanned	less boar "Sma man catic aircr sma	than 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on d or otherwise attached to the aircraft. all unmanned aircraft system" (small UAS) means a small un- ned aircraft and its associated elements (including communi- on links and the components that control the small unmanned aft) that are required for the safe and efficient operation of the
Aircraft Small Unmanned	less boar "Sma catic aircr sma <i>14 C</i> The UAS	than 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on d or otherwise attached to the aircraft. all unmanned aircraft system" (small UAS) means a small un- ned aircraft and its associated elements (including communi- on links and the components that control the small unmanned aft) that are required for the safe and efficient operation of the Il unmanned aircraft in the national airspace system.
Aircraft Small Unmanned Aircraft System Operation of	less boar "Sma catic aircr sma <i>14 C</i> The UAS	than 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on d or otherwise attached to the aircraft. all unmanned aircraft system" (small UAS) means a small un- ned aircraft and its associated elements (including communi- on links and the components that control the small unmanned aft) that are required for the safe and efficient operation of the II unmanned aircraft in the national airspace system. <i>C.F.R. 1.1, 107.3</i> registration, airman certification, and operation of civil small within the United States is subject to 14 C.F.R. Part 107. Part
Aircraft Small Unmanned Aircraft System Operation of	less boar "Sma catic aircr sma <i>14 C</i> The UAS 107	than 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on d or otherwise attached to the aircraft. all unmanned aircraft system" (small UAS) means a small un- ned aircraft and its associated elements (including communi- on links and the components that control the small unmanned aft) that are required for the safe and efficient operation of the II unmanned aircraft in the national airspace system. <i>C.F.R. 1.1, 107.3</i> registration, airman certification, and operation of civil small within the United States is subject to 14 C.F.R. Part 107. Part does not apply to the following:

	3.	Any operation that a remote pilot in command elects to con- duct pursuant to an exemption issued under 49 U.S.C. 44807, unless otherwise specified in the exemption; or				
	4.	Any operation that a person elects to conduct under 14 C.F.R. Part 91 with a small UAS that has been issued an airworthi- ness certificate.				
	14 (C.F.R. 107.1				
Exception for Limited Recreational Operation	cert istra	A person may operate a small unmanned aircraft without specific certification or operating authority from the Federal Aviation Admin- istration (FAA) if the operation adheres to all of the following limita- tions:				
	1.	The aircraft is flown strictly for recreational purposes.				
	2.	The aircraft is operated in accordance with or within the pro- gramming of a community-based organization's set of safety guidelines that are developed in coordination with the FAA.				
	3.	The aircraft is flown within the visual line of sight of the person operating the aircraft or a visual observer co-located and in di- rect communication with the operator.				
	4.	The aircraft is operated in a manner that does not interfere with and gives way to any manned aircraft.				
	5.	In Class B, Class C, or Class D airspace or within the lateral boundaries of the surface area of Class E airspace desig- nated for an airport, the operator obtains prior authorization from the administrator of the FAA or designee before operat- ing and complies with all airspace restrictions and prohibi- tions.				
	6.	In Class G airspace, the aircraft is flown from the surface to not more than 400 feet above ground level and complies with all airspace restrictions and prohibitions.				
	7.	The operator has passed an aeronautical knowledge and safety test and maintains proof of test passage to be made available to the FAA or law enforcement upon request.				
	8.	The aircraft is registered and marked in accordance with 49 U.S.C. Chapter 441 and proof of registration is made available to the FAA or law enforcement upon request.				
	49 l	U.S.C. 44809(a)				

State Law Regulation Limited	A political subdivision, including a school district, may not adopt or enforce any ordinance, order, or other similar measure regarding the operation of an unmanned aircraft. An ordinance, order, or other similar measure that violates this provision is void and unen- forceable. <i>Gov't Code 423.009(b), (d)</i>				
Exception	A political subdivision may adopt and enforce an ordinance, order, or other similar measure regarding:				
	1.	The	use of an unmanned aircraft during a special event;		
	2.	The	political subdivision's use of an unmanned aircraft; or		
	3.		use of an unmanned aircraft near a facility or infrastruc- owned by the political subdivision, if the political subdivi- a:		
		a.	Applies for and receives authorization from the Federal Aviation Administration to adopt the regulation; and		
		b.	After providing reasonable notice, holds a public hearing on the political subdivision's intent to apply for the au- thorization.		
	that of a and mas	invol publi ente ss par	event" means a festival, celebration, or other gathering ves the reservation and temporary use of all or a portion ic park, road, or other property of a political subdivision; rtainment, the sale of merchandise, food, or beverages, or rticipation in a sports event; and requires a significant use nation of a political subdivision's services.		
	Gov	rt Co	de 423.009(a)(2), (c)		
Privacy Law	It is lawful to capture an image using an unmanned aircraft in this state for the reasons listed in Government Code 423.002, includ-ing:				
	1.		n the consent of the individual who owns or lawfully occu- the real property captured in the image; or		
	2.	pub elec	m a height no more than eight feet above ground level in a lic place, if the image was captured without using any ctronic, mechanical, or other means to amplify the image ond normal human perception.		
	Gov't Code 423.002(a)				

Prohibited Acts	act ir	fficer or employee of a district who is acting or purporting to n an official capacity may not, because of a person's race, reli- , color, sex, or national origin:			
	1.	Refuse to permit the person to use facilities open to the public and owned, operated, or managed by or on behalf of the dis- trict;			
	2.	Refuse to permit the person to participate in a program owned, operated, or managed by or on behalf of the district;			
	3.	Refuse to grant a benefit to the person; or			
	4.	Impose an unreasonable burden on the person.			
	Civ.	Prac. & Rem. Code 106.001(a)			
Right to Preserve Use	prop <u>Lam</u>	strict, like a private property owner, may legally preserve the erty under its control for the use to which it is dedicated. <u>b's Chapel v. Center Moriches Union Free Sch. Dist.</u> , 508 U.S. (1993)			
Forum for Communication	A district may create a public forum of a place or channel of com- munication for use by the public at large for assembly and speech, for use by certain speakers, or for the discussion of certain sub- jects. <u>Perry Educ. Ass'n v. Perry Local Educators' Ass'n</u> , 460 U.S. 37 (1983); <u>Chiu v. Plano Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , 260 F.3d 330 (5th Cir. 2001)				
	spee trict i the c again be re <u>New</u>	etrict is not required to allow persons to engage in every type of ech when the district establishes a limited public forum; the dis- may be justified in reserving its forum for certain groups or for discussion of certain topics. A district shall not discriminate enst speech on the basis of viewpoint, and any restriction must easonable in light of the purpose served by the forum. <u>Good</u> as <u>Club v. Milford Cent. Sch.</u> , 533 U.S. 98 (2001); <u>Lamb's</u> <u>bel v. Center Moriches Union Free Sch. Dist.</u> , 508 U.S. 384 3)			
Fees for Use	dent cilitie	board may set and collect rentals, rates, and charges from stu- s and others for the occupancy or use of any of a district's fa- es, in the amounts and manner determined by the board. <i>Edu-</i> on <i>Code 45.033</i>			
Charter Schools	that trict	strict may not require a campus or campus program charter is the result of the conversion of the status of an existing dis- campus to pay rent for or to purchase a facility in order to use acility.			
		strict may not require a campus or campus program charter, or pen-enrollment charter school, to pay for any service provided			
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	by the district under a contract between the district and the cam- pus, campus program, or open-enrollment charter school an amount that is greater than the amount of the actual costs to the district of providing the service.
	Education Code 11.1543
Patriotic Societies	If a district has a designated open forum or a limited public forum and receives funds made available through the United States De- partment of Education, the district shall not deny equal access or a fair opportunity to meet, or to discriminate against, any group offi- cially affiliated with the Boy Scouts of America, or any other youth group listed in Title 36 of the United States Code (as a patriotic so- ciety), that wishes to conduct a meeting within that designated open forum or limited public forum, including denying such access or opportunity or discriminating for reasons based on the member- ship or leadership criteria or oath of allegiance to God and country of the Boy Scouts of America or of the youth group listed as a patri- otic society.
	The United States secretary of education may issue and secure compliance with rules or orders with respect to a district that re- ceives federal funds and that denies equal access, or a fair oppor- tunity to meet, or discriminates, as described above. If a district does not comply with the rules or orders, no funds made available through the Department of Education shall be provided to that dis- trict.
	[For provisions related to a patriotic society's access to students, see GKE.]
'Youth Group'	"Youth group" means any group or organization intended to serve young people under the age of 21.
Limited Public Forum	For purposes of this policy regarding Patriotic Societies, an ele- mentary school or secondary school has a limited public forum whenever the school grants an offering to, or opportunity for, one or more outside youth or community groups to meet on school prem- ises or in school facilities before or after the hours during which at- tendance at the school is compulsory.
Sponsorship	Nothing in this policy shall be construed to require a district to sponsor any group officially affiliated with the Boy Scouts of Amer- ica, or any youth group listed as a patriotic society.
	Boy Scouts of America Equal Access Act, 20 U.S.C. 7905
Facilities as Polling Places	A district shall make its buildings available for use as polling places in any election that covers territory in which the buildings are lo- cated. If more than one authority requests the use of the buildings

	for the same day and simultaneous use is impractical, a district shall determine which authority may use the building. <i>Election Code 43.031(c)</i>
	No charge, including a charge for personnel, utilities, or other expenses incurred before or after regular business hours, shall be made for the use of a district building for a polling place if the day of the election is a day on which the building is normally open. If the day of an election is a day on which the building is not normally open, a charge may be made only for the reimbursement of actual expenses resulting from use of the building in the election. <i>Election Code 43.033(a)</i>
	[For provisions related to polling place security, see CKC.]
Political Party Conventions	A district shall not assess a charge for the use of a school building for a precinct, county, or senatorial district convention, except for reimbursement for the actual charges resulting from use of the building for the convention. The district shall provide an itemized statement of expenses to the reimbursing authority. <i>Election Code</i> <i>174.0631</i>
Facilities as Places of Worship	"Disaster" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 418.004.
Definitions	"Governmental entity" includes a political subdivision of this state, including a county, municipality, or special district or authority or an officer, employee, or agent of the entity.
	"Person" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 311.005, except the term does not include an employee of a governmental entity acting within the employee's scope of employment or a con- tractor of a governmental entity acting within the scope of the con- tract.
	"Place of worship" means a building or grounds where religious ac- tivities are conducted.
	"Public official" means any elected or appointed officer, employee, or agent of this state or any political subdivision, board, commis- sion, bureau, or other public body established by law.
	"Religious organization" means an organization open to the public that is a religious organization under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 110.011(b).
Prohibition on Orders Closing Places of Worship	A government agency or public official may not issue an order that closes or has the effect of closing places of worship in this state or in a geographic area of this state.

Essential Activities	Notwithstanding any other law, a religious organization is an es- sential business at all times in this state, including during a de- clared state of disaster, and the organization's religious and other related activities are essential activities even if the activities are not listed as essential in an order issued during the disaster.
	A governmental entity may not at any time, including during a de- clared state of disaster, prohibit a religious organization from en- gaging in religious and other related activities or continuing to oper- ate in the discharge of the organization's foundational faith-based mission and purpose or during a declared state of disaster order a religious organization to close or otherwise alter the organization's purposes or activities.
Relief Available	A person may assert a violation of this prohibition as a claim or de- fense in a judicial or administrative proceeding and obtain injunc- tive relief; declaratory relief; and court costs and reasonable attor- ney's fees.
	A person may commence an action and relief may be granted re- gardless of whether the person has sought or exhausted available administrative remedies.
	The attorney general may bring an action for injunctive or declara- tory relief against a governmental entity or an officer or employee of a governmental entity to enforce compliance with this provision.
Interpretation	This provision may not be construed to preempt a state or federal law that is equally or more protective of the free exercise of reli- gious beliefs or to narrow the meaning or application of a state or federal law protecting the free exercise of religious beliefs.
	This provision may not be construed to prevent a governmental en- tity from providing, either directly or through a person who is not seeking protection under this chapter, any benefit or service au- thorized under state or federal law.
	Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 110.001(a), .0031; Gov't Code 2401.001– .005

	grai adv dist	strict shall develop a volunteer program. In developing the pro- m, a district shall consider volunteers a resource that requires ance planning and preparation for effective use. If practicable, a rict shall include volunteers in addition to paid staff in planning implementation of the program. <i>Gov't Code 2109.003</i>				
Program	Avo	olunteer program shall include:				
Requirements and Guidelines	1.	An effective training program for paid staff and prospective volunteers.				
	2.	The use of paid staff to plan and implement the volunteer pro- gram.				
	3.	An evaluation mechanism to assess the performance of vol- unteers, the cooperation of paid staff with the volunteers, and the overall volunteer program.				
	4.	Follow-up studies to ensure the effectiveness of the program.				
	Goi	Gov't Code 2109.004(a)				
	A vo	A volunteer program may:				
	1.	Establish a program to reimburse volunteers for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of volunteer services.				
	2.	Establish an insurance program to protect volunteers in the performance of volunteer services.				
	3.	Cooperate with private organizations that provide services similar to those provided by a district.				
	4.	Purchase engraved certificates, plaques, pins, and/or other awards of a similar nature that do not exceed \$75 per person in value to recognize special achievement and outstanding service of volunteers.				
	Gov	Gov't Code 2109.004(b)				
Criminal History Record	Tex othe that Rep reco dica	strict or shared services arrangement shall obtain from the as Department of Public Safety (DPS) and may obtain from any er law enforcement or criminal justice agency or a private entity is a consumer reporting agency governed by the Fair Credit porting Act (15 U.S.C. Section 1681 et seq.), all criminal history ord information that relates to a volunteer or person who has in- ated, in writing, an intention to serve as a volunteer with the dis- or shared services arrangement. <i>Gov't Code 22.0835(a)</i>				

	The prospective volunteer must provide the district a driver's li- cense or another form of identification containing the person's pho- tograph issued by an entity of the United States government. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 22.0835(c)</i>		
	A person may not perform any volunteer duties until these require- ments have been satisfied. <i>Gov't Code 22.0835(d)</i>		
Permissive Exception	A district may, but is not required to, obtain all criminal history rec- ord information that relates to a person who volunteers or is apply- ing to volunteer with a district or shared services arrangement if the person:		
	 Is the parent, guardian, or grandparent of a child who is en- rolled in the district for which the person volunteers or is ap- plying to volunteer; 		
	2. Will be accompanied by a district employee while on a school campus; or		
	3. Is volunteering for a single event on the school campus.		
	Gov't Code 22.0835(e), (f)		
Costs	A district may require a volunteer or volunteer applicant to pay any costs related to obtaining criminal history record information. <i>Education Code 22.0835</i>		
	[See DBAA(LEGAL) for definitions and provisions regarding confi- dentiality, records retention, and criminal history record checks of employees.]		
Immunity Generally	A volunteer who is serving as a direct service volunteer in a district is immune from civil liability to the same extent as a district em- ployee under Education Code 22.0511. However, this section of law does not limit the liability of a person for intentional misconduct or gross negligence.		
	A "volunteer" is a person rendering services for or on behalf of a district on district premises or at a school-sponsored or school-re- lated activity on or off school property who does not receive com- pensation in excess of reimbursement for expenses.		
	Education Code 22.053		
Extracurricular Activities	A person who volunteers to assist with an extracurricular activity is not liable for civil damages arising out of an act or omission relating to the requirements under Education Code 33.205 regarding safety precautions [see FM(LEGAL)] unless the act or omission is willfully or wantonly negligent. <i>Education Code 33.211</i>		

Physical Examinations	Subject to Civil Practice and Remedies Code 91.003 (liability insur- ance requirements), a health-care practitioner who, without com- pensation or expectation of compensation, conducts a physical ex- amination or medical screening for the purpose of determining the physical health and fitness of the patient to participate in a school- sponsored extracurricular or sporting activity is immune from civil liability for any act or omission resulting in the death of or injury to the patient if:			
	1.		health care practitioner was acting in good faith and in course and scope of the health-care practitioner's duties;	
	2.	the o	health-care practitioner commits the act or omission in course of conducting the physical examination or medical ening of the patient;	
	3.		services provided to the patient are within the scope of icense of the health-care practitioner; and	
	4.	amir	ore the health-care practitioner conducts the physical ex- nation or medical screening, the patient signs a written ement that acknowledges:	
		a.	That the health-care practitioner is conducting a physical examination or medical screening that is not administered for or in expectation of compensation; and	
		b.	The limitations on the recovery of damages from the health-care practitioner in connection with the physical examination or medical screening being performed.	
		If the patient is a minor or is otherwise legally incompetent, the patient's parent, managing conservator, legal guardian, or other person with legal responsibility for the care of the pa- tient must sign the written statement.		
	Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 91.002			
Immunity for Shelter Workers	disc shel	harge tering	volunteer is not civilly liable for an act performed in the e of duty if the person is performing an activity related to g or housing individuals in connection with the evacuation a stricken or threatened by disaster. <i>Gov't Code 418.006</i>	
Training – Concussion Oversight Team	sis c had sion tean	on a d traini s at tl n. In a	d health care professional who serves on a volunteer ba- listrict's concussion oversight team [see FM] must have ng in the evaluation, treatment, and oversight of concus- ne time of appointment or approval as a member of the addition, the professional shall, at least once every two are a course in the subject matter of concussions approved	

by the University Interscholastic League (UIL), the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation, or the appropriate licensing authority for the profession.

The professional must submit proof of timely completion of an approved course to the superintendent or designee. A licensed health-care professional who is not in compliance with these training requirements may not serve on a concussion oversight team in any capacity.

Education Code 38.154, .158

PROPOSED REVISIONS

Note: For information related to the selection process and accounting of instructional materials, as this term is defined by state law and rule, see CMD and EFA.

The District shall provide a wide range of instructional resources for students and faculty that present varying levels of difficulty, diversity of appeal, and a variety of points of view. Although the Superintendent shall ensure that professional staff select instructional resources in accordance with District policy and administrative regulations, the ultimate authority for determining and approving the curriculum and instructional program of the District lies with the Board.

Objectives In this policy, "instructional resources" includes both instructional materials and library materials.

Instructional materials may include textbooks, supplementary resources for classroom use, and any other instructional resources, including electronic resources, used for formal or informal teaching and learning purposes. The primary objectives of instructional materials are to implement, enrich, and support the District's educational program.

Library materials may include printed and electronic library acquisitions and other ancillary or supplementary materials maintained in a campus library. In accordance with state and local guidelines, library collections should enrich and support the state and local curriculum. Collections should also provide materials of high interest to encourage student reading and learning for pleasure.

Library materials may be used to enhance the instructional program, for formal or informal teaching and learning purposes, and for voluntary inquiry or self-selected reading.

In accordance with state and local standards, school libraries are essential interactive collaborative learning environments, ever evolving to provide equitable physical and virtual access to ideas, information, and learning tools for the entire school community.

School libraries are essential, safe, and inviting centers for teaching and learning that provide equitable access to emerging technologies and physical and virtual collections of high quality, reflecting input from stakeholders.

EF(LOCAL)-X to B

Selection Instructional Resources	Administrators, teachers, librarians, other District personnel, par- ents, and community members, as appropriate, may recommend instructional resources for selection.			
	The Board shall rely on District professional staff to select and ac quire instructional resources that:			
	1.	Enrich and support the curriculum consistent with the general educational goals of the state and District, the aims and ob- jectives of individual schools and specific courses, and the District and campus improvement plans.		
	2.	Are appropriate for the subject area and for the age, ability level, learning styles, interests, and social and emotional de- velopment of the students for whom they are selected.		
	3.	Meet high standards for artistic quality, literary style, authen- ticity, educational significance, factual content, physical for- mat, presentation, readability, and technical quality.		
	4.	Present various sides of controversial issues so that students have an opportunity to develop, under guidance, skills in criti- cal analysis and in making informed judgments in their daily lives. [See also EMB regarding instruction about controversial issues.]		
	5.	Promote literacy.		
	Selection of resources is an ongoing process that includes the re- moval of resources no longer appropriate and the periodic replace- ment or repair of resources that still have educational value.			
Additional Instructional Materials	lect	ddition to the criteria above, District professional staff may se- additional instructional materials in accordance with adminis- ve regulations.		
Library Materials		ddition to the criteria above, librarians and other professional shall strive to ensure that library materials:		
	1.	Develop a balanced collection presenting multiple viewpoints related to controversial issues to foster critical thinking skills and encourage discussion based on rational analysis [see EMB regarding instruction about controversial issues];		
	2.	Represent many ethnic, religious, and cultural groups and their contributions to the national heritage and world commu- nity;		
	3.	Provide a wide range of background information that will ena- ble students to make intelligent decisions in their daily lives;		
	4.	Demonstrate literary merit, quality, value, and significance;		
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	5.	Have received favorable professional library reviews from state- and nationally recognized review publications;
6		Have received state or national awards or are included on recommended reading lists developed by library professionals and educators;
	7.	Cover topics, authors, series, or genres that fill gaps in the school library collection;
	8.	Include accurate and authentic factual content from authorita- tive sources;
	9.	Have a high degree of potential user appeal and interest;
	10.	Offer a global perspective that promotes equity of access, in- cluding print and nonprint materials such as electronic and multimedia, to meet the needs of individual learners;
	11.	Are requested or recommended by students and teachers;
	12.	Mirror selections found in neighboring districts or libraries in the region; and
	13.	Represent diverse viewpoints and cultures appropriate to each campus to ensure the collection embodies the unique background of its student population.
Gifts	prov	s of instructional resources shall be evaluated according to the visions above and accepted or rejected in accordance with C(LOCAL).
Challenged Resources	olde leng prog	arent of a District student, a student who is 18 years of age or er, an individual employee, or any District resident may chal- ge an instructional resource used in the District's educational gram on the basis that the instructional material fails to meet standards set forth in this policy.
Guiding Principles		following principles shall guide the Board and staff in respond- to challenges of instructional resources:
	1.	A complainant may raise an objection to an instructional re- source used in a school's educational program, despite the fact that the professional staff selecting the resources were qualified to make the selection, followed the proper proce- dure, and adhered to the objectives and criteria for instruc- tional resources set out in this policy.
	2.	A parent's ability to exercise control over instruction extends only to his or her own child as set forth in Education Code Chapter 26.

	 Access to a challenged resource shall not be restricted during the reconsideration process, except the District may deny ac- cess to a child if requested by the child's parent.
	The major criterion for the final decision on challenged resources is the appropriateness of the resource for its intended educational use. No challenged instructional resource shall be removed solely because of the ideas expressed therein.
Informal Reconsideration	When the District or a campus receives an objection about the appropriateness of an instructional resource, the appropriate administrator shall try to resolve the matter informally. The administrator shall explain the selection process and discuss the intended educational purpose for the instructional resource. If appropriate, the administrator may offer a concerned parent an alternative instructional resource to be used by that parent's child in place of the challenged material.
	If the complainant wishes to make a formal challenge, the adminis- trator shall provide the complainant a copy of this policy and a form to request a formal reconsideration of the instructional resource.
Formal Reconsideration	A complainant shall make any formal objection to an instructional resource on the form provided by the District and shall submit the completed and signed form to the [S position receiving formal objection for resource]. Upon receipt of the form, the [S position receiving formal objection for resource] shall appoint a reconsider- ation committee.
	The reconsideration committee shall include at least one member of the instructional staff who has experience using the challenged resource with students or is familiar with the challenged resource's content. Other members of the committee may include District- level staff, library staff, secondary-level students, parents, and any other appropriate individuals.
	All members of the committee shall review the challenged instruc- tional resource in its entirety. As soon as reasonably possible, the committee shall meet and determine whether the challenged re- source conforms to the principles of selection set out in this policy and whether the challenged material will continue to be used in the educational program. The committee shall prepare a written report of its findings. The Superintendent, other appropriate administra- tors, and the complainant shall receive copies of the report.
Frequency of Review	After an instructional resource has been reviewed through formal reconsideration, it shall not be reviewed again until it is evaluated in the periodic local selection or maintenance process, as applicable.
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EF (LOCAL)

Appeal

The complainant may appeal the decision of the reconsideration committee in accordance with appropriate complaint policies, starting at the appropriate level. [See DGBA, FNG, and GF]